









1.	CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF EIGHT L.G.A
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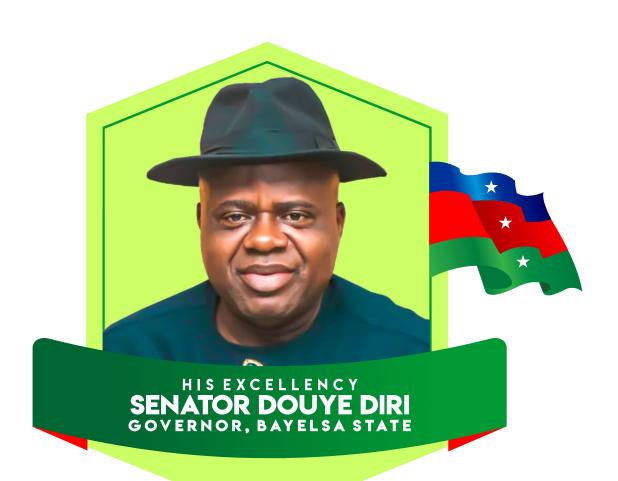


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# THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF THE EIGHT LOCAL GOVERNMENTS



# REPORT OF THE AUDITOR — GENERAL FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENTS ON THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE EIGHT LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA OF BAYELSA STATE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 2023.

#### INTRODUCTION

The financial statements of the Eight (8) Local Government Councils for the year ended 31st December 2023 have been examined in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practice and section 51 subsection 1 and 2 of Bayelsa State Local Government law 2000.

#### SUBMISSION OF REPORT

In compliance with Section 5 Sub – section 2 of Bayelsa State Local Government Law 2000, it is my pleasure to humbly lay before the honourable House of Assembly, Bayelsa State, the Auditor – General for Local Governments' report on the accounts of the Eight Local Government Councils for the financial year ended 31st December, 2023.

#### **CONSTITUTIONALITY**

In accordance with the section of the Bayelsa State Local Government Law 2000 quoted above, the draft annual report and accounts including the related financial statements for the year ended 31st December 2023, were submitted to my office by the accounting officers on the 8th May, 2024.

#### STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE AND BASIS OF PREPARATION (IPSAS ACCRUAL)

The General Purpose Financial Statements (GPFS) were prepared in compliance with the International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS) Accrual basis of accounting. The financial statements were presented in Nigeria Naira (N) and kobo (k) which is the functional and reporting currency in Nigeria. The accounting year to which the financial statements date is from 1st January to 31st December, 2023.

#### STATEMENT OF COMPLETENESS OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT REVENUE

Revenue accruable to the Eight Local Government Councils from the Federation accounts and managed by the State Local Governments Joint Accounts Allocation Committee (SLGJAAC) were fairly stated. I have confirmed the completeness and correctness of the SLGJAAC receipts, the relevant deductions and balances of transfer of the SLGJAAC allocations accruable to the Local Government Councils.

#### RESPONSIBILITY OF THE ACCOUNTING OFFICER

In line with the provisions of Section 48 subsection 1 of Bayelsa State Local Government Law



2000, the accounting officers are responsible for the preparation of financial statements. They are responsible for the general and overall supervision of all accounting activities of the local governments. In carrying out this mandate, they have the responsibility to:

- Ensure that the treasury department of the council keep proper books of accounts that reasonably discloses the financial position of the local governments.
- > Establish and maintain a functional and adequate system of internal control designed to provide reasonable assurance that the transaction recorded reflect the utilization of the public financial resources.
- > Ensure that appropriate accounting policies and estimate are consistently deployed in the preparation of financial statements.
- > Taking steps to safeguard the assets of the local government and prevent and detect fraud and irregularities.

#### RESPONSIBILTIES OF THE AUDITOR – GENERAL FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENTS

The responsibility is to form or express an independent opinion based on the financial statements as presented by the accounting officer of the local government and report to the State House of Assembly.



#### **GOVERNMENT OF BAYELSA STATE OF NIGERIA**

Office of the Auditor-General for Local Governments

e-mail address: localgovtsauditbys@gmail.com

Our Ref: LGCON.21/VOL.II/113



State Govt. Secretariat P.M.B. 30 Yenagoa, Bayelsa State. 25th July, 2024

Date

#### **AUDIT CERTIFICATE**

In compliance with section 125(2) of the Constitution of the Federal Republic of Nigeria 1999 (as amended) and Section 55(3) of the Bayelsa State Audit Law 2021, the audit of the Financial Statements of the Eight Local Government Councils of Bayelsa State for the year ended 31st December, 2023 was conducted in accordance with the provisions of the financial memoranda and other relevant regulations.

The audit was conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and INTOSAI Auditing Standards



Within the period under review, the information presented in the General-Purpose Financial Statements are in compliance with the International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS) Accrual basis of accounting as prescribed in the statement of accounting policies.

In my opinion, the Financial Statements which agree with the books of Accounts and records show a true and fair view of the Financial Position of Councils for the year ended 31st December, 2023.

Office of the Auditor – General For Local Governments P.M.B. 30, Yenagoa Fagha Henry Prenanagha rextactions BOTH Auditor – General for Local Governments Bayelsa State.

All Correspondence to be addressed to the Auditor-General for Local Governments



# STATEMENT I CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE (INCOME & EXPENDITURE) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 3IST DECEMBER, 2023

Actual 2022		No tes	Actual 2023	Final Budget 2023	Initial Budget 2023	Supplementary Budget 2023	Variance on Final Budget
	REVENUE						
14,501,898,309.29	GOVERNMENT SHARE OF FAAC (STATUTORY REVENUE)	1	16,441,558,943.46	21,300,261,596.57	18,490,105,900.43	2,810,155,696.14	4,858,702,653.11
9,265,737,596.81	GOVERNMENT SHARE OF VAT	2	12,862,429,988.91	9,033,603,894.06	8,964,253,894.06	69,350,000.00	3,828,826,094.8
-	TAX REVENUE		-	2,890,524,014.00	76,186,674.00	2,814,337,340.00	
203,248,900.86	NON – TAX REVENUE	3	219,305,938.97	483,517,400.45	483,517,400.45	-	264,211,461.4
-	INVESTMENT INCOME		-	106,863,575.21	-	106,863,575.21	
-	INTEREST EARNED		-	-	-	-	
<del>-</del>	AID & GRANTS		-	1,074,325,400.20	-	1,074,325,400.20	
293,022,190.16	OTHER REVENUE		-	-	-	-	
24,263,906,997.12	TOTAL REVENUE		29,523,294,871.34	34,889,095,880.49	28,014,063,868.94	6,875,032,011.55	8,951,740,209.4
	EXPENDITURE			-	-	-	
13,039,851,301.11	SALARIES & WAGES	4	13,545,844,992.23	13,233,375,996.82	12,759,667,072.37	473,708,924.45	312,468,995.41
1,575,879,879.97	SOCIAL BENEFITS	5	1,718,182,375.91	1,006,017,538.21	1,006,017,538.21	-	712,164,837.7
6,633,615,908.94	OVERHEAD COST	6	6,516,636,006.67	6,711,123,583.13	5,586,568,569.19	1,124,555,013.94	194,487,576.4
-	GRANTS & CONTRIBUTIONS		-	924,547,582.98	924,547,582.98	-	
-	DEPRECIATION	7	922,546,777.87	-	-	-	922,546,777.8
297,218,649.81	TRANSFER TO OTHER GOVT ENTITIES	8	346,030,219.82	159,402,484.66	159,402,484.66	-	186,627,735.16
21,546,565,739.83	TOTAL EXPENDITURE		23,049,240,372.50	22,034,467,185.80	20,436,203,247.41	1,598,263,938.39	2,328,295,922.6
2,717,341,257.29	SURPLUS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES FOR THE PERIOD		6,474,054,498.84	-	-	-	
-	PUBLIC DEBT REPAYMENT	11		-	-	-	
	GAIN/LOSS ON DISPOSAL OF ASSET						
	GAIN/LOSS ON DISPOSAL OF ASSET						
-	TOTAL NON- OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSES)		-	-	-	-	
2,717,341,257.29	SURPLUS/ (DEFICIT) FROM ORDINARY ACTIVITIES	13	6,474,054,498.84	-	-	-	
-	MINORITY INTEREST SHARE OF SURPLUS/DEFICIT		-	-	-	-	
2,717,341,257.29	NET SURPLUS/(DEFICI T) FOR THE PERIOD		6,474,054,498.84	-	-	-	



# STATEMENT 2 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (BALANCE SHEET) AS AT 3IST DECEMBER, 2023

	Economic Code	Notes	20	023	2022		
			₩	N	N	94	
<u>ASSETS</u>							
Current Assets							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	3101-4	9A	127,506,445.87		22,327,274.21		
Inventories	3105		-				
Receivables	3106-7		-		-		
Prepayments	3108		-		-		
А				127,506,445.87		22,327,274.21	
Non-Current Assets							
Loans & Debts (short-term)	3110		-		-		
Investments	3109		-		-		
Property, Plant & Equipment	3201	10A	22,509,011,201.92		-		
Investment Property	3202		-		-		
Intangible Assets	3301		-		-		
В				22,509,011,201.92		-	
Total Assets C = A+B				22,636,517,647.79		-	
LIABILITIES							
Current Liabilities							
Deposits	4101		-		-		
Short Term Loans & Debts	4102		-		-		
Unremitted Deductions	4103		-		-	_	
Accrued Expenses	4104		-		-		
Current Portion of Borrowings	4105		-		-		



# STATEMENT 2 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (BALANCE SHEET) AS AT 31ST DECEMBER, 2023

			Herri Jier Beer			
D				-		_
Non-Current Liabilities						
Public Funds	4601				_	
Borrowings	4602	11A	(542,982,534.92)		638,571,126.98	
Е			(542,982,534.92)		638,571,126.98	
Total Liabilities: F = D ÷ E				(542,982,534.92)		638,571,126.98
				22,093,535,112.87		660,898,401.19
<u>NET</u> ASSETS/EQUITY						
Reserves	4701	12	15,619,480,614.03		-	
Surpluses/(Deficits)	4702	13	6,474,054,498.84		-	
Total Net Assets/Equity				22,093,535,112.87		660,898,401.19



#### STATEMENT 3 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED 3IST DECEMBER, 2023

Description	Notes	20	23	2022		
		₩	₩	×	₩	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Inflows						
Government Share of FAAC (Statutory Revenue)	1	16,441,558,943.46		14,501,898,309.29		
Government Share of VAT	2	12,862,429,988.91		9,265,737,596.81		
Direct Taxes				-		
Licences	3A	62,127,000.00		84,000.00		
Fines		-		124,000.00		
Royalties		-		-		
Fees		-		7,034,709.42		
Earnings & Sales	ЗА	157,178,938.97		196,006,191.44		
Rents of Government Properties		-		-		
Investment Income		-		-		
Interest & Repayment General		-		-		
Re- imbursement		-		-		
Funds from Special Accounts		-		-		
Domestic Aid & Grants		-		-		
External Aid & Grants		-		-		
Gains from exchange transactions		1		-		
Other Revenue (e.g. plea Bargain)		-		293,022,190.16		
Total inflow from Operating Activities			29,523,294,871.34		24,263,906,997.12	
Outflows						
Salaries & Wages	4A	13,545,844,992.23		13,039,851,301.11		
Social Benefits	5A	1,718,182,375.91		1,575,879,879.97		
Overhead Cost	6A	6,516,636,006.67		6,633,615,908.94		
Grants & Contributions		-		-		



#### STATEMENT 3 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED 3IST DECEMBER, 2023

Subsidies		-		-	
Transfer to other	A8	346,030,219.82		297,218,649.81	
Government Entities					
Public Debts		-		-	
Repayment					
Total Outflow from			(22,126,693,594.63)		(21,546,565,739.83)
Operating Activities					
(B)					
Net Cash			7,396,601,276.71		2,717,341,257.29
Inflow/(Outflow) From					
Operating Activities*					
C=(A-B)					
CASH FLOW FROM					
INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Proceeds from Sale of		_		-	
PPE					
Proceeds from Sales of		-		-	
Investment Property					
Proceeds from Sale of		-		-	
Intangible Assets					
Proceeds from Sale of		-		-	
Investment					
Dividends Received		-		-	
		-			
Purchase/Construction of PPE	14	(7,195,833,512.99)		(2,502,118,651.91)	
Purchase/Construction		-		-	
of Investment Property					
Purchase of Intangible		=		-	
Assets					
Acquisition of		-		-	
Investments					
Net Cash Flow from			(7,195,833,512.99)		(2,502,118,651.91)
Investing Activities			Í		
CASH FLOW FROM					
FINANCING					
ACTIVITIES					
Proceeds from	11A	_		_	
Borrowings	11/4	_		-	



#### STATEMENT 3 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED 3IST DECEMBER, 2023

Bank Balances	9A	127,506,445.87	127,506,445.87	-	22,327,274.21
Cash Balances		-		-	
Cash & its equivalent as at 31/12/2023					
Operating Activities  Note: 2		7,396,601,276.71			
Net Cash Flow from		7 200 004 076 74		-	
Charges		922,546,777.87			
Depreciation	7A			-	
Add back non cash movement-		-		-	
Performance					
Surplus/ (Deficit) per Statement of	13	6,474,054,498.84		-	
RECONCILIATION:					
Notes: 1					
as at 31/12/2023					
Cash & Its Equivalent			127,506,445.87		22,327,274.21
as at 1/1/2023			,,		, . 20,000,00
Cash & Its Equivalent			22,327,274.21		100,126,858.99
Net Cash Flow from all Activities			105,179,171.66		(77,799,584.78)
Financing Activities			105 170 171 00		(77 700 504 70)
Net Cash Flow from			(95,588,592.06)		(293,022,190.16)
Surplus/Dividends Paid					
Distribution of		-		-	
Borrowings		, , , ,		, , , , ,	
Repayment of		(95,588,592.06)		(293,022,190.16)	



# STATEMENT 4 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSET/EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 3IST DECEMBER, 2023

	Note	Revaluation Reserve <del>N</del>	Translation Reserve	Accumulated Surpluses	Total <del>N</del>
Balance as at 1st	12	15,619,480,614.03		-	15,619,480,614.03
January 2023					
Changes in Accounting Policy					
Restated Balance		15,619,480,614.03		-	15,619,480,614.03
Surplus on Revaluation of Properties					
Deficit on Revaluation of Investments					
Net Gains and losses					-
not recognized in the					
statement of Financial					
Performance					
Net Surplus for the	13	6,474,054,498.84		-	6,474,054,498.84
year					
Balance at 31		-		-	
December 2023					
Deficit on Revaluation		-		-	
of Property					
Surplus on Revaluation		-		-	
of Investments					
Net gains and Losses					
not Recognized in the					
Statement of Financial					
Performance					
Net deficit for the					
Period					
Balance at 31				-	22,093,535,112.87
December 2023		22,093,535,112.87			



#### EIGHT LOCAL GOVERNMENT CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 2023

		Ref Sup.				
Note	Details	Note	Amount	Amount		Remarks
1	A. Share of Statutory Allocation from FAAC					
	Net share of Statutory Allocation from FAAC	1	10,987,470,601.69			
	Add: Deduction at source	1A	395,949,441.63	11,383,420,043.32		
	Share of Statutory Allocation (Other Agencies)	2		5,454,088,341.77		
	Share of Statutory Allocation (Excess Crude Oil)			-		
	Total (Gross) Statutory Allocation			16,441,558,943.46		
2	B. Value Added Tax					
	Share of Value Added Tax (VAT)			12,862,429,988.91		
		Ref Sup.				
	NON TAX REVENUE	Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	
3	RATES GENERAL (TENEMENT RATE)		-	-		
	LICENSE GENERAL		81,788,997.79	-		
	FEES GENERAL		1,663,000.00	-		
	FINES GENERAL		=	-		
	EARNINGS GENERAL		135,853,941.18	=		
	Sale/Rent of Government Property		-	-		
			219,305,938.97	-		
4	WAGES AND SALARIES			2023		2022
		Ref Sup.				
		Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	Actual
4A	PERSONNEL COST	4A				
	ADMINISTRATIVE SECTOR		3,511,080,284.14	-	-	-
	ECONOMIC SECTOR		1,640,491,773.02	-	-	-
	SOCIAL SECTOR		7,836,117,925.29	-	-	-
	REGIONAL SECTOR		-	-	-	-
	LAW AND JUSTICE		3,402,446.16	-	-	-
	SUBTOTAL		12,991,092,428.61	-	-	-
4B	CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND CHARGES	4B	554,752,563.62	-	-	-
	TOTAL WAGES AND SALARIES		13,545,844,992.23			
4C	PERSONNEL ANALYSIS			2023		2022
		Ref Sup. Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	Actual
	TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	1,010	0	Budgot		riotadi
	TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES EMPLOYED IN 2023		0			
	TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES RETIRED DURING THE YEAR		0			
	TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES AT THE END OF THE YEAR 2023		0			

#### REPORT AUDITOR-GENERAL FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENTS ON THE ACCOUNTS OF THE EIGHT LOCAL GOVERNMENT COUNCILS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 2023



5	SOCIAL BENEFITS			2023		2022
		Ref Sup.				
		Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	Actual
	ADMINISTRATIVE SECTOR	5	1,718,182,375.91	<u>-</u>		
	ECONOMIC SECTOR		=			
	SOCIAL SECTOR		=			
	REGIONAL SECTOR		=			
	LAW AND JUSTICE		-			
6	OVERHEAD COST		<u> </u>	2023	· I	2022
		Ref Sup.				
		Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	Actual
6A	OVERHEAD COST BY FUNCTION	6A				
	TRAVEL& TRANSPORT - GENERAL		859,133,354.98			
	UTILITIES – GENERAL		657,531,784.01			
	MATERIALS AND SUPPLY – GENERAL		1,021,937,212.37			
	MAINTENANCE SERVICES – GENERAL		1,221,439,778.49			
	FUEL AND LUBRICANT - GENERAL		2,277,975,565.11			
	FINANCIAL CHARGES - GENERAL		478,618,311.71			
	TOTAL		6,516,636,006.67			
	TOTAL		0,0 x 0,000,000.07			
6B	OVERHEAD COST BY SECTOR	68				
OD	ADMINISTRATIVE SECTOR	- 00	3,260,642,446.68			
	ECONOMIC SECTOR		2,175,161,055.65			
	SOCIAL SECTOR		1,080,832,504.35			
	REGIONAL SECTOR		1,000,002,004.00			
	LAW & JUSTICE		-			
	TOTAL		6,516,636,006.68			
	TOTAL		0,510,030,000.00			
7	DEPRECIATION			2023		2022
	DEFRECIATION	Ref Sup.		2023		2022
		Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	Actual
	BUILDING – GENERAL	7A	204,785,531.38	Duuget	70 Variance	Actual
	INFRASTRUCTURE – GENERAL	/A	311,502,074.65			
	PLANT & MACHINERY – GENERAL		117,308,250.00			
	TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT - GENERAL		29,892,000.00			
	OFFICE EQUIPMENT		99,234,667.50			
	FURNITURE & FITTINGS – GENERAL		159,824,254.33			
	TOTAL		922,546,777.87			
	IOIAL		922,340,777.87			
0	TRANSCER TO OTHER COVERNMENT ENTITIES					
8	TRANSFER TO OTHER GOVERNMENT ENTITIES		60,000,000,00			
	COMMON SERVICES	A8	60,000,000.00	-		-
	TRAINING FUND		286,030,219.82	-		-
			346,030,219.82	-	1	-



		Ref Sup.			
9	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT	Note	2023	2022	
9	CASH IN HAND	Note	3,765.49	158,965.49	
	CASH AT BANK	9A	127,502,680.38	21,951,450.25	
	TOTAL	3/1	127,506,445.87	22,110,415.74	
	TOTAL		127,306,445.67	22,110,415.74	
		Ref Sup.			
10	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	Note	31/12/2023	01/01/2023	
	BUILDING -GENERAL		11,108,464,352.26	9,147,832,369.57	
	INFRASTRUCTURE –GENERAL		9,900,376,071.50	4,819,186,208.73	
	PLANT & MACHINERY –GENERAL		440,225,250.00	319,594,500.00	
	TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT- GENERAL		119,568,000.00	149,460,000.00	
	OFFICE EQUIPMENT – GENERAL		297,879,002.50	197,448,670.00	
	FURNITURE AND FITTINGS		642,498,525.67	494,542,480.00	
	TOTAL		22,509,011,201.92	15,128,064,228.30	
	TOTAL		22,303,011,201.32	13,120,004,220.30	
		Ref Sup.			
11	BORROWINGS	Note	2023	2022	
	EXTERNAL LOANS				
	DOMESTIC LOANS		542,982,534.92		
	TOTAL				
		Ref Sup.			
12	RESERVES	Note	2023	2022	
	FOR THE YEAR		15,619,480,614.03		
			, , ,		
		Ref Sup.			
13	SURPLUS	Note	2023	2022	
	FOR THE YEAR		6.474.054.498.84		
			, , ,		
		Ref Sup.			
14	PURCHASE/CONSTRUCTION OF PPE	Note	2023	2022	
	BUILDING		1,574,001,139.07		
	INFRASTRUCTURE		5,364,044,073.92		
	PLANTS AND EQUIPMENTS		252,000,000.00		
	TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT		-		
	OFFICE EQUIPMENT		300,000.00		
	FURNITURE AND FITTINGS		5,488,300.00		
	TOTAL		7,195,833,512.99		



#### SUPPLEMENTART NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 1 SHARE OF FAAC (STATUTORY REVENUE)

DETAILS/ MONTH	NET RECEIPT  SEE SUPPLEMENTARY  NOTE 1A	ADD: DEDUCTIONS AT SOURCE (SEE - SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 1A	GROSS
	H	N	H
JANUARY	1,501,199,690.52	45,035,990.71	1,546,235,681.23
FEBRUARY	866,927,567.08	26,007,827.00	892,935,394.08
MARCH	825,087,248.10	24,752,617.44	849,839,865.54
APRIL	1,124,676,407.84	33,740,292.23	1,158,416,700.07
MAY	798,908,578.74	23,967,257.36	822,875,836.10
JUNE	1,208,356,508.63	36,250,695.26	1,244,607,203.89
JULY	677,444,696.17	20,323,340.87	697,768,037.04
AUGUST	879,602,693.20	26,388,080.80	905,990,774.00
SEPTEMBER	734,919,875.78	88,372,920.07	823,292,795.85
OCTOBER	881,257,099.38	26,437,713.00	907,694,812.38
NOVEMBER	681,435,902.57	20,443,077.08	701,878,979.65
DECEMBER	807,654,333.68	24,229,629.81	831,883,963.49
GRAND TOTAL	10,987,470,601.69	395,949,441.63	11,383,420,043.32

#### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 1A NET STATUTORY ALLOCATION

DETAILS/ MONTH	GROSS STATUTORY ALLOCATION (a)	TOTAL DEDUCTIONS (b)	NET ALLOCATION c = (a - b)
	H	₩	H
JANUARY	1,546,235,681.23	45,035,990.71	1,501,199,690.52
FEBRUARY	892,935,394.08	26,007,827.00	866,927,567.08
MARCH	849,839,865.54	24,752,617.44	825,087,248.10
APRIL	1,158,416,700.07	33,740,292.23	1,124,676,407.84
MAY	822,875,836.10	23,967,257.36	798,908,578.74
JUNE	1,244,607,203.89	36,250,695.26	1,208,356,508.63
JULY	697,768,037.04	20,323,340.87	677,444,696.17
AUGUST	905,990,774.00	26,388,080.80	879,602,693.20
SEPTEMBER	823,292,795.85	88,372,920.07	734,919,875.78
OCTOBER	907,694,812.38	26,437,713.00	881,257,099.38
NOVEMBER	701,878,979.65	20,443,077.08	681,435,902.57
DECEMBER	831,883,963.49	24,229,629.81	807,654,333.68
GRAND TOTAL	11,383,420,043.32	395,949,441.63	10,987,470,601.69



#### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 1B ANALYSIS OF SHARE OF STATUTORY ALLOCATION (OTHER AGENCIES)

ECONOMIC CODE	DESCRIPTION	JANUARY	FEBRUARY	MARCH	APRIL	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUGUST	SEPTEMBER	OCTOBER	NOVEMBER	DECEMBER	GRAND TOTAL
11010101	ELECTRONIC MONEY TRANSFER LEVY	85,732,478.45	46,844,913.40	41,683,935.56	51,997,373.70	51,534,419.78	51,259,925.03	40,495,718.07	45,462,815.63	50,338,665.09	39,368,337.59	55,193,690.90	42,431,279.25	602,343,552.45
11010101	NON OIL REVENUE		243,254,415.46			58,381,059.71						145,952,649.28	-	447,588,124.45
11010101	NON OIL REVENUE 2	-	37,582,807.18			24,325,441.55								61,908,248.73
11010101	FOREX EQUALISATION 1	-	-	253,957,609.73	-	105,815,670.72	-	-		-	-	-	-	359,773,280.45
11010101	FOREX EQUALISATION 2	-				42,326,268.29								42,326,268.29
11010101	SOLID MINERALS	-		-	-	35,302,205.00		-				-		35,302,205.00
11010101	EXCHANGE GAIN DIFFERENCE 1	53,386,773.20					1,416,133.58							54,802,906.78
11010101	EXCHANGE GAIN DIFFERENCE 2	-	-	-	-	-	309,900,524.97	721,059,083.15	652,364,294.10	528,458,706.72	395,482,911.94	430,926,066.65	811,852,168.09	3,850,043,755.62
		139,119,251.65	327,682,136.04	295,641,545.29	51,997,373.70	317,685,065.05	362,576,583.58	761,554,801.22	697,827,109.73	578,797,371.81	434,851,249.53	632,072,406.83	854,283,447.34	5,454,088,341.77

#### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 2 ANALYSIS OF SHARE OF VALUE ADDED TAX (VAT)

COD		JANUARY	FEBRUARY	MARCH	APRIL	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUGUST	SEPTEMBER	OCTOBER	NOVEMBER	DECEMBER	GRAND TOTAL
110102	2 VALUE ADDED TAX	931,818,851.93	1,124,358,675.20	747,326,930.73	1,025,837,022.55	1,155,735,902.54	919,695,392.79	1,180,096,385.96	1,144,601,344.99	1,110,213,749.40	1,153,529,639.73	1,253,662,166.22	1,115,553,926.87	12,862,429,988.91

#### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 3 ANALYSIS OF NON TAX REVENUE

ECONOMIC CODE	DESCRIPTION	JANUARY	FEBRUARY	MARCH	APRIL	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUGUST	SEPTEMBER	OCTOBER	NOVEMBER	DECEMBER	TOTAL
12020459	FEES - RIGHT OF OCCUPANCY FEES	-	-	-	-			-	-	-		-	-	-
12020466	FEES - INDIGINE REGISTRATION FEES	2,000,000.00	19,474,997.79	50,000.00	-	220,000.00	200,000.00		220,000.00					22,164,997.79
12020501	FINES - FINES/PENALTIES	23,500.00	11,500.00	16,500.00	155,000.00	20,500.00	87,000.00		152,000.00	145,000.00	92,500.00	64,500.00	55,000.00	823,000.00
12020122	LICENCES	2,000,000.00	2,000,000.00	4,000,000.00	5,000,000.00	3,000,000.00	2,925,000.00	3,031,000.00	8,000,000.00	10,000,000.00	2,508,000.00	4,000,000.00	14,000,000.00	60,464,000.00
12020711	EARNINGS - EARNINGS FROM COMMERCIAL ACTIVITIES	900,000.00	10,716,735.46	20,834,571.97	60,006,633.75	1,580,000.00	3,172,000.00	240,000.00	270,000.00	480,000.00	-	114,000.00	37,560,000.00	135,873,941.18
	TOTAL	4,923,500.00	32,203,233.25	24,901,071.97	65,161,633.75	4,820,500.00	6,384,000.00	3,271,000.00	8,642,000.00	10,625,000.00	2,600,500.00	4,178,500.00	51,615,000.00	219,325,938.97



#### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 4 SALARIES AND WAGES

s	HEALTH WORKERS SALARIES N	TEACHERS SALARIES	CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND CHARGES - SALARIES 9B	COUNCIL SALARY ARREARS N	ALLOWANCE N	TOTAL N
	21010101	21010101	21010103	21010101		
337,478,116.51	247,318,595.10	394,985,895.19		80,000,000.00	-	1,059,782,606.80
337,054,165.12	247,637,525.27	395,417,038.36		80,000,000.00	-	1,060,108,728.75
338,108,086.44	247,697,903.85	395,281,315.40		80,000,000.00	•	1,061,087,305.69
339,503,015.71	247,807,449.35	395,281,315.40		80,000,000.00		1,062,591,780.46
337,105,124.00	247,664,296.95	393,857,976.04		80,000,000.00	•	1,058,627,396.99
338,724,678.58	247,342,621.31	393,947,476.04	-	80,000,000.00	-	1,060,014,775.93
346,377,571.81	254,342,250.74	394,034,998.21		80,000,000.00		1,074,754,820.76
343,626,199.72	247,251,478.48	400,948,599.89	117,830,712.72	80,000,000.00	•	1,189,656,990.81
343,524,072.55	246,853,998.16	399,399,941.04	110,323,712.72	80,000,000.00		1,180,101,724.47
355,659,531.80	258,143,737.28	399,636,518.12	108,932,712.72	80,000,000.00	•	1,202,372,499.92
388,017,981.67	289,155,291.90	400,152,001.67	108,932,712.72	80,000,000.00		1,266,257,987.96
389,795,959.60	290,812,255.04	401,147,446.30	108,932,712.72	80,000,000.00		1,270,688,373.66
)3.49	3,072,027,403.43	4,764,090,521.66	554,952,563.60	960,000,000.00		13,546,044,992.18

#### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 4A WAGES AND SALARIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 2023

ADMIN CODE	ECON CODE	HEAD DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATE	SUPPLEMENT	TOTAL	ACTUAL	EXCESS	SAVINGS
			H	N	N	N	N	N
	Sector:	ADMINISTRATIVE						
	21010103	OFFICE OF THE	_	050 440 540 70	050 440 540 76	250,370,261.80	2,072,248,96	
	21010103	CHAIRMAN	-	252,442,510.76	252,442,510.76	250,370,261.80	2,072,248.96	
	21010103	OFFICE OF THE VICE	_	47,171,794,42	47,171,794.42	46,172,422.26	999,372.16	
	21010103	CHAIRMAN	=	47,171,734.42	47,171,754.42	40,172,422.20	333,372.10	
	21010103	SECRETARY TO THE	_	18.757.728.77	18.757.728.77	17.535.241.26	1.222.487.51	
		LOCAL GOVT.		10,707,720.77	10,707,720.77	17,000,241.20	1,222,407.01	
	21010103	LEGISLATORS	-	242,042,000.00	242,042,000.00	240,674,638.30	1,367,361.70	
	21010101	ADMINISTRATIVE	3,283,174,077.51	229.500.000.00	3,512,674,077.51	3,511,080,284.14	1.593.793.37	
	21010101	DEPARTMENT	3,203,174,077.31	223,300,000.00	0,012,074,077.01	3,311,000,204.14	1,000,700.07	
		SUBTOTAL	3,283,174,077.51	789,914,033.95	4,073,088,111.46	4,065,832,847.76	7,255,263.70	
	Sector:	ECONOMIC					-	
	21010101	DEPARTMENT OF	727.662.350.49	2.480.000.00	730,142,350,49	695,411,706.62	34.730.643.87	
	21010101	FINANCE AND SUPPLIES	727,002,000140	2,400,000.00	700,242,000140	000,422,700.02	04,700,040.07	
		DEPARTMENT OF						
	21010101	BUDGET, PLANNING,	85,921,550.76	-	85,921,550.76	78,220,472.39	7,701.078.37	
		RESEARCH AND	00,021,0001/0		00,021,0001110	70,220,772,00	7,702,070.07	
		STATISTICS						
		DEPARTMENT OF						
	21010101	AGRICULTURE &	147,472,953.76	1,500,000.00	148,972,953.76	142,200,514.17	6,772,439.59	
		NATURAL RESOURCES						
		WORKS, TRANSPORT,						
	21010101	HOUSING,	757,516,698.20	28,350,000.00	785,866,698.20	724,659,079.84	61,207,618.36	
		LANDS & SURVEY						
		DEPARTMENT	4 740 570 550 04	20 200 200 20	4 750 000 550 04	4 040 404 770 00	440 444 700 40	
		SUBTOTAL	1,718,573,553.21	32,330,000.00	1,750,903,553.21	1,640,491,773.02	110,411,780.19	
	Sector:	LAW & JUSTICE						
	21010101	LEGAL DEPARTMENT	7,306,339.93	-	7,306,339.93	3,402,446.16	3,903,893.77	
	_	SUBTOTAL	7,306,339.93	-	7,306,339.93	3,402,446.16	3,903,893.77	
	Sector:	SOCIAL SECTOR						
		SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT,						
		EDUCATION,						
	21010101	INFORMATION, SPORTS	4,274,086,286.79	550,000,000.00	4,824,086,286.79	4,764,090,521.86	59,995,764.93	
		AND CULTURE						
		DEPARTMENT						
		DEPARTMENT OF	2,619,863,892.61	498,200,000.00	3,118,063,892.61	3,072,227,403.41	45,836,489.20	
		PRIMARY HEALTH CARE	C 000 050 47C 10	4 040 000 000 00	7 040 450 470 10	7 000 047 007 07	405 000 054 10	
	04040404	SUBTOTAL	6,893,950,179.40	1,048,200,000.00	7,942,150,179.40	7,836,317,925.27	105,832,254.13	
	21010101	GRAND TOTAL	11,903,004,150.05	1,870,444,033.95	13,773,448,184.00	13,546,044,992.21	227,403,191.79	



#### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 4B

C	CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FU	ND CHARGES – SALARI	ES
DESCRIPTION	MONTHLY ESTIMATE	ANNUAL PAID	TOTAL
CHAIRMAN	43,348,670.23	216,743,351.15	216,743,351.15
CHAIRMAN'S AIDES	8,825,382.13	44,126,910.65	44,126,910.65
VICE CHAIRMAN	9,499,461.56	46,172,422.26	46,172,422.26
SECRETARY TO THE LG	3,623,958.85	17,535,241.26	17,535,241.26
LEGISLATORS	36,082,096.03	165,115,802.98	165,115,802.98
SUPERVISORS	12,949,086.65	61,630,751.79	61,630,751.79
TOTAL	15,879,714.09	551,324,480.09	551,324,480.09

#### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 4C PERSONNEL ANALYSIS

		2023		2022
	ACTUAL	BUDGET	VARIANCE	ACTUAL
TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	7,902	0	0	1,471
TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES EMPLOYED IN 2023	0		0	169
TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES RETIRED DURING THE YEAR	74		0	5
TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES AT THE END OF THE YEAR 2023	7,848		6	1,635

#### SUPLEMENTARY NOTE 5A ANAYSIS OF EMPLOYEES SOCIAL BENEFITS

MONTHS	GRATUITY	PENSION	DEATH BENEFITS	TOTAL
JANUARY	-	139,443,602.19	ı	139,443,602.19
FEBRUARY	-	140,496,194.94	-	140,496,194.94
MARCH	•	140,157,620.29	ı	140,157,620.29
APRIL	-	140,148,191.11	ı	140,148,191.11
MAY	Ē	141,869,930.41	ı	141,869,930.41
JUNE	-	142,440,393.35	ı	142,440,393.35
JULY	-	142,540,645.35	-	142,540,645.35
AUGUST	-	142,621,009.00	ı	142,621,009.00
SEPTEMBER	•	142,686,636.62	ı	142,686,636.62
OCTOBER	-	145,738,821.73	-	145,738,821.73
NOVEMBER	-	147,519,614.75	ı	147,519,614.75
DECEMBER	-	152,519,716.17	-	152,519,716.17
GRAND TOTAL	-	1,718,182,375.91	=	1,718,182,375.91



### SUPPLEMETARY NOTE 6A ANALYSIS OF OVERHEAD PAYMENTS

MONTHS	TRAVEL& TRANSPORT -	UTILITIES-GENERAL	MATERIALS AND SUPPLY	MAINTENANCE	FUEL AND LUBRICANT -	FINANCIAL CHARGES -	TOTAL
MONTHS	GENERAL	220202	- GENERAL	SERVICES - GENERAL	GENERAL	GENERAL	TOTAL
	220201	220202	220203	220204	220207	220209	
	N	N	N	N	N	H	N
JANUARY	35,029,069.77	11,560,000.00	79,660,591.46	116,420,683.02	72,394,249.41	33,507,821.42	348,572,415.08
FEBUARY	46,154,000.00	176,675,782.40	45,486,475.46	73,789,453.76	106,406,786.78	3,199,857.05	451,712,355.45
MARCH	48,345,537.65	8,722,000.00	65,175,838.47	171,704,445.76	48,605,215.41	27,634,371.86	370,187,409.14
APRIL	211,851,361.51	36,290,034.89	67,846,975.46	93,836,173.73	97,218,347.87	26,586,895.45	533,629,788.91
MAY	36,420,500.00	13,798,000.00	109,114,325.46	68,545,067.32	69,643,307.41	61,423,047.66	358,944,247.85
JUNE	39,100,770.00	81,614,391.31	81,667,277.55	54,867,442.38	126,792,673.02	28,199,734.28	412,242,288.54
JULY	48,617,900.00	77,105,391.31	118,317,255.22	90,030,200.68	359,168,740.98	63,159,241.05	756,398,729.25
AUGUST	31,607,830.53	48,655,630.00	84,287,584.41	78,963,269.55	260,325,963.92	76,351,780.93	580,192,059.33
SEPTEMBER	36,265,790.28	49,660,000.00	23,139,000.00	94,209,908.23	282,662,709.41	31,421,916.16	517,359,324.08
OCTOBER	30,906,000.00	47,720,000.00	188,614,329.14	176,111,867.92	355,797,700.72	29,989,681.62	829,139,579.40
NOVEMBER	196,461,645.34	48,473,000.00	101,588,780.31	65,798,545.40	247,559,196.62	27,861,071.80	687,742,239.46
DECEMBER	98,372,949.91	57,257,554.10	57,038,779.44	137,162,720.73	251,400,673.58	69,282,892.43	670,515,570.19
TOTAL	859,133,354.98	657,531,784.01	1,021,937,212.37	1,221,439,778.49	2,277,975,565.11	478,618,311.71	6,516,636,006.67

# SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 6B ANAYSIS OF OVERHEAD COST FOR THE YEAR 2023

s/NO	ADMIN	GRP	HEAD DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATE	SUPPLEMETARY	TOTAL	ACTUAL	SAVINGS	EXCESS
3/110	ADIVINA	O.K.	TIERD DESCRIPTION	LO ILILILE	JOITELWEIART	TOTAL	ACTORE	SAVIIVOS	EXCESS
	SECTOR		ADMINISTRATIVE						
1	11100100100	1	OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN	-	232,808,000.00	232,808,000.00	224,815,510.79	7,992,489.21	
2	11100100200	1	VICE CHAIRMAN	-	94,766,013.94	94,766,013.94	93,333,040.73	1,432,973.21	
3	11100200100	1	SECRETARY TO THE LG	-	55,796,000.00	55,796,000.00	55,278,907.58	517,092.42	
		1	LEGISLATORS	-	529,705,000.00	529,705,000.00	528,957,268.25	747,731.75	
		1	ADMINISTRATIVE DEPT	1,217,916,928.26	1,146,000,000.00	2,363,916,928.26	2,358,257,719.33	5,659,208.93	
			Sub total	1,217,916,928.26	2,059,075,013.94	3,276,991,942.20	3,260,642,446.68	16,349,495.52	
	SECTOR		ECONOMIC			#VALUE!		#VALUE!	
4	11100200400	2	DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND SUPPLIES	215,666,244.57	76,700,000.00	292,366,244.57	291,255,627.24	1,110,617.33	
5	11100200500	2	DEPARTMENT OF BUDGET, PLANNING, RESEARCH AND STATISTICS	80,313,939.24	78,700,000.00	159,013,939.24	157,900,749.01	1,113,190.23	
6	11100200600	2	DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE & NATURAL RESOURCES	113,715,305.33	70,000,000.00	183,715,305.33	183,137,489.47	577,815.86	
		2	WORKS, TRANSPORT, HOUSING, LANDS & SURVEY DEPARTMENT	879,437,881.96	665,100,000.00	1,544,537,881.96	1,542,867,189.94	1,670,692.02	
			Sub total	1,289,133,371.10	890,500,000.00	2,179,633,371.10	2,175,161,055.66	4,472,315.44	
	SECTOR		LAW & JUSTICE				-	-	
9	11100201000	3	LEGAL DEPARTMENT	14,959,054.28	-	-	-	-	
	SECTOR		SOCIAL				-	-	
10		4	SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT, EDUCATION, INFORMATION, SPORTS AND CULTURE DEPARTMENT	204,667,512.62	152,600,000.00	113,000,000.00	371,960,427.74	(258,960,427.74)	
11		4	DEPARTMENT OF PRIMARY HEALTH CARE	263,417,512.62	230,500,000.00	437,017,512.62	708,872,076.60	(271,854,563.98)	
			Sub total	483,044,079.52	383,100,000.00	550,017,512.62	1,080,832,504.34	-	
	GRAND TOTAL			2,990,094,378.87	3,332,675,013.94	6,006,642,825.91	6,516,636,006.68	-	



#### SUPPLEMENTAR NOTE 7A DEPRECIATION

	BUILDING - GENERAL	INFRASTRUCTURE - GENERAL	PLANT & MACHINERY - GENERAL	TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT - GENERAL	OFFICE EC	UIPMENT	FURNITURE & FITTINGS - GENERAL	TOTAL
	240101	240102	240103	240104			240106	
					GENERAL	BOOKS		
RATE	2%	5%	10%	20%	25%	3%	20%	
LEGACY ASSETS	194,784,974.89	242,391,703.61	115,208,250.00	29,892,000.00	99,203,417.50	-	159,366,896.00	840,847,242.00
ASSETS DURING	10.000.556.49	69,110,371.04	2,100,000,00		31,250.00		457.358.33	81.699.535.87
YEAR 2023	10,000,556.49	69,110,371.04	2,100,000.00	-	31,230.00	_	407,000.00	01,099,000.07
SUB- TOTAL	10,000,556.49	69,110,371.04	2,100,000.00	-	31,250.00	-	457,358.33	81,699,535.87
GRAND TOTAL	204,785,531.38	311,502,074.65	117,308,250.00	29,892,000.00	99,234,667.50	-	159,824,254.33	922,546,777.87

### SUPPLEMENTAR NOTE 7B DEPRECIATION FOR ASSETS ACQUIRED DURING THE YEAR 2023

MONTHS			CLASS OF	PPE			TOTAL
	BUILDING	INFRASTRUCTURE	PLANTS & MACHINARY	TRANSPORT	OFFICE EQUIPMENT	FURNITURE AND	
			PLANTS & PIACTINANT	EQUIPMENT	OFFICE EQUIT FIENT	FITTINGS	TOTAL
	2%	5%	10%	20%	25%	20%	
JANUARY		151,250.00	-	-			151,250.00
FEBRUARY	-	545,366.67	-	-	-		545,366.67
MARCH	33,333.33	588,875.00	-	-	-		622,208.33
APRIL	-		-	-	-		-
MAY	3,502.50	743,701.55	-	-	-	-	747,204.05
JUNE	-	-	-	-		•	-
JULY	-	-	-	-	-	•	-
AUGUST	1,269,305.32	10,200,995.16	-	-	6,250.00	91,471.67	11,568,022.14
SEPTEMBER	1,269,305.32	10,200,995.16	-		6,250.00	91,471.67	11,568,022.14
OCTOBER	2,586,499.40	20,320,990.42	2,100,000.00	-	6,250.00	91,471.67	25,105,211.49
NOVEMBER	2,419,305.32	13,179,098.55	-		6,250.00	91,471.67	15,696,125.53
DECEMBER	2,419,305.32	13,179,098.55	-	-	6,250.00	91,471.67	15,696,125.53
GRAND TOTAL	10,000,556.49	69,110,371.04	2,100,000.00	-	31,250.00	457,358.33	81,699,535.87

THE DEPRECIATION IS PRO RATED ACCORDING TO THE MONTH OF THE YEAR THE ASSETS VALUE IS CAPITALISED.

#### SUPPLEMENTAR NOTE 8A TRANSFER TO OTHER GOVERNMENT ENTITIES

DESCRIPTION		20	023	2022		
		ACTUAL BUDGET		VARIANCE	ACTUAL	
COMMON SERVICES	SEE SUPL. NOTE 14B	60,000,000.00	-	=	-	
TRAINING FUNDS		286,030,214.82	-	-	-	
TOTAL		346,030,214.82		-	-	



# SUPPLEMETARY NOTE 8B ANALYSIS OF STATUTORY TRANSFERS

MONTHS	TRAINING FUND	COMMON SERVICES	PENSION	TOTAL
	*	₩	₩	₩
JANUARY	25,648,444.67	5,000,000.00	#VALUE!	30,648,444.67
FEBUARY	22,669,891.64	5,000,000.00		27,669,891.64
MARCH	18,603,443.75	5,000,000.00		23,603,443.75
APRIL	21,893,879.91	5,000,000.00		26,893,879.91
MAY	21,411,334.16	5,000,000.00		26,411,334.16
JUNE	21,717,123.80	5,000,000.00		26,717,123.80
JULY	26,120,958.83	5,000,000.00		31,120,958.83
AUGUST	26,287,811.47	5,000,000.00		31,287,811.47
SEPTEMBE	24,104,329.97	5,000,000.00		29,104,329.97
OCTOBER	24,571,379.88	5,000,000.00		29,571,379.88
NOVEMBER	25,456,704.65	5,000,000.00		30,456,704.65
DECEMBER	27,544,917.09	5,000,000.00		32,544,917.09
TOTAL	286,030,219.82	60,000,000.00		346,030,219.82

# SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 9A CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

DESCRIPTION	REF. S. NOTE	2023	2022
CASH IN HAND		3,765.49	158,965.49
CASH AT BANK	16B	127,502,680.38	22,168,308.72
TOTAL		127,506,445.87	22,327,274.21



# SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 10A PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	IILDING – GENERAL	INFRASTRUCTURE - GENERAL	PLANT & MACHINERY - GENERAL	TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT - GENERAL	OFFICE EQUIPMENT - GENERAL	FURNITURE AND FITTINGS	TOTAL
	320101	320102	320103	320103	320105		
CARYING AMOUNT 01/01/2023	9,739,248,744.57	4,847,834,072.23	305,533,500.00	149,460,000.00	396,813,670.00	796,834,480.00	16,235,724,466.80
ADD ASSET DURING THE YEAR (SEE - SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE	1,574,001,139.07	5,364,044,073.92	252,000,000.00	0.00	300,000.00	5,488,300.00	7,195,833,512.99
	11,313,249,883.64	10,211,878,146.15	557,533,500.00	149,460,000.00	397,113,670.00	802,322,780.00	23,431,557,979.79
	204,785,531.38	311,502,074.65	117,308,250.00	29,892,000.00	99,234,667.50	159,824,254.33	922,546,777.87
CARRYING AMOUN 31/12/2023	11,108,464,352.26	9,900,376,071.50	440,225,250.00	119,568,000.00	297,879,002.50	642,498,525.67	22,509,011,201.92

# SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 10B PURCHASES/CONSTRUCTION OF PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (PPE) DURING THE YEAR 2023

		•	CLASS OF	PPE			TOTAL
MONTHS	BUILDING	INFRASTRUCTURE	PLANTS & EQUIPMENTS	TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT	OFFICE EQUIPMENT	FURNITURE AND FITTINGS	
	-	36,300,000.00	-	-	-	-	36,300,000.00
	-	130,888,000.00	=	-	-	-	130,888,000.00
	20,000,000.00	141,330,000.00	-		-		161,330,000.00
	-	-	-		-	-	•
	2,101,500.00	178,488,372.00	-	-	-	-	180,589,872.00
	-	-	-		-	-	•
	-	-	-		-	-	•
	761,583,189.07	2,448,238,837.27	-	-	300,000.00	5,488,300.00	3,215,610,326.34
	-	-			-	-	•
	790,316,450.00	2,428,798,864.65	252,000,000.00	-	-	-	3,471,115,314.65
	-	-	-	-	-	-	•
	-	-			-	-	•
	1,574,001,139.07	5,364,044,073.92	252,000,000.00	-	300,000.00	5,488,300.00	7,195,833,512.99



# SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 10C ANALYSIS OF PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

DETAILS			CLASS OI	F PPE			TOTAL
	LAND & BUILDING – SEE SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 20D	INFRASTRUCTURE	PLANTS & EQUIPMENTS	TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT	OFFICE EQUIPMENT (- SEE SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 20D)	FURNITURE AND FITTINGS	
LEGACY ASSETS	9,739,248,744.57	4,847,834,072.23	305,533,500.00	149,460,000.00	396,813,670.00	796,834,480.00	16,235,724,466.80
ASSETS FOR THE YEAR	1,574,001,139.07	5,364,044,073.92	252,000,000.00	0.00	300,000.00	5,488,300.00	7,195,833,512.99
SUBTOTAL (A)	11,313,249,883.64	10,211,878,146.15	557,533,500.00	149,460,000.00	397,113,670.00	802,322,780.00	23,431,557,979.79
DEP. RATE	2%	5%	10%	20%	25%	20%	
DEP. LEGACY ASSETS	194,784,974.89	242,391,703.61	30,553,350.00	29,892,000.00	49,203,417.50	87,651,696.00	634,477,142.00
DEP. ASSETS DURING YEAR	10,000,556.49	69,110,371.04	420,000.00	0.00	31,250.00	457,358.33	80,019,535.87
TOTAL DEPRECIATION (B)	204,785,531.38	311,502,074.65	30,973,350.00	29,892,000.00	49,234,667.50	88,109,054.33	714,496,677.87
NET BOOK VALUE (A-B)	11,108,464,352.26	9,900,376,071.50	526,560,150.00	119,568,000.00	347,879,002.50	714,213,725.67	22,717,061,301.92

# SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 10D ANALYSIS OF PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

DETAILS	CLASS OF PPE									
		LAND & BUILDING		OFFICE EQUIPMENT						
	LAND	BUILDING	TOTAL LAND AND BUILDING	воокѕ	OTHER EQUIPMENTS	TOTAL OFFICE EQUIPMENT				
LEGACY ASSETS	-	9,739,248,744.57	9,739,248,744.57	0.00	401,952,670.00	401,952,670.00				
ASSETS DURING THE YEAR	-	1,574,001,139.07	1,574,001,139.07	0.00	300,000.00	300,000.00				
SUB TOTAL (A)	-	11,313,249,883.64	11,313,249,883.64	-	402,252,670.00	402,252,670.00				
DEP. RATE	-	2%		3%	25%					
DEP.LEGACY ASSETS	-	194,784,974.89	194,784,974.89	0.00	100,488,167.50	100,488,167.50				
ASSETS DURING YEAR	-	10,000,556.49	10,000,556.49	0.00	31,250.00	31,250.00				
TOTAL DEPRECIATION (B)	-	204,785,531.38	204,785,531.38	-	100,519,417.50	100,519,417.50				
NET BOOK VALUE A-B	-	11,108,464,352.26	11,108,464,352.26	-	301,733,252.50	301,733,252.50				



#### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 11A BORROWINGS (LONG TERM LOANS) AS AT 31ST DECEMBER, 2023.

S/NO	INSITUTIONS	BAL B/FWD (PRINCIPAL)	CURRENT YEAR PORTION	PRINCIPAL REPMT	INTEREST & OTHER FEES	TOTAL REPAYMENT	BAL OUTSTANDING
I A	EXTERNAL LOANS (SEE – SUPPL. NOTE 225A)	-	-	-	-	-	-
I B	DOMESTIC LOANS (SEE - SUPPL. NOTE 22	638,571,126.98	-	65,893,837.98	29,694,754.08	95,588,592.06	542,982,534.92
	SUBTOTAL	638,571,126.98	-	65,893,837.98	29,694,754.08	95,588,592.06	542,982,534.92

#### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 11B LONG TERM BORROWINGS

#### (INTERNAL LOANS )AS AT 31 ST DECEMBER, 2023

S/NO	INSITUTIONS	(DDINCIDAL)	DODILON	PRINCIPAL REPMT	OTHER FEE	TOTAL REPAYMENT	BAL OUTSTANDING
1	LGA SALARY BALLOUT	638,571,126.98	-	66,979,106.08	30,694,754.08	97,673,860.16	540,897,266.82
	TOTAL DOMESTIC	638,571,126.98	-	66,979,106.08	30,694,754.08	97,673,860.16	540,897,266.82

#### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 12A ANALYSIS OF TRANSITIONAL RESERVES

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT 2022	LEGACY ASSETS CAPITALISED	LIABILITIES OVER ASSETS 2022	TOTAL
22,327,274.21	16,235,724,466.80	(638,571,126.98)	15,619,480,614.03



# SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 13A SURPLUS/ DEFICIT STATEMENT

YEAR	DEFICT	SURPLUS
	DR	CR
	N	N
TOTAL 2023		5,800,174,322.79

### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 14A ANALYSIS OF PURCHASE/ CONTRUCTION OF PPE DURING THE YEAR 2023

S/NO	ADMIN	GRP	HEAD DESCRIPTION	BUDGET	ACTUAL	SAVINGS	EXCESS	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	EXCESS	SAVING S
	SECTOR		ADMINISTRATIVE								
1		1	OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN	-	-	-					-
2		1	VICE CHAIRMAN	-	-	-				-	-
3		1	SECRETARY TO THE LG	-	-	-					-
		1	LEGISLATORS	-	-	-	-			-	-
		1	ADMINISTRATIVE DEPT	2,398,983,200.00	1,831,789,439.07	567,193,760.93	-			-	-
	SECTOR		ECONOMIC								
4		2	DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND SUPPLIES	-	-	-	-			-	-
5		2	DEPARTMENT OF BUDGET, PLANNING, RESEARCH AND STATISTICS	-	-	-	-			-	-
6		2	DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE & NATURAL RESOURCES	-	-	-	-			-	
		2	WORKS, TRANSPORT, HOUSING, LANDS & SURVEY DEPARTMENT	7,892,391,765.66	5,364,044,073.92	1,731,347,691.74	-			-	-
	SECTOR		LAW & JUSTICE								
9		3	LEGAL DEPARTMENT	-	-	-	-			-	-
	SECTOR		SOCIAL								
10		4	SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT, EDUCATION, INFORMATION, SPORTS AND CULTURE DEPARTMENT	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
11		4	DEPARTMENT OF PRIMARY HEALTH CARE	1,262,000,000.00	-	1,262,000,000.00	-		-		-
		1	GRAND TOTAL	11,553,374,965.66	7,195,833,512.99	3,560,541,452.67			-		-





# REPORT OF THE AUDITOR - GENERAL FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENTS ON THE ACCOUNTS OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT COUNCIL FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31<sup>ST</sup> DECEMBER, 2023





HON, ALABO HANSON AYEBAIKIO
ACTING CHAIRMAN BRASS LOCAL
GOVERNMENT AREA



COMR. THANKGOD SINGER
TREASURER/DFS BRASS LOCAL GOVERNMENT
COUNCIL BAYELSA STATE





# **BRASS LOCAL GOVERNMENT**

Telegrams: BALGA Telephone:



HEADQUARTERS:

Local Government Council Secretariat P.m.b. 1, Consulate, Twon - Brass, Bayelsa State.

8th May, 2024

#### STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

These Financial Statements and accounts have been prepared by the Treasurer of Brass Local Government Council, Bayelias State in accordance with the provisions of section 24 of the Finance (Control and Management) LFN 2004 & Section 85(5) of the Federal Republic of Nigeria and other relevant extant laws, regulations and policies. The accounting framework adopted in the preparation of the financial statements and accounts is IPSAS ACCRUAL accounting basis and the Financial Statements comply with generally accepted accounting policies and practice.

To fulfill the accounting and reporting responsibility, the Treasurer of Brass Local. Government, Council is responsible for preparing, reporting establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that the transactions recorded are within statutory authority and properly record the receipt and payment of Public Financial resources by the Local Government.

In compliance with International Public Sector Accounting Standard (IPSAS) 33 (First Time Adoption of Account Basis IPSAS) and the guidelines usuad by the Federation Account Allocation Committee (FAAC) Technical Sub Committee 2004 on IPSAS implementation, improvable efforts have been made to ensure that the Financial Statements prepared herein reflect the true and fair view of the financial position of Brass Local Government Council as at 31% December, 2023.

On behalf of Brass Local Government Council, I write to accept responsibility for the Integrity, credibility and objectivity of the Figure at Statements. The information embedded reflects the financial position of the Local Government as at 31st December, 2023.

Comr.Singer ThankGod

Hon, Alabo Manson Aylibaildo.

Acting Chairm

(All replies to be addressed to the chairman of the local government)

#### INTRODUCTION

The financial statements of Brass Local Government council for the year ended 31st December 2023 have been examined in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practice and section 51 subsection 1 and 2 of Bayelsa State Local Government law 2000.

#### SUBMISSION OF REPORT

In compliance with Section 5 Sub – section 2 of Bayelsa State Local Government law 2000, it is my pleasure to humbly lay before the honourable House of Assembly, Bayelsa State, the Auditor–General for Local Governments report on the accounts of Brass Local Government Council for the financial year ended 31st December, 2023.

#### CONSTITUTIONALITY

In accordance with the section of the Bayelsa State Local Government Law 2000 quoted above, the draft annual report and accounts including the related financial statements for the year ended 31st December 2023, was submitted to my office by the accounting officer on the 10th April, 2024.

### STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE AND BASIS OF PREPARATION (IPSAS)

The General Purpose Financial Statements (GPFS) were prepared in compliance with the International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS) Accrual basis of accounting. The financial statements were presented in Nigeria Naira (N) and kobo (k) which is the functional and reporting currency in Nigeria. The accounting year to which the financial statements date is from 1st January to 31st December, 2023.

### STATEMENT OF COMPLETENESS OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT REVENUE

Revenue accruable to Brass Local Government Council from the Federation accounts and managed by the State Local Governments Joint Accounts Allocation Committee (SLGJAAC) were fairly stated. I have comfirmed the completeness and correctness of the SLGJAAC receipts, the relevant deductions and balances of transfer of the SLGJAAC allocations accruable the Local Government Council.

### RESPONSIBILITY OF THE ACCOUNTING OFFICER

In line with the provisions of Section 48 subsection 1 of Bayelsa State Local Government Law 2000, the accounting officer is responsible for the preparation of financial statements. He is responsible for



the general and overall supervision of all accounting activities of the local government. In carrying out this mandate, he has the responsibility to:

- > Ensure that the treasury department of the council keep proper books of accounts that reasonably discloses the financial position of the local government.
- > Establish and maintain a functional and adequate system of internal control designed to provide reasonable assurance that the transaction recorded reflect the utilization of the public financial resources.
- > Ensure that appropriate accounting policies and estimates are consistently deployed in the preparation of financial statements.
- > Taking steps to safeguard the assets of the local government and prevent and detect fraud and irregularities.

### RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE AUDITOR—GENERAL FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENTS

The responsibility is to form or express an independent opinion based on the financial statements as presented by the accounting officer of the local government and report to the State House of Assembly.

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

REVENUE					
REVENUE	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
DESCRIPTION	N	N	N	N	N
Opening Balance	13,970,554.47	14,855,137.32	1,802,320.62	841,679.14	47,390,305.08
Statutory Allocation	3,430,024,525.13	2,836,152,661.27	2,362,844,297.87	2,110,329,041.66	2,236,830,312.71
Independent Revenue	32,920,000.00	34,575,100.00	903,500.00	37,662,000.00	33,290,305.00
Other Revenue		36,627,773.77			
Total	3,476,915,079.60	2,922,210,672.36	2,365,550,118.49	2,148,832,720.80	2,317,510,922.79
EXPENDITURE					
EXPENDITURE	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Description	N	N	N	N	N
Personnel cost	506,978,274.82	715,553,758.06	624,502,516.57	545,418,032.01	569,687,205.06
Overhead Cost	454,669,506.67	610,833,415.99	473,727,675.61	498,710,833.15	855,572,262.94
Statutory Deduction	1,002,196,354.50	951,380,032.75	918,033,788.99	890,893,943.86	844,914,489.46
Capital Expenditure	1,301,802,026.34	593,845,137.52	334,430,000.00	208,475,000.00	427,250,838.97
Loan Repayment		36,627,773.77			
Total	3,265,646,162.33	2,908,240,118.09	2,350,693,981.17	2,143,497,809.02	2,697,424,796.43

### PATTERN AND MANNER IN WHICH THE ACCOUNTS WERE KEPT AND RENDERED

Section 5(3) of the Audit Law (Cap 13, Laws of Eastern Nigeria 1963) applicable to Bayelsa State and the provisions of IPSAS (Accrual) and Section 48(1) of Bayelsa State Local Government Law 2000 requires the Accounting officer of Brass Local Government Council to, within three (3) months after the 31<sup>st</sup> day of December, each year, transmit to the Auditor-General for Local Governments accounts showing the financial position of the local government on the said 31<sup>st</sup> day of December specified financial summary for five years.

Financial statements submitted for audit are:

- Statement of Financial Performance
- Statement of Financial Position
- 3. Statement of Cash flow
- 4. Statement of Changes in Net Assets
- 4. Statement of Recurrent Revenue
- 5. Statement of Recurrent Expenditure
- 6 Statement of external/internal loans
- 7. Statement of personnel cost
- 8. Statement of overhead cost

#### **BOOK-KEEPING AND FINANCIAL CONTROL**

It was observed that the Book-Keeping procedure still needs more training and supervision. Audit observed that no changes were effected from our last audit, payment vouchers do not pass through the internal Auditor before payment is made. Payment vouchers are not duly signed by Authorising officers. Payment vouchers are not duly signed by Receiver to ascertain payment. Audit observed that salary variation statement was not prepared. Capital Expenditure payment are made without due process.

**RECOMMENDATION**: Audit recommend that Authorising officers should adhere to the accounting procedures and guideline in the expenditure of funds.

The internal control system still needs right placement of personnel that are qualify to do the job effectively and efficiently to easy the job of the Auditor and Timely submission of financial records Audit.

## GENERAL OBSERVATION / RECOMMENDATION INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEM

The Audit observed that the Internal Control System has improved a little than the previous year, but there is still need for more improvement in the system to correct the lapses in the area of delegation of duties.

**RECOMMENDATION:** Audit recommends that duties be delegated to staff, and supervision of staff be introduced into the control system. In order for the job to be carried out effectively, efficiently and on timely bases for easy Auditing.

### **BOOK-KEEPING**

It was observed that proper book-keeping procedure is not kept yet by the Local Government Council, which has made it difficult for Audit, where Financial Records are not posted into the various Books of Records, like Revenue Abstract, Expenditure Abstract, Project Ledger, Deposit Leger etc.

**RECOMMENDATION:** Audit recommends training and retraining of Accounting Staff of the Local Government Council on proper book-keeping procedures for easy Audit.



### **GOVERNMENT OF BAYELSA STATE OF NIGERIA**

Office of the Auditor-General for Local Governments

e-mail address: localgovtsauditbys@gmail.com

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Our Ref:\_\_\_\_



State Govt. Secretariat P.M.B. 30 Yenagoa, Bayelsa State. 25<sup>th</sup> July, 2024

Date

#### AUDIT CERTIFICATE

In compliance with section 125(2) of the Constitution of the Federal Republic of Nigeria 1999 (as amended) and Section 55(3) of the Bayelsa State Audit Law 2021, the audit of the Financial Statements of Brass Local Government Council of Bayelsa State for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> December, 2023 was conducted in accordance with the provisions of the financial memoranda and other relevant regulations.

The audit was conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and INTOSAI Auditing Standards



Within the period under review, the information presented in the General Purpose Financial Statements are in compliance with the International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS) Accrual basis of accounting as prescribed in the statement of accounting policies.

In my opinion, the Financial Statements which agree with the books of Accounts and records show a true and fair view of the Financial Position of Brass Local Government Council for the year ended 31st December, 2023.

Office of the Auditor – General For Local Governments P.M.B. 30, Yenagoa Fagha Henry Prenanagha PENA ACTIONIES HOW Auditor - General for Local Governments Bayelsa State.

All Correspondence to be addressed to the Auditor-General for Local Governments





### STATEMENT NO.1 CONSOLIDATEDD STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE (INCOME & EXPENDITURE) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31<sup>ST</sup> DECEMBER, 2023

Actual 2022		Notes	Actual 2023	Final Budget 2023	Initial Budget 2023	Supple mentary Budget 2023	Variance on Final Budget
	REVENUE						
1,725,834,756.92	Government share of FAAC (Statutory Revenue)	1, 1B	1,956,231,207.47	1,767,503,631.26	1,767,503,631.26	-	188,727,576.21
1,110,317,903.35	Government share of VAT Tax Revenue	2	1,541,815,742.29	1,160,580,648.35	1,160,580,648.35	-	381,235,093.94
34,575,100.00	Non – Tax Revenue	3	32,920,000.00	37,634,962.00	37,634,962.00	<u>-</u>	4,714,962.00
-	Investment Income Interest Earned		-	-	-	-	
-	AID & Grants		-	-	-	-	
-	Other Revenue		-	-	-		
2,870,727,760.27	Total Revenue		3,530,966,949.76	2,965,719,241.61	2,965,719,241.61	-	574,677,632.15
	EXPENDITURE						
1,441,271,231.86	Salaries & Wages	4	1,509,174,629.32	1,581,111,467.00	1,581,111,467.00	-	71,936,837.68
189,801,032.33	Social Benefits	5	204,776,221.45	-	-	-	204,776,221.45
610,833,414.79	Overhead Cost	6	845,124,934.70	1,008,300,000.00	1,008,300,000.00	-	163,175,065.30
	Grants & Contributions		-	-	-		
-	Depreciation	7	187,284,096.48	-	-	-	187,284,096.48
35,861,526.62	Transfer to other Govt Entities	8	41,800,245.23	-	-	-	41,800,245.23
2,277,767,205.60	Total Expenditure		2,788,160,127.18	2,589,411,467.00	2,589,411,467.00	-	668,972,466.14
592,960,554.67	Surplus from Operating Activities for the period		742,806,822.58	-	-	-	-
-	Public Debt Repayment	11	-	-	-		-



### STATEMENT NO.1 CONSOLIDATEDD STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE (INCOME & EXPENDITURE) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31<sup>ST</sup> DECEMBER, 2023

	Gain/Loss on						
	Disposal of asset						
	Gain/Loss on						
	Disposal of asset						
-	Total non-		-	-	-		-
	operating					-	
	revenue						
	(expenses)						
592,960,554.67	Surplus/	13		-	-		-
	(deficit) from		742,806,822.58			-	
	Ordinary						
	Activities						
-	Miniority		-	-	-		
	Interest share of					-	
	surpus/deficit						
592,960,554.67	Net			-	-		-
	Surplus/(Deficit)		742,806,822.58			-	
	for the period						

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the General Purpose Financial Statement (GPFS)

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### STATEMENT NO.2 CONSOLIDTED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (BALANCE SHEET) AS AT 31ST DECEMBER, 2023

	Economic Code	Note s	20	23	2022	
	Couc		N	N	N	N
ASSETS						
Current Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	3101-4	9A	230,214.67		13,970,554.47	
Inventories	3105		· -		-	
Receivables	3106-7		-		-	
Prepayments	3108		-		-	
A				230,214.67		13,970,554.47
Non-Current Assets					-	
Loans & Debts (short-term)	3110					
Investments	3109				-	
Property, Plant & Equipment	3201	10	2,914,428,036.13		-	
Investment Property	3202	10	2,717,720,030.13		-	
Intangible Assets	3301					
B	3301			2,914,428,036.13		_
Total Assets C = A+B				2,914,658,250.80		13,970,554.47
Total Assets C A D				2,714,030,230.00	•	13,570,554.47
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities						
Deposits	4101		-		-	
Short Term Loans & Debts	4102		-		-	
Unremitted Deductions	4103		-		-	
Accrued Expenses	4104		-		-	
Current Portion of Borrowing	4105				-	
D				-		
Non-Current Liabilities						
Public Funds	4601				<u>l</u>	_
Borrowings	4602	11A	(1,967,416.91)		14,176,649.43	-
E			(1,967,416.91)	_	14,176,649.43	
Total Liabilities: F = D + E				(1,967,416.91)	, ,	14,176,649.43
Net Assets: G = C - F				2,912,690,833.89		28,147,203.90
Tite Tableton G C-F				2,712,070,033.07		20,177,203.90
NET ASSETS/EQUITY						
Reserves	4701	12	2,169,884,011.31		-	
Surpluses/(Deficits)	4702	13	742,806,822.58		-	
Total Net Assets/Equity				2,912,690,833.89		28,147,203.90

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the General Purpose Financial Statement (GPFS)

- A 6 08/25/2024

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### **STATEMENT NO.3**

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 2023

Б. 1.4	Notes	20	023	20	)22
Description		₽	N	N	N
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITI	ES				
<u>Inflows</u>					
Government Share of FAAC (Statutory Revenue)	1	1,956,231,207.47		1,725,834,756.92	
T	2	1,541,815,742.29		1,110,317,903.35	
Government Share of VA				-	
Direct Taxes		-		84,000.00	
Licences		_		124,000.00	
Fines		-		-	
Royalties		-		585,600,00	
Fees	3	32,920,000.00		33,781,500.00	
Earnings & Sales perties	+ -	-		-	
Rents of Government Pro		_		_	
Investment Income neral		_		_	
Interest & Repayment Ge	+	_		_	
Re-imbursement	+	_			
Funds from Special Act <sup>unts</sup> Domestic Aid & Grants	+	_			
External Aid & Grants	+	-			
Gains from exchange tisactions	_	-		-	
Other Revenue (e.g. pl\mathbb{Bargain})	+	-		36,627,773.77	
Total inflow from Opating Activities	+	-	3,530,966,949.76	30,027,773.77	2 007 255 524 04
Total fillion from Oparing Activities	+		3,530,900,949./0		2,907,355,534.04
Outflows					
Salaries & Wages	4A	1,509,174,629.32		1,441,271,231.86	
Social Benefits	5	204,776,221.45		189,801,032.33	
Overhead Cost	6A	845,124,934.70		610,833,414.79	
Grants & Contributions		-		-	
Subsidies	$\top$	-		-	
Transfer to other Government Entities	8A	41,800,245.23		35,861,526.62	
Public Debts Repayment		-		-	
Total Outflow from Operating Activities (B)	+		(2,600,876,030.70)		(2,277,767,205.60
Net Cash Inflow/(Outflow) From Operating Activities* C=(A-B)			930,090,919.06		629,588,328.44



### **STATEMENT NO.3**

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 2023

CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Proceeds from Sale of PPE		_			
Proceeds from Sales of Investment Property		_		_	
Proceeds from Sale of Intangible Assets		_		_	
Proceeds from Sale of Investment		_		-	
Dividends Received				-	
Purchase/Construction of PPE	14	(931,622,026.34)		(593,845,137.52)	
Purchase/Construction of Investment Property		- 1		- 1	
Purchase of Intangible Assets		=		-	
Acquisition of Investments		-		-	
Net Cash Flow from Investing Activites			(931,622,026.34)		(593,845,137.52)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Proceeds from Borrowings	11A	-		-	
Repayment of Borrowings		(12,209,232.52)		(36,627,773.77)	
Distribution of Surplus/Dividends Paid		-		-	
Net Cash Flow from Financing Activities			(12,209,232.52)		(36,627,773.77)
Net Cash Flow from all Activities			(13,740,339.80)	-	(884,582.85)
Cash & Its Equivalent as at 1/1/2023			13,970,554.47		14,855,137.32
Cash & Its Equivalent as at 31/12/2023			230,214.67		13,970,554.47
Notes: 1					
RECONCILIATION:					
Surplus/ (Deficit) per Statement of Performance	13	742,806,822.58		=	
Add back non cash movement-		=		-	
Depreciation Charges	7A	187,284,096.48		-	
Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities		930,090,919.06		-	<u> </u>
Note: 2					
Cash & its equivalent as at 31/12/2023					
Cash Balances		=		-	
Bank Balances	9A	230,214.67	230,214.67	-	13,970,554.47

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the General Purpose Financial Statement (GPFS)

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### **STATEMENT NO.4**

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS/ EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31<sup>ST</sup> DECEMBER, 2023.

	N	Revaluation	Translation	Accummulated	Total
	Note	Reserve N	Reserve <del>N</del>	Surpluses N	N
Balance as at 1st January 2023	12	2,169,884,011.31	-	-	2,169,884,023.31
Changes in Accounting Policy					
Restated Balance		2,169,884,011.31		-	2,169,884,023.31
Surplus on Revaluation of Properties					
Deficit on Revaluation of Investments					
Net Gains and losses not recognized in the statement of					
Financial Performance					-
Net Surplus for the year	13	742,806,822.58	-	-	742,806,822.58
Balance at 31 December 2023		-		-	
Deficit on Revaluation of Property		-		-	
Surplus on Revaluation of Investments		-		-	
Net gains and Losses not Recognised in the Statement of					
Financial Performance					
Net deficit for the Period					·
Balance at 31 December 2023		2,912,690,833.89	-	-	2,912,690,845.89

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the General Purpose Financial Statement (GPFS)

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- A A 08/25/2024

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### NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 2023

		Ref Sup.				
Note	Details	Note	Amount	Amount		Remarks
1	A. Share of Statutory Allocation from FAAC					
	Net share of Statutory Allocation from FAAC	1	1,307,126,205.98			
	Add: Deduction at source	1A	45,217,816.84	1,352,344,022.82		
	Share of Statutory Allocation (Other Agencies)	2		649,105,001.49		
	Share of Statutory Allocation (Excess Crude Oil)			_		
	Total (Gross) Statutory Allocation			1,956,231,207.47		
	, , ,					
2	B. Value Added Tax					
	Share of Value Added Tax (VAT)			1,541,815,742.29		
		Ref Sup.				
3	NON TAX REVENUE	Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	
	RATES GENERAL (TENEMENT RATE)		-	54,000,000.00		
	LICENSE GENERAL		-	2,500,000.00		
	FEES GENERAL		-	12,000,000.00		
	FINES GENERAL		-			
	EARNINGS GENERAL		32,920,000.00	21,500,000.00		
	Sale/Rent of Government Property		-			
			32,920,000.00			
	WAGES AND ON ADDRESS					
4	WAGES AND SALARIES	2 (2		2023		2022
		Ref Sup. Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	Actual
4A	PERSONNEL COST	4A	Actual	Dauget	70 Variance	Actual
7/1	ADMINISTRATIVE SECTOR	7/1	444,077,704.37	_	_	
	ECONOMIC SECTOR		266,844,890.04	_	_	_
	SOCIAL SECTOR		735,351,464.46	_	_	
	REGIONAL SECTOR	+	700,001,404.40	_	_	
	LAW AND JUSTICE		_	_	_	_
	SUBTOTAL		1,446,274,058.87	-	-	-
4B	CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND CHARGES	4B	62,900,570.45	-	-	-
	TOTAL WAGES AND SALARIES		1,509,174,629.32			
4C	PERSONNEL ANALYSIS			2023		2022
		Ref Sup.				
		Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	Actual
	TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR		917			
	TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES EMPLOYED IN 2023		0			
	TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES RETIRED DURING THE YEAR		0			
	TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES AT THE END OF THE YEAR 2023		917			





### NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

5 <b>SO</b>	OCIAL BENEFITS			2023		2022
		Ref Sup.				
		Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	Actual
AD	MINISTRATIVE SECTOR	5	204,776,221.45			
EC	CONOMIC SECTOR		-			
so	OCIAL SECTOR		-			
RE	GIONAL SECTOR		-			
LA'	W AND JUSTICE		-			
6 <b>OV</b>	/ERHEAD COST			2023		2022
		Ref Sup.				
		Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	Actual
	/ERHEAD COST BY FUNCTION	6A				
	AVEL& TRANSPORT - GENERAL		91,994,085.61			
	1LITIES – GENERAL		7,330,000.00			
	ATERIALS AND SUPPLY - GENERAL		180,465,535.36			
	AINTENANCE SERVICES – GENERAL		174,085,255.59			
	IEL AND LUBRICANT - GENERAL		375,444,397.98			
_	NANCIAL CHARGES - GENERAL		15,805,660.16			
то	DTAL		845,124,934.70		+	
6B <b>OV</b>	/ERHEAD COST BY SECTOR	6B				
AD	MINISTRATIVE SECTOR		422,562,467.35			
EC	CONOMIC SECTOR		261,988,729.76			
SO	OCIAL SECTOR		160,573,737.59			
RE	GIONAL SECTOR		-			
LA'	W & JUSTICE		-			
то	OTAL		845,124,934.70			
7 <b>DE</b>	PRECIATION			2023		2022
		Ref Sup.				
		Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	Actual
_	JILDING – GENERAL	7A	8,483,767.37			
INI	FRASTRUCTURE – GENERAL		83,626,779.11			
	ANT & MACHINERY – GENERAL		4,050,000.00			
TR	ANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT - GENERAL		820,000.00			
OF	FICE EQUIPMENT		34,575,750.00			
FU	IRNITURE & FITTINGS – GENERAL		55,727,800.00			
TO	DTAL		187,284,096.48			
8 <b>TR</b>	ANSFER TO OTHER GOVERNMENT ENTITIES					
CC	DMMON SERVICES	8A	7,500,000.00	-		-
TR	AINING FUNDS		34,300,245.23	-		-
то	OTAL		41,800,245.23	-		-

### NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

		Ref Sup.			
9	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT	Note	2023	2022	
	CASH IN HAND				
	CASH AT BANK	9A	230,214.67	13,970,554.47	
	TOTAL		230,214.67	13,970,554.47	
		Ref Sup.			
10	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	Note	31/12/2023	01/01/2023	
	BUILDING-GENERAL	10A	535,278,127.97	338,778,706.27	
	INFRASTRUCTURE -GENERAL		2,012,781,458.16	1,369,769,400.00	
	PLANT & MACHINERY -GENERAL		36,450,000.00	40,500,000.00	
	TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT- GENERAL		3,280,000.00	4,100,000.00	
	OFFICE EQUIPMENT-GENERAL		103,727,250.00	138,303,000.00	
	FURNITURE AND FITTINGS		222,911,200.00	278,639,000.00	
	TOTAL		2,914,428,036.13	2,170,090,106.27	
		Ref Sup.			
11	BORROWINGS	Note	2023	2022	
	EXTERNAL LOANS				
	DOMESTIC LOANS	11A	1,967,416.91		
	TOTAL				
		Ref Sup.			
12	RESERVES	Note	2023	2022	
	FOR THE YEAR		2,169,884,011.31		
		Ref Sup.			
13	SURPLUS	Note	2023	2022	
	FOR THE YEAR		742,806,822.58		
_		Ref Sup.			
14	PURCHASE/CONSTRUCTION OF PPE	Note	2023	2022	
	BUILDING-GENERAL		204,983,189.07		
	INFRASTRUCTURE -GENERAL		726.638.837.27		
	PLANT & MACHINERY – GENERAL		-		
	TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT- GENERAL		-		
	OFFICE EQUIPMENT-GENERAL		-		
	FURNITURE AND FITTINGS		_		

### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 2023

# SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 1 SHARE OF FAAC (STATUTORY REVENUE)

	NET RECEIPT	ADD: DEDUCTIONS AT SOURCE	
DETAILS/ MONTH	SEE SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 1A	(SEE – SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 1A	GROSS
ECONOMIC CODE	11010101	11010101	
	N	N	H
JANUARY	178,643,247.48	5,359,297.42	184,002,544.90
FEBRUARY	103,164,660.17	3,094,939.80	106,259,599.97
MARCH	98,185,648.71	2,945,569.46	101,131,218.17
APRIL	133,836,855.37	4,015,105.66	137,851,961.03
MAY	95,070,378.61	2,852,111.36	97,922,489.97
JUNE	143,794,814.36	4,313,844.43	148,108,658.79
JULY	80,616,137.40	2,418,484.12	83,034,621.52
AUGUST	104,673,004.26	3,140,190.13	107,813,194.39
SEPTEMBER	87,069,361.98	10,902,746.33	97,972,108.31
OCTOBER	104,869,879.16	3,146,096.37	108,015,975.53
NOVEMBER	81,091,092.24	2,432,732.77	83,523,825.01
DECEMBER	96,111,126.24	2,883,333.79	98,994,460.03
GRAND TOTAL	1,307,126,205.98	47,504,451.64	1,354,630,657.62

## SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 1A NET STATUTORY ALLOCATION

DETAILS/ MONTH	GROSS STATUTORY ALLOCATION (a)	TOTAL DEDUCTIONS (b)	NET ALLOCATION c = (a - b)
ECONOMIC CODE	11010101	11010101	
	N	N	N
JANUARY	184,002,544.90	5,359,297.42	178,643,247.48
FEBRUARY	106,259,599.97	3,094,939.80	103,164,660.17
MARCH	101,131,218.17	2,945,569.46	98,185,648.71
APRIL	137,851,961.03	4,015,105.66	133,836,855.37
MAY	97,922,489.97	2,852,111.36	95,070,378.61
JUNE	148,108,658.79	4,313,844.43	143,794,814.36
JULY	83,034,621.52	2,418,484.12	80,616,137.40
AUGUST	107,813,194.39	3,140,190.13	104,673,004.26
SEPTEMBER	97,972,108.31	10,902,746.33	87,069,361.98
OCTOBER	108,015,975.53	3,146,096.37	104,869,879.16
NOVEMBER	83,523,825.01	2,432,732.77	81,091,092.24
DECEMBER	98,994,460.03	2,883,333.79	96,111,126.24
GRAND TOTAL	1,354,630,657.62	47,504,451.64	1,307,126,205.98





### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 1B ANALYSIS OF SHARE OF STATUTORY ALLOCATION (OTHER AGENCIES)

ECONOMIC CODE	DESCRIPTION	JANUARY	FEBRUARY	MARCH	APRIL	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUGUST	SEPTEMBER	OCTOBER	NOVEMBER	DECEMBER	GRAND TOTAL
	TRANSFER LEVY	10,208,210.42	5,578,659.91	4,967,033.23	6,196,771.71	6,133,929.16	6,107,047.06	4,822,859.11	5,414,418.24	5,997,481.98	4,691,274.79	6,574,078.16	5,054,042.56	71,745,806.33
	NON OIL REVENUE	-	28,947,353.92		-	6,947,364.94						17,368,412.35	-	53,263,131.21
	NON OIL REVENUE 2	_	4,472,366.18			2,894,735.39								7,367,101.57
	FOREX EQUALISATION 1	_		30,221,037.49	_	12,592,098.95			_			_	_	42,813,136.44
	FOREX EQUALISATION 2	_				5,036,839.58								5,036,839.58
11010101	SOLID MINERALS	-	-	-	-	4,200,973.78	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,200,973.78
	EXCHANGE GAIN DIFFERENCE 1	6,353,043.23			-		168,520.35					-		6,521,563.58
	EXCHANGE GAIN DIFFERENCE 2	-			-		36,878,262.45	85,806,263.52	77,631,561.46	62,886,756.59	47,062,594.11	51,280,340.95	96,610,669.92	458,156,449.00
	TOTAL	16,561,253.65	38,998,380.01	35,188,070.72	6,196,771.71	37,805,941.80	43,153,829.86	90,629,122.63	83,045,979.70	68,884,238.57	51,753,868.90	75,222,831.46	101,664,712.48	649,105,001.49

### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 2 ANALYSIS OF SHARE OF VALUE ADDED TAX (VAT)

ECONOMIC CODE	DESCRIPTION	JANUARY	FEBRUARY	MARCH	APRIL	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUGUST	SEPTEMBER	OCTOBER	NOVEMBER	DECEMBER	GRAND TOTAL
11010202	VALUE ADDED TAX	111,600,228.16	135,677,494.73	88,727,840.06	123,991,920.95	140,227,835.00	109,701,561.42	141,799,733.12	137,389,568.14	132,045,895.08	138,281,511.37	149,945,477.64	132,426,676.62	1,541,815,742.29

## SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 3 NON TAX REVENUE

ECONOMIC														
CODE	DESCRIPTION	JANUARY	FEBRUARY	MARCH	APRIL	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUGUST	SEPTEMBER	OCTOBER	NOVEMBER	DECEMBER	TOTAL
	FEES - RIGHT OF													
12020459	OCCUPANCY FEES	-					-				-			
	FEES - INDIGINE													
12020466	REGISTRATION FEES	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12020501	FINES - FINES/PENALTIE		-		-		-				-	-	•	
	EARNINGS - EARNINGS													
	FROM COMMERCIAL													
12020711	ACTIVITIES	-	4,000,000.00	200,000.00	28,300,000.00	420,000.00		-	-		-			32,920,000.00
	TOTAL		4,000,000.00	200,000.00	28,300,000.00	420,000.00	-							32,920,000.00

### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 4A SALARIES AND WAGES

MONTHS	COUNCIL SALARIES N	HEALTH WORKERS SALARIES N	TEACHERS SALARIES ₩	CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND CHARGES-SALARIES 9B N	COUNCIL SALARY ARREARS	ALLOWANCES	TOTAL N
	21010101	21010101	21010101	21010103	21010101		
JANUARY	46,992,344.25	21,717,190.13	39,071,051.44	ı	10,000,000.00	ı	117,780,585.82
FEBRUARY	46,992,344.25	21,865,954.52	39,071,051.44	=	10,000,000.00	-	117,929,350.21
MARCH	46,992,344.25	21,865,954.52	38,946,051.44	-	10,000,000.00		117,804,350.21
APRIL	48,292,344.25	21,865,954.52	38,946,051.44	-	10,000,000.00		119,104,350.21
MAY	48,292,344.25	21,865,954.52	38,313,571.28	ii ii	10,000,000.00		118,471,870.05
JUNE	48,292,344.25	21,865,954.52	38,358,571.28	=	10,000,000.00	-	118,516,870.05
JULY	48,292,344.25	21,865,954.52	38,358,954.52	-	10,000,000.00		118,517,253.29
AUGUST	48,292,344.25	21,865,954.52	39,358,571.28	14,374,714.09	10,000,000.00		133,891,584.14
SEPTEMBER	48,292,344.25	21,865,954.52	39,213,305.56	14,374,714.09	10,000,000.00	-	133,746,318.42
OCTOBER	53,397,165.38	21,865,425.86	39,213,306.58	11,383,714.09	10,000,000.00	-	135,859,611.91
NOVEMBER	53,397,165.38	24,744,722.34	39,213,306.56	11,383,714.09	10,000,000.00	-	138,738,908.37
DECEMBER	53,397,165.38	24,819,390.59	39,213,306.56	11,383,714.09	10,000,000.00	-	138,813,576.62
GRAND TOTAL	590,922,594.41	268,074,365.08	467,277,099.38	62,900,570.45	120,000,000.00	-	1,509,174,629.32



# SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 4A WAGES AND SALARIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2023

/No	ADMIN CODE	ECON CODE	HEAD DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATE	SUPPLEMENTARY	TOTAL	ACTUAL	EXCESS	SAVINGS
				N	Ħ	N		N	N
		Sector:	ADMINISTRATIVE						
1	11100100100	21010103	OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN	-	31,000,000.00	31,000,000.00	30,821,377.80	178,622.20	
2	11100100200	21010103	OFFICE OF THE VICE CHAIRMAN	-	6,000,000.00	6,000,000.00	5,299,542.16	700,457.84	
3	11100200200	21010103	SECRETARY TO THE LOCAL GOVT.	-	2,500,000.00	2,500,000.00	2,338,211.96	161,788.04	
4	11100201000	21010103	LEGISLATORS/ SUPERVISORS	-	24,500,000.00	24,500,000.00	24,441,438.53	58,561.47	
5	11100500100	21010101	ADMINISTRATIVE DEPARTMENT	374,646,852.28	69,500,000.00	444,146,852.28	444,077,704.37	69,147.91	
			SUBTOTAL	374,646,852.28	133,500,000.00	508,146,852.28	506,978,274.82		
	11101000100	Sector:	ECONOMIC	-	-			-	
6	11103500100	21010101	DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND SUPPLIES	110,157,622.92		110,157,622.92	99,774,626.10	10,382,996.82	
7		21010101	DEPARTMENT OF BUDGET, PLANNING, RESEARCH AND STATISTICS	15,969,334.80		15,969,334.80	11,128,789.00	4,840,545.80	
8	11104400400	21010101	DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE & NATURAL RESOURCES	9,320,118.96	-	9,320,118.96	7,000,331.93	2,319,787.03	
9	11106000100	21010101	WORKS, TRANSPORT, HOUSING, LANDS & SURVEY DEPARTMENT	125,234,922.84	23,750,000.00	148,984,922.84	148,941,143.01	43,779.83	
			SUBTOTAL	260,681,999.52	23,750,000.00	284,431,999.52	266,844,890.04		
		Sector:	LAW & JUSTICE			-			
10		21010101	LEGAL DEPARTMENT	-		-			
			SUBTOTAL			-			
		Sector:	SOCIAL SECTOR			-			
11		21010101	SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT, EDUCATION, INFORMATION, SPORTS AND CULTURE DEPARTMENT	510,800,621.83		510,800,621.83	467,277,099.38	43,523,522.45	
		21010101	DEPARTMENT OF PRIMARY HEALTH CARE	277,731,993.37		277,731,993.37	268,074,365.08	9,657,628.29	
			SUB TOTAL	788,532,615.20		788,532,615.20	735,351,464.46		
12			GRAND TOTAL	1,423,861,467.00	157,250,000.00	1,581,111,467.00	1,509,174,629.32		

### **SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 4B**

	CONSOLIDATED REVENUI	E FUND CHARGES – SALA	RIES
DESCRIPTION	MONTHLY ESTIMATE	ANNUAL PAID	TOTAL
CHAIRMAN	5,564,275.56	27,821,377.80	27,821,377.80
CHAIRMAN'S AIDES	600,000.00	3,000,000.00	3,000,000.00
VICE CHAIRMAN	1,324,885.54	5,299,542.16	5,299,542.16
SECRETARY TO THE LG	584,552.99	2,338,211.96	2,338,211.96
LEGISLATORS	3,380,000.00	13,520,000.00	13,520,000.00
SUPERVISORS	1,871,000.00	7,493,355.00	7,493,355.00
SPECIAL ADVISERS	1,050,000.00	3,428,083.53	3,428,083.53
TOTAL	14,374,714.09	62,900,570.45	62,900,570.45





## SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 4C PERSONNEL ANALYSIS

		2023		2022
	ACTUAL	BUDGET	VARIANCE	ACTUAL
TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	917	0	0	0
TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES EMPLOYED IN 2023	0	0	0	0
TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES RETIRED DURING THE YEAR	0	0	0	0
TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES AT THE END OF THE YEAR 2023	917	0	0	0

# SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 5A ANAYSIS OF EMPLOYEES SOCIAL BENEFITS

MONTHS	GRATUITY	PENSION	DEATH BENEFITS	TOTAL
JANUARY	-	16,626,774.05	-	16,626,774.05
FEBRUARY	-	16,829,679.64	-	16,829,679.64
MARCH	-	16,508,035.02	-	16,508,035.02
APRIL	-	16,834,952.36	-	16,834,952.36
MAY	-	17,076,344.54	-	17,076,344.54
JUNE	-	16,878,543.03	-	16,878,543.03
JULY	-	16,986,410.46	-	16,986,410.46
AUGUST	-	16,951,481.12	-	16,951,481.12
SEPTEMBER	-	16,898,802.74	-	16,898,802.74
OCTOBER	-	17,387,011.92	-	17,387,011.92
NOVEMBER	-	17,616,696.67	-	17,616,696.67
DECEMBER	-	18,181,489.90	-	18,181,489.90
GRAND TOTAL	-	204,776,221.45	-	204,776,221.45





## SUPPLEMETARY NOTE 6A ANALYSIS OF OVERHEAD PAYMENTS

MONTHS	TRAVEL& TRANSPORT - GENERAL	UTILITIES – GENERAL 220202	MATERIALS AND SUPPLY – GENERAL	MAINTENANCE SERVICES – GENERAL	FUEL AND LUBRICANT - GENERAL	FINANCIAL CHARGES - GENERAL	TOTAL
	220201	220202	220203	220204	220207	220209	
	H	H	N	H	*	N	H
JANUARY	350,000.00	500,000.00	-	20,900,000.00	10,000,000.00	1,289,524.12	33,039,524.12
FEBUARY	303,000.00	-	-	-	15,000,000.00	1,294,357.62	16,597,357.62
MARCH	550,000.00	350,000.00	15,000,000.00	78,091,085.61	-	1,431,222.04	95,422,307.65
APRIL	1,550,000.00	450,000.00	-	30,000,000.00	12,200,000.00	1,289,034.87	45,489,034.87
MAY	400,000.00	3,180,000.00	20,000,000.00	24,688,659.09	-	1,291,328.87	49,559,987.96
JUNE	2,000,000.00	600,000.00	-	6,000,000.00	78,091,085.61	1,291,050.75	87,982,136.36
JULY	900,000.00	250,000.00	23,300,000.00	266,851.80	10,751,000.00	1,338,964.62	36,806,816.42
AUGUST	2,300,000.00	230,000.00	24,074,449.75	=	45,677,226.76	1,342,021.31	73,623,697.82
SEPTEMBER	550,000.00	300,000.00	-		50,000,000.00	1,321,756.67	52,171,756.67
OCTOBER	-	660,000.00	78,091,085.61	3,000,000.00	60,000,000.00	1,319,887.42	143,070,973.03
NOVEMBER	78,091,085.61	210,000.00	20,000,000.00	4,500,000.00	15,634,000.00	1,310,469.62	119,745,555.23
DECEMBER	5,000,000.00	600,000.00	-	6,638,659.09	78,091,085.61	1,286,042.25	91,615,786.95
TOTAL	91,994,085.61	7,330,000.00	180,465,535.36	174,085,255.59	375,444,397.98	15,805,660.16	845,124,934.70

### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 6B ANAYSIS OF OVERHEAD COST FOR THE YEAR 2023

s/NO	ADMIN	GRP	HEAD DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATE	SUPPLEMENTARY	TOTAL	ACTUAL	SAVINGS	EXCESS
	SECTOR		ADMINISTRATIVE						
	1	1	OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN		34,000,000.00	34,000,000.00	33,804,997.39	195,002.61	
	2	1	VICE CHAIRMAN	-	13,000,000.00	13,000,000.00	12,676,874.02	323,125.98	
	3	1	SECRETARY TO THE LG	-	6,500,000.00	6,500,000.00	6,338,437.01	161,562.99	
		1	LEGISLATORS		84,600,000.00	84,600,000.00	84,512,493.47	87,506.53	
		1	ADMINISTRATIVE DEPT	43,000,000.00	243,000,000.00	286,000,000.00	285,229,665.46	770,334.54	
			Sub Total	43,000,000.00	381,100,000.00	424,100,000.00	422,562,467.35		
	SECTOR		ECONOMIC	-				-	
	4	2	DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND SUPPLIES	20,000,000.00	22,300,000.00	42,300,000.00	42,256,246.74	43,753.26	
	5	2	DEPARTMENT OF BUDGET, PLANNING, RESEARCH AND STATISTICS	4,000,000.00	25,600,000.00	29,600,000.00	29,579,372.71	20,627.29	
	6	2	DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE NATURAL RESOURCES	3,000,000.00	18,200,000.00	21,200,000.00	21,128,123.37	71,876.63	
		2	WORKS, TRANSPORT, HOUSING, LANDS SURVE&DEPARTMENT	3,000,000.00	166,100,000.00	169,100,000.00	169,024,986.94	75,013.06	
			Sub Total	30,000,000.00	232,200,000.00	262,200,000.00	261,988,729.76		
	SECTOR		LAW JUSTICE						
	9	3	LEGAL DEPARTMENT	-			-	-	
			Sub Total						
	SECTOR		SOCIAL				-		
	10	4	SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT, EDUCATION, INFORMATION, SPORTS AND CULTURE DEPARTMENT	51,000,000.00		51,000,000.00	50,707,496.08	292,503.92	
	11	4	DEPARTMENT OF PRIMARY HEALTH CARE	110,000,000.00		110,000,000.00	109,866,241.51	133,758.49	
			Sub Total	161,000,000.00	-	161,000,000.00	160,573,737.59		
	GRAND TOTAL			395,000,000.00	613,300,000,00	1,008,300,000.00	845,124,934.70		

# SUPPLEMENTAR NOTE 7A DEPRECIATION FOR ASSETS

	BUILDING - GENERAL	INFRASTRUCTURE - GENERAL	PLANT & MACHINERY - GENERAL	TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT - GENERAL	OFFICE EQU	IPMENT	FURNITURE & FITTINGS - GENERAL	TOTAL
ECONOMIC CODE	240101	240102	240103	240104	240105		240106	
					GENERAL	BOOKS		
RATE	2%	5%	10%	20%	25%	3%	20%	
LEGACY ASSETS	6,775,574.13	68,488,470.00	4,050,000.00	820,000.00	34,575,750.00	-	55,727,800.00	170,437,594.13
ASSETS DURING	1,708,193,24	15,138,309.11						16,846,502.35
YEAR 2023	1,700,193.24	15,136,309.11	-	-	_	-	-	16,646,502.35
SUB- TOTAL	1,708,193.24	15,138,309.11	-	-	-	-	-	16,846,502.35
GRAND TOTAL	8,483,767.37	83,626,779.11	4,050,000.00	820,000.00	34,575,750.00	-	55,727,800.00	187,284,096.48

# SUPPLEMENTAR NOTE 7B DEPRECIATION FOR ASSETS ACQUIRED DURING THE YEAR 2023

MONTHS			CLASS OF	PPE			TOTAL
	BUILDING	INFRASTRUCTURE	PLANTS & MACHINARY	TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT	OFFICE EQUIPMENT	FURNITURE AND FITTINGS	
ECONOMIC CODE	240101	240102	240103	240104	240105	240106	
	0.02/12	0.05/12	10%	20%	DEP, RATE 25%	DEP. RATE 20%	
JANUARY		-	-	-		-	
FEBRUARY	-	-	-	-	-	-	
MARCH	-	-	-	-	-	-	
APRIL	=	-	-	-	-	-	
MAY		-	-	-		-	
JUNE		-	-	-		-	
JULY	-	-		-		-	
AUGUST	341,638.65	3,027,661.82	-		-	-	3,369,300.47
SEPTEMBER	341,638.65	3,027,661.82	-		-	-	3,369,300.47
OCTOBER	341,638.65	3,027,661.82			-	-	3,369,300.47
NOVEMBER	341,638.65	3,027,661.82	-		-	-	3,369,300.47
DECEMBER	341,638.65	3,027,661.82	-		-	-	3,369,300.47
GRAND TOTAL	1,708,193.24	15,138,309.11	-		-	_	16,846,502.35

THE DEPRECIATION IS PRO RATED ACCORDING TO THE MONTH OF THE YEAR THE ASSETS VALUE IS CAPITALISED.



## SUPPLEMENTAR NOTE 8A TRANSFER TO OTHER GOVERNMENT ENTITIES

ECONOMIC CODE	DESCRIPTION	NOTES			2022	
			ACTUAL	BUDGET	VARIANCE	ACTUAL
	COMMON SERVICES	SEE SUPL. NOTE 14B	7,500,000.00	-	-	-
	TRAINING FUND		34,300,245.23			
	TOTAL		41,800,245.23	-	-	-

## SUPPLEMETARY NOTE 8B ANALYSIS OF STATUTORY TRANSFERS

MONTHS	TRAINING FUND	COMMON SERVICES	PENSION	TOTAL
	N	№	N	*
JANUARY	3,068,047.29	625,000.00		3,693,047.29
FEBUARY	2,722,618.75	625,000.00		3,347,618.75
MARCH	2,221,015.59	625,000.00		2,846,015.59
APRIL	2,640,255.48	625,000.00		3,265,255.48
MAY	2,590,386.51	625,000.00		3,215,386.51
JUNE	2,597,719.43	625,000.00		3,222,719.43
JULY	3,130,449.93	625,000.00		3,755,449.93
AUGUST	3,136,085.52	625,000.00		3,761,085.52
SEPTEMBE	2,879,994.96	625,000.00		3,504,994.96
OCTOBER	2,949,052.59	625,000.00		3,574,052.59
NOVEMBER	3,062,594.01	625,000.00		3,687,594.01
DECEMBER	3,302,025.17	625,000.00		3,927,025.17
TOTAL	34,300,245.23	7,500,000.00		- 41,800,245.23

# SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 9A CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

DESCRIPTION	REF. S. NOTE	2023	2022
CASH IN HAND		-	-
CASH AT BANK	16B	230,214.67	13,970,554.47
TOTAL		230,214.67	13,970,554.47



# SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 9B CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	ACCESS BANK	0710943437	ECO BANK 4	802039476	ZENITH BANK 12	166604497	STERLING BANK	00666393649	PREMIUM TRUS	ST 0080032773	TOTAL
RECEIPTS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
OPENING BALANCE	13,831,919.04		85,069.44		29,419.94		24,126.49				13,970,554.47
JANUARY	629,471,915.81	608,985,307.34	57,707,696.71	49,743,209.16	-	-	324,083.49	324,083.49	-	-	
FEBRUARY	310,334,542.14	210,003,650.89	37,926,464.28	37,341,738.00	-	-	4,324,083.49	124,083.47	-	-	
MARCH	419,608,104.90	419,579,283.75	89,440,496.39	89,060,137.48	,	,	324,083.47	324,051.22	-		
APRIL	469,432,233.80	348,850,874.75	380,358.91	-		,	28,824,051.22	123,839.97	-		
MAY	469,202,302.24	466,602,352.23	95,005,352.95	94,997,045.43			543,839.97	543,796.97	-		
JUNE	221,462,052.41	221,417,205.34	44,451,188.99	44,393,339.61		-	543,796.97	543,796.97	217,344,186.05	217,303,979.75	
JULY	367,001,358.35	366,880,420.39	61,611,284.60	61,606,815.68		-	-				
AUGUST	211,494,086.04	127,052,268.29	5,945,336.40	5,934,456.68		-	-				
SEPTEMBER	225,288,598.82	221,170,732.59	139,708,513.86	85,009,810.62		-	-				
OCTOBER	1,342,741,404.89	1,198,443,423.43	85,691,942.57	85,679,911.57	568,082,739.33	-	-				
NOVEMBER	428,710,193.37	315,109,739.37	97,213,129.68	97,142,382.11	29,122,400.35	-	-				
DECEMBER	330,079,438.98	330,054,036.75	183,692,406.40	183,668,360.74		-	-				
CLOSING BALANCE		25,402.23		862.92		-		163,743.22		40,206.30	230,214.67

# SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 10A PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	IG – GENERAL	INFRASTRUCTURE - GENERAL	PLANT & MACHINERY - GENERAL	TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT - GENERAL	OFFICE EQUIPMENT - GENERAL	FURNITURE AND FITTINGS	TOTAL
	320101	320102	320103	320104	320105	320106	
CARYING AMOUNT 01/01/2023	38,778,706.27	1,369,769,400.00	40,500,000.00	4,100,000.00	138,303,000.00	278,639,000.00	2,170,090,106.27
ADD ASSET DURING THE YEAR (SEE- SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE	04,983,189.07	726,638,837.27		-			931,622,026.34
	43,761,895.34	2,096,408,237.27	40,500,000.00	4,100,000.00	138,303,000.00	278,639,000.00	3,101,712,132.61
	8,483,767.37	83,626,779.11	4,050,000.00	820,000.00	34,575,750.00	55,727,800.00	187,284,096.48
CARRYING AMOUN	35,278,127.97	2,012,781,458.16	36,450,000.00	3,280,000.00	103,727,250.00	222,911,200.00	2,914,428,036.13





### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 10B PURCHASES/CONSTRUCTION OF PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (PPE) DURING THE YEAR 2023

			CLASS O	F PPE			TOTAL
MONTHS	BUILDING	INFRASTRUCTURE	PLANTS & EQUIPMENTS	TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT	OFFICE EQUIPMENT	FURNITURE AND FITTINGS	
JANUARY	-	-		-	-	-	-
FEBRUARY	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MARCH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
APRIL	-		-	-	-	-	-
MAY				-		-	
JUNE	-			-	-	-	-
JULY	-			-	-	-	
AUGUST	204,983,189.07	726,638,837.27	-	-	-	-	931,622,026.34
SEPTEMBER	-		-	-	-	-	-
OCTOBER	-			-	-	-	-
NOVEMBE	-			-		-	
DECEMBER	-			-	-	-	
GRAND TOTAL	204,983,189.07	726,638,837.27		-	-	-	931,622,026.34

### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 10C ANALYSIS OF PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

DETAILS			CLASS OF	PPE			TOTAL
	LAND & BUILDING – SEE SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 20D	INFRASTRUCTURE	PLANTS & EQUIPMENTS	TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT	OFFICE EQUIPMENT (- SEE SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 20D)	FURNITURE AND FITTINGS	
LEGACY ASSETS	338,778,706.27	1,369,769,400.00	40,500,000.00	4,100,000.00	138,303,000.00	278,639,000.00	2,170,090,106.27
ASSETS FOR THE YEAR	204,983,189.07	726,638,837.27	-	-	-		931,622,026.34
SUBTOTAL (A)	543,761,895.34	2,096,408,237.27	40,500,000.00	4,100,000.00	138,303,000.00	278,639,000.00	3,101,712,132.61
DEP. RATE	2%	5%	10%	20%		20%	
DEP. LEGACY ASSETS	6,775,574.13	68,488,470.00	4,050,000.00	820,000.00	34,575,750.00	55,727,800.00	170,437,594.13
DEP. ASSETS DURING YEAR	1,708,193.24	15,138,309.11	-	-	-	-	16,846,502.35
TOTAL DEPRECIATION (B)	8,483,767.37	83,626,779.11	4,050,000.00	820,000.00	34,575,750.00	55,727,800.00	187,284,096.48
NET BOOK VALUE (A - B)	535,278,127.97	2,012,781,458.16	36,450,000.00	3,280,000.00	103,727,250.00	222,911,200.00	2,914,428,036.13
THE LEGACY ASSETS	VALUE WERE THE FAIR V	ALUE OF PPE AS AT 01/0	01/2023				

### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 10D ANALYSIS OF PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

DETAILS			CLASS OF	PPE		
		LAND & BUILDIN	G	OFF	ICE EQUIPMENT	
	LAND	BUILDING	TOTAL LAND AND BUILDING	воокѕ	OTHER EQUIPMENTS	TOTAL OFFICE EQUIPMENT
LEGACY ASSETS	-	338,778,706.27	338,778,706.27	-	138,303,000.00	138,303,000.00
ASSETS DURING THE YEAR	=	204,983,189.07	204,983,189.07	-	-	-
SUBTOTAL (A)	-	543,761,895.34	543,761,895.34	•	138,303,000.00	138,303,000.00
DEP. RATE	-	2%		3%	25%	
DEP.LEGACY ASSETS	-	6,775,574.13	6,775,574.13	-	34,575,750.00	34,575,750.00
ASSETS DURING YEAR	-	1,708,193.24	1,708,193.24	-	-	-
TOTAL DEPRECIATION (B)	-	8,483,767.37	8,483,767.37	-	34,575,750.00	34,575,750.00
NET BOOK VALUE A÷B	-	535,278,127.97	535,278,127.97	-	103,727,250.00	103,727,250.00



## SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 11A BORROWINGS (LONG TERM LOANS) AS AT 31ST DECEMBER, 2023.

S/NO	INSITUTIONS	BAL B/FWD (PRINCIPAL)	CURRENT YEAR PORTION	PRINCIPAL REPMT	INTEREST & OTHER FEES	TOTAL REPAYMENT	BAL OUTSTANDING
	EXTERNAL LOANS						
Α	(SEE - SUPPL. NOTE	-	-	-	-	-	-
	225A)						
	DOMESTIC LOANS						
В	(SEE - SUPPL. NOTE	14,176,649.43	-	8,372,388.26	3,836,844.26	12,209,232.52	1,967,416.91
	22B						
	SUBTOTAL	14,176,649.43	-	8,372,388.26	3,836,844.26	12,209,232.52	1,967,416.91

### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 11B LONG TERM BORROWINGS (INTERNAL LOANS )AS AT 31 ST DECEMBER, 2023

S/NO	INSITUTIONS	BAL B/FWD (PRINCIPAL)	CURRENT YEAR PORTION	PRINCIPAL REPMT	INTEREST & OTHER FEES	TOTAL REPAYMENT	BAL OUTSTANDING
1	LGA SALARY BALLOUT	14,176,649.43		8,372,388.26	3,836,844.26	12,209,232.52	1,967,416.91
	TOTAL DOMESTIC	14,176,649.43	=	8,372,388.26	3,836,844.26	12,209,232.52	1,967,416.91

## SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 12 ANALYSIS OF TRANSITIONAL RESERVES

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT 2022	LEGACY ASSETS CAPITALISED	LIABILITIES OVER ASSETS 2022	TOTAL
13,970,554.47	2,170,090,106.27	(14,176,649.43)	2,169,884,011.31



### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 13 SURPLUS/ DEFICIT

YEAR		DEFICT	SURPLUS
		DR	CR
		N	N
2023			742,806,822.58
TOTAL		-	-

## SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 14 ANALYSIS OF PURCHASE/ CONTRUCTION OF PPE DURING THE YEAR 2023

										T	T 1
s/NO	ADMIN	GRP	HEAD DESCRIPTION	BUDGET	ACTUAL	SAVINGS	EXCESS	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	EXCESS	SAVINGS
	SECTOR		ADMINISTRATIVE								
1	11100100100		OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	11100100200		VICE CHAIRMAN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
3	11100200100		SECRETARY TO THE LG	-	-	-	-	-	-		
			LEGISLATORS					/			
			ADMINISTRATIVE DEPT	204,983,200.00	204,983,189.07	-					
	SECTOR		ECONOMIC	-	-	-	-		-		-
4	11100200400	2	DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE	_	_					Ι.	
			AND SUPPLIES	-			_				
	11100200500	2	DEPARTMENT OF BUDGET,								
5			PLANNING,	-				-	-	-	-
			RESEARCH AND STATISTICS								
	11100200600	2	DEPARTMENT OF								
6			AGRICULTURE &	-		-	-				
			NATURAL RESOURCES								
			WORKS, TRANSPORT,								
			HOUSING,								
			LANDS & SURVEY	726,638,840.00	726,638,837.27	-	-	-	-	-	-
		2	DEPARTMENT								
	SECTOR		LAW & JUSTICE						-	-	-
9	11100201000	3	LEGAL DEPARTMENT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	SECTOR		SOCIAL	-		-	-				
			SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT,								
			EDUCATION,								
10		4	INFORMATION, SPORTS AND	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
			CULTURE DEPARTMENT							1	
11			DEPARTMENT OF PRIMARY								
		- 4	HEALTH CARE	-	-	-	-				
	GRAND TOTAL			931,622,040.00	931,622,026.34	_	-				





			BRAS	S LOCAL GOVERNME	NT AREA						
		2022				2023					
SECTOR	Final Budget	Recurrent Expenditure	Capital Expenditure	Total Expenditure	Final Budget	Recurrent Expenditure	Capital Expenditure	Total Expenditure			
ADMINISTRATION SECTOR											
OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN											
Chairman	152,865,340.42	70,547,541.07	-	70,547,541.07	3,037,453.04	61,626,375.19	-	61,626,375.19			
Vice- Chairman	-	18,561,585.54		18,561,585.54	-	17,976,416.18	-	17,976,416.18			
Internal Audit	-	-		-	-	-	-	-			
Adviser/Assistant to the Chairman/								3,000,000.00			
Vice Chairman	-	7,200,000.00	-	-	-	3,000,000.00	-				
LOCAL GOVERNMENT COUNCIL	-		-	-	-	-	-	-			
The Council	60,658,400.00	110,723,341.48	-	110,723,341.48	-	98,032,493.47	-	98,032,493.47			
Assistants/Aides/Advisers	-	-	-	-	-	3,428,083.53	-	3,428,083.53			
Council Committees	-	26,733,447.01	-	-	-	7,493,355.00	-	7,493,355.00			
Office of the House Leader	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Office of the Deputy Leader	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Office of the Majority Leader	-	-	-	-		-	-	-			
Office of the Deputy Majority Leader	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Office of the Chief Whip	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Office of the Deputy Chief Whip	-	-	-	-		-	-	-			
Clerk to the House	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
OFFICE OF THE HEAD OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT SERVICE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Office of the Head of Local Government Service	-	401,749,952.71	-	401,749,952.71	-	390,353,534.60	-	390,353,534.60			
ADMINISTRATION & GENERAL SERVICES	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Administration and General Services	367,819,937.28	639,252,702.84	-	639,252,702.84	417,646,852.28	585,530,301.91	-	585,530,301.91			





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SECRETARY TO THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT	<u>-</u>	-	-	-	<u> </u>	-	-	-
Secretary to the Local Government	9,801,563.06	8,492,227.52	-	8,492,227.52	-	8,676,648.97	-	8,676,648.97
ECONOMIC SECTOR		-	-		-	-	-	
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE &		-	-	-		-	-	-
NATURAL RESOURCES	-							
Department of Agriculture &	11,082,634.04	15,270,835.37		15,270,835.37	12,320,118.96	28,128,455.30		28,128,455.30
Natural Resources								
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
SUPPLIES								
Department of Finance and	132,933,448.04	30,541,670.74	-	30,541,670.74	130,157,622.92	142,030,872.84	-	142,030,872.84
Supplies								
DEPARTMENT OF WORKS,		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TRANSPORT, HOUSING, LANDS &								
SURVEY								
Department of Works, Transport,	136,593,484.12	122,166,682.96	593,845,137.52	716,011,820.48	128,234,922.84	317,966,129.95	931,622,026.34	1,249,588,156.29
Housing, Lands & Survey								
DEPARTMENT OF BUDGET,				-	-		-	-
PLANNING, RESEARCH &								
STATISTICS (BPRS)								
Department of Budget, Planning,	15,652,208.00	21,379,169.52	-	21,379,169.52	19,969,334.84	40,708,161.71	-	40,708,161.71
Research & Statistics ( BPRS)								
WATER, SANITATION & HYGIENE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(WASH)								
	•		-	-	•	-	-	
Water, Sanitation & Hygiene (WASH)								
SOCIAL SECTOR	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	-
WOMEN DEVELOPMENT OFFICE	-		-	-				-
Women Development Office	-		-					-
DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL			-	-			-	-
DEVELOPMENT		-						
Department of social Development	-	-	-			-	-	
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			-			-	-	-
Department of Education	35,574,437.32	501,014,206.72		501,014,206.72	51,260,676.24	517,984,595.46		517,984,595.46
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH	-	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	-	-	<u>-                                    </u>
Department of Primary Health Care		340,761,615.89	-	340,761,615.89	-	377,940,606.59	-	377,940,606.59
TOTAL	922,981,452.28	2,314,394,979.37	593,845,137.52	2,908,240,116.89	762,626,981.12	2,600,876,030.70	931,622,026.34	3,532,498,057.04



# **BRASS LOCAL GOVERNMENT**

Telegrams: BALGA Telephone:



HEADQUARTERS:

Local Government Council Secretariat P.m.b. 1, Consulate, Twon - Brass, Bayelsa State.

### FINANCIAL STATEMENT

FOR THR YEAR ENDED 31<sup>ST</sup> OF DECEMBER 2023

STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES
INTERNATIONAL PUBLIC SECTOR ACCOUNTING
STANDARDS
(IPSAS) ACCRUAL BASIS.

OFFICE OF THE ACCOUNTANT- GENERAL
BAYELSA STATE OF NIGERIA
2023

(All replies to be addressed to the chairman of the local government)



### Introduction

In line with the adoption of the International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS) in Nigeria, a Standardised Chart of Account (COA) alongside with a set of General-Purpose Financial Statements (GPFS) have been designed and introduced by Federation Accounts Allocation Committee (FAAC) for adoption by all tiers of Government in Nigeria.

The standardised COA and the GPFS have been adopted Brass Local Government Council to comply with FAAC directive in order to harmonise public sector accounts reporting in Nigeria.

In order to ensure an effective and efficient utilisation of the COA and GPFS, the Accounting Policies have been developed as a set of guidelines to direct the Processes and Procedures relating to financial reporting in Brass Local Government Council. These policies shall form part of the universally agreed framework for financial reporting in Bayelsa State.

#### IPSAS ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The GPFS are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS) and other applicable standards as defined by the Fiscal Responsibility Law (FRL) and the Financial Reporting Council of Nigeria. In addition, GPFS are in compliance with the provisions of other financial regulations of the State.

This Accounting Policy addresses the following fundamental accounting issues:

- Definition of Accounting Terminologies
- Recognition of Accounting Items
- Measurement of Accounting Items
- Treatment of Accounting items

The Accounting Policy is subject to periodic reviews and updates as shall be deemed necessary by the Accountant-General of Bayelsa State.



### 1. Accounting Terminologies / Definitions

- Accounting policies are the specific principles, bases, conventions, rules and practices adopted by the Bayelsa State Government in preparing and presenting Financial Statements.
- Accrual basis means a basis of accounting that recognizes transactions and other events immediately
  when revenue is earned or expenses incurred.
- Cash: Cash comprises cash in hand, demand deposits in financial institutions and cash equivalents.
- Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.
- **Cash flows** are inflows and outflows of cash. Cash flows exclude movements between items that constitute cash as these components are part of the cash management of the government rather than increases or decreases in the cash position controlled by government.
- Cash receipts are cash inflows.
- Cash payments are cash outflows.
- Cash Controlled by Bayelsa State Government: Cash is deemed to be controlled by Local Government when the government can freely use the available cash for the achievement of its objectives or enjoy benefit from the cash, and can also exclude or regulate the access of others to that benefit. Cash collected by, or appropriated or granted to the government which the government can freely use to fund its operating objectives, such as acquiring of capital assets or repaying its debt is controlled by the government.
- Government Business Enterprise means a ministry, department or agency that has all the following characteristics:
  - Is an entity with the power to contract in its own name;
  - Has been assigned the financial and operational authority to carry on a Business;
  - Sells goods and services, in the normal course of its business, to other MDAs and the general public at a profit or full cost recovery;
  - Is not reliant on continuing government funding or subvention to remain a going concern (other than purchases of outputs at arm's length); and



• Is controlled by a public sector management or the government.

#### Notes to the GPFS

- This shall include narrative descriptions or more detailed schedules or analyses of amounts shown on the face of the GPFS, as well as additional information
- Notes shall be presented in a systematic manner. The items in the Statements should cross reference to any related information in the notes.

### 2. Fundamental Accounting Concepts

The following fundamental accounting concepts are taken as the basis of preparation of all accounts and reporting in Bayelsa State:

- Accrual Basis of Accounting;
- Under-stability;
- Materiality,
- Relevance;
- Going Concern Concept;
- Consistency Concept
- Prudence
- Completeness, etc.

### 3. Accounting Period

The accounting year (fiscal year) is from 1st January to 31st December in line with the National Treasury Circular Ref. OAGF/CAD/026/V.1/102 of 30th December,2013. Each accounting year is divided Into 12 calendar months (periods) and shall be set up as such in the accounting system.

### 4. Reporting Currency

• The General Purpose Financial Statements are prepared in Nigerian Naira.

### 5. General Purpose Financial Statements (GPFS)

The GPFS comprise of the followings:





- Statement of Financial Performance;
- Statement of Financial Position;
- Statement of Cashflow;
- Statement of Net Asset/Equity;
- Notes to the Accounts: Additional disclosures to explain the GPFS; and

### 6. Consolidation Policy

- The Consolidation of the GPFS is based on Accrual Basis of Accounting
- All Ministries, Department and Agencies (MDAs) of Bayelsa State Government except Government Business Enterprises (GBEs) shall be consolidated.
- Consolidation of the GPFS shall be in agreement with the provisions of IPSAS

#### 7. Notes to the GPFS

- Notes to the GPFS shall be presented in a systematic manner. The items in the Statement should cross reference to any related information in the Notes.
- It shall follow the format provided in the Accounting Manual.

### 8. Comparative Information

• The General Purpose Financial Statements shall disclose all numerical information relating to previous period (at least one year).

#### 9. **Budget Figures**

• These are figures from the approved annual budget and supplementary budget as approved in accordance with the Appropriation Law of Bayelsa State.

#### 10. Revenue:

### Fees, taxes and fines

- In this GPFS revenue is recognizes from non-exchange transactions such as fees, taxes and fines when the event occurs and the assets recognition criteria are met.
- Other non-exchange revenues are recognized when it is probable that the future economic benefits or service potential associated with the asset will flow to the government and the fair value of the asset will flow to the government and fair value of the asset can be measured reliably.

### Other operating revenues





- Other operating revenues arises from exchange transactions in the ordinary course of Government activities.
- Revenues comprise the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of good and services in the ordinary course of government activities.
- Revenue is shown net of tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognized when the significant risks and rewards of ownership has been transferred to buyer, usually when goods are delivered.

#### Other revenue

• Other revenue consists of gains on disposal of property, plant and equipment.

Any gain on disposal is recognized at the date control of the asset is passed to the buyer and is determined after deducting from the proceeds the carrying value of the asset at that time.

#### 11. Aid and Grants:

Aid and Grants to the Bayelsa State Government is recognized as income on entitlement, while aid
and grants to other governments/agencies are recpgnized as expenditure on commitment.

#### 12. Subsidies, Donations and Endowments

• Subsidies, Donations and endowments to the Government are recognized as income when money is received, or entitlement to receive money is established, except where fulfillment of any restrictions attached to these monies is not probable.

### 13. Transfers from other government entities

• Revenues from non-exchange transactions with other government entities are measured at fair value and recognized on receipt of the asset (cash,goods,services and property) if it is free from conditions and it is probable that the economic benefits or service potential related to the asset will flow to the government and can be measured.

#### 14. Expenses

• All expenses shall be reported on an accrual basis, i.e. all expenses are to be recognized in the period they are incurred or when the rlated services are enjoyed, irrespective of when the payment is made.

#### 15. Employee Benefits/Pension obligations:

Under the Defined Benefits Scheme.

• Provision has been made, where applicable, using an actuarial valuation determines the extent of anticipated entitlement payable under employment contracts and brings to account a liability using the present value measurement basis, which discounts expected future cash flows.





To the extend that it is anticipated that the liability will arise during the following year the entitlement
are recorded as Current Liabilities. The remainder of the anticipated entitlements are records as NonCurrent Liabilities.

#### **Under the Defined Contribution Scheme**

- Public entities make pension and national insurance contributions on behalf of employees in line with Pension Act 2014. The contributions are treated as payments to a defined contribution pension plan.
- A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fund managed by Pension Fund Administrators(PFAs)
- The Government has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if the pension Entity does not hold sufficient assets in the current and prior periods.
- The contributions are recognized as employee benefit expense when they are due.
- Prepaid contributions are recognized as an assets to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

#### 16. Interest on Loans:

- Interest on loans shall be treated as expenditure or as a charge in the financial performance report (Statement of Financial Performance)
- Interest expense is accrued using the effective interest rate method.
- The effective interest rate exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through there expected life of the financial liability to that liability's net carrying amount.
- The method applies this rate to the principal outstanding to determine interest expense in each period.

#### 17. Foreign currency transactions:

- Foreign Currency Transactions throughout the year shall be converted into Nigerian Naira at the ruling (Central Bank of Nigeria –CBN) rate of exchange at the dates of the transactions. Foreign currency balances, as at the year end, shall be translated at the exchange rates prevailing on that date.
- At the end of the financial year, additional amounts (in cash or at bank) arising out of Foreign Exchange Gains/Losses shall be recognised in the Statement of Cash Receipts and Payments either as Receipts / Payments respectively.
- Foreign exchange gains/losses are recognized in the Statement of Financial Performance.

#### 18. Minority Interest

• This represents the interest of external parties during the year under review.

#### 19. Statement of Cash Flow





This statement shall be prepared using the direct method. The Cash Flow Statement shall consists of three (3) sections:

- Operating activities section include cash received from all income sources of the government and record the cash payments made for the supply of goods and services
- Investing activities section are those activities relating to the acquisition and disposal of non-current assets.
- Financial activities section comprise the change in equity and debt capital structure of the government.

### 20. Cash & Cash Equivalent

- Cash and Cash Equivalent means cash balances on hand, held in bank accounts, demasnd deposits and other highly liquid investments with an original maturity of 6 months or less in which the Entity invests as part of its day-t0-day cash management and are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.
- Cash and Cash Equivalent is reported under Current Assets in the statement of financial position.

### 21. Accounts Receivable:

- a. Receivables from exchange transaction
- Receivables from exchange transactions are recognized initiallyat fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment.
- A provision for impairment of receivables is established when there is objective evidence that entity will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

#### b. Receivables from non-exchange transactions

- Receivables from non-exchange transactions comprises; fees, taxes and fines (and any penalties
  associated with these activities) as well as social benefit receivables that do not arise out of a
  contract.
- These receivables are initially assessed at nominal amount or face value; that is, the receivable reflect the amount of tax owed, levy, fine charged or social benefit debt payable.
- These receivables are subsequently adjusted for penalties as they are charged and tested for impairment.
- Interest and penalties charged on tax receivables are presented as tax revenue in the statement of financial performance.





### 22. Prepayments.

- Prepaid expenses are amounts paid in advance of receipt of goods or services.
- They can represent payments made early in the year for benefits to be received over the latter part of the year, or payments made in one year for benefits to be received in subsequent years.
- Prepayments for which the benefits are to be derived in the following 12 months should be classified as Current Assets. Where the benefits are expected to accrue beyond the next 12 months, it should be accounted for as a Long-Term Prepayment and classified as Non-Current Assets.
- Prepayments that are identifiable with specific future revenue or event, e.g. adverts, should be expensed in the period in which the related event takes place; those that relate to specific time periods, e.g. insurance, rent, leasehold premises, should be recognised as an expense in such periods.
- Prepayments not exceeding e.g. N10, 000 shall be expensed immediately, except there is a possibility of obtaining a refund or credit within the same financial year.

#### 23. Inventories:

- Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.
- Cost is determined using the FIFO method.
- Inventories held for distribution for public benefit purposes are recorded at cost, adjusted where applicable for any loss of services potential.
- Inventories are reported under Current Assets in the Statement of Financial Position.

#### 24. Loans Granted:

Loans Granted are shown at estimated realisable value after providing for bad, doubtful debts and impairments.

#### 25. Investments:





#### Investments in associates.

- An Entity's investments in its associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting.
- An associate is an Entity over which Entity has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture.
- Under the equity method, investments in associates are carried in the statement of financial
  position at cost plus post acquisition changes in Entity's share of net assets of the associate. d. The
  statement of financial performance reflects the share of the results of operations of the
  associates.
- Where there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the associate, Entity recognises its share of any changes and discloses this, when applicable, in the statement of changes in net assets/equity.
- Surpluses and deficits resulting from transactions between the Government and the associate are eliminated to the extent of the interest in the associate.

#### Investments in joint ventures.

- A Public Entity's investments in its joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method of accounting.
- A joint venture is a contractual arrangement whereby two or more parties undertake an economic activity that is subject to joint control.
- Under the equity method, investments in joint ventures are carried in the consolidated statement
  of financial position at cost plus post acquisition charges in Entity's share of net assets of the joint
  venture.
- The statement of financial performance reflects the share of the results of operations of the joint venture.
- Where there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the joint venture, an Entity should recognise its share of any changes and discloses this, when applicable, in the statement of changes in net assets/equity.
- Surpluses and deficits resulting from transactions between Public Entity and Joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the interest in the joint venture.

#### Investment in Controlled entities (subsidiaries)

- The controlled entities are all entities (including special purpose entities) over which a Public Entity
  or its entities has the power to govern the financial and operating policies generally accompanying
  a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights.
- The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether Public Entity controls another Entity.





- The controlled entities are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Public Entity. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.
- Inter-group transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between inter-group transactions are eliminated, unrealised losses are also eliminated.
- Accounting policies of controlled entities are consistent with the policies adopted by the Public Entity.

#### Impairment of Investments.

Entity determines at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that the investment is impaired, if this is the case Entity calculates the amount of impairment as being the difference between the recoverable value of the investment and the carrying value and recognises the amount in the statement of financial performance.

#### 26. Available for sale securities

- Where and Entity uses its surplus cash to purchase short-term investments, the financial assets are classified at initial recognition as available-for-sale.
- Available-for-sale financial assets are included in non-current assets unless Entity intends to dispose of the investment within 12 months of the reporting date.
- Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized at fair value on the trade-date (the date on which Entity commits to purchase or sell the asset) and subsequently at fair value with any resultant fair value gains or losses recognised in the statement of Net Assets/Equity.
- Realized gains and losses on sale of available-for-sale securities are recognized in the consolidated statement of financial performance as 'gains and losses from available-for-sale securities.'
- Impairment losses and interest on available-for-sale securities is calculated using the effective interest method and is recognized in the consolidated statement of financial performance as part of other income.
- The fair values of quoted investments are based on current bid prices. If the market for a financial asset is not active, the entity shall establish fair value using valuation techniques. These include: i. the use of recent arm's length transactions, ii. reference to other instruments that are substantially the same iii. discounted cash flow analysis iv. and option pricing models v. making maximum use of market inputs and relying as little as possible on entity-specific inputs





- Entities shall ascertain at the date of preparation of each statement of financial report whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired.
- In the case of equity securities classified as available for sale, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the security below its cost is considered as an indicator that the securities are impaired.
- If any such evidence exists for available-for-sale financial assets, the cumulative loss measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognized is recognized in the statement of financial performance.

#### 27. Property, Plant & Equipment (PPE)

- All property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.
- Where an asset (other than land) is acquired in a non-exchange transaction for nil or nominal consideration the asset is initially recognised at fair value, where fair value can be reliably determined and as income in the statement of financial performance (unless there are restrictions on the asset's use in which case income is deferred).
- All land held by Government owned entities is not included in the Entity's financial statements unless that land is to be used for development purposes.
- The following shall constitute expenditure on PPE: i. Amounts incurred on the purchase of such assets. Consumables are to be wholly expensed irrespective of their amounts. ii. Construction Costincluding materials, labour and overheads. iii. Improvements to existing PPE, which significantly enhance their useful life.

#### Cost

The cost of an item of PPE shall comprise: its purchase price, including import and non-recurring costs and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its location and working condition for its intended use. Any trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price.
a. PPE shall be stated at cost or at their professional valuation less accumulated depreciation and impairment. b. The amount recorded for a PPE shall include all costs directly related to its acquisition including expenditures incurred to place the asset in usable condition for the Service. Accordingly, the cost of the assets shall include acquisition or construction costs, custom duties, transportation charges, professional fees and installation costs. Cash discounts shall be netted against the cost of the assets.





#### Capitalisation

- The capitalisation threshold shall be N250,000.00(Two hundred and fifty thousand naira only).
- Only amounts spent in connection with the above and whose values exceed (Two hundred and fifty thousand naira) N250, 000 shall be capitalised.
- All assets equal to or above this amount shall be recorded in the Fixed Assets Register. However in certain cases, it may be appropriate to aggregate individually insignificant value items such as chairs and tables, printers and UPS, etc. and apply the capitalisation threshold to the aggregate value.
- Fixed assets whose costs are below the capitalization threshold shall be charged appropriately to the following accounts: office supplies furniture, office supplies IT equipment, office supplies household equipments, etc.
- Where an asset's category already exists for a newly acquired asset below the capitalisation threshold, such an asset shall be capitalised irrespective of its cost and recorded in the fixed assets register under the appropriate category

#### Depreciation

The cost of PPE shall be written off, from the time they are brought into use, on a straight line basis over their expected useful lives less any estimated residual value as follows:

a. Lease Properties Over the term of the lease

b. Buildings 2%

c. Plant and Machinery 10%

d. Motor Vehicles: 20%

e. Office Equipment: 25%





f. IT Equipment: 25%

g. Furniture and Fittings:

20%

h. Infrastructure 5%

i. Books 3%

j. Specific cultural and heritage assets Unlimited

- The full depreciation charge shall be applied to PPE in the months of acquisition and disposal, regardless of the day of the month the transactions was carried out.
- Fully depreciated assets that are still in use are carried in the books at a net book value of N10.00
- An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount or recoverable service amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount or recoverable service amount

#### Revaluation

- a. The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period
- b. Surplus arising from the revaluation shall be transferred to the revaluation reserve in the financial position under reserves and to the statement of changes in net assets/equity.
- c. In case of revaluation deficit, it shall be set against the respective asset value and the corresponding entry to either the revaluation reserve – if surplus exists on the same class of asset, or to the statement of financial performance as an expense.

#### Disposal

Gains or losses on the disposal of fixed assets are to be included in the income statement as either an income or expense respectively.

#### Impairment

Entities shall test for impairments of its PPE where it suspects that impairment has occurred.





#### 28. Investment Property

These are cash-generating property owned by the Government/ its entities. The cost, capitalisation, depreciation and impairment of Investment Property are same with PPE, but shall be reported separately in the GPFS.

#### 29. Intangible Assets

- a. These shall consist of assets that are not physically tangible which have been acquired and held for use from which benefits are derivable beyond a financial year.
- b. The cost of an item of intangible asset shall comprise: its purchase price, including non-recurring costs and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its state of intended use. Any trade discounts and rebates shall be deducted in arriving at the purchase price.
- c. Intangible assets are tested for impairment and amortised over the estimated useful life using the straight line method on an annual basis.
- d. Classes of Intangible Assets and their estimated useful lifes are as follows:
  - i. Softwares acquired externally 3 years
  - ii. Goodwill 4 years
  - iii. Copyrights 4 years
  - iv. Trademarks 4 years
  - v. Other Intangible assets

#### 30. **Deposits**

- a. Deposits are amounts received in advance in respect of goods or services provided.
- b. Deposits can represent payments received early in the year for goods/services to be offered over
  the latter part of the year, or payments received in one year for services to be offered in subsequent
  years. Deposits for which the services are to be offered in the following 12 months shall be classified
  as Current Liabilities. Where the services are expected to span beyond the next 12 months, it shall be
  accounted for as a Non-Current Deposits and classified as Non-Current Liabilities.

#### 31. Loans& Debts

 a. Loans are funds received to be paid back at an agreed period of time. They are classified under liability in the General Purpose Financial Statement and are categorised as either short or long term.





• b. Short-term loans and debts are those repayable within one calendar year, while long-terms loans and debts shall fall due beyond one calendar year. 32. **Unremitted Deductions** a. Unremmitted Deductions are monies owed to third parties such as tax authorities, schemes and associations and other government agencies. These include: tax deductions and other deductions at source. b. These amounts shall be stated in the GPFS at their repayment value, which shall be treated as Current Liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position. 33. Payables Payables are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. **Accrued Expenses** a. These are monies payable to third parties in respect of goods and services received. b. Accrued Expenses for which payment is due in the next 12 months shall be classified as Current Liabilities. Where the payments are due beyond the next 12 months, it shall be accounted for as Non-Current Liabilities. 34. **Current Portion of Borrowings** This is the portion of the long-term loan/borrow that is due for repayment within the next 12 months. This portion of the borrowings shall be classified under Current Liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position. **Public Funds** 35. a. These are balances of Government funds at the end of the financial year. b. They are classified under the Non-Current Liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position and include: Trust Funds, Revolving Funds and other Funds created by Government. 36. Reserves Reserves are classified under equity in the Statement of Financial Position and include: Statement of Financial Performance Surpluses/ (Deficit) and the Revaluation Reserve





38.	<ul> <li>Contingent Liability</li> <li>a. A contingent liability is a possible obligation arising from past events whose existence will be confirmed only by uncertain future event(s) or present obligation arising from past events that are not recognised because either an outflow of economic benefit is not probable or the amount of the obligation cannot be reliably measured.</li> <li>b. Contingent liabilities shall only be disclosed in the Notes to the GPFS.</li> <li>Leases: Finance leases</li> <li>a. These are leases which effectively transfer to the lessee Entity substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to ownership of the leased item.</li> <li>b. They are capitalised at the present value of the minimum lease payment.</li> <li>c. The leased assets and corresponding liabilities are disclosed while the leased assets are depreciated over the period the Entity is expected to benefit from their use.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Operating Leases</li> <li>a. Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases.</li> <li>b. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the statement of financial performance on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.</li> </ul>
39.	Financial Instruments
	<ul> <li>a. These form part of the Government's everyday operations. These financial instruments include Bank Accounts, Short Term Deposits, Trade and Accounts Receivable, Trade and Accounts Payable and Term Borrowings, all of which are recognised in the Statement of Financial Position.</li> <li>b. Revenue and expenses in relation to all financial instruments are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance</li> </ul>

a. Borrowings are recognized initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred.





- b. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortized cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognized in the consolidated statement of financial performance over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.
- c. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognized as transaction costs of the loan. The fee is capitalized and amortized over the period of the facility to which it relates.
- d. Borrowings falling due within 12 months are classified as current liabilities while borrowings falling due more than 12 months are classified as long term borrowings.
- e. Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalized and included in the cost of that asset.
- f. A qualifying asset is an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale.
- g. All other borrowing costs are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

#### 41. Transfers to other government entities.

Transfers to other government entities are non-exchange items and are recognized as expenses in the statement of financial performance.

#### 42. Service Concession Arrangement:

#### Service Concession Arrangement Assets

- a.Service Concession Assets are operated by third parties under the terms of Service Concession Arrangements. On classification the original service concession asset is measured at its fair value and any difference between its fair value and its book value is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.
- b. Since the fair value of assets previously transferred under Service Concession Arrangements is not reliably available, Government has chosen to adopt the standard prospectively from 1 January 2016.
- c. If the terms of the arrangement require Government to compensate the operator for the concession asset by making payments and the payments are separable between the asset and service portions of the payment then the fair value of the original service concession asset is the fair value of the asset portion of the payments. If however the asset and service portions of the payments are not separable, the fair value is determined using estimation techniques.



#### **Service Concession Arrangement Liabilities**

- a. When Government recognises a Service Concession Arrangement asset it also recognises a liability of an equal amount.
- b. The liability is split between a financial liability and a performance obligation.
- c. The financial liability arises from the payments due from an entity under the terms of the Service Concession Arrangement and the performance obligation from the rights granted to the operator under the terms of the Service Concession Arrangement to earn revenues from the Service Concession Assets(s) or associated asset(s).

### List of Abbreviations/Acronyms

Abbreviation/Term	Description
СВИ	Central Bank of Nigeria
COA	Chart of Account
FAAC	Federation Accounts Allocation Committee
FGN	Federal Government of Nigeria
FRC	Financial Reporting Council
GAAP	Generally Accepted Accounting Principles
GPFS	General Purpose Financial Statement
IPSAS	International Public Sector Accounting Standards
LFN	Law of the Federal Republic of Nigeria
MDA	Ministries, Departments and Agencies
NCOA	National Chart of Account
GBE	Government Business Enterprises
FRCoN	Financial Reporting Council of Nigeria
OAG	Office of the Accountant-General



PPE	Properties, Plants and Equipment
FR	Financial Regulation
FRL	Fiscal Responsibility Law
FCMA	Finance (Control &Management) Act
IGR	Internally Generated Revenue
MDAs	Ministries, Departments, and Agencies
BYSG	Bayelsa State Government
CRFC	Consolidated Revenue Fund Charge
HCF	Honourable Commissioner for Finance
AuG	Auditor-General (State)
NAS	National Audit Standard
GAASG	General Accepted Audit Standard and Guidelines
НСС	Historical Cost Convention

A 6 08/25/2024

ThankGod Singer

Treasurer











HON. BARR. BELEMU ATIMI NEMINE
ACTING CHAIRMAN, EKEREMOR LOCAL
GOVERNMENT AREA



LOKPOBIRI SANCTUS T.
TREASURER/DFS EKEREMOR LOCAL GOVERNMENT
COUNCIL BAYELSA STATE





### **EKEREMOR LOCAL GOVERNMENT**

Our 9ef.:
Your Ref:



P.M.B. 84, BAYELSA STATE.

Date: 8th May, 2024

#### STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

These Financial Statements and accounts have been prepared by the Treasurer of Ekeremor Local Government Council, Bayelsa State in accordance with the provisions of section 24 of the Finance (Control and Management) LFN 2004 & Section 85(5) of the Federal Republic of Nigeria and other relevant extant laws. regulations and policies. The accounting framework adopted in the preparation of the financial statements and accounts is IPSAS ACCRUAL accounting basis and the Financial Statements comply with generally accepted accounting policies and practice.

To fulfill the accounting and reporting responsibility, the Treasurer of Ekeremor Local Government Council is responsible for preparing, reporting, establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that the transactions recorded are within statutory authority and properly record the receipt and payment of Public Financial resources by the Local Government.

n compliance with International Public Sector Accounting Standard (IPSAS) 33 first Time Adoption of Accrual Basis IPSAS) and the guidelines issued by the Federation Account Allocation Committee (FAAC) Technical Sub Committee 2004 on IPSAS implementation, reasonable efforts have been made to ensure that the Financial Statements prepared herein reflect the true and fair view of the financial position of Ekeremor Local Government Council as at 31st December, 2023.

On behalf of Ekeremor Local Government Council, I write to accept responsibility for the integrity, credibility and objectivity of the Financial Statements. The information embedded reflects the financial position of the Local Government as at 31st December, 2023.

Mr. Lokpobiri Sanctus T.

Director of Finance/Treasury

Barrister Nemine Belemu Atimi

Caretaker Committee Chairman



#### INTRODUCTION

The financial statements of Ekeremor local government council for the year ended 31st December 2023 have been examined in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practice and section 51 subsection 1 and 2 of Bayelsa State Local Government law 2000.

#### **SUBMISSION OF REPORT**

In compliance with Section 5 Sub – section 2 of Bayelsa State Local Government law 2000, it is my pleasure to humbly lay before the honourable House of Assembly, Bayelsa State, the Auditor – General for Local Governments' report on the accounts of Ekeremor Local Government Council for the financial year ended 31st December, 2023.

#### CONSTITUTIONALITY

In accordance with the section of the Bayelsa State Local Government Law 2000 quoted above, the draft annual report and accounts including the related financial statements for the year ended 31st December 2023, was submitted to my office by the accounting officer on the 8th May, 2024.

#### STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE AND BASIS OF PREPARATION (IPSAS)

The General Purpose Financial Statements (GPFS) were prepared in compliance with the International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS) Accrual basis of accounting. The financial statements were presented in Nigeria Naira (N) and kobo (k) which is the functional and reporting currency in Nigeria. The accounting year to which the financial statements date is from 1st January to 31st December, 2023.

#### STATEMENT OF COMPLETENESS OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT REVENUE

Revenue accruable to Ekeremor Local Government Council from the Federation accounts and managed by the State Local Governments Joint Accounts Allocation Committee (SLGJAAC) were fairly stated. I have comfirmed the completeness and correctness of the SLGJAAC receipts, the relevant deductions and balances of transfer of the SLGJAAC allocations accruable to the Local Government Council.



#### RESPONSIBILITY OF THE ACCOUNTING OFFICER

In line with the provisions of Section 48 subsection 1 of Bayelsa State Local Government Law 2000, the accounting officer is responsible for the preparation of financial statements. He is responsible for the general and overall supervision of all accounting activities of the local government. In carrying out this mandate, he has the responsibility to:

- Ensure that the treasury department of the council keep proper books of accounts that reasonably discloses the financial position of the local government.
- ➤ Establish and maintain a functional and adequate system of internal control designed to provide reasonable assurance that the transaction recorded reflect the utilization of the public financial resources.
- > Ensure that appropriate accounting policies and estimate are consistently deployed in the preparation of financial statements.
- > Taking steps to safeguard the assets of the local government and prevent and detect fraud and irregularities.

#### RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE AUDITOR – GENERAL FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENTS

The responsibility is to form or express an independent opinion based on the financial statements as presented by the accounting officer of the local government and report to the State House of Assembly.

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

IVE YEAR FINANCIAL S	UMMARY				
REVENUE					
Revenue	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Description	N	N	N	N	N
Opening Balabnee	941,560.19	23,476,319.23	506,455.44	9,754,263.38	
Statutory Allocation	3,990,730,194.97	3,238,099,321.96	2,715,136,487.54	2,435,145,833.31	2,572,595,274.31
ependent Revenue	25,146,997.79	25,606,997.79	29,256,997.79	23,079,997.85	19,944,991.80
Other Revenue		36,627,773.77			
Total	4,016,818,752.95	3,323,810,412.75	2,744,899,940.77	2,467,980,094.54	2,592,540,266.11
EXPENDITURE					
Expenditure	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Description	N	N	N	N	N
Personnel Cost	1,895,308,415.97	1,880,079,377.47	909,155,390.05	784,820,796.26	1,143,680,596.13
Overhead Cost	1,027,448,404.72	1,044,101,341.16	542,220,835.96	463,854,957.70	281,039,854.86
Other Operating Cost/Statutory					
Deduction	284,001,063.36	291,818,583.93	1,246,764,763.03	1,189,326,562.90	1,180,059,321.52
Capital Expenditure	797,000,000.00	106,869,550.00	23,282,632.50	21,760,850.00	48,288,000.00
Total	4,003,757,884.05	3,322,868,852.56	2,721,423,621.54	2,459,763,166.86	2,653,067,772.51

#### PATTERNS AND MANNER IN WHICH THE ACCOUNTS WHERE KEPT AND RENDERED

Section 48 (1) of Bayelsa State Local Government Law 2000 requires the accounting officer of Ekeremor Local Government Council to, within three (3) months after 31st day of December, each year, transmit to the Auditor – General for Local Governments accounts showing the financial position of the local government on the said 31st day of December specified financial summary for five years.

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENT SUBMITTED FOR AUDIT ARE:

- 1. Statement of Recurrent Revenue
- 2. Statement of Recurrent Expenditure
- 3. Statement of Financial Performance
- 4. Statement of Financial Position
- 5. Statement of Cash flow
- 6. Statement of Changes in Net Assets
- 7. Statement of external / internal loan
- 8. Statement of Personnel Cost
- 9. Statement of Overhead Cost

#### **BOOK-KEEPING AND FINANCIAL CONTROL**

Audit observed that the state of book-keeping in Ekeremor Local Government Council has relatively improved. Nevertheless, there is still need for improvement as government has finally migrated from IPSAS (CASH) to IPSAS (ACCRUAL). The treasury department should ensure that expenditure items follow required standard as demanded by IPSAS accruals at all times. Provide detailed supporting documents for both current and capital expenditures.

#### **AUDIT QUERIES**

Audit queries raised within the period were mostly on capital expenditure. Responses were however made but not satisfactory due to non-availability of some supporting documents. Audit looks forward to a more complete responses to audit queries in the near future with respect to due process and corporate governance to ensure that information needed by the team of Auditors is made available and relevant to the expression of audit opinion.

## GENERAL OBSERVATION AND RECOMMENDATION: BOOK-KEEPING/PAYMENT PROCEDURES

It was observed that the state of Book-keeping in Ekeremor Local Government Council has relatively improved. However, audit recommends monthly and timely recording of transactions as they occur to avoid the risk of incomplete and improper youching.

#### a. BANK RECONCILIATION

Though the council prepared cash and its equivalent statement (bank balances) at the end of the period under review with respect to transactions with approved banks yearly, audit is of the opinion that reconciliation of bank balances be done on the face of the cash book with approved banks monthly.

#### b. VARIATION STATEMENT

During the period under review, audit observed that the council (payroll department) did not prepare satisfactory monthly salary variation statement with respect to its personnel cost amongst the various departments. This trend has not changed over the years. Audit looks forward to a more satisfactory increase/decrease analysis of its personnel cost monthly.

**REQUIRED ACTION:** it is hoped that the areas of improvements will continue.

**AUDIT OPINION:** Audit is of the opinion that except of the increase and decrease of personnel cost that has not been reconciled and most capital expenditure items not properly documented and verified by the auditors, the Financial Statements of Ekeremor local government council and its accompanying supporting documents is fairly stated.



### **GOVERNMENT OF BAYELSA STATE OF NIGERIA**

Office of the Auditor-General for Local Governments

e-mail address: localgovisaudithys@gmail.com

LGCON.21/VOL.II/107



State Govt. Secretariat P.M.B. 30 Yenagoa, Bayelga State. 25<sup>th</sup> July, 2024

Date

#### AUDIT CERTIFICATE

In compliance with section 125(2) of the Constitution of the Federal Republic of Nigeria 1999 (as amended) and Section 55(3) of the Bayelsa State Audit Law 2021, the audit of the Financial Statements of Ekeremor Local Government Council of Bayelsa State for the year ended 31st December, 2023 was conducted in accordance with the provisions of the financial memoranda and other relevant regulations.

The audit was conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and INTOSAI Auditing Standards



Within the period under review, the information presented in the General Purpose Financial Statements are in compliance with the International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS) Accrual basis of accounting as prescribed in the statement of accounting policies.

In my opinion, the Financial Statements which agree with the books of Accounts and records show a true and fair view of the Financial Position of Ekeremor Local Government Council for the year ended 31st December, 2023.

Office of the Auditor – General For Local Governments P.M.B. 30, Yenagoa Fagha Henry Prenanagha Pena ACTI CINES IICHE Auditor – General for Local Governments
Bayelsa State.

All Correspondence to be addressed to the Auditor-General for Local Governments





# STATEMENT NO 1 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE (INCOME & EXPENDITURE) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 3IST DECEMBER, 2023

Actual 2022		Notes	Actual 2023	Final Budget 2023	Initial Budget 2023	Supplementary Budget 2023	Variance on Final Budget
	REVENUE						
1,981,226,391.04	Government share of FAAC (Statutory Revenue)	1	2,247,172,269.42	4,688,007,351.00	3,350,188,681.00	1,337,818,670.00	2,440,835,081.5
1,256,872,930.92	Government share of VAT	2	1,743,557,925.55	1,571,597,490.00	1,502,247,490.00	69,350,000.00	171,960,435.5
-	Tax Revenue		-	-	-	-	
25,606,997.79	Non – Tax Revenue	3	25,146,997.79	-	-	-	25,146,997.7
-	Investment Income		-	-	-	-	
-	Interest Earned		-	-	-	-	
-	AID & Grants		-	-	-	-	
36,627,773.77	Other Revenue			-	-	-	
3,300,334,093.52	Total Revenue		4,015,877,192.76	9,150,128,855.00	4,928,622,845.00	4,221,506,010.00	5,528,466,528.9
	EXPENDITURE						
1,880,079,377.47	Salaries & Wages	4	1,895,308,415.97	1,895,449,000.00	1,819,544,000.00	75,905,000.00	140,584.0
215,767,526.23	Social Benefits	5	238,608,476.18	327,344,300.85	327,344,300.85	-	88,735,824.6
1,044,101,341.16	Overhead Cost	6	1,027,448,404.72	1,027,459,000.00	860,498,000.00	166,961,000.00	10,595.2
-	Grants & Contributions		-	-	-	-	
-	Depreciation	7	83,119,012.32	-	-	-	83,119,012.3
39,423,283.93	Transfer to other Govt Entities	8	45,392,587.18	43,387,612.32	43,387,612.32	-	2,004,974.8
3,179,371,528.79	Total Expenditure		3,289,876,896.36	2,753,567,725.99	2,573,606,725.99	179,961,000.00	713,802,010.2
120,962,564.73	Surplus from Operating Activities for the period		726,000,296.40	-	-	-	
-	Public Debt Repayment	11		-	-	ı	
	Gain/Loss on Disposal of asset						
	Gain/Loss on						
	Disposal of asset  Total non-		_		_	_	
	operating revenue					_	
	(expenses)						
120,962,564.73	Surplus/ (deficit) from Ordinary	13	726,000,296.40	-	-		
-	Activities Minority Interest share of		-	-	-	-	
	surplus/deficit						
120,962,564.73	Net Surplus/(Deficit)		726,000,296.40	-	-	-	

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the General-Purpose Financial Statement (GPFS)



Lokpobiri Sanctus T. Treasurer





# STATEMENT NO 2 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (BALANCE SHEET) AS AT 3IST DECEMBER, 2023

	Economic Code	Notes	20	23	202	22
			N	N	N	₩
ASSETS						
Current Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	3101-4	9A	851,636.38		941,560.19	
Inventories	3105		-		-	
Receivables	3106-7		-		-	
Prepayments	3108		-		-	
A				851,636.38		941,560.19
Non-Current Assets						,
Loans & Debts (short-term)	3110		-		-	
Investments	3109		-		-	
Property, Plant & Equipment	3201	10A	2,695,223,966.71		-	
Investment Property	3202		-		-	
Intangible Assets	3301		=		-	
В			-	2,695,223,966.71		
Total Assets C = A+B LIABILITIES				2,696,075,603.09	·	
Current Liabilities						
Deposits	4101		-		_	
Short Term Loans & Debts	4101		-		-	
Unremitted Deductions	4103		-		-	
Accrued Expenses	4104		-		-	
Current Portion of Borrowings	4105		-		-	
D			-	-		
Non-Current Liabilities						
	1					





#### STATEMENT NO 2 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (BALANCE SHEET) AS AT 3IST DECEMBER, 2023

Public Funds	4601					
Borrowings	4602	11A	(61,384,986.16)		72 504 240 60	
Е				_	73,594,218.68	
_			(61,384,986.16)		73,594,218.68	
Total Liabilities: F				(61,384,986.16)		
= D + E						73,594,218.68
Net Assets: G = C -F				2,634,690,616.93		74,535,778.87
NET ASSETS/EQUITY						, ,
Reserves	4701	12	1,908,690,320.54		-	
	4702	13	726,000,296.40			
Surpluses/(Deficits)						
Total Net				2,634,690,616.94	=	
Assets/Equity						74,535,778.87

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the General Purpose Financial Statement (GPFS)

Lokpobiri Sanctus T.

Treasurer





# STATEMENT NO 3 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED 3IST DECEMBER, 2023

Description	Notes	20	23	2022	
		N	N	N	N
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Inflows					
Government Share of FAAC (Statutory Revenue)	1	2,247,172,269.42		1,981,226,391.04	
Government Share of VAT	2	1,743,557,925.55		1,256,872,930.92	
Direct Taxes		-		-	
Licences		-		-	
Fines		-		-	
Royalties		-		-	
Fees		-		-	
Earnings & Sales	3	25,146,997.79		25,606,997.79	
Rents of Government Properties		-		-	
Investment Income		-		-	
Interest & Repayment General		-		-	
Re- imbursement		-		-	
Funds from Special Accounts		-		-	
Domestic Aid & Grants		-		-	
External Aid & Grants		-		-	
Gains from exchange transactions		-		-	
Other Revenue (e.g. plea Bargain)		-		36,627,773.77	
Total inflow from Operating Activities			4,015,877,192.76		3,300,334,093.52
Outflows					
Salaries & Wages	4	1,895,308,415.97		1,880,079,377.47	
Social Benefits	5	238,608,476.18		215,767,526.23	
Overhead Cost	6	1,027,448,404.72		1,044,101,341.16	





# STATEMENT NO 3 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED 3IST DECEMBER, 2023

Grants & Contributions		_		-	
Subsidies		_		_	
Transfer to other	8	45,392,587.18		39,423,283.93	
Government Entities	Ü	40,002,007.10		00,420,200.00	
Public Debts				_	
Repayment					
Total Outflow from					
Operating Activities (B)		3,206,757,884.05	(3,206,757,884.05)		(3,179,371,528.79)
Net Cash		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(0,200,101,000,100,		(2,112,2113,22112)
Inflow/(Outflow) From					
Operating Activities*					
C=(A-B)			809,119,308.72		120,962,564.73
	=======================================				
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	-				
Proceeds from Sale of		_		_	
PPE		_		-	
Proceeds from Sales of		-		-	
Investment Property					
Proceeds from Sale of		-		-	
Intangible Assets					
Proceeds from Sale of		-		-	
Investment					
Dividends Received		-		-	
		-			
Purchase/Construction of PPE	14	(797,000,000.00)		(106,869,550.00)	
Purchase/Construction		-		-	
of Investment Property					
Purchase of Intangible		-		-	
Assets					
Acquisition of	-	-		-	
Investments					
Net Cash Flow from			(797,000,000.00)		(106,869,550.00)
Investing Activites			, , , ,		, , , ,
CASH FLOW FROM					
FINANCING					
ACTIVITIES					
Proceeds from	11B			-	
Borrowings					





# STATEMENT NO 3 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED 3IST DECEMBER, 2023

Repayment of					
Borrowings		(12,209,232.52)		(36,627,773.77)	
Distribution of		-		-	
Surplus/Dividends Paid					
Net Cash Flow from			(12,209,232.52)		(36,627,773.77)
Financing Activities					
Net Cash Flow from all Activities			(89,923.80)		(22,534,759.04)
Cash & Its Equivalent as at 1/1/2023			941,560.19		23,476,319.23
Cash & Its Equivalent as at 31/12/2023			851,636.39		941,560.19
Notes: 1					
RECONCILIATION:					
Surplus/ (Deficit) per	13B	726,000,296.40		-	
Statement of					
Performance					
Add back non cash		-		-	
movement-					
Depreciation				-	
Charges		83,119,012.32			
Net Cash Flow from				-	
Operating Activities		809,119,308.72			
Note: 2					
Cash & its equivalent as at 31/12/2023					
Cash Balances		-		-	
Bank Balances		851,636.39	851,636.39	-	941,560.19

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the General Purpose Financial Statement (GPFS)

8/5/2024

Lokpobiri Sanctus T. Treasurer





# STATEMENT NO 4 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS/ EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 3IST DECEMBER, 2023

	Note	Revaluation Reserve <del>N</del>	Translation Reserve	Accumulated Surpluses	Total N
Balance as at 1st January 2023	12	1,908,690,320.54	-	-	1,908,690,332.54
Changes in Accounting Policy					
Restated Balance		1,908,690,320.54		-	1,908,690,332.54
Surplus on Revaluation of Properties					
Deficit on Revaluation of Investments					
Net Gains and losses not recognized in the statement of Financial Performance					-
Net Surplus for the year	13	726,000,296.40	-	-	726,000,296.40
Balance at 31 December 2023		-		-	
Deficit on Revaluation of Property		-		-	
Surplus on Revaluation of Investments		-		-	
Net gains and Losses not Recognized in the Statement of Financial Performance					
Net deficit for the Period  Balance as at 31 December 2023		2,634,690,616.94	-	-	2,634,690,628.94

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the General Purpose Financial Statement (GPFS)

8/5/2024

Lokpobiri Sanctus T. Treasurer





#### NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

## EKEREMOR LOCAL GOVERNMENT COUNCIL NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2023

		Ref Sup.		<u> </u>		
Note	Details	Note	Amount	Amount		Remarks
1	A. Share of Statutory Allocation from FAAC					
	Net share of Statutory Allocation from FAAC	1	1,501,778,983.32			
	Add: Deduction at source	1.A	45,217,816.84	1,546,996,800.16		
	Share of Statutory Allocation (Other Agencies)	2		745,393,286.10		
	Share of Statutory Allocation (Excess Crude Oil)			_		
	Total (Gross) Statutory Allocation			2,247,172,269.42		
2	B. Value Added Tax					
_	Share of Value Added Tax (VAT)			1,743,557,925.55		
	Internally Generated Revenue (Independent Revenue)	D : 40:				
	NONTAX DEVENUE	Ref Sup.		Budest	0/ 1/	
3	NON TAX REVENUE	Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	
3	RATES GENERAL (TENEMENT RATE)		04 004 007 70	54,000,000.00		
	LICENSE GENERAL		21,324,997.79	2,500,000.00		
	FEES GENERAL	-	-	12,000,000.00		
	FINES GENERAL	_	<u>-</u>			
	EARNINGS GENERAL	_	3,822,000.00	21,500,000.00		
	Sale/Rent of Government Property		-			
			25,146,997.79			
4	WAGES AND SALARIES			2023		2022
		Ref Sup.				
		Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	Actual
4A	PERSONNEL COST	4A		· ·		
	ADMINISTRATIVE SECTOR		635,517,011.07	-	-	
	ECONOMIC SECTOR		219,510,232.42	-	-	-
	SOCIAL SECTOR		964,397,602.03	-	-	-
	REGIONAL SECTOR		-	_	-	_
	LAW AND JUSTICE		-	-	-	
	SUBTOTAL		1,819,424,845.52	-	-	-
4B	CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND CHARGES	4B	75,883,570.45	_		
-70	TOTAL WAGES AND SALARIES	75	1,895,308,415.97	-		
40	DEDCOMMEL AMALYCIC			2023		2022
4C	PERSONNEL ANALYSIS	Dof Cur		2023		2022
		Ref Sup. Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	Actual
	TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	1	1,943	544801	., , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	riotadi
	TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES EMPLOYED IN 2023			+		
_	TOTAL NO. OF EMPLOYEES RETIRED DURING THE YEAR	1	-	+		
	TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES AT THE END OF THE YEAR 2023	1	1,943	+		
	IOTAL NO, OF EMPLOTEES AT THE END OF THE TEAK 2023		1,943			





## EKEREMOR LOCAL GOVERNMENT COUNCIL NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2023

5	SOCIAL BENEFITS			2023		2022
		Ref Sup.				
		Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	Actual
	ADMINISTRATIVE SECTOR	5A	238,608,476.18			
	ECONOMIC SECTOR		-			
	SOCIAL SECTOR		=			
	REGIONAL SECTOR		=			
	LAW AND JUSTICE		-			
6	OVERHEAD COST			2023		2022
		Ref Sup.				
		Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	Actual
6A	OVERHEAD COST BY FUNCTION	6A				
	TRAVEL & TRANSPORT - GENERAL		102,972,145.49			
	UTILITIES - GENERAL		52,990,000.00			
	MAINTENANCE SERVICES - GENERAL		106,294,279.02			
	MAINTENANCE SERVICES – GENERAL		293,502,792.82			
	FUEL & LUBRICANTS GENERAL		461,098,053.85			
	FINANCIAL CHARGES - GENERAL		10,591,133.54			
	TOTAL		1,027,448,404.72			
6B	OVERHEAD COST BY SECTOR	6B				
	ADMINISTRATIVE SECTOR		513,724,202.36			
	ECONOMIC SECTOR		318,509,005.46			
	SOCIAL SECTOR		195,215,196.90			
	REGIONAL SECTOR		-			
	LAW & JUSTICE		-			
	TOTAL		1,027,448,404.72			
7	DEDDECIATION			2023		2022
7	DEPRECIATION	Ref Sup.		2023		2022
		Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	Actual
	BUILDING – GENERAL	7A	25,707,918.87	buuget	70 Variance	Actual
	INFRASTRUCTURE – GENERAL	- '^	49,178,843.45			
	PLANT & MACHINERY – GENERAL		803,000.00			
	TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT - GENERAL		-			
	OFFICE EQUIPMENT		722,750.00			
	FURNITURE & FITTINGS – GENERAL		6,706,500.00			
	TOTAL		83,119,012.32			
	IVIAL		00, 220,022.02			
8	TRANSFER TO OTHER GOVERNMENT ENTITIES					
J	COMMON SERVICES	8A	7,500,000.00	_		
	TRAINING FUNDS	54	37,892,587.18			
		ı	2/,022,00/.10	-		-



## EKEREMOR LOCAL GOVERNMENT COUNCIL NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2023

			,		
		Ref Sup.			
9	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT	Note	2023	2022	
	CASH IN HAND				
	CASH AT BANK	9A	851,636.38	941,560.19	
	TOTAL		851,636.38	941,560.19	
		Ref Sup.			
10	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	Note	31/12/2023	01/01/2023	
	BUILDING -GENERAL		1,259,688,024.43	1,285,395,943.30	
	INFRASTRUCTURE -GENERAL		1,399,314,692.28	651,493,535.73	
	PLANT & MACHINERY – GENERAL		7,227,000.00	8,030,000.00	
	TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT- GENERAL		-	-	
	OFFICE EQUIPMENT - GENERAL		2,168,250.00	2,891,000.00	
	FURNITURE AND FITTINGS		26,826,000.00	33,532,500.00	
	TOTAL		2,695,223,966.71	1,981,342,979.03	
		Ref Sup.			
11	BORROWINGS	Note	2023	2022	
	EXTERNAL LOANS				
	DOMESTIC LOANS		61,384,986.16		
	TOTAL				
		Ref Sup.			
12	RESERVES	Note	2023	2022	
	FOR THE YEAR		1,908,690,320.54		
		Ref Sup.			
13	SURPLUS	Note	2023	2022	
	FOR THE YEAR		726,000,296.40	-	
		Ref Sup.			
14	PURCHASE/CONSTRUCTION OF PPE	Note	2023	2022	
	BUILDING -GENERAL				
	INFRASTRUCTURE -GENERAL		797,000,000.00		
	PLANT & MACHINERY-GENERAL		-		
	TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT- GENERAL		-		
	OFFICE EQUIPMENT –GENERAL		-		
	FURNITURE AND FITTINGS		-		
	TOTAL		797,000,000.00		



#### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

### EKEREMOR LOCAL GOVERNMENT COUNCIL NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 2023

### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 1 SHARE OF FAAC (STATUTORY REVENUE)

	NET RECEIPT	ADD: DEDUCTIONS AT SOURCE	
DETAILS/ MONTH	SEE SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 1A	(SEE – SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 1A	GROSS
ECONOMIC CODE	11010101	11010101	
	H	₩	H
JANUARY	205,083,374.32	6,152,501.23	211,235,875.55
FEBRUARY	118,433,564.75	3,553,006.94	121,986,571.69
MARCH	112,717,633.78	3,381,529.01	116,099,162.79
APRIL	153,645,403.86	4,609,362.12	158,254,765.98
MAY	109,141,287.55	3,274,238.63	112,415,526.18
JUNE	165,077,192.42	4,952,315.77	170,029,508.19
JULY	92,547,743.70	2,776,432.31	95,324,176.01
AUGUST	120,165,151.59	3,604,954.55	123,770,106.14
SEPTEMBER	101,147,400.80	11,325,087.50	112,472,488.30
OCTOBER	120,391,164.99	3,611,734.95	124,002,899.94
NOVEMBER	93,092,994.33	2,792,789.83	95,885,784.16
DECEMBER	110,336,071.23	3,310,082.14	113,646,153.37
GRAND TOTAL	1,501,778,983.32	53,344,034.98	1,555,123,018.30

### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 1A NET STATUTORY ALLOCATION

DETAILS/ MONTH	GROSS STATUTORY ALLOCATION (a)	TOTAL DEDUCTIONS (b)	NET ALLOCATION c = (a - b)
ECONOMIC CODE	11010101	11010101	
	N	N	H
JANUARY	211,235,875.55	6,152,501.23	205,083,374.32
FEBRUARY	121,986,571.69	3,553,006.94	118,433,564.75
MARCH	116,099,162.79	3,381,529.01	112,717,633.78
APRIL	158,254,765.98	4,609,362.12	153,645,403.86
MAY	112,415,526.18	3,274,238.63	109,141,287.55
JUNE	170,029,508.19	4,952,315.77	165,077,192.42
JULY	95,324,176.01	2,776,432.31	92,547,743.70
AUGUST	123,770,106.14	3,604,954.55	120,165,151.59
SEPTEMBER	112,472,488.30	11,325,087.50	101,147,400.80
OCTOBER	124,002,899.94	3,611,734.95	120,391,164.99
NOVEMBER	95,885,784.16	2,792,789.83	93,092,994.33
DECEMBER	113,646,153.37	3,310,082.14	110,336,071.23
GRAND TOTAL	1,555,123,018.30	53,344,034.98	1,501,778,983.32



#### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 1B

#### ANALYSIS OF SHARE OF STATUTORY ALLOCATION (OTHER AGENCIES)

ECONOMIC CODE		JANUARY	FEBRUARY	MARCH	APRIL	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUGUST	SEPTEMBER	OCTOBER	NOVEMBER	DECEMBER	GRAND TOTAL	
11010101	ELECTRONIC MONEY TRANSFER LEVY	11,762,364.31	6,425,379.82	5,711,348.65	7,122,814.38	7,066,801.01	7,025,579.74	5,553,866.14	6,235,088.65	6,898,917.26	5,393,732.43	7,568,093.40	5,817,950.83	82,581,936.62	
	NON OJL REVENUE	-	33,231,712.38		-	7,975,610.97				-		19,939,027.43	_	61,146,350.78	
	NON OJL REVENUE 2		5,134,299.56	-		3,323,171.24				-				8,457,470.80	
	FOREX EQUALISATION 1			34,693,907.72	-	14,455,794.89				-				49,149,702.61	
	FOREX EQUALISATION 2					5,782,317.95								5,782,317.95	
11010101	SOLID MINERALS					4,822,739.69								4,822,739.69	
11010101	EXCHANGE GAIN DIFFERENCE 1	7,293,326.57					193,462.24							7,486,788.81	
	EXCHANGE GAIN DIFFERENCE 2	-		-	-		42,336,436.49	98,506,035.40	89,121,435.05	72,194,322.61	54,028,102.04	58,870,097.29	110,909,549.96	525,965,978.84	
	TOTAL	19,055,690.88	44,791,391.76	40,405,256.37	7,122,814.38	43,426,435.75	7,219,041.98	5,553,866.14	6,235,088.65	6,898,917.26	5,393,732.43	27,507,120.83	5,817,950.83	745,393,286.10	

### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 2 ANALYSIS OF SHARE OF VALUE ADDED TAX (VAT)

ECONOMIC CODE	DESCRIPTION	JANUARY	FEBRUARY	MARCH	APRIL	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUGUST	SEPTEMBER	OCTOBER	NOVEMBER	DECEMBER	GRAND TOTAL
11010202	VALUE ADDED TAX	126,510,854.93	150,558,195.05	103,060,333.57	136,947,673.01	153,188,007.70	125,783,833.45	159,263,739.19	154,771,899.20	152,623,741.64	156,348,953.83	170,619,534.79	153,881,159.19	1,743,557,925.55

#### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 3

#### NON - TAX REVENUE

ECONOMIC CODE	DESCRIPTION	JANUARY	FEBRUARY	MARCH	APR <b>J</b> L	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUGUST	SEPTEMBER	OCTOBER	NOVEMBER	DECEMBER	TOTAL
	FEES-RIGHT OF													
12020459	OCCUPANCYFEES													
	FEES-INDÍGINE													
12020466	REGISTRATION FEES	2,000,000.00	19,324,997.79	-					-		-	-		21,324,997.79
12020501	FINES - FINES/PENALTIES			-					-					-
	EARNINGS - EARNINGS													
	FROM COMMERCIAL													
12020711	ACTIVITIES			350,000.00	240,000.00	300,000.00	2,932,000.00		-		-	-	-	3,822,000.00
	TOTAL	2,000,000.00	19,324,997.79	350,000.00	240,000.00	300,000.00	2,932,000.00		-		-			25,146,997.79





## SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 4 SALARIES AND WAGES

MONTHS	COUNCIL SALARIES	HEALTH WORKERS SALARIES H	TEACHERS SALARIES ₩	CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND CHARGES- SALARIES 9B N	COUNCIL SALARY ARREARS N	ALLOWANCE N	TOTAL N
	21010101	21010101	21010101	21010103	21010101		
JANUARY	60,224,180.86	22,359,846.94	56,199,193.73	-	10,000,000.00	-	148,783,221.53
FEBRUARY	60,258,374.86	22,397,335.71	56,197,147.41	-	10,000,000.00	-	148,852,857.98
MARCH	60,785,302.94	22,397,335.71	56,572,147.41	-	10,000,000.00	-	149,754,786.06
APR <b>I</b> L	60,785,059.93	22,397,335.71	56,572,147.41	-	10,000,000.00	-	149,754,543.05
MAY	58,590,602.94	22,449,297.14	56,448,532.52	-	10,000,000.00	-	147,488,432.60
JUNE	60,335,001.89	22,449,589.78	56,448,532.52	-	10,000,000.00	-	149,233,124.19
JULY	60,297,989.61	22,562,006.57	57,009,094.53	-	10,000,000.00	-	149,869,090.71
AUGUST	60,131,721.06	22,562,006.57	58,009,094.53	15,176,714.09	10,000,000.00	-	165,879,536.25
SEPTEMBER	60,132,671.05	22,562,006.57	57,316,981.35	15,176,714.09	10,000,000.00	-	165,188,373.06
OCTOBER	58,143,766.23	22,656,546.09	57,316,981.35	15,176,714.09	10,000,000.00	-	163,294,007.76
NOVEMBER	67,742,094.51	27,764,390.95	57,316,981.35	15,176,714.09	10,000,000.00	-	178,000,180.90
DECEMBER	67,600,477.61	28,126,088.83	58,306,981.35	15,176,714.09	10,000,000.00	-	179,210,261.88
GRAND TOTAL	735,027,243.49	280,683,786.57	683,713,815.46	75,883,570.45	120,000,000.00	-	1,895,308,415.97

### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 4A WAGES AND SALARIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 2023

S/No	ADMIN CODE	ECON CODE	HEAD DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATE	SUPPLEMENT	TOTAL	ACTUAL	EXCESS	SAVINGS
				*	N	N	N	N	N
		Sector:	ADMINISTRATIVE						
1		21010103	OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN	÷	31,330,000.00	31,330,000.00	31,321,377.80	8,622.20	
2		21010103	OFFICE OF THE VICE CHAIRMAN		5,875,000.00	5,875,000.00	5,874,427.70	572.30	
3		21010103	SECRETARY TO THE LOCAL GOVT.	-	2,230,000.00	2,230,000.00	2,222,764.95	7,235.05	
4		21010103	LEGISLATORS/ SUPERVISORS	-	36,470,000.00	36,470,000.00	36,465,000.00	5,000.00	
5		21010101	ADMINISTRATIVE DEPARTMENT	635,520,000.00	-	635,520,000.00	635,517,011.07	2,988.93	
			SUBTOTAL	635,520,000.00	75,905,000.00	711,425,000.00	711,400,581.52		
		Sector:	ECONOMIC	·	-			-	
6		21010101	DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND SUPPLIES	103,000,000.00	-	103,000,000.00	102,975,255.59	24,744.41	
7		21010101	DEPARTMENT OF BUDGET, PLANNING, RESEARCH AND STATISTICS	6,860,000.00		6,860,000.00	6,859,529.18	470.82	
8		21010101	DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE & NATURAL RESOURCES	5,200,000.00	-	5,200,000.00	5,109,942.76	90,057.24	
9		21010101	WORKS, TRANSPORT, HOUSING, LANDS & SURVEY DEPARTMENT	104,566,000.00	-	104,566,000.00	104,565,504.89	495.11	
			SUBTOTAL	219,626,000.00	-	219,626,000.00	219,510,232.42		
		Sector:	LAW & JUSTICE						
10		21010101	LEGAL DEPARTMENT						
			SUBTOTAL						
		Sector:	SOCIAL SECTOR						
11			SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT, EDUCATION, INFORMATION, SPORTS AND CULTURE DEPARTMENT	683,714,000.00		683,714,000.00	683,713,815.46	184.54	
		21010101	DEPARTMENT OF PRIMARY HEALTH CARE	280,684,000.00		280,684,000.00	280,683,786.57	213.43	
			SUBTOTAL	964,398,000.00	-	964,398,000.00	964,397,602.03		
12			GRAND TOTAL	1,819,544,000.00	75,905,000.00	1,895,449,000.00	1,895,308,415.97		



#### **SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 4B**

C	CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUN	ND CHARGES – SALARIES	
DESCRIPTION	MONTHLY ESTIMATE	ANNUAL PAID	TOTAL
CHAIRMAN	5,764,275.56	28,821,377.80	28,821,377.80
CHAIRMAN'S AIDES	500,000.00	2,500,000.00	2,500,000.00
VICE CHAIRMAN	1,174,885.54	5,874,427.70	5,874,427.70
SECRETARY TO THE LG	444,552.99	2,222,764.95	2,222,764.95
LEGISLATORS	5,793,000.00	28,965,000.00	28,965,000.00
SUPERVISORS	1,500,000.00	7,500,000.00	7,500,000.00
TOTAL	15,176,714.09	75,883,570.45	75,883,570.45

### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 4C PERSONNEL ANALYSIS

		2023		2022
	ACTUAL	BUDGET	VARIANCE	ACTUAL
TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	1,943	0	0	0
TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES EMPLOYED IN 2023	0	0	0	0
TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES RETIRED DURING THE YEAR	0	0	0	0
TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES AT THE END OF THE YEAR 2023	1,943	0	0	0

## SUPLEMENTARY NOTE 5A ANAYSIS OF EMPLOYEES SOCIAL BENEFITS

MONTHS	GRATUITY	PENSION	DEATH BENEFITS	TOTAL
JANUARY	•	19,672,839.22	-	19,672,839.22
FEBRUARY	•	19,672,036.68	-	19,672,036.68
MARCH	-	19,770,396.96	-	19,770,396.96
APRIL	•	19,312,028.63	-	19,312,028.63
MAY	-	19,460,969.09	•	19,460,969.09
JUNE	•	19,852,042.02		19,852,042.02
JULY	•	19,793,877.60	•	19,793,877.60
AUGUST	•	19,941,723.46	-	19,941,723.46
SEPTEMBER	-	20,118,854.68	-	20,118,854.68
OCTOBER	•	20,184,371.04	•	20,184,371.04
NOVEMBER	•	20,045,127.85	-	20,045,127.85
DECEMBER	•	20,784,208.95	-	20,784,208.95
GRAND TOTAL	-	238,608,476.18	-	238,608,476.18



## SUPPLEMETARY NOTE 6A ANALYSIS OF OVERHEAD PAYMENTS

MONTHS	TRAVEL & TRANSPORT - GENERAL	UTILITIES - GENERAL	MAINTENANCE SERVICES - GENERAL	MAINTENANCE SERVICES – GENERAL	FUEL & LUBRICANTS GENERAL	FINANCIAL CHARGES - GENERAL	TOTAL+
	220201	220202	220203	220204	22020208	22020209	22020401
	N	N	*	H	N		N
JANUARY	10,765,000.00	3,980,000.00	288,000.00	19,009,336.66	63,550.00	653,000.00	34,758,886.66
FEBUARY	6,870,000.00	4,840,000.00	1,320,000.00	19,033,416.70	26,761,306.92	125,000.00	58,949,723.62
MARCH	1,267,000.00	2,852,000.00	26,955,438.47	19,057,723.09	187,000.00	631,000.00	50,950,161.56
APRIL	27,111,775.49	6,098,000.00	1,980,000.00	19,080,176.20	26,430,138.47	350,000.00	81,050,090.15
MAY	7,654,000.00	3,421,000.00	3,280,000.00	16,212,667.45	570,220.00	748,000.00	31,885,887.45
JUNE	3,456,670.00	6,980,000.00	26,056,202.09	21,654,300.88	523,000.00	1,805,133.54	60,475,306.51
JULY	13,456,900.00	3,236,000.00	4,389,000.00	26,793,890.89	26,802,838.47	785,000.00	75,463,629.36
AUGUST	1,343,200.00	2,320,000.00	26,695,438.47	29,261,641.19	75,640,000.00	1,765,000.00	137,025,279.66
SEPTEMBE	4,659,000.00	5,560,000.00	5,789,000.00	30,045,614.10	75,680,000.00	122,000.00	121,855,614.10
OCTOBER	22,560,000.00	3,890,000.00	1,483,800.00	30,120,267.92	75,620,000.00	2,343,000.00	136,017,067.92
NOVEMBER	2,265,000.00	4,123,000.00	4,894,700.00	31,543,545.40	75,620,000.00	842,000.00	119,288,245.40
DECEMBER	1,563,600.00	5,690,000.00	3,162,700.00	31,690,212.34	77,200,000.00	422,000.00	119,728,512.34
TOTAL	102,972,145.49	52,990,000.00	106,294,279.02	293,502,792.82	461,098,053.85	10,591,133.54	1,027,448,404.72

## SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 6B ANAYSIS OF OVERHEAD COST FOR THE YEAR 2023

s/NO	ADMIN	GRP	HEAD DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATE	SUPPLEMENTARY	TOTAL	ACTUAL	SAVINGS	EXCESS
	SECTOR	_	ADMINISTRATIVE						
	1	_	OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN	-	41,098,000.00	41,098,000.00	41,097,936.19	63.81	-
	2		VICE CHAIRMAN	÷	15,412,000.00	15,412,000.00	15,411,726.07	273.93	-
	3		SECRETARY TO THE LG	÷	7,706,000.00	7,706,000.00	7,705,863.04	136.96	
		_	LEGISLATORS		102,745,000.00	102,745,000.00	102,744,840.47	159.53	
		1	ADMINISTRATIVE DEPT	346,764,000.00		346,764,000.00	346,763,836.59	163.41	
			Sub Total	346,764,000.00	166,961,000.00	513,725,000.00	513,724,202.36		
	SECTOR		ECONOMIC	-					\
	4		DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND SUPPLIES	51,380,000.00	-	51,380,000.00	51,372,420.24	7,579.76	
			DEPARTMENT OF BUDGET,						
	5		PLANNING, RESEARCH AND STATISTICS	35,961,000.00		35,961,000.00	35,960,694.17	305.83	
	6		DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE &	25,687,000.00		25,687,000.00	25,686,210.12	789.88	
	1	_	NATURAL RESOURCES			,,	,,		
			WORKS, TRANSPORT, HOUSING, LANDS & SURVEY DEPARTMENT	205;490,000.00		205,490,000.00	205,489,680.94	319.06	-
			Sub Total	318,518,000.00	-	318,518,000.00	318,509,005.47		
	SECTOR		LAW & JUSTICE						
	9	3	LEGAL DEPARTMENT	-			-	-	
			Sub Total						
	SECTOR		SOCIAL	-				-	
1	.0	1 4	SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT, EDUCATION, INFORMATION, SPORTS AND CULTURE DEPARTMENT	61,647,000.00		61,647,000.00	61,646,904,28	95.72	
1	.1	1 A	DEPARTMENT OF PRIMARY HEALTH CARE	133,569,000.00		133,569,000.00	133,568,292.61	707.39	
			Sub Total	195,216,000.00		195,216,000.00	195,215,196.89		
G	RAND TOTAL			860,498,000.00	166,961,000,00	1,027,459,000.00	1,027,448,404.72		



## SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 7A DEPRECIATION FOR ASSETS

	BUILDING - GENERAL	INFRASTRUCTURE -	PLANT & MACHINERY -	TRANSPORTATION	OFFICE EC	QUIPMENT	FURNITURE &	TOTAL
	240101	240102	240103	240104	240105		240106	
					GENERAL	BOOKS		
	2%	5%	10%	20%	25%	3%	20%	
	25,707,918.87	32,574,676.79	803,000.00	-	722,750.00	-	6,706,500.00	66,514,845.65
ASSETS DURING		16,604,166.67						16,604,166.67
YEAR 2023		10,004,100.07		-	_	-	1	10,004,100.07
	-	16,604,166.67	-	-	-	-	-	16,604,166.67
	25,707,918.87	49,178,843.45	803,000.00	-	722,750.00	-	6,706,500.00	83,119,012.32

## SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 7B DEPRECIATION FOR ASSETS ACQUIRED DURING THE YEAR 2023

		CLASS OF PPI				TOTAL
BUILDING	INFRASTRUCTURE	PLANTS & MACHINARY	TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT	OFFICE EQUIPMENT	FURNITURE AND FITTINGS	
240101	240102	240103	240104	240105	240106	
0.02/12	0.05/12	10%	20%	DEP, RATE 25%	DEP. RATE 20%	
-	-		-	-	-	-
-			-	-	-	-
-	-		-	-	-	-
-				-	-	-
-	-		-	-	-	-
-		•	-	-	-	-
-	-		-	-	-	-
-	3,320,833.33	•	-	-	-	3,320,833.33
-	3,320,833.33	•	-	-	-	3,320,833.33
	3,320,833.33		-	-	-	3,320,833.33
•	3,320,833.33	-	-	-	-	3,320,833.33
-	3,320,833.33	-	-	-	-	3,320,833.33
-	16,604,166.67	-	-	-	-	16,604,166.67

THE DEPRECIATION IS PRO RATED ACCORDING TO THE MONTH OF THE YEAR THE ASSETS VALUE IS CAPITALISED.

## SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 8A TRANSFER TO OTHER GOVERNMENT ENTITIES

ĺ	NOTES	2023			2022
		ACTUAL	BUDGET	VARIANCE	ACTUAL
	SEE SUPL. NOTE 14B	7,500,000.00	-	-	-
		37,892,587.18			
		45,392,587.18	-	-	-

#### **SUPPLEMETARY NOTE 8B**

	ANALYSIS OF STATUTORY TRANSFERS						
D	COMMON SERVICES	PENSION	TOTAL	TOTAL			
	₩	N	N	₩			
3,433,565.94	625,000.00		4,058,565.94				
3,022,234.72	625,000.00		3,647,234.72				
2,484,718.75	625,000.00		3,109,718.75				
2,845,930.77	625,000.00		3,470,930.77				
2,855,834.41	625,000.00		3,480,834.41				
2,890,544.88	625,000.00		3,515,544.88				
3,488,713.84	625,000.00		4,113,713.84				
3,575,435.74	625,000.00		4,200,435.74				
3,193,643.82	625,000.00		3,818,643.82				
3,236,619.53	625,000.00		3,861,619.53				
3,285,897.47	625,000.00		3,910,897.47				
3,579,447.31	625,000.00		4,204,447.31				
587.18	7,500,000.00		- 45,392,587.18	-			

## SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 9A CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

2023	2022
ı	II.
851,636.38	941,560.19
851,636.38	941,560.19



## SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 9B CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

FCMB BANK: 68	312359016	ACCESS BANK: 0	710952396	PREMIUM BAN	IK: 0080032780	ZENITH BANK: 1	010533940	UBA B	ANK	
N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
28,115.42		752,003.68				34,283.79		127,157.30		941,560.19
67,121,222.60	66,986,102.55	555,239,208.17	541,504,033.73	-			-	200,000.00	220,515.02	
41,671,375.59	41,692,178.56	205,343,471.32	158,089,977.89	-			-	21,674,997.79	21,365,430.40	
122,692,579.72	122,460,435.50	285,442,950.20	345,270,381.32	-			-	-	-	
5,678,271.78	5,743,465.01	294,589,175.40	206,620,881.91	-	225.75		225.75	-	96.50	
122,542,053.74	122,676,751.75	163,938,947.04	241,745,661.25	-	25.50		25.50	240,000.00	372,495.90	
60,852,526.87	60,783,565.36	82,877,713.66	94,700,294.30	196,623,255.81	175,549,490.84	2,932,000.00	2,930,065.75	-	64.00	
77,824,527.53	78,014,628.02	125,031,326.80	124,905,363.71	-	21,051,000.96		21.50	-		
81,645,696.68	66,328,918.05	157,687,186.60	121,504,504.39	-			-			
37,698,271.32	52,728,166.63	139,755,629.21	77,959,597.35	-			-	-	-	
109,389,590.27	109,467,100.94	1,021,109,432.81	938,402,748.47	-			-	-	-	
232,082,330.88	120,701,213.99	220,493,973.84	385,822,759.31	-			-	-	-	
119,495,866.81	230,799,473.03	180,866,503.98	196,432,123.85	-	-		-	-	-	
1,078,722,429.211	,078,381,999.39	3,433,127,522.71	3,432,958,327.48	196,623,255.81	196,600,743.05	2,966,283.79	2,930,338.50	22,242,155.09	21,958,601.82	
	340,429.82		169,195.24		22,512.76		35,945.29		283,553.27	851,636.38

### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 10A PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

i noi zitti i zitti itti zitti	•			
FOUIPMENT-   TO	EQUIPMENT -		INFRASTRUCTURE - GENERAL	BUILDING – GENERAL
02 320103 320104 320105 320106	320104	320103	320102	320101
93,535.73 8,030,000.00 - 2,891,000.00 33,532,500.00 <b>1,98</b> 1	-	8,030,000.00	651,493,535.73	1,285,395,943.30
797	<u>-</u>		797,000,000.00	
3,535.73 8,030,000.00 - 2,891,000.00 33,532,500.00 2,778	-	8,030,000.00	1,448,493,535.73	1,285,395,943.30
78,843.45 803,000.00   - 722,750.00 6,706,500.00 83	-	803,000.00	49,178,843.45	25,707,918.87
14,692.28 7,227,000.00 - 2,168,250.00 26,826,000.00 2,695	-	7,227,000.00	1,399,314,692.28	1,259,688,024.43





	SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 10B							
	PU	RCHASES/CONSTRUCTIO	N OF PROPERTY PLANT AN	D EQUIPMENT (PPE)	DURING THE YEAR 202	3		
			CLASS OF PPE				TOTAL	
MONTHS	BUILDING	INFRASTRUCTURE	PLANTS & EQUIPMENTS	TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT	OFFICE EQUIPMENT	FURNITURE AND FITTINGS		
JANUARY		-	-	-	-		-	
FEBRUARY		-	-	-	-		-	
MARCH			-	-	-	-	-	
APRIL		-	-	-	-		-	
MAY		-	-	-	-		-	
JUNE		-	-	-	-	-	-	
JULY		-	-	-	-		-	
AUGUST		- 797,000,000.00	-	-	-	-	797,000,000.00	
SEPTEMBER		-	-	-	-	-	-	
OCTOBER				-	-		-	
NOVEMBE		-	-	-	-	-	-	
DECEMBER		-	-	-	-	-	-	
GRAND TOTAL		- 797,000,000.00	-	-	-	-	797,000,000.00	

			SUPPLEMENTARY N	OTE 10C			
		AN	ALYSIS OF PROPERTY PLAN	IT AND EQUIPMENT			
DETAILS			CLASS OF PPE				TOTAL
	LAND & BUILDING – SEE Supplementary note 20D	INFRASTRUCTURE	PLANTS & EQUIPMENTS	TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT	OFFICE EQUIPMENT (-SEE SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 20D)	FURNITURE AND FITTINGS	
LEGACY ASSETS	1,285,395,943.30	651,493,535.73	8,030,000.00	-	2,891,000.00	33,532,500.00	1,981,342,979.03
ASSETS FOR THE YEAR		797,000,000.00		-			797,000,000.00
SUBTOTAL (A)	1,285,395,943.30	1,448,493,535.73	8,030,000.00	-	2,891,000.00	33,532,500.00	2,778,342,979.03
DEP. RATE	2%	5%	10%	20%		20%	
DEP. LEGACY ASSETS	25,707,918.87	32,574,676.79	803,000.00	<del>-</del>	722,750.00	6,706,500.00	66,514,845.65
DEP. ASSETS DURING YEAR	-	16,604,166.67	-	-	-		16,604,166.67
TOTAL DEPRECIATION (B)	25,707,918.87	49,178,843.45	803,000.00	-	722,750.00	6,706,500.00	83,119,012.32
NET BOOK VALUE (A - B)	1,259,688,024.43	1,399,314,692.28	7,227,000.00	-	2,168,250.00	26,826,000.00	2,695,223,966.71
THE LEGACY ASSETS	VALUE WERE THE FAIR VALUE	OF PPE AS AT 01/01/20	23				

### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 10D ANALYSIS OF PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

DETAILS			CLASS OF PPI			
		LAND & BUILDING			OFFICE EQUIPMENT	
	LAND	BUILDING	TOTAL LAND AND BUILDING	BOOKS	OTHER EQUIPMENTS	TOTAL OFFICE EQUIPMENT
LEGACY ASSETS	-	1,285,395,943.30	1,285,395,943.30	-	8,030,000.00	8,030,000.00
ASSETS DURING THE YEAR	-		-	-	-	-
SUBTOTAL (A)	-	1,285,395,943.30	1,285,395,943.30	-	8,030,000.00	8,030,000.00
DEP. RATE	-	2%		3%	25%	
DEP.LEGACY ASSETS	=	25,707,918.87	25,707,918.87	=	2,007,500.00	2,007,500.00
ASSETS DURING YEAR	-	-		-	-	-
TOTAL DEPRECIATION (B)	-	25,707,918.87	25,707,918.87	-	2,007,500.00	2,007,500.00
NET BOOK VALUE A+B	=	1,259,688,024.43	1,259,688,024.43	-	6,022,500.00	6,022,500.00



### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 11A BORROWINGS (LONG TERM LOANS) AS AT 31ST DECEMBER, 2023

S/NO	INSITUTIONS	BAL B/FWD (PRINCIPAL)	CURRENT YEAR PORTION	PRINCIPAL REPMT	INTEREST & OTHER FEES	TOTAL REPAYMENT	BAL OUTSTANDING
. A	EXTERNAL LOANS (SEE – SUPPL. NOTE 225A)	-	-	-	-	-	-
I B	DOMESTIC LOANS (SEE - SUPPL. NOTE 22B	73,594,218.68	-	8,372,388.26	3,836,844.26	12,209,232.52	61,384,986.16
	SUB TOTAL	73,594,218.68	-	8,372,388.26	16,627,773.77	12,209,232.52	61,384,986.16

#### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 11B LONG TERM BORROWINGS

### (INTERNAL LOANS )AS AT 31 ST DECEMBER, 2023

S/NO	INSITUTIONS	BAL B/FWD (PRINCIPAL)	CURRENT YEAR PORTION	PRINCIPAL REPMT	INTEREST & OTHER FEES	TOTAL REPAYMENT	BAL OUTSTANDING
	1 LGA SALARY BALLOUT	73,594,218.68		8,372,388.26	3,836,844.26	12,209,232.52	61,384,986.16
	TOTAL DOMESTIC	73,594,218.68		8,372,388.26	3,836,844.26	12,209,232.52	61,384,986.16

### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 12A ANALYSIS OF TRANSITIONAL RESERVES

YEAR	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT 2022	LEGACY ASSETS CAPITALISED	LIABILITIES OVER ASSETS 2022	TOTAL
1/1/2023	941,560.19	1,981,342,979.03	(73,594,218.68)	1,908,690,320.54



### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 13A SURPLUS/ DEFICIT

YEAR		DEFICT	SURPLUS
		DR	CR
		N	N
2023			726,000,296.40
TOTAL		-	-

# SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 14A ANALYSIS OF PURCHASE/ CONTRUCTION OF PPE DURING THE YEAR 2023

s/NO	ADMIN	GRP	HEAD DESCRIPTION	BUDGET	ACTUAL	SAVINGS	EXCESS	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	EXCESS	SAVINGS
	SECTOR		ADMINISTRATIVE								
1	11100100100	1	OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN					-			
2	11100100200	1	VICE CHAIRMAN	-		-					
3	11100200100	1	SECRETARY TO THE LG					-			
		1	LEGISLATORS								
		1	ADMINISTRATIVE DEPT								v
	SECTOR		ECONOMIC				\				
4	11100200400		DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND SUPPLIES							-	,
5	11100200500	2	DEPARTMENT OF BUDGET, PLANNING, RESEARCH AND STATISTICS	·				-	-	-	
6	11100200600	2	DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE & NATURAL RESOURCES	·			-				
			WORKS, TRANSPORT, HOUSING, LANDS & SURVEY DEPARTMENT	2,443,800,000.00	797,000,000.00	1,646,800,000.00	ı.	1,646,800,000.00		-	1,646,800,000.00
	SECTOR		LAW & JUSTICE					-			
9	11100201000	3	LEGAL DEPARTMENT					-			
	SECTOR		SOCIAL								
10		4	SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT, EDUCATION, INFORMATION, SPORTS AND CULTURE DEPARTMENT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
11		4	DEPARTMENT OF PRIMARY HEALTH CARE	862,000,000.00							
	GRAND TOTAL			3,305,800,000.00	797,000,000.00						





				ALGOVERNMENT A	REA			
		20					2023	
SECTOR	Final Budget	Recurrent Expenditure	Capital Expenditure	Total Expenditure	Final Budget	Recurrent Expenditure	Capital Expenditure	Total Expenditure
ADMINISTRATION SECTOR								
OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN	0.1.000.00 <b>=</b> .00					00 040 040 00		
Chairman	64,666,637.39	-	-	-	32,000,000.00	69,919,313.99	-	69,919,313.99
Vice- Chairman	19,814,975.48			-	9,000,000.00	21,286,153.77		21,286,153.77
Internal Audit		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Adviser/Assistant to the Chairman/						0.500.000.00		2,500,000.00
Vice Chairman		-	-	-	-	2,500,000.00	-	
LOCAL GOVERNMENT COUNCIL	44 000 000 00		-	-	-	- 404 700 040 47	-	-
The Council	41,989,600.00	-	-		18,000,000.00	131,709,840.47	-	131,709,840.47
Assistants/Aides/Advisers		-	-	-			-	
Council Committees		-	-	-		7,500,000.00	-	7,500,000.00
Office of the House Leader		-	-	-		-	-	-
Office of the Deputy Leader		-	-	-		-	-	-
Office of the Majority Leader		-	-	-		-	-	
Office of the Deputy Majority Leader		_	_	_		_	_	
Office of the Chief Whip		_	-	-		_	-	
Office of the Deputy Chief Whip		_	-	-		-	-	
Clerk to the House	2.000.000.00		_	-	2,350,000.00	_	_	-
OFFICE OF THE HEAD OF LOCAL	2,000,000.00				2,000,000.00			-
GOVERNMENT SERVICE		-	-	-		-	-	
Office of the Head of Local Covernment Service	11,130,000.00	558,768,677.19	-	558,768,677.19	13,403,760.00	506,512,764.41	-	506,512,764.41
ADMINISTRATION & GENERAL		-	-	-		-	-	
SERVICES								
Administration and General Services	402,386,146.40	874,780,789.56	•	874,780,789.56	550,051,143.48	759,769,146.61	-	759,769,146.61
SECRETARY TO THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT		-	-	-		-	-	-
	16,198,260.00	_		_	8,000,000.00	9,928,627.99	_	9,928,627.99
Secretary to the Local Government	10, 190,200.00		-	-	0,000,000.00	9,920,027.99	-	9,920,027.99
ECONOMIC SECTOR  DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE &		-	-			-	-	-
NATURAL RESOURCES		-	-	-		-	-	_
Department of Agriculture &	10,424,154.00	-	-	-	8,677,134.40	30,796,152.88	-	30,796,152.88
Natural Resources								
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND		-	-	-		-	-	-
SUPPLIES								
Department of Finance and	26,503,449.46	-	-	-	173,183,934.96	154,347,675.83	-	154,347,675.83
Supplies								
DEPARTMENT OF WORKS, TRANSPORT, HOUSING, LANDS &		-	-	-		-	-	-
SURVEY								
Department of Works, Transport,	149,697,710.96	-	106,869,550.00	106,869,550.00	1,220,619,287.48	310,055,185.83	797,000,000.00	1,107,055,185.83
Housing, Lands & Survey	,,		-,,	,,	,,,	,,	, , . 30.00	,,, . 30.00
DEPARTMENT OF BUDGET,		-	-	-		-	-	
PLANNING, RESEARCH &								
STATISTICS (BPRS)								
Department of Budget, Planning,	16,194,194.40	-	-	-	150,794,649.84	42,820,223.35	-	42,820,223.35
Research & Statistics (BPRS)								
WATER, SANITATION & HYGIENE	-	-	-			-	-	-
(WASH)								
Water, Sanitation & Hygiene (WASH)	-	-	-	_	•	-	_	
SOCIAL SECTOR	-	-	-	-		-	-	
WOMEN DEVELOPMENT OFFICE	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Women Development Office	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
DEVELOPMENT		-						
Department of social Development	-	-	-	-	74,840,000.00	-	-	-
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Department of Education	305,522,941.18	-		-	67,494,787.72	745,360,719.74	-	745,360,719.74
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH		-		-		-	-	-
Department of Primary Health Care	74,840,000.00	-	-	-	323,314,826.80	414,252,079.18	-	414,252,079.18
TOTAL	1,141,368,069.27	1,433,549,466.75	106,869,550.00	1,540,419,016.75	2,328,414,697.88	3,206,757,884.05	797,000,000.00	4,003,757,884.05



## **EKEREMOR LOCAL GOVERNMENT**

Our Ref:.....



LOCAL GOVT. COUNCIL SECRETARIAT. EXEREMOR TOWN, P.M.B. St., May 8° 2023 BAYELSA STATE. May 8° 2023

Date:----

STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(IPSAS ACCRUAL)

**ISSUED BY** 

OFFICE OF THE ACCOUNTANT - GENERAL OF BAYELSA STATE OF NIGERIA 2023





#### Introduction

In line with the adoption of the International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS) in Nigeria, a Standardised Chart of Account (COA) alongside with a set of General-Purpose Financial Statements (GPFS) have been designed and introduced by Federation Accounts Allocation Committee (FAAC) for adoption by all tiers of Government in Nigeria.

The recognizes COA and the GPFS have been adopted by Ekeremor Local Government Council to comply with FAAC directive in order to harmonise public sector accounts reporting in Nigeria.

In order to ensure an effective and efficient ecognizes of the COA and GPFS, the Accounting Policies have been developed as a set of guidelines to direct the Processes and Procedures relating to financial reporting in Ekeremor Local Government Council. These policies shall form part of the universally agreed framework for financial reporting in Bayelsa State.

#### **IPSAS ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING**

The GPFS are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS) and other applicable standards as defined by the Fiscal Responsibility Law (FRL) and the Financial Reporting Council of Nigeria. In addition, GPFS are in compliance with the provisions of other financial regulations of the State.

This Accounting Policy addresses the following fundamental accounting issues:

- Definition of Accounting Terminologies
- Recognition of Accounting Items
- Measurement of Accounting Items
- Treatment of Accounting items

The Accounting Policy is subject to periodic reviews and updates as shall be deemed necessary by the Accountant-General of Bayelsa State.



#### 1. Accounting Terminologies / Definitions

- **Accounting policies** are the specific principles, bases, conventions, rules and practices adopted by the Bayelsa State Government in preparing and presenting Financial Statements.
- Accrual basis means a basis of accounting that recognizes transactions and other events immediately when revenue is earned or expenses incurred.
- Cash: Cash comprises cash in hand, demand deposits in financial institutions and cash equivalents.
- **Cash equivalents** are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.
- **Cash flows** are inflows and outflows of cash. Cash flows exclude movements between items that constitute cash as these components are part of the cash management of the government rather than increases or decreases in the cash position controlled by government.
- Cash receipts are cash inflows.
- Cash payments are cash outflows.
- Cash Controlled by Bayelsa State Government: Cash is deemed to be controlled by Bayelsa State Government when the government can freely use the available cash for the achievement of its objectives or enjoy benefit from the cash, and can also exclude or regulate the access of others to that benefit. Cash collected by, or appropriated or granted to the government which the government can freely use to fund its operating objectives, such as acquiring of capital assets or repaying its debt is controlled by the government.
- **Government Business Enterprise** means a ministry, department or agency that has all the following characteristics:
  - Is an entity with the power to contract in its own name;
  - Has been assigned the financial and operational authority to carry on a Business;
  - Sells goods and services, in the normal course of its business, to other MDAs and the general public at a profit or full cost recovery;
  - Is not reliant on continuing government funding or subvention to remain a going concern (other than purchases of outputs at arm's length); and
  - Is controlled by a public sector management or the government.





#### Notes to the GPFS

- This shall include narrative descriptions or more detailed schedules or analyses of amounts shown on the face of the GPFS, as well as additional information
- Notes shall be presented in a systematic manner. The items in the Statements should cross reference to any related information in the notes.

#### 2. Fundamental Accounting Concepts

The following fundamental accounting concepts are taken as the basis of preparation of all accounts and reporting in Bayelsa State:

- Accrual Basis of Accounting;
- Under-stability;
- Materiality,
- Relevance;
- Going Concern Concept;
- Consistency Concept
- Prudence
- Completeness, etc.

#### 3. Accounting Period

The accounting year (fiscal year) is from 1<sup>st</sup> January to 31<sup>st</sup> December in line with the National Treasury Circular Ref. OAGF/CAD/026/V.1/102 of 30<sup>th</sup> December,2013. Each accounting year is divided Into 12 calendar months (periods) and shall be set up as such in the accounting system.

#### 4. Reporting Currency

The General Purpose Financial Statements are prepared in Nigerian Naira.



#### 5. General Purpose Financial Statements (GPFS)

The GPFS comprise of the followings:

- Statement of Financial Performance;
- Statement of Financial Position;
- Statement of Cashflow;
- Statement of Net Asset/Equity;
- Notes to the Accounts: Additional disclosures to explain the GPFS; and

#### 6. Consolidation Policy

- The Consolidation of the GPFS is based on Accrual Basis of Accounting
- All Ministries, Department and Agencies (MDAs) of Bayelsa State Government except Government Business Enterprises (GBEs) shall be consolidated.
- Consolidation of the GPFS shall be in agreement with the provisions of IPSAS

7.

#### Notes to the GPFS

- Notes to the GPFS shall be presented in a systematic manner. The items in the Statement should cross reference to any related information in the Notes.
- It shall follow the format provided in the Accounting Manual.

#### 8. Comparative Information

• The General Purpose Financial Statements shall disclose all numerical information relating to previous period (at least one year).

#### 9. **Budget Figures**

• These are figures from the approved annual budget and supplementary budget as approved in accordance with the Appropriation Law of Bayelsa State.

#### 10. Revenue:

#### Fees, taxes and fines

• In this GPFS revenue is recognizes from non-exchange transactions such as fees, taxes and fines when the event occurs and the assets recognition criteria are met.





• Other non-exchange revenues are recognized when it is probable that the future economic benefits or service potential associated with the asset will flow to the government and the fair value of the asset will flow to the government and fair value of the asset can be measured reliably.

#### Other operating revenues

- Other operating revenues arises from exchange transactions in the ordinary course of Government activities.
- Revenues comprise the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of good and services in the ordinary course of government activities.
- Revenue is shown net of tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognized when the significant risks and rewards of ownership has been transferred to buyer, usually when goods are delivered.

#### Other revenue

• Other revenue consists of gains on disposal of property, plant and equipment.

Any gain on disposal is recognized at the date control of the asset is passed to the buyer and is

determined after deducting from the proceeds the carrying value of the asset at that time.

#### 11. Aid and Grants:

Aid and Grants to the Bayelsa State Government is recognized as income on entitlement, while aid
and grants to other governments/agencies are recognized as expenditure on commitment.

#### 12. Subsidies, Donations and Endowments

• Subsidies, Donations and endowments to the Government are recognized as income when money is received, or entitlement to receive money is established, except where fulfillment of any restrictions attached to these monies is not probable.

#### 13. Transfers from other government entities

Revenues from non-exchange transactions with other government entities are measured at fair value
and recognized on receipt of the asset (cash, goods, services, and property) if it is free from conditions
and it is probable that the economic benefits or service potential related to the asset will flow to the
government and can be measured.





#### 14. Expenses

• All expenses shall be reported on an accrual basis, i.e. all expenses are to be recognized in the period they are incurred or when the rlated services are enjoyed, irrespective of when the payment is made.

#### 15. Employee Benefits/Pension obligations:

Under the Defined Benefits Scheme.

- Provision has been made, where applicable, using an actuarial valuation determines the extent of
  anticipated entitlement payable under employment contracts and brings to account a liability using
  the present value measurement basis, which discounts expected future cash flows.
- To the extend that it is anticipated that the liability will arise during the following year the entitlement
  are recorded as Current Liabilities. The remainder of the anticipated entitlements are records as NonCurrent Liabilities.

#### **Under the Defined Contribution Scheme**

- Public entities make pension and national insurance contributions on behalf of employees in line with Pension Act 2014. The contributions are treated as payments to a defined contribution pension plan.
- A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fund managed by Pension Fund Administrators(PFAs)
- The Government has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if the pension Entity does not hold sufficient assets in the current and prior periods.
- The contributions are recognized as employee benefit expense when they are due.
- Prepaid contributions are recognized as an assets to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

#### 16. Interest on Loans:

- Interest on loans shall be treated as expenditure or as a charge in the financial performance report (Statement of Financial Performance)
- Interest expense is accrued using the effective interest rate method.
- The effective interest rate exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through there expected life of the financial liability to that liability's net carrying amount.





• The method applies this rate to the principal outstanding to determine interest expense in each period.

#### 17. Foreign currency transactions:

- Foreign Currency Transactions throughout the year shall be converted into Nigerian Naira at the ruling (Central Bank of Nigeria –CBN) rate of exchange at the dates of the transactions. Foreign currency balances, as at the year end, shall be translated at the exchange rates prevailing on that date.
- At the end of the financial year, additional amounts (in cash or at bank) arising out of Foreign Exchange Gains/Losses shall be 52ecognizes in the Statement of Cash Receipts and Payments either as Receipts / Payments respectively.
- Foreign exchange gains/losses are recognized in the Statement of Financial Performance.

#### 18. Minority Interest

• This represents the interest of external parties during the year under review.

#### 19. Statement of Cash Flow

This statement shall be prepared using the direct method. The Cash Flow Statement shall consists of three (3) sections:

- Operating activities section include cash received from all income sources of the government and record the cash payments made for the supply of goods and services
- Investing activities section are those activities relating to the acquisition and disposal of non-current assets.
- Financial activities section comprise the change in equity and debt capital structure of the government.

#### 20. Cash & Cash Equivalent

- Cash and Cash Equivalent means cash balances on hand, held in bank accounts, demasnd deposits and other highly liquid investments with an original maturity of 6 months or less in which the Entity invests as part of its day-t0-day cash management and are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.
- Cash and Cash Equivalent is reported under Current Assets in the statement of financial position.





#### 21. Accounts Receivable:

- a. Receivables from exchange transaction
- Receivables from exchange transactions are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment.
- A provision for impairment of receivables is established when there is objective evidence that entity will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

#### b. Receivables from non-exchange transactions

- Receivables from non-exchange transactions comprises; fees, taxes and fines (and any penalties
  associated with these activities) as well as social benefit receivables that do not arise out of a
  contract.
- These receivables are initially assessed at nominal amount or face value; that is, the receivable reflect the amount of tax owed, levy, fine charged or social benefit debt payable.
- These receivables are subsequently adjusted for penalties as they are charged and tested for impairment.
- Interest and penalties charged on tax receivables are presented as tax revenue in the statement of financial performance.

#### 22. Prepayments.

• Prepaid expenses are amounts paid in advance of receipt of goods or services.





- They can represent payments made early in the year for benefits to be received over the latter part of the year, or payments made in one year for benefits to be received in subsequent years.
- Prepayments for which the benefits are to be derived in the following 12 months should be classified as Current Assets. Where the benefits are expected to accrue beyond the next 12 months, it should be accounted for as a Long-Term Prepayment and classified as Non-Current Assets.
- Prepayments that are identifiable with specific future revenue or event, e.g. adverts, should be expensed in the period in which the related event takes place; those that relate to specific time periods, e.g. insurance, rent, leasehold premises, should be 55ecognizes as an expense in such periods.
- Prepayments not exceeding e.g. N10, 000 shall be expensed immediately, except there is a
  possibility of obtaining a refund or credit within the same financial year.

#### 23. Inventories:

- Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net 55ecognizes value.
- An associate is an Entity over which Entity has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture.
- Under the equity method, investments in associates are carried in the statement of financial
  position at cost plus post acquisition changes in Entity's share of net assets of the associate. D.
   The statement of financial performance reflects the share of the results of operations of the
  associates.
- Where there has been a change 57 ecognizes directly in the equity of the associate, Entity 57 ecognizes its share of any changes and discloses this, when applicable, in the statement of changes in net assets/equity.
- Surpluses and deficits resulting from transactions between the Government and the associate are eliminated to the extent of the interest in the associate.

Investments in joint ventures.





	<ul><li>Cost is determined using the FIFO method.</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>Inventories held for distribution for public benefit purposes are recorded at cost, adjusted where</li> </ul>
	applicable for any loss of services potential.
	<ul> <li>Inventories are reported under Current Assets in the Statement of Financial Position.</li> </ul>
24.	Loans Granted:
	Loans Granted are shown at estimated 56ecognizes value after providing for bad, doubtful debts and impairments.
25.	Investments:
	Investments in associates.
	<ul> <li>An Entity's investments in its associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>A Public Entity's investments in its joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method of accounting.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>A joint venture is a contractual arrangement whereby two or more parties undertake an economic activity that is subject to joint control.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Under the equity method, investments in joint ventures are carried in the consolidated statement</li> </ul>
	of financial position at cost plus post acquisition charges in Entity's share of net assets of the joint venture.
	<ul> <li>The statement of financial performance reflects the share of the results of operations of the joint venture.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Where there has been a change 58 recognizes directly in the equity of the joint venture, an Entity should 58ecognize its share of any changes and discloses this, when applicable, in the statement of changes in net assets/equity.</li> </ul>





 Surpluses and deficits resulting from transactions between Public Entity and Joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the interest in the joint venture.

#### Investment in Controlled entities (subsidiaries)

- The controlled entities are all entities (including special purpose entities) over which a Public Entity or its entities has the power to govern the financial and operating policies generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights.
- The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether Public Entity controls another Entity.
- The controlled entities are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Public Entity. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.
- Inter-group transactions, balances and 60ecognizes gains on transactions between inter-group transactions are eliminated, 60ecognizes losses are also eliminated.
- Accounting policies of controlled entities are consistent with the policies adopted by the Public Entity.

#### Impairment of Investments.

Entity determines at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that the investment is impaired, if this is the case Entity calculates the amount of impairment as being the difference between the recoverable value of the investment and the carrying value and 60ecognizes the amount in the statement of financial performance.

#### 26. Available for sale securities

• Where and Entity uses its surplus cash to purchase short-term investments, the financial assets are classified at initial recognition as available-for-sale.





- Available-for-sale financial assets are included in non-current assets unless Entity intends to dispose of the investment within 12 months of the reporting date.
- Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized at fair value on the trade-date (the
  date on which Entity commits to purchase or sell the asset) and subsequently at fair value with any
  resultant fair value gains or losses 61ecognizes in the statement of Net Assets/Equity.
- Realized gains and losses on sale of available-for-sale securities are recognized in the consolidated statement of financial performance as 'gains and losses from available-for-sale securities.'
- Impairment losses and interest on available-for-sale securities is calculated using the effective interest method and is recognized in the consolidated statement of financial performance as part of other income.
- The fair values of quoted investments are based on current bid prices. If the market for a financial asset is not active, the entity shall establish fair value using valuation techniques. These include: i.
   the use of recent arm's length transactions, ii. Reference to other instruments that are substantially the same iii. Discounted cash flow analysis iv. And option pricing models v. making maximum use of market inputs and relying as little as possible on entity-specific inputs.
- Entities shall ascertain at the date of preparation of each statement of financial report whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired.
- In the case of equity securities classified as available for sale, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the security below its cost is considered as an indicator that the securities are impaired.
- If any such evidence exists for available-for-sale financial assets, the cumulative loss measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognized is recognized in the statement of financial performance.

27.

Property, Plant & Equipment (PPE)



- All property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.
- Where an asset (other than land) is acquired in a non-exchange transaction for nil or nominal consideration the asset is initially 63 ecognizes at fair value, where fair value can be reliably determined and as income in the statement of financial performance (unless there are restrictions on the asset's use in which case income is deferred).
- All land held by Government owned entities is not included in the Entity's financial statements unless that land is to be used for development purposes.
- The following shall constitute expenditure on PPE: i. Amounts incurred on the purchase of such assets. Consumables are to be wholly expensed irrespective of their amounts. Ii. Construction Cost- including materials, labour and overheads. Iii. Improvements to existing PPE, which significantly enhance their useful life.

#### Cost

The cost of an item of PPE shall comprise: its purchase price, including import and non-recurring costs and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its location and working condition for its intended use. Any trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price. A. PPE shall be stated at cost or at their professional valuation less accumulated depreciation and impairment. B. The amount recorded for a PPE shall include all costs directly related to its acquisition including expenditures incurred to place the asset in usable condition for the Service. Accordingly, the cost of the assets shall include acquisition or construction costs, custom duties, transportation charges, professional fees and installation costs. Cash discounts shall be netted against the cost of the assets.

#### Capitalisation

■ The 64ecognizes6464on threshold shall be N250,000.00(Two hundred and fifty thousand naira only).





- Only amounts spent in connection with the above and whose values exceed (Two hundred and fifty thousand naira) N250, 000 shall be 65ecognizes65.
- All assets equal to or above this amount shall be recorded in the Fixed Assets Register. However in certain cases, it may be appropriate to aggregate individually insignificant value items such as chairs and tables, printers and UPS, etc. and apply the 65 ecognizes 6565 on threshold to the aggregate value.
- Fixed assets whose costs are below the capitalization threshold shall be charged appropriately to the following accounts: office supplies – furniture, office supplies – IT equipment, office supplies – household equipments, etc.
- Where an asset's category already exists for a newly acquired asset below the 65ecognizes6565on threshold, such an asset shall be 65ecognizes65 irrespective of its cost and recorded in the fixed assets register under the appropriate category

#### Depreciation

The cost of PPE shall be written off, from the time they are brought into use, on a straight line basis over their expected useful lives less any estimated residual value as follows:

a. Lease Properties Over the term of the lease

b. Buildings 2%

c. Plant and Machinery 10%

d. Motor Vehicles: 20%

e. Office Equipment: 25%

f. IT Equipment: 25%

g. Furniture and Fittings: 20%

h. Infrastructure 5%

i. Books 3%

j. Specific cultural and heritage assets Unlimited





- The full depreciation charge shall be applied to PPE in the months of acquisition and disposal, regardless of the day of the month the transactions was carried out.
- Fully depreciated assets that are still in use are carried in the books at a net book value of N10.00
- An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount or recoverable service amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount or recoverable service amount

#### Revaluation

- a. The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period
- b. Surplus arising from the revaluation shall be transferred to the revaluation reserve in the financial position under reserves and to the statement of changes in net assets/equity.
- c. In case of revaluation deficit, it shall be set against the respective asset value and the corresponding entry to either the revaluation reserve if surplus exists on the same class of asset, or to the statement of financial performance as an expense.

#### Disposal

Gains or losses on the disposal of fixed assets are to be included in the income statement as either an income or expense respectively.

#### Impairment

Entities shall test for impairments of its PPE where it suspects that impairment has occurred.

#### 28. Investment Property

These are cash-generating property owned by the Government/ its entities. The cost, 68ecognizes 6868 on, depreciation and impairment of Investment Property are same with PPE, but shall be reported separately in the GPFS.

#### 29. Intangible Assets

- a. These shall consist of assets that are not physically tangible which have been acquired and held for use from which benefits are derivable beyond a financial year.
- b. The cost of an item of intangible asset shall comprise: its purchase price, including non-recurring costs and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its state of intended use. Any trade discounts and rebates shall be deducted in arriving at the purchase price.





c. Intangible assets are tested for impairment and amortised over the estimated useful life using the straight line method on an annual basis.

d. Classes of Intangible Assets and their estimated useful lifes are as follows:

4 years

- i. Softwares acquired externally 3 years
- ii. Goodwill
- iii. Copyrights 4 years
- iv. Trademarks 4 years
- v. Other Intangible assets 4

#### 30. Deposits

- a. Deposits are amounts received in advance in respect of goods or services provided.
- b. Deposits can represent payments received early in the year for goods/services to be offered over
  the latter part of the year, or payments received in one year for services to be offered in subsequent
  years. Deposits for which the services are to be offered in the following 12 months shall be classified
  as Current Liabilities. Where the services are expected to span beyond the next 12 months, it shall be
  accounted for as a Non-Current Deposits and classified as Non-Current Liabilities.

#### 31. Loans& Debts

- a. Loans are funds received to be paid back at an agreed period of time. They are classified under liability in the General Purpose Financial Statement and are 70ecognizes70 as either short or long term.
- b. Short-term loans and debts are those repayable within one calendar year, while long-terms loans and debts shall fall due beyond one calendar year.

#### 32. Unremitted Deductions

- c. Unremmitted Deductions are monies owed to third parties such as tax authorities, schemes and associations and other government agencies. These include: tax deductions and other deductions at source.
- b. These amounts shall be stated in the GPFS at their repayment value, which shall be treated as Current Liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position.

#### 33. Payables

Payables are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### **Accrued Expenses**

d. These are monies payable to third parties in respect of goods and services received.





	b. Accrued Expenses for which payment is due in the next 12 months shall be classified as Current Liabilities. Where the payments are due beyond the next 12 months, it shall be accounted for as Non-Current Liabilities.
34.	Current Portion of Borrowings  This is the portion of the long-term loan/borrow that is due for repayment within the next 12 months.  This portion of the borrowings shall be classified under Current Liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position.
35.	Public Funds  a. These are balances of Government funds at the end of the financial year.  b. They are classified under the Non-Current Liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position and include: Trust Funds, Revolving Funds and other Funds created by Government.
36.	Reserves Reserves are classified under equity in the Statement of Financial Position and include: Statement of Financial Performance Surpluses/ (Deficit) and the Revaluation Reserve
37.	<ul> <li>Contingent Liability</li> <li>a. A contingent liability is a possible obligation arising from past events whose existence will be confirmed only by uncertain future event(s) or present obligation arising from past events that are</li> </ul>
	not 72ecognizes because either an outflow of economic benefit is not probable or the amount of the obligation cannot be reliably measured.  • b. Contingent liabilities shall only be disclosed in the Notes to the GPFS.
38.	<ul> <li>Leases: Finance leases  e. These are leases which effectively transfer to the lessee Entity substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to ownership of the leased item.</li> <li>f. They are 72ecognizes72 at the present value of the minimum lease payment.</li> <li>g. The leased assets and corresponding liabilities are disclosed while the leased assets are depreciated over the period the Entity is expected to benefit from their use.</li> <li>Operating Leases  h. Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases.</li> </ul>
	b. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the statement of financial performance on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.





39.	Financial Instruments
	<ul> <li>i. These form part of the Government's everyday operations. These financial instruments include Bank Accounts, Short Term Deposits, Trade and Accounts Receivable, Trade and Accounts Payable and Term Borrowings, all of which are 73 ecognizes in the Statement of Financial Position.</li> <li>b. Revenue and expenses in relation to all financial instruments are 73 ecognizes in the Statement of Financial Performance</li> </ul>
40.	Borrowings  a. Borrowings are recognized initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred.  b. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortized cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognized in the consolidated statement of financial performance over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.  c. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognized as transaction costs of the loan. The fee is capitalized and amortized over the period of the facility to which it relates.  d. Borrowings falling due within 12 months are classified as current liabilities while borrowings falling due more than 12 months are classified as long term borrowings.  e. Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalized and included in the cost of that asset.  f. A qualifying asset is an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale.
	g. All other borrowing costs are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.
41.	<b>Transfers to other government entities.</b> Transfers to other government entities are non-exchange items and are recognized as expenses in the statement of financial performance.
42.	Service Concession Arrangement:  Service Concession Arrangement Assets  a.Service Concession Assets are operated by third parties under the terms of Service Concession Arrangements. On classification the original service concession asset is measured at its fair value and any difference between its fair value and its book value is 74ecognizes in the Statement of Financial Performance.  b. Since the fair value of assets previously transferred under Service Concession Arrangements is not reliably available, Government has chosen to adopt the standard prospectively from 1 January 2016.



c. If the terms of the arrangement require Government to compensate the operator for the concession asset by making payments and the payments are separable between the asset and service portions of the payment then the fair value of the original service concession asset is the fair value of the asset portion of the payments. If however the asset and service portions of the payments are not separable, the fair value is determined using estimation techniques.

#### **Service Concession Arrangement Liabilities**

- a. When Government 75ecognizes a Service Concession Arrangement asset it also 75ecognizes a liability of an equal amount.
- b. The liability is split between a financial liability and a performance obligation.
- c. The financial liability arises from the payments due from an entity under the terms of the Service Concession Arrangement and the performance obligation from the rights granted to the operator under the terms of the Service Concession Arrangement to earn revenues from the Service Concession Assets(s) or associated asset(s).

### List of Abbreviations/Acronyms

Abbreviation/Term	Description
СВИ	Central Bank of Nigeria
COA	Chart of Account
FAAC	Federation Accounts Allocation Committee
FGN	Federal Government of Nigeria
FRC	Financial Reporting Council
GAAP	Generally Accepted Accounting Principles
GPFS	General Purpose Financial Statement
IPSAS	International Public Sector Accounting Standards
LFN	Law of the Federal Republic of Nigeria
MDA	Ministries, Departments and Agencies
NCOA	National Chart of Account
GBE	Government Business Enterprises
FRCoN	Financial Reporting Council of Nigeria
OAG	Office of the Accountant-General



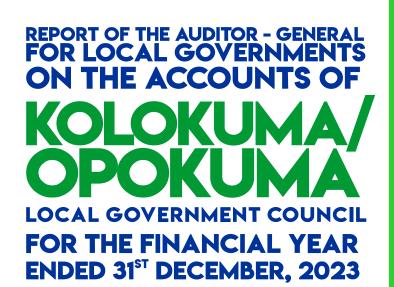


PPE	Properties, Plants and Equipment
FR	Financial Regulation
FRL	Fiscal Responsibility Law
FCMA	Finance (Control &Management) Act
IGR	Internally Generated Revenue
MDAs	Ministries, Departments, and Agencies
BYSG	Bayelsa State Government
CRFC	Consolidated Revenue Fund Charge
HCF	Honourable Commissioner for Finance
AuG	Auditor-General (State)
NAS	National Audit Standard
GAASG	General Accepted Audit Standard and Guidelines
нсс	Historical Cost Convention

8/5/2024

Lokpobiri Sanctus T.

Treasurer









HON. (BAR) INEMO ORUEBIMIEKUMO
ACTING CHAIRMAN KOLOKUMA/OPOKUMA
LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA



JOHN SYLVANUS AYEBATONYE
TREASURER/DFS KOLOKUMA/OPOKUMA LOCAL
GOVERNMENT COUNCIL BAYELSA STATE



KO
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### LOKUMA/OPOKUMA LOCAL GOVERNMEN

ram: LOCGOVSEC hone:

Headquarters Office P.M.B.1, Kalama, Bayelsa State.

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Your Rel

29th April, 2024.

#### STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

In reference to your letter (LGCON.21/VOL.11/100) dated 12th April, 2024, These Financial Statements and accounts have been prepared by the Treasurer of Kolokuma/Opokuma Local Government Council, Bayelsa State in accordance with the provisions of section 24 of the Finance (Control and Management) LFN 2004 & Section 85 (5) of the Constitution, Federal Republic of Nigeria and other relevant extant laws, regulations and policies. The accounting framework adopted in the preparation of the financial statements and accounts in IPSAS ACCRUAL accounting basis and the Financial Statements comply with generally accepted accounting policies and practice.

To fulfill the accounting and reporting responsibility, the Treasurer of Kolokuma/Opokuma Local Government Council is responsible for preparing, reporting, establishing and maintain a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that the transactions recorded are within statutory authority and properly record the receipts and payments of Public Financial resources by the Local Government.

In compliance with International Public Sector Accounting Standard (IPSAS) 33 (First Time Adoption of Accrual Basis IPSAS) and the guidelines issued by the Federation Account Allocation Committee (FAAC) Technical Sub Committee 2004 on IPSAS implementation, reasonable efforts have been made to ensure that the Financial Statements prepared herein reflect the true and fair view of the financial position of Kolokuma/Opokuma Local Government Council as at 31st December, 2023.

On behalf of Kolokuma/Opokuma Local Government Council, I write to accept responsibility for the integrity, credibility and objectively of the Financial Statements. The information embedded reflects the financial position of the Local Government as at 31st December, 2023.

Sylvanus A. John

Treasurer

Hon. (Barr) Inemo Oruebimiekumo CTC Chairman

#### **INTRODUCTION**

The Financial Statements of Kolokuma/Opokuma Local Government Council for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> December 2023 have been examined in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practice and section 51 subsection 1 and 2 of Bayelsa State Local Government Law 2000.

#### SUBMISSION OF REPORT:

In compliance with Section 5 subsection 2 of Bayelsa state Local Government Law 2000, it is my pleasure to humbly lay before the Honourable House of Assembly, Bayelsa State, and the Auditor-General for Local Governments' report on the Accounts of Kolokuma/Opokuma Local Government Council for the financial year ended 31<sup>st</sup> December, 2023.

#### **CONSTITUTIONALITY**

In accordance with the section of the Bayelsa State Local Government Law 2000 quoted above, the draft annual report and accounts including the related financial statements for the year ended 31st December 2023, was submitted to my office by the accounting officer on the 29<sup>th</sup> April, 2024.

#### STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE AND BASIS OF PREPARATION [IPSAS]

The General Purpose Financial Statements (GPFS) were prepared in compliance with the International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS) Accrual basis of accounting. The financial statements were presented in Nigeria Naira (N) and kobo (k) which is the functional and reporting currency in Nigeria. The accounting year to which the financial statements date is from 1st January to 31st December, 2023.

#### STATEMENT OF COMPLETENESS OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT REVENUE

Revenue accruable to Kolokuma/Opokuma Local Government Council from the Federation accounts and managed by the State Local Governments Joint Accounts Allocation Committee [SLGJAAC] were fairly stated. I have confirmed the completeness and correctness of the SLGJAAC receipts, the relevant deductions and balances of transfer of the SLGJAAC allocations accruable to the Local Government Council.

#### RESPONSIBILITY OF THE ACCOUNTING OFFICER

In line with the provisions of section 48 subsection 1 of Bayelsa State Local Government Law 2000, the accounting officer is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements. He is responsible for the general and overall supervision of all accounting activities of the local



government. In carrying out this mandate, he has the responsibility to;

- > Ensure that the treasury department of the council keep proper books of accounts that reasonably disclose the financial position of the local government.
- Establish and maintain a functional and adequate system of internal control designed to provide reasonable assurance that the transaction recorded reflect the utilization of the public financial resources.
- > Ensure that appropriate accounting policies and estimate are consistently deployed in the preparation of financial statements.
- > Taking steps to safeguard the assets of the local government and prevent and detect fraud and irregularities.

#### RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE AUDITOR-GENERAL FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENTS

The responsibility is to form or express an independent opinion based on the financial statements as presented by the accounting officer of the local government and report to the State House of Assembly.

## 2 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS FIVE YEARS FINANCIAL SUMMARY

#### REVENUE

Revenue	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Description		H	N	N	N
Opening Balance	512,159.90	27,191,416.03	-	-	-
Statutory Allocation	2,782,583,668.42	2,246,060,667.66	1,841,151,855.24	1,069,272,533.99	1,331,144,524.16
Independent					
Revenue	1,939,633.75	1,701,633.75	1,750,633.75	1,697,133.75	2,724,635.75
Other Revenue		36,627,773.77	-	-	-
Total	2,784,523,302.17	2,311,581,491.21	1,842,902,488.99	1,070,969,667.74	1,333,869,159.91

#### **EXPENDITURE**

Expenditure	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Description	H	H	H	H	H
Personnel Cost	1,128,166,553.88	1,071,383,182.93	1,025,136,416.20	289,402,277.01	328,545,141.51
Overhead Cost	716,764,716.86	947,930,359.35	564,416,971.22 343,174,548.15		394,314,064.47
Other Operating Cost					
/Statutory Deduction	201,648,769.96	217,820,789.03	158,477,333.79	659,242,901.14	775,365,236.90
Capital Expenditure	716,988,300.00	801,006,581.07	70,770,000.00	194,693,322.64	215,664,057.52
Total	2,763,768,340.70	3,038,140,912.38	1,818,800,721.21	1,486,513,048.94	1,713,888,500.40

#### PATTERN AND MANNER IN WHICH THE ACCOUNTS WERE KEPT AND RENDERED

Section 48 [1] of Bayelsa State Local Government Law 2000 requires the accounting officer of Kolokuma/Opokuma Local Government Council to, within three [3] month after 31<sup>st</sup> day of December, each year, transmit to the Auditor- General for Local Governments accounts showing the financial position of the local government on the said 31<sup>st</sup> day of December specified financial summary for five years.

#### The Financial Statements submitted for my audit are:

- 1. Statement of Financial Performance
- 2. Statement of Financial Position
- 3. Statement of Cash Flow
- 4. Statement of Changes in Net Assets
- 5. Statement of Recurrent Revenue
- 6. Statement of Recurrent Expenditure
- 7. Statement of External/Internal Loan
- 8. Statement of Personnel Cost
- 9. Statement of Overhead cost

#### **AUDIT QUERIES**

The Audit team raised few queries within the period under review, but the response of these queries was low due to the timing of the audit exercise. The key officers that are in charge of keeping the books of Account should do so, in order to avoid delay of Audit process by the External Auditors.

# GENERAL OBSERVATION/RECOMMENDATION BOOK KEEPING AND FINANCIAL CONTROL

The main and subsidiary books were maintained by the finance department of the Kolokuma/Opokuma Local Government Council for the period under review. The only observation the Audit team made in respect to the book keeping, is the delay in getting the books of accounts ready as at when due.

So, I recommend that the books of account be updated whenever a transaction takes place so as to avoid delay in getting the books ready for the Audit.

#### a] BANK RECONCILIATION

During the period under review, audit observed that the council [accounts department] did not prepare bank reconciliation statement with respect to its transactions with approved banks monthly. This statutory requirement is part of the overall control system whereby cash

book balance [bank column] is reconciled with the bank balance to avoid loss of financial assets.

**REQUIRED ACTION:** The council treasurer should in subsequent years prepared monthly bank reconciliation as statutory required.

#### **INTERNAL CONTROL**

Chapter 40.1 of the model financial memoranda [FM] states that an internal audit unit headed by an internal auditor be established in the local government council to provide a complete and continues audit of the accounts and records of revenue, expenditures, plant, allocated and unallocated stores where applicable with reference to basic internal accounting control of the local government council which are relevant to the expression of an audit opinion on the financial statements.

The Audit team observed that some of the transactions/activities of the council, were not properly classified into the various heads and sub-heads in the expenditure abstract.

**ACTION REQUIRED:** The accounting officer should liaise with experts to establish a functional internal audit department in the council as statutorily required. The accounting officer should also get a copy of the Chart of Account [COA] and work accordingly.

### **GOVERNMENT OF BAYELSA STATE OF NIGERIA**

Office of the Auditor-General for Local Governments

e-mail address: localgovtsauditbys@gmail.com

LGCON.21/VOL.II/108

State Govt. Secretariat P.M.B. 30 Yenagoa, Bayelsa State. 25<sup>th</sup> July, 2024

Date

#### AUDIT CERTIFICATE

In compliance with section 125(2) of the Constitution of the Federal Republic of Nigeria 1999 (as amended) and Section 55(3) of the Bayelsa State Audit Law 2021, the audit of the Financial Statements of Kolokuma / Opokuma Local Government Council of Bayelsa State for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> December, 2023 was conducted in accordance with the provisions of the financial memoranda and other relevant regulations.

The audit was conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and INTOSAI Auditing Standards



Within the period under review, the information presented in the General Purpose Financial Statements are in compliance with the International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS) Accrual basis of accounting as prescribed in the statement of accounting policies.

In my opinion, the Financial Statements which agree with the books of Accounts and records show a true and fair view of the Financial Position of Kolokuma / Opokuma Local Government Council for the year ended 31st December, 2023.

Office of the Auditor – General For Local Governments P.M.B. 30, Yenagoa Fagha Henry Prenanagha (NA. ACTLORES, ROTE Auditor – General for Local Governments Bayelsa State.

All Correspondence to be addressed to the Auditor-General for Local Governments



### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE (INCOME & EXPENDITURE) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 2023

Actual 2022		Notes	Actual 2023	Final Budget 2023	Initial Budget 2023	Supplementary Budget 2023	Variance on Final Budget
	REVENUE			J			· ·
	Government share of						
1,321,081,348.78	FAAC(Statutory Revenue)	1	1,495,898,102.62	1,201,884,113.33	1,201,884,113.33		294,013,989.29
924,979,318.88	Government share of VAT	2	1,286,685,565.80	526,569,341.01	526,569,341.01		760,116,224.79
	Tax Revenue			-	-		•
1,701,633.75	Non – Tax Revenue	3	1,939,633.75	69,990,000.00	69,990,000.00		68,050,366.25
-	Investment Income			-	-		-
-	Interest Earned			-	-		-
-	AID & Grants			•	-		•
36,627,773.77	Other Revenue				-		•
2,284,390,075.18	Total Revenue		2,784,523,302.17	1,798,443,454.34	1,798,443,454.34	-	1,122,180,580.33
	EXPENDITURE						
1,071,383,182.93	Salaries & Wages	4B	1,128,366,553.86	1,135,786,849.25	1,036,878,270.17	98,908,579.08	7,420,295.39
151,232,408.59	Social Benefits	5	166,874,993.63		-		-
947,930,359.35	Overhead Cost	6B	716,764,716.88	720,261,663.27	619,453,663.27	100,808,000.00	3,496,946.39
	Grants & Contributions				-		-
	Depreciation	7B	63,863,085.40		-		-
29,960,606.67	Transfer to other Govt Entities	8	34,773,776.33		-		-
2,200,506,557.54	Total Expenditure		2,110,643,126.10	1,856,048,512.52	1,656,331,933.44	199,716,579.08	10,917,241.78
83,883,517.64	Surplus from Operating Activities for the period		673,880,176.07				_
, ,	·		<u> </u>				
	Public Debt Repayment	11		-	-	-	-
	Gain/Loss on Disposal of asset						
	Gain/Loss on Disposal of asset						
	Total non- operating revenue						
	(expenses)		_	_			

### **STATEMENT 1**

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE (INCOME & EXPENDITURE) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 3IST DECEMBER, 2023

	Surplus/ (deficit) from Ordinary						
83,883,517.64	Activities	13	673,880,176.07	-	-	-	1
	Miniority Interest share of						
-	surpus/deficit		,	-	-	-	-
	Net Surplus/(Deficit) for the						
83,883,517.64	period		673,880,176.07	-		-	-

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the General Purpose Financial Statement (GPFS)

عرام عرام عرام المحادث عرام ال

**Treasurer** 



# STATEMENT 2 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (BALANCE SHEET) AS AT 31ST DECEMBER, 2023

	Economic Code	Notes	20	2023		2
			₩	₩	N	N
ASSETS						
Current Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	3101-4	9A	11,360,015.42		512,159.90	
Inventories	3105		-		-	
Receivables	3106-7		-		-	
Prepayments	3108		-		-	
Α				11,360,015.42		512,159.90
Non-Current Assets						
Loans & Debts (short- term)	3110		-		-	
Investments	3109		-		-	
Property, Plant & Equipment	3201	10A	2,033,530,584.60		-	
Investment Property	3202		=		-	
Intangible Assets	3301		-		-	
В			-	2,033,530,584.60		-
Total Assets C = A+B				2,044,890,600.02		-
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities	4404					
Deposits Short Term Loans &	4101 4102		-		-	
Debts	4102				-	
Unremitted Deductions	4103		-		-	
Accrued Expenses	4104		-		-	
Current Portion of Borrowings	4105		-		-	
D			_	-		
Non-Current Liabilities						

# STATEMENT 2 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (BALANCE SHEET) AS AT 31ST DECEMBER, 2023

Public Funds	4601		-			-
Borrowings	4602	11A			10,123,964.42	-
E			-	-	10,123,964.42	
Total Liabilities: $F = D + E$				-		10,123,964.42
Net Assets: $G = C - F$				2,044,890,600.02		10,636,124.32
NET ASSETS/EQUITY						
Reserves	4701	12	1,371,010,423.95		=	
Surpluses/(Deficits)	4702	13	673,880,176.07		-	
Total Net Assets/Equity				2,044,890,600.02		10,636,124.32

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the General Purpose Financial Statement (GPFS)

Sylvanus A. John

JUAD 29/04/2024

**Treasurer** 



# STATEMENT 3 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED 3IST DECEMBER, 2023

Description	Notes	20	23	2022		
		₩	₩	N	₩	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Inflows						
Government Share of FAAC (Statutory Revenue)	1, 1B	1,495,898,102.62		1,321,081,348.78		
Government Share of VAT	2	1,286,685,565.80		924,979,318.88		
Direct Taxes		-				
Licenses		-				
Fines		-		-		
Royalties		-		-		
Fees	ЗА	823,000.00		490,000.00		
Earnings & Sales	ЗА	1,116,633.75		1,211,633.75		
Rents of Government Properties		-		-		
Investment Income		-		-		
Interest & Repayment General		-		-		
Re- imbursement		-		-		
Funds from Special Accounts		-		-		
Domestic Aid & Grants		-		-		
External Aid & Grants		-		-		
Gains from exchange transactions		-		-		
Other Revenue (e.g. plea Bargain)		-		36,627,773.77		
Total inflow from Operating Activities			2,784,523,302.17		2,284,390,075.18	
Outflows						
Salaries & Wages	4A	1,128,366,553.86		1,071,383,182.93		
Social Benefits	5A	166,874,993.63		151,232,408.59		

# STATEMENT 3 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR

Overhead Cost	6A	716,764,716.88		947,930,359.35	
Grants & Contributions	0A	/10,/04,/10.00		947,930,339.33	
Subsidies		-			
		24 772 774 22		20.000.000.07	
Transfer to other Government Entities	8	34,773,776.33		29,960,606.67	
Public Debts Repayment				-	
Total Outflow from Operating			(2,046,780,040.70)		(2,200,506,557.54)
Activities (B)			(2,010,700,010.70)		(2,200,200,237134)
Net Cash Inflow/(Outflow) From Operating Activities* C=(A-B)			737,743,261.47		83,883,517.64
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING					
<u>ACTIVITIES</u>					
Proceeds from Sale of PPE		-		-	
Proceeds from Sales of Investment					
Property		_			
Proceeds from Sale of Intangible Assets		-		-	
Proceeds from Sale of Investment		-		=	
Dividends Received		-			
		-			
Purchase/Construction of PPE	14	(716,988,300.00)		(73,935,000.00)	
Purchase/Construction of Investment Prope	rty	-		-	
Purchase of Intangible Assets		-		-	
Acquisition of Investments		-		-	
Net Cash Flow from Investing Activites			(716,988,300.00)		(73,935,000.00)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Proceeds from Borrowings	11A			-	
Repayment of Borrowings		(10,123,964.42)		(36,627,773.77)	
Distribution of Surplus/Dividends Paid		-		<u>-</u>	

# STATEMENT 3 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED 3IST DECEMBER, 2023

Net Cash Flow from Financing Activities			(10,123,964.42)		(36,627,773.77)
Net Cash Flow from all Activities			10,630,997.05		(26,679,256.13)
Cash & Its Equivalent as at 1/1/2023			729,018.37		27,408,274.50
Cash & Its Equivalent as at 31/12/2023			11,360,015.42		729,018.37
Notes: 1					
RECONCILIATION:					
Surplus/ (Deficit) per Statement of	13	672 990 176 07			
Performance	15	673,880,176.07		-	
Add back non cash movement-		=		=	
Depreciation Charges	7A	63,863,085.40		-	
Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities		737,743,261.47		-	
Note: 2					
Cash & its equivalent as at 31/12/2023					
Cash Balances		-		-	
Bank Balances	9A	11,360,015.42	11,360,015.42	-	729,018.37

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the General Purpose Financial Statement (GPFS)

JUARON 29/04/2024

Sylvanus A. John Treasurer



	Notes	Revaluation Reserve ?	Translation Reserve ?	Accummulated Surpluses ?	Total ?
Balance as at 1st January 2023	12	1,371,010,423.95	-	-	1,371,010,435.95
Changes in Accounting Policy					
Restated Balance		1,371,010,423.95		-	1,371,010,435.95
Surplus on Revaluation of Properties					
Deficit on Revaluation of Investments					
Net Gains and losses not recognized in the statement of Financial Performance					-
Net Surplus for the year	13	673,880,176.07	-	-	673,880,176.07
Balance at 31 December 2023		-		-	,
Deficit on Revaluation of Property		-		-	,
Surplus on Revaluation of Investments		-		-	
Net gains and Losses not Recognised in the					
Statement of Financial Performance					
Net deficit for the Period					
Balance at 31 December 2023	·	2,044,890,600.02	-	-	2,044,890,612.02

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the General Purpose Financial Statement (GPFS)

عرام عرام عرام المحادث عرام المحادث ا

Treasurer



### **NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS**

# KOLOKUMA/OPOKUMA LOCAL GOVERNMENT COUNCIL NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2023

Note		Ref Sup. Note	Amount	Amount		Remarks
	A. Share of Statutory Allocation from FAAC	Note	Alliount	Alliount		Remarks
	Net share of Statutory Allocation from FAAC	1	996,743,063.17			
	Add: Deduction at source	1A		4 004 000 000 50		
	Add: Deduction at source	IA.	38,192,957.36	1,034,936,020.53		
	Share of Statutory Allocation (Other Agencies)	2		499,155,039.45		
	Share of Statutory Allocation (Excess Crude Oil)			-		
	Total (Gross) Statutory Allocation			1,495,898,102.62		
2	B. Value Added Tax					
	Share of Value Added Tax (VAT)			1,286,685,565.80		
	Internally Generated Revenue (Independent Revenue)					
		Ref Sup.				
3	NON TAX REVENUE	Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	
	RATES GENERAL (TENEMENT RATE)					
	LICENSE GENERAL		-			
	FEES GENERAL		823,000.00			
	FINES GENERAL		-			
	EARNINGS GENERAL		1,116,633.75			
	Sale/Rent of Government Property		-			
			1,939,633.75			
4	WAGES AND SALARIES			2023		2022
		Ref Sup. Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	Actual
4A	PERSONNEL COST	4A	7101441	- Lugot	70 741141100	7101001
	ADMINISTRATIVE SECTOR		258,831,192.62	_	_	-
	ECONOMIC SECTOR		107,215,021.97	-		-
	SOCIAL SECTOR		703,485,768.82	_		_
	REGIONAL SECTOR		-	_	-	-
	LAW AND JUSTICE		_			
	SUBTOTAL		1,069,531,983.41	-	-	-
4B	CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND CHARGES	4B	58,634,570.47	_		_
40	TOTAL WAGES AND SALARIES	40	1,128,166,553.88	-		-
4C	PERSONNEL ANALYSIS			2023		2022
+0	I ENGONNEL ANALIGIO	Ref Sup.		2023		2022
		Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	Actual
	TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR		350	0	0	3
	TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES EMPLOYED IN 2023		0	0	0	
	TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES RETIRED DURING THE YEAR		7	0	0	
	TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES AT THE END OF THE YEAR 2023		343	0	0	3

# KOLOKUMA/OPOKUMA LOCAL GOVERNMENT COUNCIL NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2023

5	SOCIAL BENEFITS			2023		2022
		Ref Sup.				-
		Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	Actual
	ADMINISTRATIVE SECTOR	5A	166,874,993.63	-		
	ECONOMIC SECTOR		-			
	SOCIAL SECTOR		-			
	REGIONAL SECTOR		-			
	LAW AND JUSTICE	1	-			
6	OVERHEAD COST			2023		2022
		Ref Sup				
		Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	Actual
6A	OVERHEAD COST BY FUNCTION	6A				
	TRAVEL & TRANSPORT - GENERAL		135,039,987.91			
	UTILITIES – GENERAL		309,508,782.62			
	MATERIALS AND SUPPLY - GENERAL		6,850,000.00	15,300,000.00		
	MAINTENANCE SERVICES – GENERAL		140,269,881.65			
	FUEL AND LUBRICANT - GENERAL		122,921,205.24	6,500,000.00		
	FINANCIAL CHARGES - GENERAL		2,174,859.47	7,000,000.00		
	TOTAL		716,764,716.89			
-	OVERHEAD COST BY SECTOR	118				
	ADMINISTRATIVE SECTOR		358,432,358.42			
	ECONOMIC SECTOR		243,618,003.77			
	SOCIAL SECTOR		114,714,354.70			
	REGIONAL SECTOR		-			
	LAW & JUSTICE		-			
	TOTAL		716,764,716.89			
7	DEPRECIATION			2023		2022
′	DEFRECIATION	Ref Sup.		2023		2022
		Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	Actual
	BUILDING – GENERAL	7A	18,647,142.73	g	70 141141100	
	INFRASTRUCTURE – GENERAL	+	32,894,166,67			
	PLANT & MACHINERY – GENERAL	+	5,614,250.00			
	I E III G III G III G E II E I G E		0,011,200.00			
	TRANSPORTATION FOUIPMENT - GENERAL		<b>-</b> 1		l l	
	TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT - GENERAL		770 105 00			
	OFFICE EQUIPMENT		770,105.00			
	OFFICE EQUIPMENT FURNITURE & FITTINGS – GENERAL		5,937,421.00			
	OFFICE EQUIPMENT					
8	OFFICE EQUIPMENT FURNITURE & FITTINGS – GENERAL		5,937,421.00			
8	OFFICE EQUIPMENT FURNITURE & FITTINGS – GENERAL TOTAL	8A	5,937,421.00 <b>63,863,085.40</b>	7,500,000.00		
8	OFFICE EQUIPMENT FURNITURE & FITTINGS – GENERAL TOTAL TRANSFER TO OTHER GOVERNMENT ENTITIES	8A	5,937,421.00	7,500,000.00		-

# KOLOKUMA/OPOKUMA LOCAL GOVERNMENT COUNCIL NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2023

_	I	1			
		Ref Sup.			
9	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT	Note	2023	2022	
	CASH IN HAND		3,765.49	158,965.49	
	CASH AT BANK	9A	11,356,249.93	353,194.41	
	TOTAL		11,360,015.42	512,159.90	
ĺ		Ref Sup.			
10	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	Note	31/12/2023	01/01/2023	
	BUILDING-GENERAL		986,043,327.27	880,690,470.00	
	INFRASTRUCTURE – GENERAL		968,455,833.33	412,550,000.00	
	PLANT & MACHINERY – GENERAL		50,528,250.00	56,142,500.00	
	TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT- GENERAL		-	-	
	OFFICE EQUIPMENT-GENERAL		2,310,315.00	3,080,420.00	
	FURNITURE AND FITTINGS		26,192,859.00	27,941,980.00	
	TOTAL		2,033,530,584.60	1,380,405,370.00	
		Ref Sup.			
11	BORROWINGS	Note	2023	2022	
	EXTERNAL LOANS				
	DOMESTIC LOANS				
	TOTAL				
		Ref Sup.			
12	RESERVES	Note	2023	2022	
	FOR THE YEAR		1,371,010,423.95		
		Ref Sup.			
13	SURPLUS	Note	2023	2022	
	FOR THE YEAR		673,880,176.07		
		Ref Sup.			
14	PURCHASE/CONSTRUCTION OF PPE	Note	2023	2022	
	BUILDING	1,500	124,000,000.00		
	INFRASTRUCTURE		588,800,000.00		
	PLANTS AND EQUIPMENTS		-		
	TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT		-		<del> </del>
	OFFICE EQUIPMENT				
	FURNITURE AND FITTINGS		4,188,300.00		<del> </del>
	TOTAL		716,988,300.00		
	TOTAL		7 10,908,300.00		



### KOLOKUMA/OPOKUMA LOCAL GOVERNMENT COUNCIL NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 2023

## SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 1 SHARE OF FAAC (STATUTORY REVENUE)

	NET RECEIPT	ADD: DEDUCTIONS AT SOURCE	
DETAILS/ MONTH	SEE SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 1A	(SEE – SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 1A	GROSS
	₩	NOTE IA	₩
JANUARY	136,483,203.45	4,094,496.10	140,577,699.55
FEBRUARY	78,817,663.14	2,364,529.89	81,182,193.03
MARCH	75,013,705.01	2,250,411.15	77,264,116.16
APRIL	102,251,179.48	3,067,535.38	105,318,714.86
MAY	72,633,642.80	2,179,009.28	74,812,652.08
JUNE	109,859,046.89	3,295,771.41	113,154,818.30
JULY	61,590,621.74	1,847,718.65	63,438,340.39
AUGUST	79,970,036.02	2,399,101.08	82,369,137.10
SEPTEMBER	64,621,257.24	10,229,303.19	74,850,560.43
OCTOBER	80,120,448.18	2,403,613.45	82,524,061.63
NOVEMBER	61,953,486.61	1,858,604.60	63,812,091.21
DECEMBER	73,428,772.61	2,202,863.18	75,631,635.79
GRAND TOTAL	996,743,063.17	38,192,957.36	1,034,936,020.53

### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 1A NET STATUTORY ALLOCATION

DETAILS/ MONTH	GROSS STATUTORY ALLOCATION (a)	TOTAL DEDUCTIONS (b)	NET ALLOCATION c = (a - b)
	₩	H	₩
JANUARY	140,577,699.55	4,094,496.10	136,483,203.45
FEBRUARY	81,182,193.03	2,364,529.89	78,817,663.14
MARCH	77,264,116.16	2,250,411.15	75,013,705.01
APRIL	105,318,714.86	3,067,535.38	102,251,179.48
MAY	74,812,652.08	2,179,009.28	72,633,642.80
JUNE	113,154,818.30	3,295,771.41	109,859,046.89
JULY	63,438,340.39	1,847,718.65	61,590,621.74
AUGUST	82,369,137.10	2,399,101.08	79,970,036.02
SEPTEMBER	74,850,560.43	10,229,303.19	64,621,257.24
OCTOBER	82,524,061.63	2,403,613.45	80,120,448.18
NOVEMBER	63,812,091.21	1,858,604.60	61,953,486.61
DECEMBER	75,631,635.79	2,202,863.18	73,428,772.61
GRAND TOTAL	1,034,936,020.53	38,192,957.36	996,743,063.17

### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 1B ANALYSIS OF SHARE OF STATUTORY ALLOCATION (OTHER AGENCIES)

ECONOMIC CODE	DESCRIPTION	JANUARY	FEBRUARY	MARCH	APRIL	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUGUST	SEPTEMBER	OCTOBER	NOVEMBER	DECEMBER	GRAND TOTAL
11010101	ELECTRONIC MONEY TRANSFER LEVY	8,242,773.36	4,507,868.47	4,025,746.07	5,025,665.94	4,965,510.16	4,945,438.73	3,898,402.19	4,376,569.89	4,857,495.57	3,802,922.44	5,317,011.91	4,087,977.60	58,053,382.33
11010101	NON OIL REVENUE		22,115,739.89			5,307,777.57					-	13,269,443.93		40,692,961.39
11010101	NON OIL REVENUE 2		3,416,881.81			2,211,573.99								5,628,455.80
11010101	FOREX EQUALISATION 1			23,088,832.44		9,620,346.85								32,709,179.29
11010101	FOREX EQUALISATION 2		-			3,848,138.74								3,848,138.74
11010101	SOLID MINERALS					3,209,538.38								3,209,538.38
11010101	EXCHANGE GAIN DIFFERENCE	4,853,716.58					128,749.33							4,982,465.91
11010101	EXCHANGE GAIN DIFFERENCE 2						28,174,943.46	65,555,871.19	59,310,409.69	48,045,398.38	35,955,769.30	39,178,112.28	73,810,423.31	350,030,917.61
		13,096,489.94	30,040,490.17	27,114,578.51	5,025,665.94	29,162,885.69	33,249,131.52	69,454,273.38	63,686,979.58	52,902,893.95	39,758,681.74	57,764,568.12	77,898,400.91	499,155,039.45

### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 2 ANALYSIS OF SHARE OF VALUE ADDED TAX VAT

							(	)						
ECONOMIC CODE	DESCRIPTION	JANUARY	FEBRUARY	MARCH	APRIL	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUGUST	SEPTEMBER	OCTOBER	NOVEMBER	DECEMBER	GRAND TOTAL
11010202	VALUE ADDED TAX	92,743,731.01	116,858,843.61	70,602,470.33	107,607,626.35	123,837,949.89	89,363,360.94	119,714,143.71	115,407,267.78	106,022,434.70	115,432,795.31	123,800,345.78	105,294,596.39	1,286,685,565.80

#### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 3 NON - TAX REVENUE

ECONOMIC														
CODE	DESCRIPTION	JANUARY	FEBRUARY	MARCH	APR <b>I</b> L	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUGUST	SEPTEMBER	OCTOBER	NOVEMBER	DECEMBER	TOTAL
	FEES - RIGHT OF													
12020459	OCCUPANCY FEES													
	FEES - INDIGINE													
12020466	REGISTRATION FEES									-	-			
12020501	FINES - FINES/PENALTIES	23,500.00	11,500.00	16,500.00	155,000.00	20,500.00	87,000.00		152,000.00	145,000.00	92,500.00	64,500.00	55,000.00	823,000.00
	EARNINGS - EARNINGS													
	FROM COMMERCIAL													
12020711	ACTIVITIES		260,000.00		516,633.75	100,000.00		240,000.00	-	-	-	-	-	1,116,633.75
	TOTAL	23,500.00	271,500.00	16,500.00	671,633.75	120,500.00	87,000.00	240,000.00	152,000.00	145,000.00	92,500.00	64,500.00	55,000.00	1,939,633.75



MONTHS	COUNCIL SALARIES	HEALTH WORKERS SALARIES N	TEACHERS SALARIES	CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND CHARGES - SALARIES 9B N	SALARY ARREARS	ALLOWANCE	TOTAL
	21010101	21010101	21010101	21010103			N
JANUARY	20,166,414.70	25,136,248.45	32,950,507.85	-	10,000,000.00	-	88,253,171.00
FEBRUARY	19,755,521.37	25,136,248.45	32,955,507.85	-	10,000,000.00	-	87,847,277.67
MARCH	20,262,366.03	25,136,248.45	32,759,751.78	-	10,000,000.00	ū	88,158,366.26
APRIL	20,212,366.03	25,245,793.95	32,759,751.78	-	10,000,000.00	-	88,217,911.76
MAY	20,303,070.11	25,196,395.95	32,711,660.49	-	10,000,000.00	-	88,211,126.55
JUNE	20,263,070.11	25,196,395.95	32,711,660.49	-	10,000,000.00	-	88,171,126.55
JULY	20,263,070.11	25,196,395.95	32,716,885.78	-	10,000,000.00	-	88,176,351.84
AUGUST	20,160,638.18	25,196,395.95	33,716,885.78	14,275,714.09	10,000,000.00	-	103,349,634.00
SEPTEMBER	20,160,638.18	25,196,395.95	33,462,183.53	10,839,714.09	10,000,000.00	-	99,658,931.75
OCTOBER	20,263,332.93	25,196,395.95	33,462,183.53	11,239,714.09	10,000,000.00	-	100,161,626.50
NOVEMBER	22,117,863.42	27,260,753.95	33,462,183.53	11,239,714.09	10,000,000.00	-	104,080,514.99
DECEMBER	22,117,863.42	27,260,753.95	33,462,183.53	11,239,714.09	10,000,000.00	-	104,080,514.99
GRAND TOTAL	246,046,214.59	306,354,422.90	397,131,345.92	58,834,570.45	120,000,000.00		1,128,366,553.86

## SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 4A WAGES AND SALARIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 2023

S/No	ADMIN CODE	ECON CODE	HEAD DESCRIPTION	EST <b>I</b> MATE	SUPPLEMENT	TOTAL	ACTUAL	EXCESS	SAVINGS
				N	N	N	N	N	N
		Sector:	ADMINISTRATIVE						
1			OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN		29,771,306,72	29,771,306.72	29,321,377.80	449,928.92	
					,,	,,	,,	,	
2		21010103	OFFICE OF THE VICE CHAIRMAN		5,898,626.48	5,898,626.48	5,874,427.70	24,198.78	
3		21010103	SECRETARY TO THE LOCAL GOVT.		3,014,645.88	3,014,645.88	2,172,764.95	841,880.93	
4		21010103	LEGISLATORS		22,224,000.00	22,224,000.00	21,266,000,02	957,999,98	
5		21010101	ADMINISTRATIVE DEPARTMENT	221,160,011.43	38,000,000.00	259,160,011.43	258,831,192.62	328,818.81	
			SUBTOTAL	221,160,011,43	98,908,579.08	320,068,590.51	317,465,763.09		
		Sector:	ECONOMIC	,200,022.40	-	020,000,000.02	527,705,705.05	-	
6		21010101	DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND SUPPLIES	107,411,603.78	-	107,411,603.78	107,215,021.97	196,581.81	
			DEPARTMENT OF BUDGET.						
			PLANNING.						
7		21010101	RESEARCH AND			-			
			STATISTICS						
			DEPARTMENT OF						
8		21010101	AGRICULTURE &			-			
			NATURAL RESOURCES						
			WORKS, TRANSPORT,						
0		21010101	HOUSING,						
9		21010101	LANDS & SURVEY						
			DEPARTMENT						
			SUBTOTAL	107,411,603.78	-	107,411,603.78	107,215,021.97		
		Sector:	LAW & JUSTICE						
10		21010101	LEGAL DEPARTMENT	3,746,654.96		3,746,654.96			
			SUBTOTAL	3,746,654.96	-	3,746,654.96			
		Sector:	SOCIAL SECTOR						
			SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT,						
11		21010101	EDUCATION,	398,000,000.00		398,000,000.00	397,131,345.92	868,654.08	
		1	INFORMATION, SPORTS						
		+	AND CULTURE DEPARTMENT OF PRIMARY						
			HEALTH CARE	306,560,000.00		306,560,000.00	306,554,422.88	5,577.12	
		1	SUBTOTAL	704,560,000.00		704,560,000.00	703,685,768.80		
12		21010101	GRAND TOTAL	1,036,878,270.17	98,908,579.08	1,135,786,849.25	1,128,366,553.86		





### **SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE B**

CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND CHARGES – SALARIES									
DESCRIPTION	MONTHLY ESTIMATE	ANNUAL PAID	TOTAL						
CHAIRMAN	5,264,275.56	26,321,377.80	26,321,377.80						
CHAIRMAN'S AIDES	600,000.00	3,000,000.00	3,000,000.00						
VICE CHAIRMAN	1,174,885.54	5,874,427.70	5,874,427.70						
SECRETARY TO THE LG	434,552.99	2,172,764.95	2,172,764.95						
LEGISLATORS	3,299,942.73	16,132,760.02	16,132,760.02						
SUPERVISORS	1,050,000.00	5,133,240.00	5,133,240.00						
TOTAL	11,823,656.82	58,634,570.47	58,634,570.47						

# SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 4C PERSONNEL ANALYSIS

		2023		2022
	ACTUAL	BUDGET	VARIANCE	ACTUAL
TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	350	0	0	359
TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES EMPLOYED IN 2023	NIL	0	0	NIL
TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES RETIRED DURING THE YEAR	7	0	0	8
TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES AT THE END OF THE YEAR 2023	343	0	0	350

# NOTE 5A ANAYSIS OF EMPLOYEES SOCIAL BENEFITS

MONTHS	GRATUITY	PENSION	DEATH BENEFITS	TOTAL
JANUARY	-	13,521,527.69	-	13,521,527.69
FEBRUARY	-	14,041,708.14	-	14,041,708.14
MARCH	-	13,437,193.49	-	13,437,193.49
APRIL	=	14,067,104.20	-	14,067,104.20
MAY	-	14,384,515.04	-	14,384,515.04
JUNE	-	13,650,006.44	-	13,650,006.44
JULY	-	13,904,580.22	-	13,904,580.22
AUGUST	-	13,705,297.13	-	13,705,297.13
SEPTEMBER	-	13,469,912.29	-	13,469,912.29
OCTOBER	-	14,314,713.23	-	14,314,713.23
NOVEMBER	-	14,056,293.37	-	14,056,293.37
DECEMBER	-	14,322,142.39	-	14,322,142.39
GRAND TOTAL	-	166,874,993.63	-	166,874,993.63





#### SUPPLEMETARY NOTE 6A ANALYSIS OF OVERHEAD PAYMENTS

MONTHS	TRAVEL & TRANSPORT - GENERAL	UTILITIES-GENERA 220202	MATERIALS AND SUPPLY - GENERA	SERVICES_	FUEL AND LUBRICANT - GENERAL	FINANCIAL CHARGES - GENERAL	TOTAL
	220201	220202	220203	220204	220208	220209	
	N	×	Ħ	Ħ	N		Ħ
JANUARY	2,740,000.	00	-	- 28,579,209.30		- 20,050.01	31,339,259.3
FEBUARY	5,100,000.00		-		-	71,507.13	5,171,507 <mark>.1</mark>
MARCH	10,250,000	00	- 80,000.0	0 27,716,600.00		- 2,068.15	38,048,668 <mark>.1</mark>
APR <b>I</b> L	8,150,000.	00	-	- 14,526,539.54	9,485,000.00	167,139.86	32,328,679 <mark>.4</mark>
MAY	7,925,000.	00	-		-	107,261.31	8,032,261 <mark>.3</mark>
JUNE	7,285,000.	00 68,729,391.	31	- 603,141.5	0 -	39,895.64	76,657,428. <mark>4</mark>
JULY		- 68,729,391	31	- 65,000.0	0 39,744,050.71	88,628.78	108,627,070.8
AUGUST	5,985,000.	00 34,290,000.0	o o	- 50,000.0	0	74,640.05	40,399,640.0
SEPTEMBE		- 34,290,000.0	D	-	- 4,443,200.00	115,139.02	38,848,339.0
OCTOBER		- 34,290,000.0	O .	-	66,644,091.31	1,130,949.84	102,065,041.1
NOVEMBER	35,621,559.	73 34,590,000.0	6,700,000.0	0	- 947,863.22	174,273.83	78,033,696.7
DECEMBER	51,983,428.	18 34,590,000.0	70,000.0	0 68,729,391.3	1 1,657,000.00	183,305.85	157,213,125.3
	135,039,987.9	1 309,508,782.	62 6,850,000.0	140,269,881.6	5 122,921,205.2	4 2,174,859.4	7 716,764,716.8

#### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 6B

				ANAYSISO	FOVERHEAD COST FO	RTHEYEAR 2023				
s/NO	S/NO	ADMIN	GRP	HEAD DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATE	SUPPLEMENTARY	TOTAL	ACTUAL	SAVINGS	EXCESS
		SECTOR		ADMINISTRATIVE						
1	1	SECION	,	OFFICEOF THE CHAIRMAN	_	28,700,000.00	28,700,000.00	28.678.588.67	21,411.33	_
2	2		-	VICECHAIRMAN		10.828.000.00	10.828.000.00	10,754,470.75	73.529.25	
3	3		1	SECRETARY TO THE LG	=	7,320,000.00	7,320,000.00	7,169,647.17	150,352.83	-
			1	LEGISLATORS	_	53.960.000.00	53,960,000.00	53,722,353,76	237,646.24	
4				ADMINISTRATIVE DEPT	258,950,732,66	30,000,000.00	258,950,732,66	258,107,298,07	843,434,59	
5			·	Sub Total	258,950,732,66	100,808,000,00	359,758,732,66	358,432,358,42	0.10,10.100	
6		SECTOR		ECONOMIC	-	,,	,,	,,	-	-
	4		2	DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE	25,475,366,33	_	25,475,366.33	25,093,765,09	381,601,24	_
7	5		2	DEPARTMENT OF BUDGET, PLANNING, RESEARCH AND STATISTICS	9,542,609.90	-	9,542,609.90	8,962,058.96	580,550.94	-
8	6		2	DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE & NATURAL RESOURCES	21,932,756.43	-	21,932,756 <u>.</u> 43	21,508,941 <u>.</u> 51	423,814.92	-
9			2	WORKS, TRANSPORT, HOUSING, LANDS & SURVEY DEPARTIMENT	188,301,465.31	-	188,301,465.31	188,053,238.21	248,227.10	-
				Sub Total	245,252,197.97	-	245,252,197.97	243,618,003.77		
10		SECTOR		LAW & JUSTICE						
	g			LEGAL DEPARTMENT	-			-	-	-
				Sub Total	-			-		
		SECTOR		SOCIAL					-	-
	10		4	SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT, EDUCATION, INFORMATION, SPORTS AND CULTURE DEPARTMENT	43,080,293.06	-	43,080,293.06	43,017,883.01	62,410.05	-
	11		4	DEPARTMENT OF PRIMARY HEALTH CARE	72,170,439.59	-	72,170,439.59	71,696,471.69	473,967.90	-
				Sub Total	115,250,732,65	-	115,250,732,65	114,714,354,70		
		GRAND TOTAL			619,453,663,27	100,808,000.00	720,261,663,27	716,764,716.89	-	-





### SUPPLEMENTAR NOTE 7A DEPRECIATION

	BUILDING - GENERAL	INFRASTRUCTURE - GENERAL	PLANT & MACHINERY - GENERAL	TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT - GENERAL	OFFICE EQUIPMENT		FURNITURE & FITTINGS - GENERAL	TOTAL
	240101	240102	240103	240104			240106	
					GENERAL	BOOKS		
RATE	2%	5%	10%	20%	25%	3%	20%	
LEGACY ASSETS	17,613,809.40	20,627,500.00	5,614,250.00	-	770,105.00	-	5,588,396.00	50,214,060.40
ASSETS DURING YEAR								
2023	1,033,333.33	12,266,666.67		1	-		349,025.00	13,649,025.00
SUB- TOTAL	1,033,333.33	12,266,666.67			-		349,025.00	13,649,025.00
GRAND TOTAL	18,647,142.73	32,894,166.67	5,614,250.00	-	770,105.00		5,937,421.00	63,863,085.40

#### SUPPLEMENTAR NOTE 7B

#### DEPRECIATION FOR ASSETS ACQUIRED DURING THE YEAR 2023

MONTHS			CLASS OF	PPE			TOTAL
	BUILDING	INFRASTRUCTURE	PLANTS & MACHINARY	TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT	OFFICE EQUIPMENT	FURNITURE AND FITTINGS	
	DEP. RATE 2%	DEP. RATE 5%	DEP. RATE 10%	DEP. RATE 20%	DEP, RATE 25%	DEP. RATE 20%	
JANUARY	-				-		
FEBRUARY	-				-		
MARCH	-				-		
APRIL	-				-		
MAY	-	-			-	-	
JUNE	-				-	-	
JULY	-	-			-	-	
AUGUST	206,666.67	2,453,333.33		-	-	69,805.00	2,729,805.00
SEPTEMBER	206,666.67	2,453,333.33			-	69,805.00	2,729,805.00
OCTOBER	206,666.67	2,453,333.33		-	-	69,805.00	2,729,805.00
NOVEMBER	206,666.67	2,453,333.33		-	-	69,805.00	2,729,805.00
DECEMBER	206,666.67	2,453,333.33		-	-	69,805.00	2,729,805.00
GRAND TOTAL	1,033,333.33	12,266,666.67				349,025.00	13,649,025.00

THE DEPRECIATION IS PRO RATED ACCORDING TO THE MONTH OF THE YEAR THE ASSETS VALUE IS CAPITALISED.

### SUPPLEMENTAR NOTE 8A TRANSFER TO OTHER GOVERNMENT ENTITIES

1					
DESCRIPTION			2023		2022
		ACTUAL	BUDGET	VARIANCE	ACTUAL
COMMON SERVICES	SEE SUPL. NOTE 14B	7,500,000.00	-	-	-
TRAINING FUND		27,273,776.33			
TOTAL		34,773,776.33	-	-	

### SUPPLEMETARY NOTE 8B ANALYSIS OF STATUTORY TRANSFERS

MONTHS	TRAINING FUND	COMMON SERVICES	PENSION	TOTAL
	N	N	N	N
JANUARY	2,423,234.24	625,000.00		3,048,234.24
FEBUARY	2,212,091.28	625,000.00		2,837,091.28
MARCH	1,727,307.54	625,000.00		2,352,307.54
APRIL	2,148,844.72	625,000.00		2,773,844.72
MAY	2,146,092.55	625,000.00		2,771,092.55
JUNE	2,042,965.96	625,000.00		2,667,965.96
JULY	2,507,590.39	625,000.00		3,132,590.39
AUGUST	2,475,642.83	625,000.00		3,100,642.83
SEPTEMBE	2,235,485.86	625,000.00		2,860,485.86
OCTOBER	2,353,119.25	625,000.00		2,978,119.25
NOVEMBER	2,435,184.01	625,000.00	-	3,060,184.01
DECEMBER	2,566,217.70	625,000.00		3,191,217.70
TOTAL	27,273,776.33	7,500,000.00	-	34,773,776.33

# SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 9A CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

REF. S. NOTE	2023	2022		
	3,765.49	158,965.49		
16B	11,356,249.93	353,194.41		
	11,360,015.42	512,159.90		

# SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 9B CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

UNITY BANK 1.	484239900	GLOBUS BANK	1000155744		ACCESS A/C 07109521	76	ACCESS A/C 148423	9900	CLOSING BALANCE
ı	N	N	N	N	AMOUNT (#)	PAYMENTS (#)	AMOUNT (#)	PAYMENTS (#)	#
4,991.02	-	-	-		79,497.50		268,705.88		353,194.40
268,141,674.10	268,100,843.58	-	-						
		127,010,335.43	64,511,554.27						
		166,848,643.43	183,850,564.17						
		161,086,775.72	153,291,005.57						
		66,009,325.93	106,115,441.31						
		54,661,378.78	43,540,031.95						
		82,986,135.66	85,147,104.31						
		91,485,382.21	43,301,055.88						
		83,747,291.91	102,866,921.86						
		1,134,795,253.56	1,058,116,598.79						
		108,850,790.43	160,217,240.94						
		108,831,076.80	174,392,645.80						
268,146,665.12	268,100,843.58	2,186,312,389.86	2,175,350,164.85						
	45.821.54		10.962.225.01		79,497,50		268,705,88		11.356.249.93



# REPORT OF THE AUDITOR-GENERAL FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENTS ON THE ACCOUNTS OF VICENMENTS OF VICENMENTS OF VICENMENT COUNCIL FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 2023



## SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 10A PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	BUILDING – GENERAL	INFRASTRUCTURE - GENERAL	PLANT & MACHINERY - GENERAL	TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT - GENERAL	OFFICE EQUIPMENT - GENERAL	FURNITURE AND FITTINGS	TOTAL
	320101	320102	320103	320103	320105		
CARYING AMOUNT							
01/01/2023	880,690,470.00	412,550,000.00	56,142,500.00	-	3,080,420.00	27,941,980.00	1,380,405,370.00
ADD ASSET DURING THE							
YEAR							
(SEE -SUPPLEMENTARY							
NOTE	124,000,000.00	588,800,000.00	-	-	-	4,188,300.00	716,988,300.00
TOTAL ASSETS	1,004,690,470.00	1,001,350,000.00	56,142,500.00	-	3,080,420.00	32,130,280.00	2,097,393,670.00
LESS DEPRECIATION	18,647,142.73	32,894,166.67	5,614,250.00	-	770,105.00	5,937,421.00	63,863,085.40
CARRYING AMOUN 31/12/2023	986,043,327.27	968,455,833.33	50,528,250.00	-	2,310,315.00	26,192,859.00	2,033,530,584.60

### **SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 10B**

	PURG	CHASES/CONSTRUCTIO	N OF PROPERTY PLANT AN	D EQUIPMENT (PPE) DU	RING THE YEAR 2023		
			CLASS OF P	PE			TOTAL
MONTHS	BUILDING	INFRASTRUCTURE	PLANTS & EQUIPMENTS	TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT	OFFICE EQUIPMENT	FURNITURE AND FITTINGS	
JANUARY	-	-	-			-	-
FEBRUARY	-	-	-				
MARCH	-	•	-				-
APRIL	-	-	-			-	-
MAY	-	-	-			-	
JUNE	-		-				
JULY	-	-	-				-
AUGUST	124,000,000.00	588,800,000.00	-			4,188,300.00	716,988,300.00
SEPTEMBER	-		-		-		-
OCTOBER	-		-				-
NOVEMBE	-	•	-				-
DECEMBER	-	-	-		-		-
GRAND TOTAL	124,000,000.00	588,800,000.00	-		-	4,188,300.00	716,988,300.00

			SUPPLEMENTARY N	OTE 10C			
		AN	ALYSIS OF PROPERTY PLAN	T AND EQUIPMENT			
DETAILS			CLASS OF P	PE			TOTAL
	LAND & BUILDING – SEE SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 20D	INFRASTRUCTURE	PLANTS & EQUIPMENTS	TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT	OFFICE EQUIPMENT (- SEE SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 20D)	FURNITURE AND FITTINGS	
LEGACY ASSETS	880,690,470.00	412,550,000.00	56,142,500.00	-	3,080,420.00	27,941,980.00	1,380,405,370.00
ASSETS FOR THE YEAR	124,000,000.00	588,800,000.00	-	=	-	4,188,300.00	716,988,300.00
SUBTOTAL (A)	1,004,690,470.00	1,001,350,000.00	56,142,500.00	-	3,080,420.00	32,130,280.00	2,097,393,670.00
DEP. RATE	2%	5%	10%	20%		20%	
DEP. LEGACY ASSETS	17,613,809.40	20,627,500.00	5,614,250.00	-	770,105.00	5,588,396.00	50,214,060.40
DEP. ASSETS DURING YEAR	1,033,333.33	12,266,666.67	-	-	-	349,025.00	13,649,025.00
TOTAL DEPRECIATION (B)	18,647,142.73	32,894,166.67	′ ′	_	770,105.00	5,937,421.00	63,863,085.40
NET BOOK VALUE THE LEGACY ASSET- (LAN	986,043,327.27 ID) IS VALUED AT N	968,455,833.33	50,528,250.00	-	2,310,315.00	26,192,859.00	2,033,530,584.60

### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 10D ANALYSIS OF PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

DETAILS			CLASS OF P	PE		
		LAND & BUILDING			OFFICE EQUIPMENT	
	LAND	BUILDING	TOTAL LAND AND BUILDING	воокѕ	OTHER EQUIPMENTS	TOTAL OFFICE EQUIPMENT
LEGACY ASSETS	-	880,690,470.00	880,690,470.00	-	3,080,420.00	3,080,420.00
ASSETS DURING THE	-	104 000 000 00	104 000 000 00			
YEAR		124,000,000.00	124,000,000.00			
SUBTOTAL (A)	=	1,004,690,470.00	1,004,690,470.00	-	3,080,420.00	3,080,420.00
DEP. RATE	-	2%		3%	25%	
DEP.LEGACY ASSETS	-	17,613,809.40	17,613,809.40	-	770,105.00	770,105.00
DEP. ASSETS DURING YEAR	-	1,033,333.33	1,033,333.33	-	-	-
TOTAL DEPRECIATION (B)	-	18,647,142.73	18,647,142.73	-	770,105.00	770,105.00
NET BOOK VALUE A+B	-	986,043,327.27	986,043,327.27	-	2,310,315.00	2,310,315.00

# SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 11A BORROWINGS (LONG TERM LOANS) AS AT 31ST DECEMBER, 2023.

S/NO	INSITUTIONS	BAL B/FWD (PRINCIPAL)	CURRENT YEAR PORTION	PRINCIPAL REPMT	INTEREST & OTHER FEES	TOTAL REPAYMENT	BAL OUTSTANDING
. A	EXTERNAL LOANS (SEE – SUPPL. NOTE 225A)	-		-	-	-	-
l B	DOMESTIC LOANS (SEE - SUPPL. NOTE 22	10,123,964.42	-	7,287,120.16	2,836,844.26	10,123,964.42	-
	SUB TOTAL	10,123,964.42	-	7,287,120.16	2,836,844.26	10,123,964.42	-

### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 11B LONG TERM BORROWINGS (INTERNAL LOANS )AS AT 31 ST DECEMBER, 2023

S/NO	INSITUTIONS	BAL B/FWD (PRINCIPAL)	CURRENT YEAR PORTION	PRINCIPAL REPMT	INTEREST & OTHER FEES	TOTAL REPAYMENT	BAL OUTSTANDING
1	LGA SALARY BALLOUT	10,123,964.42	•	7,287,120.16	2,836,844.26	10,123,964.42	-
	TOTAL DOMESTIC	10,123,964.42		7,287,120.16	2,836,844.26	10,123,964.42	-

### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 13A SURPLUS/ DEFICIT

YEAR		DEFICT	SURPLUS
		DR	CR
		N	N
2023			
TOTAL		=	673,880,176.07

# SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 14A ANALYSIS OF PURCHASE/ CONTRUCTION OF PPE DURING THE YEAR 2023

s/NO	ADMIN	GRP	HEAD DESCRIPTION	BUDGET	ACTUAL	SAVINGS	EXCESS	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	EXCESS	SAVINGS
	SECTOR		ADMINISTRATIVE								
- 1	SECTOR	٠.	OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN	-	-		<u> </u>		_	-	
- 1			VICE CHAIRMAN		-				-	-	
			L SECRETARY TO THE LG		-	-	-			-	
			L LEGISLATORS	-	-	-	-	-			
		-		200,000,000.00	100 100 200 00	71,811,700.00		71 011 700 00			71 011 700 00
	CECTOR	-	ADMINISTRATIVE DEPT  ECONOMIC		128,188,300.00	/1,811,/00.00		71,811,700.00			71,811,700.00
	SECTOR				-	-	-				-
4		1 2	DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE	-	-					-	-
			AND SUPPLIES								
			DEPARTMENT OF BUDGET,								
5		1 :	PLANNING.						_	_	_
			RESEARCH AND STATISTICS								
			DEPARTMENT OF								
6		1 2	AGRICULTURE &			-	-				
			NATURAL RESOURCES								
			WORKS, TRANSPORT,								
			HOUSING,	600,000,000.00	588,800,000.00	11,200,000.00	_	11,200,000.00	_	_	11,200,000.00
			LANDS & SURVEY	000,000,000.00	000,000,000.00	11,200,000.00	_	11,200,000.00			11,200,000.00
		2	DEPARTMENT								
	SECTOR		LAW & JUSTICE					-	-	-	-
9		3	LEGAL DEPARTMENT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	SECTOR		SOCIAL	•		-	-				
			SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT,								
			EDUCATION,								
10			INFORMATION, SPORTS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		1	AND CULTURE								
			DEPARTMENT								
	1	1	DEPARTMENT OF PRIMARY				i				
11		4	HEALTH CARE	-	-	-	-				
	GRAND TO	ΤΔΙ		800,000,000.00	716,988,300.00	83,011,700.00					



# REPORT OF THE AUDITOR-GENERAL FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENTS ON THE ACCOUNTS OF COLONIA COLONIA



	KOLOKUMA/ OPOKUMA LOCAL GOVERNMEN							
	2022			1	2023			
SECTOR	Final Budget	Recurrent Expenditure	Capital Expenditure	Total Expenditure	Final Budget	Recurrent Expenditure	Capital Expenditure	Total Expenditure
ADMINISTRATION SECTOR	riliai buuget	Expenditure	Experiulture	iotai Experiulture	rinai buuget	Experialture	Experiulture	Total Experienture
OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN								
Chairman	123,841,506.72	68,447,607.57	_	68,447,607.57	_	54,999,966.47	_	54,999,966.47
Vice- Chairman	18,598,626.48	27,182,805.97	_	27,182,805.97	_	16,628,898.45	_	16,628,898.45
Internal Audit	10,550,020.40			27, 102,000.97	-	10,020,030.40		10,020,030.40
Adviser/Assistant to the Chairman/		_		-	-	_	_	-
Vice Chairman		12,600,000.00						-
LOCAL GOVERNMENT COUNCIL	-	12,000,000.00	-	-	-	-	-	
	75,646,360.00	93,836,924.74	-	93,836,924.74	-	69,855,113.78	-	69,855,113.78
The Council		93,030,924.74					-	
Assistants/Aides/Advisers	11,800,000.00	44 700 000 40	-	-	-	3,000,000.00	-	3,000,000.00
Council Committees	29,800.00	11,732,200.48	-	-		5,133,240.00	•	5,133,240.00
Office of the House Leader	-	•	-	-	•	-	-	-
Office of the Deputy Leader	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Office of the Majority Leader	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
								-
Office of the Deputy Majority Leader	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Office of the Chief Whip	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	-
Office of the Deputy Chief Whip	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Clerk to the House	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OFFICE OF THE HEAD OF LOCAL								-
GOVERNMENT SERVICE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Office of the Head of Local	-	287,744,985.71	-	287,744,985.71	111,660,011.45	215,576,178.20	-	215,576,178.20
Government Service								
ADMINISTRATION & GENERAL	-	-	-			-	-	-
SERVICES								
Administration and General	-	556,800,331.76	-	556,800,331.76	-	503,011,082.46	-	503,011,082.46
Services								
SECRETARY TO THE LOCAL	_	_	-			-	_	
GOVERNMENT								
Secretary to the Local Government	9,114,635.88	12,521,174.52	-	12,521,174.52	-	9,342,412.12	-	9,342,412.12
ECONOMIC SECTOR	-		-				-	
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE &			_			_	_	
NATURAL RESOURCES								
Department of Agriculture &	_	27,813,075.09	_	27,813,075.09	9,157,319.64	21,508,941.51	_	21,508,941.51
Natural Resources		21,010,010.00			3,101,010.01	21,000,011.01		
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND		_	_	-		_	_	
SUPPLIES								
Department of Finance and		46,355,125.15	_	46,355,125.15	61,337,323.00	132,308,787.06	_	132,308,787.06
Supplies		10,000,120.10		10,000,120,10	0.,00.,020.00	102,000,101.00		,,
DEPARTMENT OF WORKS,		_	_	-		_	_	-
TRANSPORT, HOUSING, LANDS &								
SURVEY								
Department of Works, Transport,	-	231,775,625.77	73,935,000.00	305,710,625.77	36,716,360.98	188,053,238.21	716,988,300.00	905,041,538.21
Housing, Lands & Survey		EG 1,1 1 G,GEGIT 1	10,000,000.00	555,115,5225.11	55,115,555.55	100,000,000	1 10,000,000.00	
DEPARTMENT OF BUDGET,	-	_	_			_	_	
PLANNING, RESEARCH &								
STATISTICS (BPRS)								
Department of Budget, Planning,	_	13,906,537.55	_	13,906,537.55	-	8.962.058.96	_	8,962,058.96
Research & Statistics (BPRS)		10,000,007.00		10,500,507.50		0,002,000.00		0,502,000.00
WATER, SANITATION & HYGIENE	-	_	_	_		_	_	_
(WASH)								
(TIPELI)			_	_	_	_	_	_
Water, Sanitation & Hygiene (WASH)	-	-	_	Ī	_	_	_	
SOCIAL SECTOR		-	_	_		_	_	
WOMEN DEVELOPMENT OFFICE	-	-			-	-		-
Women Development Office	-	-	-	-	-	-		<del>-</del>
DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL	-	-		-	-	-	-	<del>-</del>
DEVELOPMENT	-	-	_	·	-	_	_	_
Department of social Development	13,000,000.00	-		_	20,000,000.00	-		<del> </del>
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION	13,000,000.00	-	-	-	20,000,000.00		-	<del>-</del>
Department of Education	570,000,000.00	462,117,788.22	-	462,117,788.22	505,094,880.00	440,149,228.93	-	440,149,228.93
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH	5/0,000,000.00	402,117,708.22	-	402,117,708.22	505,094,000.00	440, 149,228.93	-	440, 149,228.93
	328,533,229.00	384,300,148,78	_	384,300,148.78	392,703,136.00	378,050,894,59		378,050,894.59
Department of Primary Health Care			72 025 000 00				746 000 200 00	
TOTAL	1,150,564,158.08	2,237,134,331.31	73,935,000.00	2,311,069,331.31	1,136,669,031.07	2,046,580,040.74	716,988,300.00	2,763,568,340.74



KOLOKUMA/OPOKUMA  Telegram: LOCGOVSEC Telephone:	LOCAL GOVERNMENT  Headquarters Office: P.M.B.1, Kalama, Bayelsa State.
Ow Ref:	29 <sup>th</sup> April, 2
	CCOUNTING POLICIE
	SUED BY
	CCOUNTANT-GENERA STATE OF NIGERIA
	2023

#### Introduction

In line with the adoption of the International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS) in Nigeria, a Standardised Chart of Account (COA) alongside with a set of General-Purpose Financial Statements (GPFS) have been designed and introduced by Federation Accounts Allocation Committee (FAAC) for adoption by all tiers of Government in Nigeria.

The standardised COA and the GPFS have been adopted by Kolokuma/Opokuma Local Government Council to comply with FAAC directive in order to harmonise public sector accounts reporting in Nigeria. In order to ensure an effective and efficient utilisation of the COA and GPFS, the Accounting Policies have been developed as a set of guidelines to direct the Processes and Procedures relating to financial reporting in Kolokuma/Opokuma Local Government Council. These policies shall form part of the universally agreed framework for financial reporting in Bayelsa State.

#### IPSAS ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The GPFS are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS) and other applicable standards as defined by the Fiscal Responsibility Law (FRL) and the Financial Reporting Council of Nigeria. In addition, GPFS are in compliance with the provisions of other financial regulations of the State.

This Accounting Policy addresses the following fundamental accounting issues:

- Definition of Accounting Terminologies
- Recognition of Accounting Items
- Measurement of Accounting Items
- Treatment of Accounting items

The Accounting Policy is subject to periodic reviews and updates as shall be deemed necessary by the Accountant-General of Bayelsa State.



#### 1. Accounting Terminologies / Definitions

- **Accounting policies** are the specific principles, bases, conventions, rules and practices adopted by the Bayelsa State Government in preparing and presenting Financial Statements.
- Accrual basis means a basis of accounting that recognizes transactions and other events immediately when revenue is earned or expenses incurred.
- Cash: Cash comprises cash in hand, demand deposits in financial institutions and cash equivalents.
- **Cash equivalents** are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.
- **Cash flows** are inflows and outflows of cash. Cash flows exclude movements between items that constitute cash as these components are part of the cash management of the government rather than increases or decreases in the cash position controlled by government.
- Cash receipts are cash inflows.
- Cash payments are cash outflows.
- Cash Controlled by Bayelsa State Government: Cash is deemed to be controlled by Bayelsa State Government when the government can freely use the available cash for the achievement of its objectives or enjoy benefit from the cash, and can also exclude or regulate the access of others to that benefit. Cash collected by, or appropriated or granted to the government which the government can freely use to fund its operating objectives, such as acquiring of capital assets or repaying its debt is controlled by the government.
- **Government Business Enterprise** means a ministry, department or agency that has all the following characteristics:
  - Is an entity with the power to contract in its own name;
  - Has been assigned the financial and operational authority to carry on a Business;
  - Sells goods and services, in the normal course of its business, to other MDAs and the general public at a profit or full cost recovery;

- F 3
- Is not reliant on continuing government funding or subvention to remain a going concern (other than purchases of outputs at arm's length); and
- Is controlled by a public sector management or the government.

#### Notes to the GPFS

- This shall include narrative descriptions or more detailed schedules or analyses of amounts shown on the face of the GPFS, as well as additional information
- Notes shall be presented in a systematic manner. The items in the Statements should cross reference to any related information in the notes.

### 2. Fundamental Accounting Concepts

The following fundamental accounting concepts are taken as the basis of preparation of all accounts and reporting in Bayelsa State:

- Accrual Basis of Accounting;
- Under-stability;
- Materiality,
- Relevance;
- Going Concern Concept;
- Consistency Concept
- Prudence
- Completeness, etc.

### 3. **Accounting Period**

The accounting year (fiscal year) is from 1<sup>st</sup> January to 31<sup>st</sup> December in line with the National Treasury Circular Ref. OAGF/CAD/026/V.1/102 of 30<sup>th</sup> December,2013. Each accounting year is divided Into 12 calendar months (periods) and shall be set up as such in the accounting system.

### 4. Reporting Currency





• The General Purpose Financial Statements are prepared in Nigerian Naira.

#### 5. General Purpose Financial Statements (GPFS)

The GPFS comprise of the followings:

- Statement of Financial Performance;
- Statement of Financial Position;
- Statement of Cashflow;
- Statement of Net Asset/Equity;
- Notes to the Accounts: Additional disclosures to explain the GPFS; and

#### 6. Consolidation Policy

- The Consolidation of the GPFS is based on Accrual Basis of Accounting
- All Ministries, Department and Agencies (MDAs) of Bayelsa State Government except Government Business Enterprises (GBEs) shall be consolidated.
- Consolidation of the GPFS shall be in agreement with the provisions of IPSAS

7.

#### Notes to the GPFS

- Notes to the GPFS shall be presented in a systematic manner. The items in the Statement should cross reference to any related information in the Notes.
- It shall follow the format provided in the Accounting Manual.

### 8. Comparative Information

- The General Purpose Financial Statements shall disclose all numerical information relating to previous period (at least one year).
- 9. **Budget Figures**



• These are figures from the approved annual budget and supplementary budget as approved in accordance with the Appropriation Law of Bayelsa State.

#### 10. Revenue:

### Fees, taxes and fines

- In this GPFS revenue is recognizes from non-exchange transactions such as fees, taxes and fines when the event occurs and the assets recognition criteria are met.
- Other non-exchange revenues are recognized when it is probable that the future economic
  benefits or service potential associated with the asset will flow to the government and the fair
  value of the asset will flow to the government and fair value of the asset can be measured
  reliably.

### Other operating revenues

- Other operating revenues arises from exchange transactions in the ordinary course of Government activities.
- Revenues comprise the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of good and services in the ordinary course of government activities.
- Revenue is shown net of tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

### Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognized when the significant risks and rewards of ownership has been transferred to buyer, usually when goods are delivered.

#### Other revenue

• Other revenue consists of gains on disposal of property, plant and equipment.

Any gain on disposal is recognized at the date control of the asset is passed to the buyer and is determined after deducting from the proceeds the carrying value of the asset at that time.

#### 11. Aid and Grants:

 Aid and Grants to the Bayelsa State Government is recognized as income on entitlement, while aid and grants to other governments/agencies are recpgnized as expenditure on commitment.

#### 12. Subsidies, Donations and Endowments

• Subsidies, Donations and endowments to the Government are recognized as income when money is received, or entitlement to receive money is established, except where fulfillment of any restrictions attached to these monies is not probable.

### 13. Transfers from other government entities

Revenues from non-exchange transactions with other government entities are measured at
fair value and recognized on receipt of the asset (cash,goods,services and property) if it is free
from conditions and it is probable that the economic benefits or service potential related to
the asset will flow to the government and can be measured.

### 14. Expenses

All expenses shall be reported on an accrual basis, I.e. all expenses are to be recognized in the
period they are incurred or when the rlated services are enjoyed, irrespective of when the
payment is made.

### 15. Employee Benefits/Pension obligations:

Under the Defined Benefits Scheme.

Provision has been made, where applicable, using an actuarial valuation determines the extent
of anticipated entitlement payable under employment contracts and brings to account a
liability using the present value measurement basis, which discounts expected future cash
flows.



• To the extend that it is anticipated that the liability will arise during the following year the entitlement are recorded as Current Liabilities. The remainder of the anticipated entitlements are records as Non-Current Liabilities.

#### **Under the Defined Contribution Scheme**

- Public entities make pension and national insurance contributions on behalf of employees in line with Pension Act 2014. The contributions are treated as payments to a defined contribution pension plan.
- A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fund managed by Pension Fund Administrators(PFAs)
- The Government has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if the pension Entity does not hold sufficient assets in the current and prior periods.
- The contributions are recognized as employee benefit expense when they are due.
- Prepaid contributions are recognized as an assets to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

#### 16. Interest on Loans:

- Interest on loans shall be treated as expenditure or as a charge in the financial performance report (Statement of Financial Performance)
- Interest expense is accrued using the effective interest rate method.
- The effective interest rate exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through there expected life of the financial liability to that liability's net carrying amount.
- The method applies this rate to the principal outstanding to determine interest expense in each period.

### 17. Foreign currency transactions:

• Foreign Currency Transactions throughout the year shall be converted into Nigerian Naira at the ruling (Central Bank of Nigeria -CBN) rate of exchange at the dates of the transactions.



Foreign currency balances, as at the year end, shall be translated at the exchange rates prevailing on that date.

- At the end of the financial year, additional amounts (in cash or at bank) arising out of Foreign Exchange Gains/Losses shall be recognised in the Statement of Cash Receipts and Payments either as Receipts / Payments respectively.
- Foreign exchange gains/losses are recognized in the Statement of Financial Performance.

#### 18. Minority Interest

• This represents the interest of external parties during the year under review.

#### 19. Statement of Cash Flow

This statement shall be prepared using the direct method. The Cash Flow Statement shall consists of three (3) sections:

- Operating activities section include cash received from all income sources of the government and record the cash payments made for the supply of goods and services
- Investing activities section are those activities relating to the acquisition and disposal of noncurrent assets.
- Financial activities section comprise the change in equity and debt capital structure of the government.

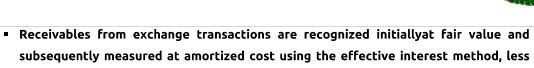
### 20. Cash & Cash Equivalent

- Cash and Cash Equivalent means cash balances on hand, held in bank accounts, demasnd deposits and other highly liquid investments with an original maturity of 6 months or less in which the Entity invests as part of its day-t0-day cash management and are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.
- Cash and Cash Equivalent is reported under Current Assets in the statement of financial position.

#### 21. Accounts Receivable:

### a. Receivables from exchange transaction





A provision for impairment of receivables is established when there is objective evidence that entity will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

### b. Receivables from non-exchange transactions

provision for impairment.

- Receivables from non-exchange transactions comprises; fees, taxes and fines (and any penalties associated with these activities) as well as social benefit receivables that do not arise out of a contract.
- These receivables are initially assessed at nominal amount or face value; that is, the receivable reflect the amount of tax owed, levy, fine charged or social benefit debt payable.
- These receivables are subsequently adjusted for penalties as they are charged and tested for impairment.
- Interest and penalties charged on tax receivables are presented as tax revenue in the statement of financial performance.

### 22. Prepayments.

• Prepaid expenses are amounts paid in advance of receipt of goods or services.





- They can represent payments made early in the year for benefits to be received over the latter part of the year, or payments made in one year for benefits to be received in subsequent years.
- Prepayments for which the benefits are to be derived in the following 12 months should be classified as Current Assets. Where the benefits are expected to accrue beyond the next 12 months, it should be accounted for as a Long-Term Prepayment and classified as Non-Current Assets.
- Prepayments that are identifiable with specific future revenue or event, e.g. adverts, should be expensed in the period in which the related event takes place; those that relate to specific time periods, e.g. insurance, rent, leasehold premises, should be recognised as an expense in such periods.
- Prepayments not exceeding e.g. N10, 000 shall be expensed immediately, except there is a
  possibility of obtaining a refund or credit within the same financial year.

#### 23. Inventories:

- Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.
- Cost is determined using the FIFO method.
- Inventories held for distribution for public benefit purposes are recorded at cost, adjusted where applicable for any loss of services potential.
- Inventories are reported under Current Assets in the Statement of Financial Position.

#### 24. Loans Granted:

Loans Granted are shown at estimated realisable value after providing for bad, doubtful debts and impairments.

#### 25. Investments:

Investments in associates.

- An Entity's investments in its associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting.
- .
- An associate is an Entity over which Entity has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture.
- Under the equity method, investments in associates are carried in the statement of financial position at cost plus post acquisition changes in Entity's share of net assets of the associate.
   d. The statement of financial performance reflects the share of the results of operations of the associates.
- Where there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the associate, Entity recognises its share of any changes and discloses this, when applicable, in the statement of changes in net assets/equity.
- Surpluses and deficits resulting from transactions between the Government and the associate are eliminated to the extent of the interest in the associate.

Investments in joint ventures.



- A Public Entity's investments in its joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method of accounting.
- A joint venture is a contractual arrangement whereby two or more parties undertake an economic activity that is subject to joint control.
- Under the equity method, investments in joint ventures are carried in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost plus post acquisition charges in Entity's share of net assets of the joint venture.
- The statement of financial performance reflects the share of the results of operations of the joint venture.
- Where there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the joint venture, an Entity should recognise its share of any changes and discloses this, when applicable, in the statement of changes in net assets/equity.
- Surpluses and deficits resulting from transactions between Public Entity and Joint ventures
   are eliminated to the extent of the interest in the joint venture.

### Investment in Controlled entities (subsidiaries)

The controlled entities are all entities (including special purpose entities) over which a Public Entity or its entities has the power to govern the financial and operating policies generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights.



- The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether Public Entity controls another Entity.
- The controlled entities are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Public Entity. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.
- Inter-group transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between intergroup transactions are eliminated, unrealised losses are also eliminated.
- Accounting policies of controlled entities are consistent with the policies adopted by the Public Entity.

#### Impairment of Investments.

Entity determines at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that the investment is impaired, if this is the case Entity calculates the amount of impairment as being the difference between the recoverable value of the investment and the carrying value and recognises the amount in the statement of financial performance.

#### Available for sale securities 26.

- Where and Entity uses its surplus cash to purchase short-term investments, the financial assets are classified at initial recognition as available-for-sale.
- Available-for-sale financial assets are included in non-current assets unless Entity intends to dispose of the investment within 12 months of the reporting date.



- Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized at fair value on the trade-date (the date on which Entity commits to purchase or sell the asset) and subsequently at fair value with any resultant fair value gains or losses recognised in the statement of Net Assets/Equity.
- Realized gains and losses on sale of available-for-sale securities are recognized in the consolidated statement of financial performance as 'gains and losses from available-forsale securities.'
- Impairment losses and interest on available-for-sale securities is calculated using the effective interest method and is recognized in the consolidated statement of financial performance as part of other income.
- The fair values of quoted investments are based on current bid prices. If the market for a financial asset is not active, the entity shall establish fair value using valuation techniques. These include: i. the use of recent arm's length transactions, ii. reference to other instruments that are substantially the same iii. discounted cash flow analysis iv. and option pricing models v. making maximum use of market inputs and relying as little as possible on entity-specific inputs.
- Entities shall ascertain at the date of preparation of each statement of financial report whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired.

- In the case of equity securities classified as available for sale, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the security below its cost is considered as an indicator that the securities are impaired.
- If any such evidence exists for available-for-sale financial assets, the cumulative loss –
  measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any
  impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognized is recognized in the statement
  of financial performance.

27.

### Property, Plant & Equipment (PPE)

- All property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.
- Where an asset (other than land) is acquired in a non-exchange transaction for nil or nominal consideration the asset is initially recognised at fair value, where fair value can be reliably determined and as income in the statement of financial performance (unless there are restrictions on the asset's use in which case income is deferred).
- All land held by Government owned entities is not included in the Entity's financial statements unless that land is to be used for development purposes.
- The following shall constitute expenditure on PPE: i. Amounts incurred on the purchase of such assets. Consumables are to be wholly expensed irrespective of their amounts. ii.
   Construction Cost-including materials, labour and overheads. iii. Improvements to existing PPE, which significantly enhance their useful life.

### Cost

The cost of an item of PPE shall comprise: its purchase price, including import and non-recurring costs and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its location and working condition for its intended use. Any trade discounts and rebates are deducted in



arriving at the purchase price. a. PPE shall be stated at cost or at their professional valuation less accumulated depreciation and impairment. b. The amount recorded for a PPE shall include all costs directly related to its acquisition including expenditures incurred to place the asset in usable condition for the Service. Accordingly, the cost of the assets shall include acquisition or construction costs, custom duties, transportation charges, professional fees and installation costs. Cash discounts shall be netted against the cost of the assets.

### Capitalisation

- The capitalisation threshold shall be N250,000.00(Two hundred and fifty thousand naira only).
- Only amounts spent in connection with the above and whose values exceed (Two hundred and fifty thousand naira) N250, 000 shall be capitalised.
- All assets equal to or above this amount shall be recorded in the Fixed Assets Register. However in certain cases, it may be appropriate to aggregate individually insignificant value items such as chairs and tables, printers and UPS, etc. and apply the capitalisation threshold to the aggregate value.
- Fixed assets whose costs are below the capitalization threshold shall be charged appropriately to the following accounts: office supplies furniture, office supplies IT equipment, office supplies household equipments, etc.



 Where an asset's category already exists for a newly acquired asset below the capitalisation threshold, such an asset shall be capitalised irrespective of its cost and recorded in the fixed assets register under the appropriate category

### Depreciation

The cost of PPE shall be written off, from the time they are brought into use, on a straight line basis over their expected useful lives less any estimated residual value as follows:

a. Lease Properties Over the term of the lease

b. Buildings 2%

c. Plant and Machinery 10%

d. Motor Vehicles: 20%

e. Office Equipment: 25%

f. IT Equipment: 25%

g. Furniture and Fittings: 20%

h. Infrastructure 5%

i. Books 3%

j. Specific cultural and heritage assets Unlimited

■ The full depreciation charge shall be applied to PPE in the months of acquisition and disposal, regardless of the day of the month the transactions was carried out.





- Fully depreciated assets that are still in use are carried in the books at a net book value of N10.00
- An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount or recoverable service amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount or recoverable service amount

### Revaluation

- a. The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period
- b. Surplus arising from the revaluation shall be transferred to the revaluation reserve in the financial position under reserves and to the statement of changes in net assets/equity.
- c. In case of revaluation deficit, it shall be set against the respective asset value and the corresponding entry to either the revaluation reserve if surplus exists on the same class of asset, or to the statement of financial performance as an expense.

### **Disposal**

Gains or losses on the disposal of fixed assets are to be included in the income statement as either an income or expense respectively.

### Impairment

Entities shall test for impairments of its PPE where it suspects that impairment has occurred.

### 28. Investment Property





These are cash-generating property owned by the Government/ its entities. The cost, capitalisation, depreciation and impairment of Investment Property are same with PPE, but shall be reported separately in the GPFS.

### 29. Intangible Assets

- a. These shall consist of assets that are not physically tangible which have been acquired and held for use from which benefits are derivable beyond a financial year.
- b. The cost of an item of intangible asset shall comprise: its purchase price, including non-recurring costs and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its state of intended use. Any trade discounts and rebates shall be deducted in arriving at the purchase price.
- c. Intangible assets are tested for impairment and amortised over the estimated useful life using the straight line method on an annual basis.
- d. Classes of Intangible Assets and their estimated useful lifes are as follows:
  - i. Softwares acquired externally 3 years
  - ii. Goodwill 4 years
  - iii. Copyrights 4 years
  - iv. Trademarks 4 years
  - v. Other Intangible assets 4

### 30. **Deposits**

- a. Deposits are amounts received in advance in respect of goods or services provided.
- b. Deposits can represent payments received early in the year for goods/services to be offered over the latter part of the year, or payments received in one year for services to be offered in subsequent years. Deposits for which the services are to be offered in the following 12 months shall be classified as Current Liabilities. Where the services are expected to span beyond the





next 12 months, it shall be accounted for as a Non-Current Deposits and classified as Non-Current Liabilities. Loans& Debts 31. • a. Loans are funds received to be paid back at an agreed period of time. They are classified under liability in the General Purpose Financial Statement and are categorised as either short or long term. • b. Short-term loans and debts are those repayable within one calendar year, while longterms loans and debts shall fall due beyond one calendar year. 32. **Unremitted Deductions** a. Unremmitted Deductions are monies owed to third parties such as tax authorities, schemes and associations and other government agencies. These include: tax deductions and other deductions at source. b. These amounts shall be stated in the GPFS at their repayment value, which shall be treated as Current Liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position. Payables 33. Payables are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. **Accrued Expenses** a. These are monies payable to third parties in respect of goods and services received.



## REPORT OF THE AUDITOR-GENERAL FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENTS ON THE ACCOUNTS OF NOTICE OF NOTICE ACCOUNTS OF NOTICE



	b. Accrued Expenses for which payment is due in the next 12 months shall be classified as
	Current Liabilities. Where the payments are due beyond the next 12 months, it shall be
	accounted for as Non-Current Liabilities.
34.	Current Portion of Borrowings
	This is the portion of the long-term loan/ borrow that is due for repayment within the next 12
	months. This portion of the borrowings shall be classified under Current Liabilities in the
	Statement of Financial Position.
35.	Public Funds
	a. These are balances of Government funds at the end of the financial year.
	b. They are classified under the Non-Current Liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position
	and include: Trust Funds, Revolving Funds and other Funds created by Government.
36.	Reserves
	Reserves are classified under equity in the Statement of Financial Position and include: Statement of Financial Performance Surpluses/ (Deficit) and the Revaluation Reserve
37.	Contingent Liability
	• a. A contingent liability is a possible obligation arising from past events whose existence will
	be confirmed only by uncertain future event(s) or present obligation arising from past events
	that are not recognised because either an outflow of economic benefit is not probable or the
	amount of the obligation cannot be reliably measured.
	<ul> <li>b. Contingent liabilities shall only be disclosed in the Notes to the GPFS.</li> </ul>
38.	Leases:
	Finance leases





- a. These are leases which effectively transfer to the lessee Entity substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to ownership of the leased item.
- b. They are capitalised at the present value of the minimum lease payment.
- c. The leased assets and corresponding liabilities are disclosed while the leased assets are depreciated over the period the Entity is expected to benefit from their use.

### Operating Leases

- a. Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases.
- b. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the statement of financial performance on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

### 39. Financial Instruments

- a. These form part of the Government's everyday operations. These financial instruments include Bank Accounts, Short Term Deposits, Trade and Accounts Receivable, Trade and Accounts Payable and Term Borrowings, all of which are recognised in the Statement of Financial Position.
- b. Revenue and expenses in relation to all financial instruments are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance

### 40. Borrowings

a. Borrowings are recognized initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred.



- b. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortized cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognized in the consolidated statement of financial performance over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.
- c. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognized as transaction costs of the loan. The fee is capitalized and amortized over the period of the facility to which it relates.
- d. Borrowings falling due within 12 months are classified as current liabilities while borrowings falling due more than 12 months are classified as long term borrowings.
- e. Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalized and included in the cost of that asset.
- f. A qualifying asset is an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale.
- g. All other borrowing costs are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

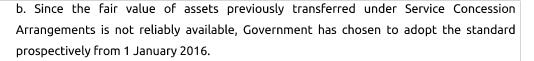
### 41. Transfers to other government entities.

Transfers to other government entities are non-exchange items and are recognized as expenses in the statement of financial performance.

## 42. Service Concession Arrangement:

## **Service Concession Arrangement Assets**

a. Service Concession Assets are operated by third parties under the terms of Service Concession Arrangements. On classification the original service concession asset is measured at its fair value and any difference between its fair value and its book value is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.



c. If the terms of the arrangement require Government to compensate the operator for the concession asset by making payments and the payments are separable between the asset and service portions of the payment then the fair value of the original service concession asset is the fair value of the asset portion of the payments. If however the asset and service portions of the payments are not separable, the fair value is determined using estimation techniques.

### **Service Concession Arrangement Liabilities**

- a. When Government recognises a Service Concession Arrangement asset it also recognises a liability of an equal amount.
- b. The liability is split between a financial liability and a performance obligation.
- c. The financial liability arises from the payments due from an entity under the terms of the Service Concession Arrangement and the performance obligation from the rights granted to the operator under the terms of the Service Concession Arrangement to earn revenues from the Service Concession Assets(s) or associated asset(s).

## List of Abbreviations/Acronyms

Abbreviation/Term	Description
CBN	Central Bank of Nigeria
COA	Chart of Account
FAAC	Federation Accounts Allocation Committee
FGN	Federal Government of Nigeria
FRC	Financial Reporting Council
GAAP	Generally Accepted Accounting Principles
GPFS	General Purpose Financial Statement
IPSAS	International Public Sector Accounting Standards
LFN	Law of the Federal Republic of Nigeria
MDA	Ministries, Departments and Agencies
NCOA	National Chart of Account
GBE	Government Business Enterprises
FRCoN	Financial Reporting Council of Nigeria
OAG	Office of the Accountant-General
PPE	Properties, Plants and Equipment
FR	Financial Regulation
FRL	Fiscal Responsibility Law
FCMA	Finance (Control &Management) Act
IGR	Internally Generated Revenue
MDAs	Ministries, Departments, and Agencies



BYSG	Bayelsa State Government
CRFC	Consolidated Revenue Fund Charge
HCF	Honourable Commissioner for Finance
AuG	Auditor-General (State)
NAS	National Audit Standard
GAASG	General Accepted Audit Standard and Guidelines

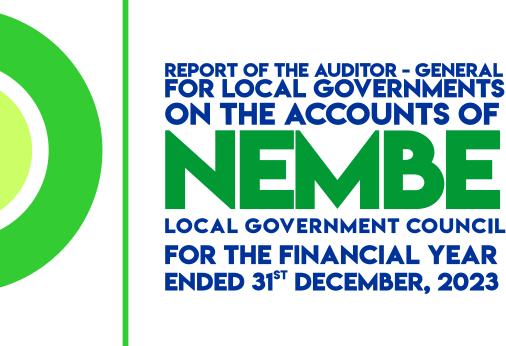
Historical Cost Convention

JUADY 29/04/2024

Sylvanus A. John Treasurer

HCC











HON. SAMUEL KALANGO
ACTING CHAIRMAN NEMBE LOCAL
GOVERNMENT AREA



IGBAINFEGHA IDUBAMO (ACA)
TREASURER/DFS NEMBE LOCAL GOVERNMENT
COUNCIL BAYELSA STATE





## NEMBE LOCAL GOVERNMENT COUNCIL

Telegram NELGA
Our Ref: NELGA/AZm/crcs/Vol.11



HEADQUARTERS
Local Government Council Secretarist
P.M.B. 1
Nembe, Bayelsa State.

0.8th May, 2024

### STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

These Financial Statements and accounts have been prepared by the Treasurer of Nembe Local Government Council, Bayeisa State in accordance with the provisions of section 24 of the Finance (Control and Management) LFN 2004 & Section 85(5) Constitution of the Federal Republic of Nigeria and other relevant extant laws, regulations and policies. The accounting framework adopted in the preparation of the financial statements and accounts is IPSAS ACCRUAL accounting basis and the Financial Statements comply with generally accepted accounting policies and practice.

To fulfill the accounting and reporting responsibility, the Treasurer of Nembe Local Government Council is responsible for preparing, reporting, establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that the transactions recorded are within statutory authority and properly record the receipt and payment of Public Financial resources by the Local Government.

In compliance with International Public Sector Accounting Standard (IPSAS) 33 (First Time Adoption of Accrual Basis IPSAS) and the guidelines issued by the Federation Account Allocation Committee (FAAC) Technical Sub Committee 2004 on IPSAS implementation, reasonable efforts have been made to ensure that the Financial Statements prepared herein reflect the true and fair view of the financial position of Nembe Local Government Council as at 31st December, 2023.

On behalf of Nembe Local Government Council, I write to accept responsibility for the integrity, credibility and objectivity of the Financial Statements. The information embedded reflects the financial position of the Local Government as at 31st December, 2023.

Igbainfegha C. Idubamo Treasurer Hon. Samuel Kalango Acting Chairman

### INTRODUCTION

The Financial Statements of Nembe Local Governments Council for the year ended 31st December 2023 have been examined in accordance with the Generally Accepted Auditing Practice and section 125(2) of the Constitution of the Federal Republic of Nigeria, section 55(3) of the Bayelsa State Audit Law and section 51 subsection 1 and 2 of Bayelsa State Local Government Law 2000.

### **SUBMISSION OF REPORT**

In compliance with Section 5 Sub – section 2 of Bayelsa State Local Government Law 2000, it is my pleasure to humbly lay before the honourable House of Assembly, Bayelsa State, the Auditor – General for Local Governments report on the accounts of Nembe Local Government Council for the financial year ended 31st December, 2023.

### CONSTITUTIONALITY

In accordance with the section of the Bayelsa State Local Government Law 2000 quoted above, the draft annual report and accounts including the related financial statements for the year ended 31st December 2023, was submitted to my office by the accounting officer on the 8th May, 2024.

## STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE AND BASIS OF PREPARATION (IPSAS)

The General Purpose Financial Statements (GPFS) were prepared in compliance with the International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS) Accrual basis of accounting. The financial statements were presented in Nigeria Naira (N) and kobo (k) which is the functional and reporting currency in Nigeria. The accounting year to which the financial statements date is from 1st January to 31st December, 2023.

### STATEMENT OF COMPLETENESS OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT REVENUE

Revenue accruable to Nembe Local Government Council from the Federation accounts and managed by the State Local Governments Joint Accounts Allocation Committee (SLGJAAC) were fairly stated. I have comfirmed the completeness and correctness of the SLGJAAC receipts, the relevant deductions and balances of transfer of the SLGJAAC allocations accruable to the Local Government Council.



### RESPONSIBILITY OF THE ACCOUNTING OFFICER

In line with the provisions of Section 48 subsection 1 of Bayelsa State Local Government Law 2000, the accounting officer is responsible for the preparation of financial statements. He is responsible for the general and overall supervision of all accounting activities of the local government. In carrying out this mandate, he has the responsibility to:

- Ensure that the treasury department of the council keep proper books of accounts that reasonably discloses the financial position of the local government.
- > Establish and maintain a functional and adequate system of internal control designed to provide reasonable assurance that the transaction recorded reflect the utilization of the public financial resources.
- > Ensure that appropriate accounting policies and estimate are consistently deployed in the preparation of financial statements.
- > Taking steps to safeguard the assets of the local government, prevent and detect fraud and irregularities.

### RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE AUDITOR – GENERAL FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENTS

The responsibility is to form or express an independent opinion based on the financial statements as presented by the accounting officer of the local government and report to the State House of Assembly.

## 2. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS: FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

REVENUE					
Revenue	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Description		N	N	N	H
Opening Balance	2,751,446.55	1,039,252.04	3,644,385.85	641,031.52	-
Statutory Allocation	3,253,358,578.02	2,641,268,170.38	2,195,297,807.82	1,961,790,957.24	2,086,849,516.81
Independent					
Revenue	12,644,571.97	12,664,571.97	26,249,919.43	23,009,919.43	8,194,571.97
Other Revenue		36,627,773.77		-	284,758,520.62
Total	3,268,754,596.54	2,691,599,768.16	2,225,192,113.10	1,985,441,908.19	2,379,802,609.40
EXPENDITURE					
Expenditure	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Description		H	N	H	<del>1</del>
Personnel Cost	1,714,797,724.75	1,636,112,485.50	1,605,013,679.21	524,072,964.30	667,917,788.63
Overhead Cost	425,789,313.02	650,945,303.06	366,578,519.97	400,656,275.53	380,388,034.90
Other Operating Cost					
/Statutory Deduction	229,467,199.65	242,485,464.40	190,560,661.88	990,552,538.27	959,508,028.46
Capital Expenditure	850,332,114.01	31,270,000.00	62,000,000.00	56,520,900.00	56,520,900.00
Total	3,220,386,351.43	2,560,813,252.96	2,224,152,861.06	1,971,802,678.10	2,064,334,751.99

### PATTERN AND MANNER IN WHICH THE ACCOUNTS WERE KEPT AND RENDERED

Section 5(3) of the Audit Law (Cap 13, Laws of Eastern Nigeria 1963) applicable to Bayelsa State and the provisions of IPSAS (Accrual) and Section 48(1) of Bayelsa State Local Government Law 2000 requires the Accounting officer of Nembe Local Government Council to, within three (3) months after the 31<sup>st</sup> day of December, each year, transmit to the Auditor-General for Local Governments accounts showing the financial position of the local government on the said 31<sup>st</sup> day of December specified financial summaries for five years.

Financial statements submitted for audit are:

- Statement of Financial Performance
- 2. Statement of Financial Position
- 3. Statement of Cash flow
- 4. Statement of Changes in Net Assets
- 5. Statement of Recurrent Revenue
- 6. Statement of Recurrent Expenditure
- 7 Statement of external/internal loans
- 8. Statement of personnel cost
- 9. Statement of overhead cost

### **BOOK-KEEPING AND FINANCIAL CONTROL**

Audit observed that the state of Book-keeping in Nembe Local Government Council is below the required standard of record keeping. In most cases payments are made before payment vouchers are prepared, which has negatively affected the system of internal control and also hindered early submission of financial statements.

### **AUDIT QUERIES**

Audit raised several queries within the period stated above, but the response to these queries were low due to the timing of the audit exercise.

Audit looks forward to a timely audit exercise in the near future to ensure that elected officers and other key local government personnel are on ground to give information and explanation that is relevant to the expression of an audit opinion.

## GENERAL OBSERVATIONS/RECOMMENDATIONS INTERNAL CONTROL

Chapter 40.1 of the model financial memoranda (FM) states that an internal audit unit headed by an Internal Auditor be established in the Local Government Council to provide a complete and continues audit of the accounts and records of revenue, expenditure, plants, allocated and unallocated stores



where applicable with reference to basic internal accounting controls that have been set-up by the accounting officer of the Council which are relevant to the expression of an audit opinion on the financial statements.

The basic accounting controls that are supposed to be built into the system, and which is expected to be followed at all times, and in respect of all transactions and disciplines over basic controls that are established as a check over the basic controls by way of management supervision which are key factors upon which the Auditors place reliance on the preparation of the financial statements are not properly utilised. This observation was raised in the 2022 audit. Though, the internal audit has been established but they are yet to carry out their main function of prepayment audit and maintaining internal control as regards to revenue and expenditure items as against budgeted estimates.

**Action required:** The Accounting officer should ensure that the internal audit department in the council operate as it is statutorily required.

### **BANK RECONCILLIATION STATEMENTS**

During the period under review, audit observed that the council (Accounts department) did not prepare bank reconciliation statement with respect to its transactions with approved banks monthly. This statutory requirement is part of the overall control system whereby cash book balance (Bank column) is reconciled with the bank balance to avoid loss of financial asset. This was observed in the previous (2021 and 2022) years audit and is yet to be responded to.

**Required Action:-** The Treasurer of the Council should in subsequent years prepare monthly bank reconciliation statement as statutorily required.



## **GOVERNMENT OF BAYELSA STATE OF NIGERIA**

Office of the Auditor-General for Local Governments

e-mail address: localgovtsauditbys@gmail.com

LGCON.21/VOL.II/105



State Govt. Secretariat P.M.B. 30 Yenagoa, Bayelsa State. 25<sup>th</sup> July, 2024

Date

#### **AUDIT CERTIFICATE**

In compliance with section 125(2) of the Constitution of the Federal Republic of Nigeria 1999 (as amended) and Section 55(3) of the Bayelsa State Audit Law 2021, the audit of the Financial Statements of Nembe Local Government Council of Bayelsa State for the year ended 31st December, 2023 was conducted in accordance with the provisions of the financial memoranda and other relevant regulations.

The audit was conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and INTOSAI Auditing Standards



Within the period under review, the information presented in the General Purpose Financial Statements are in compliance with the International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS) Accrual basis of accounting as prescribed in the statement of accounting policies.

In my opinion, the Financial Statements which agree with the books of Accounts and records show a true and fair view of the Financial Position of Nembe Local Government Council for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> December, 2023.

Office of the Auditor – General For Local Governments P.M.B. 30, Yenagoa Fagha Henry Prenanagha PON ACTION NOTE

Auditor – General for

Local Governments

Bayelsa State.

All Correspondence to be addressed to the Auditor-General for Local Governments





# STATEMENT I CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE (INCOME & EXPENDITURE) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 3IST DECEMBER, 2023

Actual 2022		Notes	Actual 2023	Final Budget 2023	Initial Budget 2023	Supplementary Budget 2023	Variance on Final Budget
	REVENUE						
1,624,031,491.60	Government share of FAAC (Statutory Revenue)	1, 1(b)	1,839,674,973.67	1,992,238,145.31	1,504,052,144.31	488,186,001.00	152,563,171.64
1,017,236,678.78	Government share of VAT	2	1,413,683,604.35	557,729,300.00	557,729,300.00	-	855,954,304.3
-	Tax Revenue		-	-	-	-	
12,664,571.97	Non – Tax Revenue	3	12,644,571.97	94,000,000.00	94,000,000.00	-	81,355,428.0
-	Investment Income		-	-	-	-	
-	Interest Earned		-	-	-	-	
-	AID & Grants		-	-	-	-	
36,627,773.77	Other Revenue				-	-	
2,690,560,516.12	Total Revenue		3,266,003,149.99	2,643,967,445.31	2,155,781,444.31	488,186,001.00	(622,035,704.68
	EXPENDITURE						
1,636,112,485.44	Salaries & Wages	4	1,714,797,724.75	1,715,211,010.62	1,637,865,182.92	77,345,827.70	413,285.8
171,945,008.91	Social Benefits	5	190,096,747.62	28,000,000.00	28,000,000.00	-	162,096,747.6
673,917,871.67	Overhead Cost	6	425,789,313.02	426,245,000.00	417,945,000.00	8,300,000.00	455,686.9
-	Grants & Contributions		-	-	-	-	
	Depreciation	7	158,007,188.68	-	-	-	158,007,188.6
33,912,681.72	Transfer to other Govt Entities	8	39,370,452.03	32,000,000.00	32,000,000.00	-	7,370,452.0
2,515,888,047.74	Total Expenditure		2,528,061,426.09	2,201,456,010.62	2,115,810,182.92	85,645,827.70	328,343,361.1
174,672,468.38	Surplus from Operating Activities for the period		737,941,723.90	-	-	-	
-	Public Debt Repayment			-	-	-	
	Gain/Loss on Disposal of asset						
	Gain/Loss on Disposal of asset						
-	Total non- operating revenue (expenses)		-	-	-	-	
174,672,468.38	Surplus/ (deficit) from Ordinary Activities	13	737,941,723.90	-	-	-	
-	Miniority Interest share of surpus/deficit		-	-	-	-	
174,672,468.38	Net Surplus/(Deficit) for the period		737,941,723.90	-	-	-	

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the General -Purpose Financial Statement (GPFS)

1111111 8/05/29

Idubamo Igbainfegha (ACA) Treasurer





# STATEMENT 2 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (BALANCE SHEET) AS AT 3IST DECEMBER, 2023

	Economic Code	Notes	20	023	202	22
			N	N	N	N
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Current Assets						
Cash and Cash	3101-4	9				
Equivalents			36,159,012.59		2,751,446.55	
Inventories	3105		-			
Receivables	3106-7		-		-	
Prepayments	3108		-		-	
Α				36,159,012.59	-	2,751,446.55
Non-Current				30,133,012.33		2,731,440.33
Assets						
Loans & Debts (short-term)	3110		-		-	
Investments	3109		-		_	
Property, Plant & Equipment	3201	10	2,498,098,686.83		-	
Investment Property	3202		-		-	
Intangible Assets	3301		-		_	
В			-	2,498,098,686.83		-
Total Assets C = A+B				2,534,257,699.42		2,751,446.55
LIABILITIES						
<b>Current Liabilities</b>						
Deposits	4101		-		_	
Short Term Loans & Debts	4102		-		-	
Unremitted Deductions	4103		-		-	





# STATEMENT 2 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (BALANCE SHEET) AS AT 31ST DECEMBER, 2023

Accrued Expenses	4104		-			
					-	
Current Portion of	4105		-			
Borrowings					_	
D			-	-		
Non-Current						-
Liabilities						
Public Funds	4601					
						-
Borrowings	4602	11				
			(101,756,326.62)		113,965,559.14	-
E				-		
			(101,756,326.62)		113,965,559.14	
Total Liabilities: F						
= D + E				(101,756,326.62)		113,965,559.14
Net Assets: G = C						
-F				2,432,501,372.80		_
NET						
ASSETS/EQUITY						
Reserves	4701	12				
			1,694,559,648.91		_	
	4702	13				
Surpluses/(Deficits)			737,941,723.90		_	
Total Net						
Assets/Equity				2,432,501,372.81		116,717,005.69

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the General -Purpose Financial Statement (GPFS)

Idubamo Igbainfegha (ACA)

Treasurer





## STATEMENT 3 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 2023

Description	Notes	20	23	2022			
		N	N	N	N		
CASH FLOWS FROM							
<u>OPERATING</u>							
<u>ACTIVITIES</u>							
<u>Inflows</u>							
Government Share of	1						
FAAC (Statutory		1,839,674,973.67		1,624,031,491.60			
Revenue)							
Government Share of	2						
VAT		1,413,683,604.35		1,017,236,678.78			
Direct Taxes		-		-			
Licenses		-		-			
Fines		-		-			
Royalties		-		-			
Fees		-		-			
Earnings & Sales	3	12,644,571.97		12,664,571.97			
Rents of Government		-		-			
Properties							
Investment Income		-		-			
Interest & Repayment		-		-			
General							
Re- imbursement		-		1			
Funds from Special		-		-			
Accounts							
Domestic Aid & Grants		-		-			
External Aid & Grants		-		-			
Gains from exchange		-		-			
transactions							
Other Revenue (e.g.		-					
plea Bargain)				36,627,773.77			
Total inflow from							
Operating Activities			3,266,003,149.99		2,690,560,516.12		
Outflows							
Salaries & Wages							
S	4	1,714,797,724.75		1,636,112,485.44			
Social Benefits							
	5	190,096,747.62		171,945,008.91			





## STATEMENT 3 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED 3IST DECEMBER, 2023

Overhead Cost	6				
		425,789,313.02		673,917,871.67	
Grants & Contributions		-		-	
Subsidies		-			
Transfer to other	8				
Government Entities		39,370,452.03		33,912,681.72	
Public Debts				-	
Repayment					
Total Outflow from					
Operating Activities					
(B)		2,370,054,237.42	(2,370,054,237.42)		(2,515,888,047.74)
Net Cash					
Inflow/(Outflow) From					
Operating Activities*			895,948,912.57		174,672,468.38
C=(A-B)					
CASH FLOW FROM					
INVESTING					
<u>ACTIVITIES</u>					
Proceeds from Sale of		-		-	
PPE					
Proceeds from Sales of		-		-	
Investment Property					
Proceeds from Sale of		-		-	
Intangible Assets					
Proceeds from Sale of		-		-	
Investment					
Dividends Received		-		-	
		-			
Purchase/Construction	14				
of PPE		(850,332,114.01)		(136,332,500.00)	
Purchase/Construction		-		-	
of Investment Property					
Purchase of Intangible		-		-	
Assets					
Acquisition of		-		-	
Investments					
Net Cash Flow from	-				
Investing Activities			(850,332,114.01)		(136,332,500.00)





## STATEMENT 3 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED 3IST DECEMBER, 2023

CASH FLOW FROM					
FINANCING					
<u>ACTIVITIES</u>					
Proceeds from				-	
Borrowings					
Repayment of	11	(12,209,232.52)		(36,627,773.77)	
Borrowings					
Distribution of		-		-	
Surplus/Dividends Paid					
Net Cash Flow from					
Financing Activities			(12,209,232.52)		(36,627,773.77)
Net Cash Flow from					
all Activities			33,407,566.04		1,712,194.61
Cash & Its Equivalent					
as at 1/1/2023			2,751,446.55		1,039,251.94
Cash & Its Equivalent					
as at 31/12/2023			36,159,012.59		2,751,446.55
Notes: 1					
RECONCILIATION:					
Surplus/ (Deficit) per	13	737,941,723.90		-	
Statement of					
Performance					
Add back non cash		-		-	
movement-					
Depreciation	7A	158,007,188.68		-	
Charges					
Net Cash Flow from				-	
Operating Activities		895,948,912.57			
Note: 2					
Cash & its equivalent					
as at 31/12/2023					
Cash Balances		-		-	
Bank Balances		36,159,012.59	36,159,012.59	-	2,751,446.55

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the General -Purpose Financial Statement (GPFS)

Idubamo Igbainfegha (ACA)

Treasurer





# STATEMENT 4 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS/ EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 2023.

	Notes	Revaluation Reserve N	Translation Reserve N	Accumulated Surpluses	Total ₦
Balance as at 1st January 2023	12	1,694,559,648.91	-	-	1,694,559,660.91
Changes in Accounting Policy					
Restated Balance		-		-	-
Surplus on Revaluation of Properties					
Deficit on Revaluation of Investments					
Net Gains and losses not recognized in the statement of Financial Performance					-
Net Surplus for the year	13	737,941,723.90	-	-	737,941,723.90
Balance as at 31 December 2023		-		-	
Deficit on Revaluation of Property		-		-	
Surplus on Revaluation of Investments		-		-	
Net gains and Losses not Recognized in the Statement of Financial Performance					
Net deficit for the Period					
Balance as at 31 December 2023		2,432,501,372.81	-	-	2,432,501,384.81

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the General -Purpose Financial Statement (GPFS)

Idubamo Igbainfegha (ACA)

Treasurer





## NEMBE LOCAL GOVERNMENT COUNCIL NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2023

		Def Com		,	1	
Note	Details	Ref Sup. Note	Amount	Amount		Remarks
1	A. Share of Statutory Allocation from FAAC					
	Net share of Statutory Allocation from FAAC	1	1,230,905,052.11			
	Add: Deduction at source	1A	45,217,816.84	1,276,122,868.95		
	Share of Statutory Allocation (Other Agencies)	1B		608,769,921.56		
	onare or ordinatory rationalism (other rigonatory			000,700,022.00		
	Share of Statutory Allocation (Excess Crude Oil)			-		
	Total (Gross) Statutory Allocation			1,839,674,973.67		
2	B. Value Added Tax	2A				
	Share of Value Added Tax (VAT)			1,413,683,604.35		
	Internally Generated Revenue (Independent Revenue)					
	Internacy Senerated Nevertae (Macpendent Nevertae)	Ref Sup.				
	NON TAX REVENUE	Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	
3	RATES GENERAL (TENEMENT RATE)		-	54,000,000.00		
	LICENSE GENERAL	$\perp$	-	2,500,000.00		
	FEES GENERAL		-	12,000,000.00		
	FINES GENERAL		-			
	EARNINGS GENERAL		12,644,571.97	21,500,000.00		
	Sale/Rent of Government Property		-			
4	WAGES AND SALARIES			2023		2022
		Ref Sup.				
		Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	Actual
1A	PERSONNEL COST	4A				
	ADMINISTRATIVE SECTOR		396,863,979.47	-	-	-
	ECONOMIC SECTOR		246,050,316.90	-	-	-
	SOCIAL SECTOR		993,692,411.77	-	-	-
	REGIONAL SECTOR			-	-	-
	LAW AND JUSTICE		3,402,446.16	-	-	-
	SUBTOTAL		1,640,009,154.30	-	-	-
4B	CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND CHARGES	4B	74,788,570.45	_	-	-
+0	TOTAL WAGES AND SALARIES	40	1,714,797,724.75	-	_	
4C	PERSONNEL ANALYSIS			2023		2022
		Ref Sup.				
		Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	Actual
	TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR		972			
	TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES EMPLOYED IN 2023		-			
	TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES RETIRED DURING THE YEAR		10			
	TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES AT THE END OF THE YEAR 2023		962			
5	SOCIAL BENEFITS	Ref Sup.		2023		2022
		Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	Actual
	ADMINISTRATIVE SECTOR	5A	190,096,747.62			
	ECONOMIC SECTOR					
	SOCIAL SECTOR		-			
	REGIONAL SECTOR		-			
_	LAW AND JUSTICE					





## NEMBE LOCAL GOVERNMENT COUNCIL NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2023

		Ref Sup.		,		
Vote	Details	Note	Amount	Amount		Remarks
1	A. Share of Statutory Allocation from FAAC					
	Net share of Statutory Allocation from FAAC	1	1,230,905,052.11			
	Add: Deduction at source	1A	45,217,816.84	1,276,122,868.95		
	Share of Statutory Allocation (Other Agencies)	1B		608,769,921.56		
	Charact Chatratan Allacation (Funda County Oil)					
	Share of Statutory Allocation (Excess Crude Oil)  Total (Gross) Statutory Allocation			1,839,674,973.67		
2	B. Value Added Tax	2A				
	Share of Value Added Tax (VAT)			1,413,683,604.35		
	Internally Generated Revenue (Independent Revenue)					
	NON TAX REVENUE	Ref Sup. Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	
3	RATES GENERAL (TENEMENT RATE)		-	54,000,000.00		
	LICENSE GENERAL		-	2,500,000.00		
	FEES GENERAL		-	12,000,000.00		
	FINES GENERAL		-			
	EARNINGS GENERAL		12,644,571.97	21,500,000.00		
	Sale/Rent of Government Property		-			
4	WAGES AND SALARIES			2023		2022
		Ref Sup.				<u> </u>
		Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	Actual
4A	PERSONNEL COST	4A				
	ADMINISTRATIVE SECTOR		396,863,979.47	-	-	-
	ECONOMIC SECTOR		246,050,316.90	-	-	-
	SOCIAL SECTOR		993,692,411.77	-	-	-
	REGIONAL SECTOR			-	-	-
	LAW AND JUSTICE		3,402,446.16	-	-	-
	SUBTOTAL		1,640,009,154.30	-	-	-
4B	CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND CHARGES	4B	74,788,570.45	-	-	-
_	TOTAL WAGES AND SALARIES		1,714,797,724.75			
4C	PERSONNEL ANALYSIS			2023		2022
		Ref Sup.				
	TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	Note	Actual 972	Budget	% Variance	Actual
	TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES EMPLOYED IN 2023		-			
	TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES RETIRED DURING THE YEAR		10			
	TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES AT THE END OF THE YEAR 2023	+	962			





5	SOCIAL BENEFITS			2023		2022
		Ref Sup.				
		Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	Actual
	ADMINISTRATIVE SECTOR	5A	190,096,747.62	Ū		
	ECONOMIC SECTOR		-			
	SOCIAL SECTOR		-			
	REGIONAL SECTOR		-			
	LAW AND JUSTICE		-			
6	OVERHEAD COST			2023		2022
		Ref Sup.				
		Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	Actual
6A	OVERHEAD COST BY FUNCTION	6A		_		
	TRAVEL& TRANSPORT - GENERAL		90,010,053.19	40,000,000.00		
	UTILITIES – GENERAL		40,510,630.00	1,800,000.00		
	MATERIALS AND SUPPLY - GENERAL		41,992,760.26	9,930,000.00		
	MAINTENANCE SERVICES – GENERAL		223,356,437.25	11,150,000.00		
	FUEL AND LUBRICANT - GENERAL		29,816,802.55	8,620,000.00		
	FINANCIAL CHARGES - GENERAL		102,629.77			
	TOTAL		425,789,313.02			
6B	OVERHEAD COST BY SECTOR	68				
	ADMINISTRATIVE SECTOR		212,894,656.51			
	ECONOMIC SECTOR		144,768,366.44			
	SOCIAL SECTOR		68,126,290.08			
	REGIONAL SECTOR		-			
	LAW & JUSTICE		-			
	TOTAL		425,789,313.03			
7	DEPRECIATION		L	2023		2022
		Ref Sup.				
		Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	Actual
	BUILDING – GENERAL	7A	20,387,199.92			
	INFRASTRUCTURE – GENERAL		35,671,838.76			
	PLANT & MACHINERY – GENERAL		96,161,000.00			
	TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT - GENERAL		-			
	OFFICE EQUIPMENT		158,750.00			
	FURNITURE & FITTINGS – GENERAL		5,628,400.00			
	TOTAL		158,007,188.68			





8	TRANSFER TO OTHER GOVERNMENT ENTITIES					
-	COMMON SERVICES	8A	7,500,000.00	-		-
	TRAINING FUNDS	UA UA	31,870,452.03	-		
	TOTAL		39,370,452.03			
	IOTAL		39,370,432.03	-		-
		Ref Sup.				
9	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT	Note	2023	2022		
	CASH IN HAND	9A	2020	2022		
	CASH AT BANK	9A	36,159,012.59	2,751,446.55		
	TOTAL		36,159,012.59	2,751,446.55		
	TOTAL		00,200,022.00	2,702,440.00		
		Ref Sup.				
10	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	Note	31/12/2023	01/01/2023		
	BUILDING –GENERAL		1,084,512,875.08	1,011,583,625.00		
	INFRASTRUCTURE -GENERAL		1,140,695,961.75	671,352,136.50		
	PLANT & MACHINERY –GENERAL		249,900,000.00	94,061,000.00		
	TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT- GENERAL		-	-		
	OFFICE EQUIPMENT – GENERAL		476,250.00	635,000.00		
	FURNITURE AND FITTINGS		22,513,600.00	28,142,000.00		
	TOTAL		2,498,098,686.83	1,805,773,761.50		
			, , ,			
		Ref Sup.				
11	BORROWINGS	Note	2023	2022		
	EXTERNAL LOANS		-			
	DOMESTIC LOANS		101,756,326.62			
	TOTAL					
		Ref Sup.				
12	RESERVES	Note	2023	2022		
	FOR THE YEAR		1,694,559,648.91			
		Ref Sup.				
13	SURPLUS	Note	2023	2022		
	FOR THE YEAR		737,941,723.90			
		Ref Sup.			-	
14	PURCHASE/CONSTRUCTION OF PPE	Note	2023	2022		
	BUILDING -GENERAL		93,316,450.00			
	INFRASTRUCTURE -GENERAL		505,015,664.01			
	PLANT & MACHINERY –GENERAL		252,000,000.00			
	TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT- GENERAL					
	OFFICE EQUIPMENT – GENERAL					
	FURNITURE AND FITTINGS					
	TOTAL		850,332,114.01			

## SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 2023

# SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 1 SHARE OF FAAC STATUTORY REVENUE

DETAILS/ MONTH	NET RECEIPT  SEE SUPPLEMENTARY  NOTE 1A	ADD: DEDUCTIONS AT SOURCE (SEE – SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 1A	GROSS
ECONOMIC CODE	11010101 ₩	11010101 ₩	₩
JANUARY	168,289,955.80	5,048,698.67	173,338,654.47
FEBRUARY	97,185,739.42	2,915,572.18	100,101,311.60
MARCH	92,495,287.19	2,774,858.62	95,270,145.81
APRIL	126,080,323.73	3,782,409.71	129,862,733.44
MAY	89,560,562.96	2,686,816.89	92,247,379.85
JUNE	135,461,167.96	4,063,835.04	139,525,003.00
JULY	75,944,019.10	2,278,320.57	78,222,339.67
AUGUST	98,606,667.25	2,958,200.02	101,564,867.27
SEPTEMBER	81,556,754.45	10,737,368.11	92,294,122.56
OCTOBER	98,792,132.23	2,963,763.97	101,755,896.20
NOVEMBER	76,391,447.88	2,291,743.44	78,683,191.32
DECEMBER	90,540,994.14	2,716,229.62	93,257,223.76
GRAND TOTAL	1,230,905,052.11	45,217,816.84	1,276,122,868.95

## SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 1A NET STATUTORY ALLOCATION

	METOTATOTON	ALLOGATION	
DETAILS/ MONTH	GROSS STATUTORY ALLOCATION (a)	TOTAL DEDUCTIONS (b)	NET ALLOCATION c = (a - b)
ECONOMIC CODE	11010101	11010101	
	₩	₩	Ħ
JANUARY	173,338,654.47	5,048,698.67	168,289,955.80
FEBRUARY	100,101,311.60	2,915,572.18	97,185,739.42
MARCH	95,270,145.81	2,774,858.62	92,495,287.19
APRIL	129,862,733.44	3,782,409.71	126,080,323.73
MAY	92,247,379.85	2,686,816.89	89,560,562.96
JUNE	139,525,003.00	4,063,835.04	135,461,167.96
JULY	78,222,339.67	2,278,320.57	75,944,019.10
AUGUST	101,564,867.27	2,958,200.02	98,606,667.25
SEPTEMBER	92,294,122.56	10,737,368.11	81,556,754.45
OCTOBER	101,755,896.20	2,963,763.97	98,792,132.23
NOVEMBER	78,683,191.32	2,291,743.44	76,391,447.88
DECEMBER	93,257,223.76	2,716,229.62	90,540,994.14
GRAND TOTAL	1,276,122,868.95	45,217,816.84	1,230,905,052.11



# SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 1B ANALYSIS OF SHARE OF STATUTORY ALLOCATION (OTHER AGENCIES)

ECONOMIC CODE	DESCRIPTION	JANUARY	FEBRUARY	MARCH	APRIL	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUGUST	SEPTEMBER	OCTOBER	NOVEMBER	DECEMBER	GRAND TOTAL
	ELECTRONIC MONEY TRANSFER LEVY	9.221.123.52	5.040.884.26	4.494.297.55	5,608,615,93	5.549.611.62	5.523.661.12	4.358,575,96	4.893.187.35	5.424,955.05	4.245.124.17	5.942.751.09	4.568.862.91	64.871.650.53
11010101	NON OIL REVENUE	_	27.269.706.41	1,1-1,1-1	_	6.544.729.54				-		16.361.823.85	-	50,176,259.80
	NON OIL REVENUE 2		4,213,169.64		_	2,726,970.64	-						_	6,940,140.28
	FOREX EQUALISATION 1		_	28,469,573.49	-	11,862,322.29	_		-				-	40,331,895.78
	FOREX EQUALISATION 2				-	4,744,928.92				-			-	4,744,928.92
11010101	SOLID MINERALS					3,957,505.82								3,957,505.82
	EXCHANGE GAIN DIFFERENCE	5,984,851.82					158,753.73						-	6,143,605.55
	EXCHANGE GAIN DIFFERENCE 2				_	_	34,740,978.15	80,833,350.82	73,132,414.64	59,242,146.77	44,335,075.60	48,308,382.40	91,011,586.50	431,603,934.88
	TOTAL	15,205,975.34	36,523,760.31	32,963,871.04	5,608,615.93	35,386,068.83	40,423,393.00	85,191,926.78	78,025,601.99	64,667,101.82	48,580,199.77	70,612,957.34	95,580,449.41	608,769,921.56

## SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 2 ANALYSIS OF SHARE OF VALUE ADDED TAX (VAT)

ECONOMIC CODE	DESCRIPTION	JANUARY	FEBRUARY	MARCH	APRIL	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUGUST	SEPTEMBER	OCTOBER	NOVEMBER	DECEMBER	GRAND TOTAL
11010202	VALUE ADDED TAX	102,130,069.26	126,226,342.96	79,624,869.87	115,763,358.03	131,996,464.40	99,487,257.63	130,707,851.13	126,349,560.25	118,976,325.31	126,806,369.93	136,814,801.66	118,800,333.92	1,413,683,604.35

## SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 3 NON - TAX REVENUE

ECONOMIC														
CODE	DESCRIPTION	JANUARY	FEBRUARY	MARCH	APRIL	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUGUST	SEPTEMBER	OCTOBER	NOVEMBER	DECEMBER	TOTAL
	FEES - RIGHT OF													
12020459	OCCUPANCY FEES		-	-	-	-		-		-	-			-
	FEES - INDIGINE													
12020466	REGISTRATION FEES				-			-						
12020501	FINES - FINES/PENALTIES		-							-				
	EARNINGS - EARNINGS													
	FROM COMMERCIAL													
12020711	ACTIVITIES			8,094,571.97	4,050,000.00	280,000.00	240,000.00							12,664,571.97
	TOTAL			8.094.571.97	4.050.000.00	280,000,00	240,000.00							12.664.571.97





## SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 4 SALARIES AND WAGES

MONTHS	COUNCIL SALARIES	HEALTH WORKERS SALARIES N	TEACHERS SALARIES ₩	CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND CHARGES- SALARIES 9B N	COUNCIL SALARY ARREARS N	ALLOWANCES	TOTAL N
	21010101	21010101	21010101	21010103	21010101		
JANUARY	41,243,647.22	46,104,578.70	34,897,824.38		10,000,000.00	-	132,246,050.30
FEBRUARY	41,243,647.22	46,104,578.70	34,819,624.14	0	10,000,000.00		132,167,850.06
MARCH	41,243,647.22	46,164,957.28	34,694,624.14	0	10,000,000.00	ū	132,103,228.64
APRIL	41,253,823.14	46,164,957.28	34,694,624.14		10,000,000.00	-	132,113,404.56
MAY	41,407,307.84	46,164,957.28	34,694,624.14	-	10,000,000.00	-	132,266,889.26
JUNE	41,407,307.84	46,164,957.28	34,694,624.14		10,000,000.00	-	132,266,889.26
JULY	47,397,213.36	53,052,169.92	34,712,534.12		10,000,000.00	-	145,161,917.40
AUGUST	45,956,562.27	45,918,358.69	35,712,534.12	15,077,714.09	10,000,000.00		152,665,169.17
SEPTEMBER	45,954,978.26	45,962,937.70	35,320,847.92	14,477,714.09	10,000,000.00	-	151,716,477.97
OCTOBER	41,304,204.52	45,862,937.70	35,320,847.92	15,077,714.09	10,000,000.00	-	147,565,704.23
NOVEMBER	47,397,213.36	53,208,136.90	35,320,847.92	15,077,714.09	10,000,000.00	-	161,003,912.27
DECEMBER	50,507,190.24	52,614,479.34	35,320,847.92	15,077,714.09	10,000,000.00	-	163,520,231.59
GRAND TOTAL	526,316,742.50	573,488,006.77	420,204,405.00	74,788,570.45	120,000,000.00		1,714,797,724.72

## SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 4A WAGES AND SALARIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 2023

S/No	ADMIN CODE	ECON CODE	HEAD DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATE	SUPPLEMENT	TOTAL	ACTUAL	EXCESS	SAVINGS
		200110022	THE SECOND FIELD	N	N	N	N	N	N
		Sector:	ADMINISTRATIVE						
1	11100100100	21010103	OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN		31,571,400.00	31,571,400.00	31,571,377.80	22.20	22.20
2	11100100200	21010103	OFFICE OF THE VICE CHAIRMAN	-	5,874,427.70	5,874,427.70	5,874,427.70		
3	11100200200	21010103	SECRETARY TO THE LOCAL GOVT.	-	2,300,000.00	2,300,000.00	2,222,764.95	77,235.05	77,235.05
4	11100201000	21010103	LEGISLATORS/ SUPERVISORS	-	35,120,000.00	35,120,000.00	35,120,000.00	-	-
5	11100500100	21010101	ADMINISTRATIVE DEPARTMENT	396,864,000.00	-	396,864,000.00	396,863,979.47	20.53	20.53
			SUB TOTAL	396,864,000.00	74,865,827.70	471,729,827.70	471,652,549.92		
	11101000100	Sector:	ECONOMIC		-			-	
6	11103500100	21010101	DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND SUPPLIES	71,016,497.95	2,480,000.00	73,496,497.95	73,478,821.32	17,676.63	17,676.63
7		21010101	DEPARTMENT OF BUDGET, PLANNING, RESEARCH AND STATISTICS	12,100,000.00	-	12,100,000.00	12,074,241.42	25,758.58	-
8	11104400400	21010101	DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE & NATURAL RESOURCES	9,130,000.00	-	9,130,000.00	9,129,515.01	484.99	-
9	11106000100	21010101	WORKS, TRANSPORT, HOUSING, LANDS & SURVEY DEPARTMENT	151,500,000.00	÷	151,500,000.00	151,367,739.15	132,260.85	ē
			SUB TOTAL	243,746,497.95	2,480,000.00	246,226,497.95	246,050,316.90		
		Sector:	LAW & JUSTICE						
10		21010101	LEGAL DEPARTMENT	3,559,684.97	-	3,559,684.97	3,402,446.16	157,238.81	157,238.83
			SUBTOTAL	3,559,684.97	-	3,559,684.97	3,402,446.16		
		Sector:	SOCIAL SECTOR						
11		21010101	SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT, EDUCATION, INFORMATION, SPORTS AND CULTURE DEPARTMENT	420,205,000.00	-	420,205,000.00	420,204,405.00	595.00	-
		21010101	DEPARTMENT OF PRIMARY HEALTH CARE	573,490,000.00	-	573,490,000.00	573,488,006.77	1,993.23	-
			SUBTOTAL	993,695,000.00	-	993,695,000.00	993,692,411.77		
12			GRAND TOTAL	1,637,865,182.92	77,345,827.70	1,715,211,010.62	1,714,797,724.75		





(	CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUN	ND CHARGES – SALARIES	
DESCRIPTION	MONTHLY ESTIMATE	ANNUAL PAID	TOTAL
CHAIRMAN	5,264,275.56	26,321,377.80	26,321,377.80
CHAIRMAN'S AIDES	1,050,000.00	5,250,000.00	5,250,000.00
VICE CHAIRMAN	1,174,885.54	5,874,427.70	5,874,427.70
SECRETARY TO THE LG	444,552.99	2,222,764.95	2,222,764.95
LEGISLATORS	5,364,000.00	26,220,000.00	26,220,000.00
SUPERVISORS	1,780,000.00	8,900,000.00	8,900,000.00
TOTAL	15,077,714.09	74,788,570.45	74,788,570.45

## SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 4C PERSONNEL ANALYSIS

		2023		2022
	ACTUAL	BUDGET	VARIANCE	ACTUAL
TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	972	0	0	0
TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES EMPLOYED IN 2023	0	0	0	0
TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES RETIRED DURING THE YEAR	10	0	0	0
TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES AT THE END OF THE YEAR 2023	982	0	0	0

## SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 5A ANAYSIS OF EMPLOYEES SOCIAL BENEFITS

MONTHS	GRATUITY	PENSION	DEATH BENEFITS	TOTAL
JANUARY	-	15,384,648.53	-	15,384,648.53
FEBRUARY	-	15,656,523.62	-	15,656,523.62
MARCH		15,360,115.88	-	15,360,115.88
APRIL	•	15,677,097.95	-	15,677,097.95
MAY	-	15,944,210.23	-	15,944,210.23
JUNE	•	15,702,354.21	-	15,702,354.21
JULY	•	15,836,475.50	-	15,836,475.50
AUGUST	•	15,762,222.23	-	15,762,222.23
SEPTEMBER	-	15,586,867.64	-	15,586,867.64
OCTOBER	-	15,987,460.82	-	15,987,460.82
NOVEMBER	-	16,343,268.74	-	16,343,268.74
DECEMBER	-	16,855,502.27	-	16,855,502.27
GRAND TOTAL	-	190,096,747.62	-	190,096,747.62





## SUPPLEMETARY NOTE 6A ANALYSIS OF OVERHEAD PAYMENTS

MONTHS	TRAVEL& TRANSPORT - GENERAL	UTILITIES – GENERAL 220202	MATERIALS AND SUPPLY - General	MAINTENANCE SERVICES – GENERAL	FUEL AND LUBRICANT - GENERAL	FINANCIAL CHARGES - GENERAL	TOTAL
	220201	220202	220203	220204	220208	220209	
	N	N		N		N	N
JANUARY	3,150,000.00		100,000.00	1	100,000.00	4,684.53	3,354,684.53
FEBUARY	10,250,000.00	350,000.00	990,000.00	20,310,000.00	990,000.00	17,684.89	32,907,684.89
MARCH	9,279,231.46	-	600,000.00	18,910,000.00	600,000.00	12,174.28	29,401,405.74
APRIL	10,660,000.00	7,720,000.00	100,000.00	22,104,457.99	100,000.00	376.25	40,684,834.24
MAY	6,480,000.00	50,000.00	11,337,000.00	18,523,740.78	11,337,000.00	8,013.01	47,735,753.79
JUNE	12,450,000.00	2,000,000.00	415,000.00	20,410,000.00	415,000.00	309.88	35,690,309.88
JULY	7,025,000.00	3,120,000.00	265,000.00	22,104,457.99	265,000.00	15,101.86	32,794,559.85
AUGUST	-	2,345,630.00	100,000.00	23,875,028.36	100,000.00	19,888.38	26,440,546.74
SEPTEMBE	4,855,900.00	9,260,000.00	2,600,000.00	32,764,294.13	2,600,000.00	676.00	52,080,870.13
OCTOBER	6,400,000.00	8,500,000.00	100,000.00		100,000.00	8,499.89	15,108,499.89
NOVEMBER	-	4,620,000.00	16,057,411.70	22,250,000.00	3,881,453.99	3,983.88	46,812,849.57
DECEMBER	19,459,921.73	2,545,000.00	9,328,348.56	22,104,457.99	9,328,348.56	11,236.92	62,777,313.76
TOTAL	90,010,053.19	40,510,630.00	41,992,760.26	223,356,437.25	29,816,802.55	102,629.77	425,789,313.02

# SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 6B ANAYSIS OF OVERHEAD COST FOR THE YEAR 2023

S/NO	ADMIN	GRP	HEAD DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATE	SUPPLEMENTARY	TOTAL	ACTUAL	SAVINGS	EXCESS
	SECTOR		ADMINISTRATIVE						
1		1	OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN	-	2,600,000.00	2,600,000.00	2,554,735.88	45,264.12	
2		1	VICE CHAIRMAN	-	1,300,000.00	1,300,000.00	1,277,367.94	22,632.06	
3		1	SECRETARY TO THE LG		900,000.00	900,000.00	851,578.63	48,421.37	
		1	LEGISLATORS		3,500,000.00	3,500,000.00	3,406,314.50	93,685.50	
		1	ADMINISTRATIVE DEPT	205,000,000.00		205,000,000.00	204,804,659.56	195,340.44	
			Sub Total	205,000,000.00	8,300,000.00	213,300,000.00	212,894,656.51		
	SECTOR		ECONOMIC					-	
4			DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND SUPPLIES	21,300,000.00	=	21,300,000.00	21,289,465.65	10,534.35	
5		2	DEPARTMENT OF BUDGET, PLANNING, RESEARCH AND STATISTICS	6,400,000.00	-	6,400,000.00	6,386,839.70	13,160.30	
6			DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE & NATURAL RESOURCES	10,645,000.00	-	10,645,000.00	10,644,732.83	267.17	
			WORKS, TRANSPORT, HOUSING, LANDS & SURVEY DEPARTMENT	106,450,000.00	-	106,450,000.00	106,447,328.26	2,671.74	
			Sub Total	144,795,000.00		144,795,000.00	144,768,366.44		
	SECTOR		LAW & JUSTICE			-			
9		3	LEGAL DEPARTMENT	-	-	-	-	-	
			Sub Total						
	SECTOR		SOCIAL						
10			SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT, EDUCATION, INFORMATION, SPORTS AND CULTURE DEPARTMENT	25,550,000.00	-	25,550,000.00	25,547,358.78	2,641.22	
11			DEPARTMENT OF PRIMARY HEALTH CARE	42,600,000.00	-	42,600,000.00	42,578,931.30	21,068.70	
			Sub Total	68,150,000.00	-	68,150,000.00	68,126,290.08		
	GRAND TOTAL			417,945,000.00	8,300,000.00	426,245,000.00	425,789,313.03		





### SUPPLEMENTAR NOTE 7A DEPRECIATION FOR ASSETS

	BUILDING - GENERAL	INFRASTRUCTURE - GENERAL	PLANT & MACHINERY - GENERAL	TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT-	OFFICE EC	QUIPMENT	FURNITURE & FITTINGS - GENERAL	TOTAL
ECONOMIC CODE	240101	240102	240103	240104	240105		240106	
					GENERAL	BOOKS		
RATE	2%	5%	10%	20%	25%	3%	20%	
LEGACY ASSETS	20,231,672.50	33,567,606.83	94,061,000.00	-	158,750.00		5,628,400.00	153,647,429.33
ASSETS DURING	155.527.42	2.104.231.93	2,100,000,00					4,359,759,35
YEAR 2023	155,527.42	2,104,231.93	2,100,000.00	-	-	-	1	4,359,759.35
SUB- TOTAL	155,527.42	2,104,231.93	2,100,000.00	-	-	-	-	4,359,759.35
GRAND TOTAL	20,387,199.92	35,671,838.76	96,161,000.00	-	158,750.00		5,628,400.00	158,007,188.68

### SUPPLEMENTAR NOTE 7B DEPRECIATION FOR ASSETS ACQUIRED DURING THE YEAR 2023

MONTHS			CLASS OF PPE				TOTAL
	BUILDING	INFRASTRUCTURE	PLANTS & MACHINARY	TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT	OFFICE EQUIPMENT	FURNITURE AND FITTINGS	
ECONOMIC CODE	240101	240102	240103	240104	240105	240106	
	0.02/12	0.05/12	10%	20%	DEP, RATE 25%	DEP. RATE 20%	
JANUARY		-				-	
FEBRUARY	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MARCH		-		-		-	-
APRIL		-	-	-	-	-	-
MAY		-	-	-	-	-	-
JUNE	-	-	•	-	-	-	•
JULY	-	-		-	-	-	
AUGUST		-			-	-	
SEPTEMBER		-	•	-		-	-
OCTOBER	155,527.42	2,104,231.93	2,100,000.00	-	-	-	4,359,759.35
NOVEMBER	•	-		-	-	-	
DECEMBER		-	-	-	-	-	-
GRAND TOTAL	155,527.42	2,104,231.93	2,100,000.00	-	-		4,359,759.35

THE DEPRECIATION IS PRO RATED ACCORDING TO THE MONTH OF THE YEAR THE ASSETS VALUE IS CAPITALISED.

### SUPPLEMENTAR NOTE 8A TRANSFER TO OTHER GOVERNMENT ENTITIES

ECONOMIC CODE	DESCRIPTION	NOTES		2022		
			ACTUAL	BUDGET	VARIANCE	ACTUAL
	COMMON SERVICES	SEE SUPL. NOTE 14B	7,500,000.00	-	-	-
	TRAINING FUND		31,870,452.03			
	TOTAL		39,370,452.03	-	-	





### SUPPLEMETARY NOTE 8B ANALYSIS OF STATUTORY TRANSFERS

MONTHS	TRAINING FUND	COMMON SERVICES	PENSION	TOTAL
	N	₩	₩	N
JANUARY	2,856,260.00	625,000.00		3,481,260.00
FEBUARY	2,548,949.58	625,000.00		3,173,949.58
MARCH	2,050,840.28	625,000.00		2,675,840.28
APRIL	2,474,522.98	625,000.00		3,099,522.98
MAY	2,419,115.85	625,000.00		3,044,115.85
JUNE	2,406,308.40	625,000.00		3,031,308.40
JULY	2,918,437.97	625,000.00		3,543,437.97
AUGUST	2,914,818.29	625,000.00		3,539,818.29
SEPTEMBE	2,652,001.82	625,000.00		3,277,001.82
OCTOBER	2,741,787.02	625,000.00		3,366,787.02
NOVEMBER	2,838,192.07	625,000.00		3,463,192.07
DECEMBER	3,049,217.77	625,000.00		3,674,217.77
TOTAL	31,870,452.03	7,500,000.00		39,370,452.03

#### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 9A CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

DESCRIPTION	REF. S. NOTE	2023	2022
CASH IN HAND		-	-
CASH AT BANK	16B	36,159,012.59	2,751,446.55
TOTAL		36,159,012.59	2,751,446.55

### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 9B CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

			PREMIUM TRU	ST BANK							
	ZENITH BANK: 10	13345616	0080032	307	FCBM BANK		STERLING BANK		ACCES	S BANK	
RECEIPTS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
OPENING BALANCE	2,274,342.77				232,376.02		178,990.06		65,737.70		2,751,446.55
JANUARY	464,786,322.69	453,369,691.94		-	-	-	-	-		-	
FEBRUARY	165,671,507.28	86,012,866.73	-			-	-				
MARCH	282,147,067.84	313,115,750.27	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
APRIL	269,778,037.75	243,890,474.55	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
MAY	106,358,844.98	187,180,074.37	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
JUNE	78,147,779.86	5,234,951.97	174,629,069.77	138,949,102.00	-	-	-	-		-	
JULY	121,942,139.13	199,525,075.50		-	-	-	-	-		-	
AUGUST	161,314,649.99	162,868,057.85		-	-	-	-	-		-	
SEPTEMBER	120,706,851.90	36,531,447.89	,	-	-	-	-	-	,	-	
OCTOBER	709,879,591.01	772,460,977.95	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	
NOVEMBER	123,441,220.12	99,804,732.24		-	-	-	-	-		-	
DECEMBER	270,966,543.47	317,418,856.49	-	-	-	-	-			-	-
TOTAL	2,877,414,898.79	2,877,412,957.75	174,629,069.77	138,949,102.00	232,376.02	-	178,990.06		65,737.70	-	
CLOSING BALANCE		1,941.04		35,679,967.77		232,376.02		178,990.06		65,737.70	36,159,012.59





#### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 10A PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	BUILDING – GENERAL	INFRASTRUCTURE - GENERAL	PLANT & MACHINERY - GENERAL	TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT - GENERAL	OFFICE EQUIPMENT - GENERAL	FURNITURE AND FITTINGS	TOTAL
	320101	320102	320103	320104	320105	320106	
CARYING AMOUNT 01/01/2023	1,011,583,625.00	671,352,136.50	94,061,000.00	-	635,000.00	28,142,000.00	1,805,773,761.50
ADD ASSET DURING THE YEAR (SEE - SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE	93,316,450.00	505,015,664.01	252,000,000.00	-			850,332,114.01
TOTAL ASSETS	1,104,900,075.00	1,176,367,800.51	346,061,000.00	-	635,000.00	28,142,000.00	2,656,105,875.51
LESS DEPRECIATION	20,387,199.92	35,671,838.76	96,161,000.00	-	158,750.00	5,628,400.00	158,007,188.68
CARRYING AMOUN 31/12/2023	1,084,512,875.08	1,140,695,961.75	249,900,000.00	.=	476,250.00	22,513,600.00	2,498,098,686.83

#### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 10B

#### PURCHASES/CONSTRUCTION OF PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (PPE) DURING THE YEAR 2023

			CLASS OF PPE				TOTAL
MONTHS	BUILDING	INFRASTRUCTURE	PLANTS & EQUIPMENTS	TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT	OFFICE EQUIPMENT	FURNITURE AND FITTINGS	
JANUARY	-	-		-	-	-	-
FEBRUARY	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MARCH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
APRIL		-			-	-	-
MAY	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
JUNE	-		-	-	-	-	-
JULY	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
AUGUST	-		•	-	-	-	-
SEPTEMBER		-			-	-	-
OCTOBER	93,316,450.00	505,015,664.01	252,000,000.00	-	-	-	850,332,114.01
NOVEMBE	-		-	-	-	-	-
DECEMBER		-			-	-	-
GRAND TOTAL	93,316,450.00	505,015,664.01	252,000,000.00		-	-	850,332,114.01

#### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 10C

		AN	ALYSIS OF PROPERTY PLAN	IT AND EQUIPMENT			
DETAILS			CLASS OF PPE				TOTAL
	LAND & BUILDING – SEE Supplementary Note 20D	INFRASTRUCTURE	PLANTS & EQUIPMENTS	TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT	OFFICE EQUIPMENT (- SEE SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 20D)	FURNITURE AND FITTINGS	
LEGACY ASSETS	1,011,583,625.00	671,352,136.50	94,061,000.00	-	635,000.00	28,142,000.00	1,805,773,761.50
ASSETS FOR THE YEAR	93,316,450.00	505,015,664.01	252,000,000.00	-			850,332,114.01
SUB TOTAL (A)	1,104,900,075.00	1,176,367,800.51	346,061,000.00	-	635,000.00	28,142,000.00	2,656,105,875.51
DEP. RATE	2%	5%	10%	20%		20%	
DEP. LEGACY ASSETS	20,231,672.50	33,567,606.83	9,406,100.00	-	158,750.00	•	63,364,129.33
DEP. ASSETS DURING YEAR	155,527.42	2,104,231.93	420,000.00	-	-	-	2,679,759.35
TOTAL DEPRECIATION (B)	20,387,199.92	35,671,838.76	9,826,100.00	-	158,750.00	-	66,043,888.68
NET BOOK VALUE (A - B)	1,084,512,875.08	1,140,695,961.75	336,234,900.00	-	476,250.00	28,142,000.00	2,590,061,986.83
THE LEGACY ASSETS	VALUE WERE THE FAIR VALUE	OF PPE AS AT 01/01/20:	23				





#### **SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 10D**

#### **ANALYSIS OF PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT**

DETAILS			CLASS OF PPE	•				
		LAND & BUILDING			OFFICE EQUIPMENT			
	LAND	BUILDING	TOTAL LAND AND BUILDING	воокѕ	OTHER EQUIPMENTS	TOTAL OFFICE EQUIPMENT		
LEGACY ASSETS	-	1,011,583,625.00	1,011,583,625.00	-	635,000.00	635,000.00		
ASSETS DURING THE YEAR	-	93,316,450.00	93,316,450.00	-	-	-		
SUBTOTAL (A)	-	1,104,900,075.00	1,104,900,075.00	-	635,000.00	635,000.00		
DEP. RATE	-	2%		3%	25%			
DEP.LEGACY ASSETS	-	20,231,672.50	20,231,672.50	-	158,750.00	158,750.00		
ASSETS DURING YEAR	-	155,527.42	155,527.42	-	-	-		
TOTAL DEPRECIATION (B)	-	20,387,199.92	20,387,199.92	<u>-</u>	158,750.00	158,750.00		
NET BOOK VALUE A+B	-	1,084,512,875.08	1,084,512,875.08	-	476,250.00	476,250.00		

#### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 11A

#### BORROWINGS (LONG TERM LOANS) AS AT 31ST DECEMBER, 2023.

S/NO	INSITUTIONS	BAL B/FWD (PRINCIPAL)	CURRENT YEAR PORTION	PRINCIPAL REPMT	INTEREST & OTHER FEES	TOTAL REPAYMENT	BAL OUTSTANDING
Ι Δ	EXTERNAL LOANS (SEE – SUPPL. NOTE 225A)	-	-	-	-	-	-
I P	DOMESTIC LOANS (SEE - SUPPL. NOTE 22B	113,965,559.14	-	8,372,388.26	3,836,844.26	12,209,232.52	101,756,326.62
	SUBTOTAL	113,965,559.14	-	8,372,388.26	3,836,844.26	12,209,232.52	101,756,326.62

#### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 11B

#### LONG TERM BORROWINGS

#### (INTERNAL LOANS )AS AT 31 ST DECEMBER, 2023

S/NO	INSITUTIONS  BAL B/FWD (PRINCIPAL)		CURRENT YEAR PORTION	PRINCIPAL REPMT	INTEREST & OTHER FEES	TOTAL REPAYMENT	BAL OUTSTANDING
1	LGA SALARY BALLOUT	113,965,559.14	-	8,372,388.26	3,836,844.26	12,209,232.52	101,756,326.62
	TOTAL DOMESTIC	113,965,559.14	-	8,372,388.26	3,836,844.26	12,209,232.52	101,756,326.62

### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 12A ANALYSIS OF TRANSITIONAL RESERVES

	YEAR	CASH AND CASH EOUIVALENT 2022	LEGACY ASSETS CAPITALISED	LIABILITIES OVER ASSETS 2022	TOTAL
Ĺ	1/1/2023	2,751,446.55	1,805,773,761.50	(113,965,559.14)	1,694,559,648.91

#### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 13A SURPLUS/ DEFICIT

YEAR		DEFICT	SURPLUS
		DR	CR
		N	₩
2023			737,941,723.90
TOTAL		-	-





### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 14A ANALYSIS OF PURCHASE/ CONTRUCTION OF PPE DURING THE YEAR 2023

s/No	ADMIN	GRP	HEAD DESCRIPTION	BUDGET	ACTUAL	SAVINGS	EXCESS	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	EXCESS	SAVINGS
	SECTOR		ADMINISTRATIVE								
1		1	OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN					-	-	-	
2		1	VICE CHAIRMAN		-				-		
3		1	SECRETARY TO THE LG		-						
		1	LEGISLATORS								
		1	ADMINISTRATIVE DEPT	350,000,000.00	345,316,450.00		4,683,550.00	4,683,550.00		-	4,683,550.00
	SECTOR		ECONOMIC		-						
4			DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND SUPPLIES	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
5			DEPARTMENT OF BUDGET, PLANNING, RESEARCH AND STATISTICS				-	-	-	-	-
6			DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE & NATURAL RESOURCES		-	=	=				
			WORKS, TRANSPORT, HOUSING, LANDS & SURVEY-DEPARTMENT	505,100,000.00	505,015,664.01	-	84,335.99	84,335.99	-	-	84,335.99
	SECTOR		LAW & JUSTICE						-	-	
9	11100201000	3	LEGAL DEPARTMENT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	SECTOR		SOCIAL	-	-	-					
10		4	SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT, EDUCATION, INFORMATION, SPORTS AND CULTURE DEPARTMENT	-	=	Ē	-	-	-	-	-
11			DEPARTMENT OF PRIMARY HEALTH CARE		-	-	-				
	GRAND TOTAL			855,100,000.00	850,332,114.01	-	-				





			NEMBE LOCAL	GOVERNMENT AREA				
		202	2		2023			
		Recurrent	Capital			Recurrent	Capital	
SECTOR	Final Budget	Expenditure	Expenditure	Total Expenditure	Final Budget	Expenditure	Expenditure	Total Expenditur
ADMINISTRATION SECTOR								
OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN								
Chairman	108,771,306.72	85,484,807.53	-	85,484,807.53	49,321,377.91	28,876,113.68	-	28,876,113.68
Vice- Chairman	18,598,626.48	22,722,374.49		22,722,374.49	8,874,427.70	7,151,795.64	-	7,151,795.64
nternal Audit		-		-	-	-	•	-
Adviser/Assistant to the Chairman/								-
Vice Chairman	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
LOCAL GOVERNMENT COUNCIL	-		-	-			-	-
The Council	83,568,000.00	93,611,787.17	-	93,611,787.17	30,370,000.00	29,626,314.50	-	29,626,314.50
Assistants/Aides/Advisers	11,000,000.00	8,900,000.00	-	8,900,000.00	6,000,000.00	5,250,000.00	-	5,250,000.0
Council Committees	-	-	-	-	8,000,000.00	8,900,000.00	•	8,900,000.0
Office of the House Leader	-	-	1	-	-	-	i	-
Office of the Deputy Leader	-		-	-	-		-	-
Office of the Majority Leader	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Office of the Deputy Majority Leader	-		-	-	-	-	-	·
Office of the Chief Whip	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Office of the Deputy Chief Whip	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Clerk to the House	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
OFFICE OF THE HEAD OF LOCAL								-
GOVERNMENT SERVICE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Office of the Head of Local	260,129,167.45	387,070,500.10	-	387,070,500.10	285,514,815.55	219,871,043.74	-	219,871,043.74
Government Service								
ADMINISTRATION & GENERAL	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
SERVICES								
Administration and General	260,129,167.45	535,872,161.17	-	535,872,161.17	254,558,957.88	614,667,241.10	-	614,667,241.1
Services								
SECRETARY TO THE LOCAL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
GOVERNMENT				<u>                                       </u>				
Secretary to the Local Government	9,214,635.88	12,331,533.03	-	12,331,533.03	4,172,764.95	3,074,343.58	-	3,074,343.5





ECONOMIC SECTOR		-	-		-	-		-
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE &	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NATURAL RESOURCES								
Department of Agriculture &	9,953,409.20	20,217,536.15	-	20,217,536.15	10,253,241.20	19,774,247.84	-	19,774,247.84
Natural Resources								
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
SUPPLIES		04 454 004 75				0.1.700.000.07		
Department of Finance and	52,047,561.65	64,451,321.75	-	64,451,321.75	79,016,497.95	94,768,286.97	-	94,768,286.97
Supplies								
DEPARTMENT OF WORKS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TRANSPORT, HOUSING, LANDS &								
SURVEY								
Department of Works, Transport,	1,085,816,702.85	168,479,467.92	136,332,500.00	304,811,967.92	1,023,558,885.36	257,815,067.41	850,332,114.01	1,108,147,181.42
Housing, Lands & Survey								
DEPARTMENT OF BUDGET,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PLANNING, RESEARCH &								
STATISTICS (BPRS)								
Department of Budget, Planning,	12,639,018.45	10,108,768.08		10,108,768.08	13,138,955.45	18,461,081.12	•	18,461,081.12
Research & Statistics ( BPRS)								
WATER, SANITATION & HYGIENE					•	-	-	-
(WASH)								
		-	-		-	-	-	-
Water, Sanitation & Hygiene (WASH)								
SOCIAL SECTOR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WOMEN DEVELOPMENT OFFICE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Women Development Office	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL		-	-	-		-	-	-
DEVELOPMENT								
Department of social Development	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Department of Education	474,913,899.39	490,444,851.97		490,444,851.97	477,162,034.54	445,751,763.78	•	445,751,763.78
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
Department of Primary Health Care	488,232,437.36	616,192,938.38	-	616,192,938.38	517,024,761.74	616,066,938.07	-	616,066,938.07
TOTAL	2,875,013,932.88	2,515,888,047.74	136,332,500.00	2,652,220,547.74	2,766,966,720.23	2,370,054,237.43	850,332,114.01	3,220,386,351.44



### **NEMBE LOCAL GOVERNMENT COUNCIL**

Telegram NELGA

Our Ref: \_\_\_\_\_



HEADQU RTERS

Local Gove ment Council Secretaria P.M.B. 1 Nembe, Bast Isa State.

Oate: May , 2023

STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POL CIES

INTERNATIONAL PUBLIC SECTOR ACC UNTING
STANDARD (IPSAS) ACCRUAL ACCOUNT NG BASIS

ISSUED BY

OFFICE OF THE ACCOUNTANT – GENERAL

**BAYELSA STATE OF NIGERIA 2023** 

#### Introduction

In line with the adoption of the International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS) in Nigeria, a Standardised Chart of Account (COA) alongside with a set of General-Purpose Financial Statements (GPFS) have been designed and introduced by Federation Accounts Allocation Committee (FAAC) for adoption by all tiers of Government in Nigeria.

The standardised COA and the GPFS have been adopted by Nembe Local Government Council to comply with FAAC directive in order to harmonise public sector accounts reporting in Nigeria.

In order to ensure an effective and efficient utilisation of the COA and GPFS, the Accounting Policies have been developed as a set of guidelines to direct the Processes and Procedures relating to financial reporting in Bayelsa State. These policies shall form part of the universally agreed framework for financial reporting in Bayelsa State.

#### **IPSAS ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING**

The GPFS are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS) and other applicable standards as defined by the Fiscal Responsibility Law (FRL) and the Financial Reporting Council of Nigeria. In addition, GPFS are in compliance with the provisions of other financial regulations of the State.

This Accounting Policy addresses the following fundamental accounting issues:

- Definition of Accounting Terminologies
- Recognition of Accounting Items
- Measurement of Accounting Items
- Treatment of Accounting items

The Accounting Policy is subject to periodic reviews and updates as shall be deemed necessary by the Accountant-General of Bayelsa State.





#### 1. Accounting Terminologies / Definitions

- Accounting policies are the specific principles, bases, conventions, rules and practices
  adopted by the Bayelsa State Government in preparing and presenting Financial
  Statements.
- Accrual basis means a basis of accounting that recognizes transactions and other events immediately when revenue is earned or expenses incurred.
- **Cash**: Cash comprises cash in hand, demand deposits in financial institutions and cash equivalents.
- **Cash equivalents** are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.
- Cash flows are inflows and outflows of cash. Cash flows exclude movements between items that constitute cash as these components are part of the cash management of the government rather than increases or decreases in the cash position controlled by government.
- Cash receipts are cash inflows.
- Cash payments are cash outflows.
- Cash Controlled by Bayelsa State Government: Cash is deemed to be controlled by
  Bayelsa State Government when the government can freely use the available cash for the
  achievement of its objectives or enjoy benefit from the cash, and can also exclude or
  regulate the access of others to that benefit. Cash collected by, or appropriated or
  granted to the government which the government can freely use to fund its operating
  objectives, such as acquiring of capital assets or repaying its debt is controlled by the
  government.
- Government Business Enterprise means a ministry, department or agency that has all the following characteristics:
  - Is an entity with the power to contract in its own name;
  - Has been assigned the financial and operational authority to carry on a Business;
  - Sells goods and services, in the normal course of its business, to other MDAs and the general public at a profit or full cost recovery;
  - Is not reliant on continuing government funding or subvention to remain a going concern (other than purchases of outputs at arm's length); and



• Is controlled by a public sector management or the government.

#### Notes to the GPFS

- This shall include narrative descriptions or more detailed schedules or analyses of amounts shown on the face of the GPFS, as well as additional information
- Notes shall be presented in a systematic manner. The items in the Statements should cross reference to any related information in the notes.

#### 2. Fundamental Accounting Concepts

The following fundamental accounting concepts are taken as the basis of preparation of all accounts and reporting in Bayelsa State:

- Accrual Basis of Accounting;
- Under-stability;
- Materiality,
- Relevance;
- Going Concern Concept;
- Consistency Concept
- Prudence
- Completeness, etc.

#### 3. Accounting Period

The accounting year (fiscal year) is from 1<sup>st</sup> January to 31<sup>st</sup> December in line with the National Treasury Circular Ref. OAGF/CAD/026/V.1/102 of 30<sup>th</sup> December,2013. Each accounting year is divided Into 12 calendar months (periods) and shall be set up as such in the accounting system.

#### 4. Reporting Currency

• The General Purpose Financial Statements are prepared in Nigerian Naira.

#### 5. General Purpose Financial Statements (GPFS)

The GPFS comprise of the followings:

• Statement of Financial Performance;





- Statement of Financial Position:
- Statement of Cashflow;
- Statement of Net Asset/Equity;
- Notes to the Accounts: Additional disclosures to explain the GPFS; and

#### 6. Consolidation Policy

- The Consolidation of the GPFS is based on Accrual Basis of Accounting
- All Ministries, Department and Agencies (MDAs) of Bayelsa State Government except Government Business Enterprises (GBEs) shall be consolidated.
- Consolidation of the GPFS shall be in agreement with the provisions of IPSAS

#### 7. Notes to the GPFS

- Notes to the GPFS shall be presented in a systematic manner. The items in the Statement should cross reference to any related information in the Notes.
- It shall follow the format provided in the Accounting Manual.

#### 8. Comparative Information

• The General Purpose Financial Statements shall disclose all numerical information relating to previous period (at least one year).

#### 9. Budget Figures

• These are figures from the approved annual budget and supplementary budget as approved in accordance with the Appropriation Law of Bayelsa State

#### 10. Revenue:

#### Fees, taxes and fines

- In this GPFS revenue is recognizes from non-exchange transactions such as fees, taxes and fines when the event occurs and the assets recognition criteria are met.
- Other non-exchange revenues are recognized when it is probable that the future
  economic benefits or service potential associated with the asset will flow to the
  government and the fair value of the asset will flow to the government and fair value of
  the asset can be measured reliably.

#### Other operating revenues





- Other operating revenues arises from exchange transactions in the ordinary course of Government activities.
- Revenues comprise the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of good and services in the ordinary course of government activities.
- Revenue is shown net of tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognized when the significant risks and rewards of ownership has been transferred to buyer, usually when goods are delivered.

#### Other revenue

Other revenue consists of gains on disposal of property, plant and equipment.
 Any gain on disposal is recognized at the date control of the asset is passed to the buyer and is determined after deducting from the proceeds the carrying value of the asset at that time.

#### 11. Aid and Grants:

 Aid and Grants to the Bayelsa State Government is recognized as income on entitlement, while aid and grants to other governments/agencies are recpgnized as expenditure on commitment.

#### 12. Subsidies, Donations and Endowments

Subsidies, Donations and endowments to the Government are recognized as income when
money is received, or entitlement to receive money is established, except where
fulfillment of any restrictions attached to these monies is not probable.

#### 13. Transfers from other government entities

Revenues from non-exchange transactions with other government entities are measured
at fair value and recognized on receipt of the asset (cash,goods,services and property) if
it is free from conditions and it is probable that the economic benefits or service potential
related to the asset will flow to the government and can be measured.

#### 14. Expenses





All expenses shall be reported on an accrual basis, i.e. all expenses are to be recognized in
the period they are incurred or when the rlated services are enjoyed, irrespective of when
the payment is made.

#### 15. Employee Benefits/Pension obligations:

Under the Defined Benefits Scheme.

- Provision has been made, where applicable, using an actuarial valuation determines the
  extent of anticipated entitlement payable under employment contracts and brings to
  account a liability using the present value measurement basis, which discounts expected
  future cash flows.
- To the extend that it is anticipated that the liability will arise during the following year the
  entitlement are recorded as Current Liabilities. The remainder of the anticipated
  entitlements are records as Non-Current Liabilities.

#### **Under the Defined Contribution Scheme**

- Public entities make pension and national insurance contributions on behalf of employees in line with Pension Act 2014. The contributions are treated as payments to a defined contribution pension plan.
- A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fund managed by Pension Fund Administrators(PFAs)
- The Government has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if the pension Entity does not hold sufficient assets in the current and prior periods.
- The contributions are recognized as employee benefit expense when they are due.
- Prepaid contributions are recognized as an assets to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

#### 16. Interest on Loans:

- Interest on loans shall be treated as expenditure or as a charge in the financial performance report (Statement of Financial Performance)
- Interest expense is accrued using the effective interest rate method.
- The effective interest rate exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through there expected life of the financial liability to that liability's net carrying amount.
- The method applies this rate to the principal outstanding to determine interest expense in each period.





#### 17. Foreign currency transactions:

- Foreign Currency Transactions throughout the year shall be converted into Nigerian Naira at the ruling (Central Bank of Nigeria –CBN) rate of exchange at the dates of the transactions. Foreign currency balances, as at the year end, shall be translated at the exchange rates prevailing on that date.
- At the end of the financial year, additional amounts (in cash or at bank) arising out of Foreign Exchange Gains/Losses shall be recognised in the Statement of Cash Receipts and Payments either as Receipts / Payments respectively.
- Foreign exchange gains/losses are recognized in the Statement of Financial Performance.

#### 18. **Minority Interest**

• This represents the interest of external parties during the year under review.

#### 19. Statement of Cash Flow

This statement shall be prepared using the direct method. The Cash Flow Statement shall consists of three (3) sections:

- Operating activities section include cash received from all income sources of the government and record the cash payments made for the supply of goods and services
- Investing activities section are those activities relating to the acquisition and disposal of non- current assets.
- Financial activities section comprise the change in equity and debt capital structure of the government.

#### 20. Cash & Cash Equivalent

- Cash and Cash Equivalent means cash balances on hand, held in bank accounts, demasnd deposits and other highly liquid investments with an original maturity of 6 months or less in which the Entity invests as part of its day-t0-day cash management and are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.
- Cash and Cash Equivalent is reported under Current Assets in the statement of financial position.

#### 21. Accounts Receivable:

a. Receivables from exchange transaction





- Receivables from exchange transactions are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment.
- A provision for impairment of receivables is established when there is objective evidence that entity will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

#### b. Receivables from non-exchange transactions

- Receivables from non-exchange transactions comprises; fees, taxes and fines (and any penalties associated with these activities) as well as social benefit receivables that do not arise out of a contract.
- These receivables are initially assessed at nominal amount or face value; that is, the
  receivable reflect the amount of tax owed, levy, fine charged or social benefit debt
  payable.
- These receivables are subsequently adjusted for penalties as they are charged and tested for impairment.
- Interest and penalties charged on tax receivables are presented as tax revenue in the statement of financial performance.

#### 22. Prepayments.

- Prepaid expenses are amounts paid in advance of receipt of goods or services.
- They can represent payments made early in the year for benefits to be received over the latter part of the year, or payments made in one year for benefits to be received in subsequent years.
- Prepayments for which the benefits are to be derived in the following 12 months should be classified as Current Assets. Where the benefits are expected to accrue beyond the next 12 months, it should be accounted for as a Long-Term Prepayment and classified as Non-Current Assets.
- Prepayments that are identifiable with specific future revenue or event, e.g. adverts, should be expensed in the period in which the related event takes place; those that





relate to specific time periods, e.g. insurance, rent, leasehold premises, should be recognised as an expense in such periods.

Prepayments not exceeding e.g. N10, 000 shall be expensed immediately, except there
is a possibility of obtaining a refund or credit within the same financial year.

#### 23. Inventories:

- Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.
- Cost is determined using the FIFO method.
- Inventories held for distribution for public benefit purposes are recorded at cost, adjusted where applicable for any loss of services potential.
- Inventories are reported under Current Assets in the Statement of Financial Position.

#### 24. Loans Granted:

Loans Granted are shown at estimated realisable value after providing for bad, doubtful debts and impairments.

#### 25. Investments:

Investments in associates.

- An Entity's investments in its associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting.
- An associate is an Entity over which Entity has significant influence and that is neither
  a subsidiary nor a joint venture.
- Under the equity method, investments in associates are carried in the statement of financial position at cost plus post acquisition changes in Entity's share of net assets of the associate. d. The statement of financial performance reflects the share of the results of operations of the associates.
- Where there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the associate, Entity recognises its share of any changes and discloses this, when applicable, in the statement of changes in net assets/equity.
- Surpluses and deficits resulting from transactions between the Government and the associate are eliminated to the extent of the interest in the associate.

Investments in joint ventures.





- A Public Entity's investments in its joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method of accounting.
- A joint venture is a contractual arrangement whereby two or more parties undertake an economic activity that is subject to joint control.
- Under the equity method, investments in joint ventures are carried in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost plus post acquisition charges in Entity's share of net assets of the joint venture.
- The statement of financial performance reflects the share of the results of operations of the joint venture.
- Where there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the joint venture, an Entity should recognise its share of any changes and discloses this, when applicable, in the statement of changes in net assets/equity.
- Surpluses and deficits resulting from transactions between Public Entity and Joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the interest in the joint venture.

#### Investment in Controlled entities (subsidiaries)

- The controlled entities are all entities (including special purpose entities) over which a
   Public Entity or its entities has the power to govern the financial and operating policies
   generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights.
- The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether Public Entity controls another Entity.
- The controlled entities are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Public Entity. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.
- Inter-group transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between intergroup transactions are eliminated, unrealised losses are also eliminated.
- Accounting policies of controlled entities are consistent with the policies adopted by the Public Entity.

#### Impairment of Investments.

Entity determines at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that the investment is impaired, if this is the case Entity calculates the amount of





impairment as being the difference between the recoverable value of the investment and the carrying value and recognises the amount in the statement of financial performance.

#### 26. Available for sale securities

- Where and Entity uses its surplus cash to purchase short-term investments, the financial assets are classified at initial recognition as available-for-sale.
- Available-for-sale financial assets are included in non-current assets unless Entity intends to dispose of the investment within 12 months of the reporting date.
- Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized at fair value on the tradedate (the date on which Entity commits to purchase or sell the asset) and subsequently at fair value with any resultant fair value gains or losses recognised in the statement of Net Assets/Equity.
- Realized gains and losses on sale of available-for-sale securities are recognized in the consolidated statement of financial performance as 'gains and losses from availablefor-sale securities.'
- Impairment losses and interest on available-for-sale securities is calculated using the effective interest method and is recognized in the consolidated statement of financial performance as part of other income.
- The fair values of quoted investments are based on current bid prices. If the market for a financial asset is not active, the entity shall establish fair value using valuation techniques. These include: i. the use of recent arm's length transactions, ii. reference to other instruments that are substantially the same iii. discounted cash flow analysis iv. and option pricing models v. making maximum use of market inputs and relying as little as possible on entity-specific inputs.
- Entities shall ascertain at the date of preparation of each statement of financial report whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired.
- In the case of equity securities classified as available for sale, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the security below its cost is considered as an indicator that the securities are impaired.
- If any such evidence exists for available-for-sale financial assets, the cumulative loss –
   measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value,





less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognized is recognized in the statement of financial performance.

#### 27. Property, Plant & Equipment (PPE)

- All property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.
- Where an asset (other than land) is acquired in a non-exchange transaction for nil or nominal consideration the asset is initially recognised at fair value, where fair value can be reliably determined and as income in the statement of financial performance (unless there are restrictions on the asset's use in which case income is deferred).
- All land held by Government owned entities is not included in the Entity's financial statements unless that land is to be used for development purposes.
- The following shall constitute expenditure on PPE: i. Amounts incurred on the purchase of such assets. Consumables are to be wholly expensed irrespective of their amounts.
   ii. Construction Cost- including materials, labour and overheads. iii. Improvements to existing PPE, which significantly enhance their useful life.

#### Cost

• The cost of an item of PPE shall comprise: its purchase price, including import and non-recurring costs and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its location and working condition for its intended use. Any trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price. a. PPE shall be stated at cost or at their professional valuation less accumulated depreciation and impairment. b. The amount recorded for a PPE shall include all costs directly related to its acquisition including expenditures incurred to place the asset in usable condition for the Service. Accordingly, the cost of the assets shall include acquisition or construction costs, custom duties, transportation charges, professional fees and installation costs. Cash discounts shall be netted against the cost of the assets.

#### Capitalisation

- The capitalisation threshold shall be N250,000.00(Two hundred and fifty thousand naira only).
- Only amounts spent in connection with the above and whose values exceed (Two hundred and fifty thousand naira) N250, 000 shall be capitalised.





- All assets equal to or above this amount shall be recorded in the Fixed Assets Register. However in certain cases, it may be appropriate to aggregate individually insignificant value items such as chairs and tables, printers and UPS, etc. and apply the capitalisation threshold to the aggregate value.
- Fixed assets whose costs are below the capitalization threshold shall be charged appropriately to the following accounts: office supplies furniture, office supplies IT equipment, office supplies household equipments, etc.
- Where an asset's category already exists for a newly acquired asset below the capitalisation threshold, such an asset shall be capitalised irrespective of its cost and recorded in the fixed assets register under the appropriate category

#### Depreciation

The cost of PPE shall be written off, from the time they are brought into use, on a straight line basis over their expected useful lives less any estimated residual value as follows:

a. Lease Properties Over the term of the lease

b. Buildings 2%

c. Plant and Machinery 10%

d. Motor Vehicles: 20%

e. Office Equipment: 25%

f. IT Equipment: 25%

g. Furniture and Fittings: 20%

h. Infrastructure 5%

i. Books 3%

j. Specific cultural and heritage assets Unlimited

• The full depreciation charge shall be applied to PPE in the months of acquisition and disposal, regardless of the day of the month the transactions was carried out.





- Fully depreciated assets that are still in use are carried in the books at a net book value of N10.00
- An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount or recoverable service amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount or recoverable service amount

#### Revaluation

- a. The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period
- b. Surplus arising from the revaluation shall be transferred to the revaluation reserve in the financial position under reserves and to the statement of changes in net assets/equity.
- c. In case of revaluation deficit, it shall be set against the respective asset value and the corresponding entry to either the revaluation reserve if surplus exists on the same class of asset, or to the statement of financial performance as an expense.

#### Disposal

Gains or losses on the disposal of fixed assets are to be included in the income statement as either an income or expense respectively.

#### Impairment

Entities shall test for impairments of its PPE where it suspects that impairment has occurred.

#### 28. Investment Property

These are cash-generating property owned by the Government/ its entities. The cost, capitalisation, depreciation and impairment of Investment Property are same with PPE, but shall be reported separately in the GPFS.

29. Intangible Assets





- a. These shall consist of assets that are not physically tangible which have been acquired and held for use from which benefits are derivable beyond a financial year.
- b. The cost of an item of intangible asset shall comprise: its purchase price, including non-recurring costs and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its state of intended use. Any trade discounts and rebates shall be deducted in arriving at the purchase price.
- c. Intangible assets are tested for impairment and amortised over the estimated useful life using the straight line method on an annual basis.
- d. Classes of Intangible Assets and their estimated useful lifes are as follows:
  - i. Softwares acquired externally 3 years
  - ii. Goodwill 4 years
  - iii. Copyrights 4 years
  - iv. Trademarks 4 years
  - v. Other Intangible assets 4

#### 30. Deposits

- a. Deposits are amounts received in advance in respect of goods or services provided.
- b. Deposits can represent payments received early in the year for goods/services to be offered over the latter part of the year, or payments received in one year for services to be offered in subsequent years. Deposits for which the services are to be offered in the following 12 months shall be classified as Current Liabilities. Where the services are expected to span beyond the next 12 months, it shall be accounted for as a Non-Current Deposits and classified as Non-Current Liabilities.

#### 31. Loans& Debts

 a. Loans are funds received to be paid back at an agreed period of time. They are classified under liability in the General Purpose Financial Statement and are categorised as either short or long term.





	<ul> <li>b. Short-term loans and debts are those repayable within one calendar year, while long</li> </ul>
	terms loans and debts shall fall due beyond one calendar year.
32.	Unremitted Deductions
	a. Unremmitted Deductions are monies owed to third parties such as tax authorities
	schemes and associations and other government agencies. These include: tax deductions
	and other deductions at source.
	b. These amounts shall be stated in the GPFS at their repayment value, which shall be
	treated as Current Liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position.
33.	Payables
	Payables are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised
	cost using the effective interest method.
	Accrued Expenses
	a. These are monies payable to third parties in respect of goods and services received.
	b. Accrued Expenses for which payment is due in the next 12 months shall be classified a
	Current Liabilities. Where the payments are due beyond the next 12 months, it shall be
	accounted for as Non-Current Liabilities.
34.	Current Portion of Borrowings
	This is the portion of the long-term loan/borrow that is due for repayment within the nex
	12 months. This portion of the borrowings shall be classified under Current Liabilities in
	the Statement of Financial Position.
35.	Public Funds
	a. These are balances of Government funds at the end of the financial year.
	b. They are classified under the Non-Current Liabilities in the Statement of Financia
	Position and include: Trust Funds, Revolving Funds and other Funds created by Government.





	Reserves are classified under equity in the Statement of Financial Position and include: Statement of Financial Performance Surpluses/ (Deficit) and the Revaluation Reserve
37.	<ul> <li>Contingent Liability</li> <li>a. A contingent liability is a possible obligation arising from past events whose existence will be confirmed only by uncertain future event(s) or present obligation arising from past events that are not recognised because either an outflow of economic benefit is not probable or the amount of the obligation cannot be reliably measured.</li> <li>b. Contingent liabilities shall only be disclosed in the Notes to the GPFS.</li> </ul>
38.	Finance leases  a. These are leases which effectively transfer to the lessee Entity substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to ownership of the leased item.  b. They are capitalised at the present value of the minimum lease payment.  c. The leased assets and corresponding liabilities are disclosed while the leased assets are depreciated over the period the Entity is expected to benefit from their use.  Operating Leases  a. Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases.  b. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the statement of financial performance on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.
39.	Financial Instruments  a. These form part of the Government's everyday operations. These financial instruments include Bank Accounts, Short Term Deposits, Trade and Accounts Receivable, Trade and





	Accounts Payable and Term Borrowings, all of which are recognised in the Statement of Financial Position.
	b. Revenue and expenses in relation to all financial instruments are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance
40.	Borrowings
	a. Borrowings are recognized initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred.
	b. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortized cost; any difference between the
	proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognized in the
	consolidated statement of financial performance over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.
	c. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognized as transaction costs o
	the loan. The fee is capitalized and amortized over the period of the facility to which i relates.
	d. Borrowings falling due within 12 months are classified as current liabilities while
	borrowings falling due more than 12 months are classified as long term borrowings.
	e. Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction o
	production of a qualifying asset are capitalized and included in the cost of that asset.
	f. A qualifying asset is an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to ge ready for its intended use or sale.
	g. All other borrowing costs are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are
	incurred.
41.	Transfers to other government entities.
	Transfers to other government entities are non-exchange items and are recognized a
	expenses in the statement of financial performance.
42.	Service Concession Arrangement:



- a. Service Concession Assets are operated by third parties under the terms of Service Concession Arrangements. On classification the original service concession asset is measured at its fair value and any difference between its fair value and its book value is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.
- b. Since the fair value of assets previously transferred under Service Concession Arrangements is not reliably available, Government has chosen to adopt the standard prospectively from 1 January 2016.
- c. If the terms of the arrangement require Government to compensate the operator for the concession asset by making payments and the payments are separable between the asset and service portions of the payment then the fair value of the original service concession asset is the fair value of the asset portion of the payments. If however the asset and service portions of the payments are not separable, the fair value is determined using estimation techniques.

#### **Service Concession Arrangement Liabilities**

- a. When Government recognises a Service Concession Arrangement asset it also recognises a liability of an equal amount.
- b. The liability is split between a financial liability and a performance obligation.
- c. The financial liability arises from the payments due from an entity under the terms of the Service Concession Arrangement and the performance obligation from the rights granted to the operator under the terms of the Service Concession Arrangement to earn revenues from the Service Concession Assets(s) or associated asset(s).

#### List of Abbreviations/Acronyms

Abbreviation/Term	Description
CBN	Central Bank of Nigeria
COA	Chart of Account
FAAC	Federation Accounts Allocation Committee
FGN	Federal Government of Nigeria
FRC	Financial Reporting Council
GAAP	Generally Accepted Accounting Principles
GPFS	General Purpose Financial Statement
IPSAS	International Public Sector Accounting Standards
LFN	Law of the Federal Republic of Nigeria
MDA	Ministries, Departments and Agencies
NCOA	National Chart of Account
GBE	Government Business Enterprises
FRCoN	Financial Reporting Council of Nigeria
OAG	Office of the Accountant-General
PPE	Properties, Plants and Equipment
FR	Financial Regulation





FRL	Fiscal Responsibility Law
FCMA	Finance (Control &Management) Act
IGR	Internally Generated Revenue
MDAs	Ministries, Departments, and Agencies
BYSG	Bayelsa State Government
CRFC	Consolidated Revenue Fund Charge
HCF	Honourable Commissioner for Finance
AuG	Auditor-General (State)
NAS	National Audit Standard
GAASG	General Accepted Audit Standard and Guidelines
нсс	Historical Cost Convention

Idubamo Igbainfegha (ACA)

Treasurer





# OGBIA

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31<sup>ST</sup> DECEMBER, 2023





HON. CHIEF MIZODOME IBU
CARETAKER CHAIRMAN OGBIA LOCAL
GOVERNMENT AREA



PAUL ARIWARENI ENGOYE, FCNA, FCPA.
TREASURER/DFS OGBIA LOCAL GOVERNMENT
COUNCIL BAYELSA STATE





### OGBIA LOCAL GOVERNMENT OF BAYELSA STATE

OF BAYELSA	STATE
TELEGRAMS LOCGOVSEC TELEPHONE: OGBALGA/AD/1056/52	HEADQUARTERS: OGBIA LOCAL GOVERNMENT PMB 1, OGBIA TOWN
Con Stafe	8 <sup>th</sup> May, 2024
Hour Raft	Pales

#### STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

These Financial Statement and accounts have been prepared by the Treasurer of Ogbia Local Government Council, Bayelsa State in accordance with the provisions of section 24 of the Finance (Control and Management) LFN 2004 & Section 85(5) of the Federal Republic of Nigeria and other relevant extant laws, regulations and policies. The accounting framework adopted in the preparation of the financial statements and accounts is IPSAS ACCRUAL accounting basis and the Financial Statements comply with generally accepted accounting policies and practice.

To fulfill the accounting and reporting responsibility, the Treasurer of Ogbia Local Government Council is responsible for preparing, reporting, establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that the transactions recorded are within statutory authority and properly record the receipt and payment of Public Financial resources by the Local Government.

In compliance with International Public Sector Accounting Standard (IPSAS) 33 (First Time Adoption of Accrual Basis IPSAS) and the guidelines issued by the Federation Account Allocation Committee (FAAC) Technical Sub Committee 2004 on IPSAS implementation reasonable efforts have been made to ensure that the Financial Statements prepared herein reflect the true and fair view of the financial position of Ogbia Local Government Council as at 31<sup>st</sup> December, 2023.

On behalf of Ogbia Local Government Council, I write to accept responsibility for the integrity, credibility and objectivity of the Financial Statements. The information embedded reflects the financial position of the Local Government as at 31<sup>st</sup> December, 2023.

1 8 05 2024

HON. CHIEF IBU MIZODOME
CARETAKER CHAIRMAN, OSBIA LOCAL GOVERNMENT COUNCE

PAUL ARIWARENI E. FONA, FONA. DIR. FINANCE/TR

#### INTRODUCTION

The financial statements of Ogbia Local Government Council for the year ended 31st December 2023 have been examined in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practice and section 51 subsection 1 and 2 of Bayelsa State Local Government law 2020.

#### SUBMISSION OF REPORT

In compliance with Section 5 Sub – section 2 of Bayelsa State Local Government law 2000, it is my pleasure to humbly lay before the honourable House of Assembly, Bayelsa State, the Auditor – General for Local Government' report on the accounts of Ogbia Local Government Council for the financial year ended 31st December, 2023.

#### CONSTITUTIONALITY

In accordance with the section of the Bayelsa State Local Government Law 2000 quoted above, the draft annual report and accounts including the related financial statements for the year ended 31st December 2023, was submitted to my office by the accounting officer on the 11th March, 2024.

#### STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE AND BASIS OF PREPARATION (IPSAS 1)

The General Purpose Financial Statements (GPFS) were prepared under historical cost convention and in line with IPSAS (AcCrual) and other applicable standards. The financial statements were presented in Nigeria Naira (N) and kobo (k) which is the functional and reporting currency in Nigeria. The accounting year to which the financial statements date is from 1st January to 31st December, 2023.

#### STATEMENT OF COMPLETENESS OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT REVENUE

Revenue accruable to Ogbia Local Government Council from the Federation accounts and managed by the State Local Governments Joint Accounts Allocation Committee (SLGJAAC) were fairly stated. I have comfirmed the completeness and correctness of the SLGJAAC receipts, the relevant deductions and balances of transfer of the SLGJAAC allocations accruable to the Local Government Council.

#### RESPONSIBILITY OF THE ACCOUNTING OFFICER

In line with the provisions of Section 48 subsection 1 of Bayelsa State Local Government Law 2000, the accounting officer is responsible for the preparation of financial statements. He is responsible for the general and overall supervision of all accounting activities of the local government. In carrying out this mandate, he has the responsibility to:

- > Ensure that the treasury department of the council keep proper books of accounts that reasonably discloses the financial position of the local government.
- Establish and maintain a functional and adequate system of internal control designed to provide reasonable assurance that the transaction recorded reflect the utilization of the public financial resources.
- > Ensure that appropriate accounting policies and estimate are consistently deployed in the preparation of financial statements.
- > Taking steps to safeguard the assets of the local government and prevent and detect fraud and irregularities.

#### RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE AUDITOR – GENERAL FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENTS

The responsibility is to form or express an independent opinion based on the financial statements as presented by the accounting officer of the local government and report to the State House of Assembly.

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

Revenue	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Description	₩	Ħ	₩	Ħ	Ħ
Opening Balance	2,743,077.68	799,386.23	8,972,984.40	9,754,263.38	
Statutory Allocation	3,398,886,322.97	1,631,431,145.07	2,339,955,494.89	2,435,145,833.21	2,572,595,274.31
Independent Revenue	1,639,000.00	5,230,507.10	930,000.00	23,076,997.85	19,944,991.80
Other Revenue	1,283,294,422.66	36,627,773.77			
Total	4,686,562,823.31	1,674,088,812.17	2,349,858,479.29	2,467,977,094.44	2,592,540,266.11
EXPENDITURE					
Expenditure	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Description	₩	Ħ	₩	Ħ	₩
Personnel Cost	1,915,791,135.01	624,987,255.60	566,552,634.87	784,820,796.26	1,143,680,596.13
Overhead Cost	1,081,987,766.79	197,338,133.76	349,374,409.13	463,854,957.70	281,039,854.86
Statutory Deductions	255,337,130.56	1,481,230,883.44	1,393,436,049.06	1,189,326,562.90	1,180,059,321.52
Capital Expenditure	1,429,489,627.28	650,781,357.99	39,696,000.00	21,760,850.00	48,288,000.00
Total	4,682,605,659.64	2,954,337,630.79	2,349,059,093.06	2,459,763,166.86	2,653,067,772.51

#### PATTERNS AND MANNER IN WHICH THE ACCOUNTS WHERE KEPT AND RENDERED

Section 48 (1) of Bayelsa State Local Government Law 2000 requires the accounting officer of Ogbia Local Government Council to, within three (3) months after 31st day of December, each year, transmit to the Auditor – General for Local Governments accounts showing the financial position of the local government on the said 31st day of December specified financial summary for five years.

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SUBMITTED FOR AUDIT ARE:

- 1. Statement of Recurrent Revenue
- 2. Statement of Recurrent Expenditure
- 3. Statement of Financial Performance
- 4. Statement of Financial Position
- 5. Statement of Cash flow
- 6. Statement of external/internal loan
- 7. Statement of Personnel Cost
- 8. Statement of Overhead Cost

#### GENERAL OBSERVATION AND RECOMMENDATION

A. REVENUE COLLECTION AND GENERATION: Ogbia local government council is endowed with various sources of revenue generation to boost their statutory allocations from the federation account to manage the affairs of the council but it appears that the revenue collection system in place is weak and not functional. From the Financial Highlight, five year financial summary of the council 2023,2022, 2021, 2020 and 2019 independent revenue shows that Nineteen Million, Nine Hundred and Forty four – Thousand Nine Hundred and Ninety One Naira Eighty Kobo (N19,944,991.80) only in 2019, in 2020 Twenty Three Million, Seventy – Six Thousand Nine Hundred and Ninety Seven Naira Eighty five – Kobo (N23,076,997,85) only, in 2021 Nine Hundred and Thirty Thousand Naira (N930,000.00) only, in 2022 Five Million, Two Hundred and Thirty Thousand Five Hundred and Seven Naira Ten-kobo (N5,230,507.10) only was generated while in 2023 One million-Six hundred and thirty Nine thousand (N1,639,000.00) only

representing .00014% of statutory allocations received from the JAAC for the fiscal year ended 31st December, 2023.

**B. EXPENDITURE – CLASSIFICATION AND CONTROL:** Payments made in some vouchers are not classified or coded as required FR 40(10), 402(1) requires every officer controlling a vote to monitor the expenditure pattern of his department with reference to the amounts provided in





the estimate.

The pattern of expenditure in Ogbia local government reveals that classification and control was not observed or monitored by officers controlling vote.

FR (601) payment procedure is not strictly observed by the council contrary to FR (603) which requires that all payment shall contain full particulars of each service so as to enable them to be checked without reference to any other reference and will invariably be supported by relevant documents. In the case of contract payments, reference to contracts and details of any previous payment(s) under such contract.

**C. INTERNAL AUDIT**: Prepayment Audit of payment vouchers is always a case in Ogbia local government council. FR (10705) requires that the Head of Internal Audit Unit shall ensure that 100% prepayment audit of all cheeked and passed vouchers is carried out and the vouchers forward under security schedule direct to the appropriate central pay office for payment.

**RECOMMENDATION:** Revenue officers responsible for revenue collection in the council be trained to meet today's trend in the collection of revenue. Electronic ways of revenue collection should be introduced into the system to meet with international practice, so is the officers responsible for the control and monitoring of vote.

The Head of Internal audit unit in the local government should be giving free access to all records and books of the local council to perform 100% prepayment audit to enable him/her prepare his monthly, Quarterly, half yearly and special reports as required by FR (1706) (I).





### **GOVERNMENT OF BAYELSA STATE OF NIGERIA**

Office of the Auditor-General for Local Governments

e-mail address: localgovtsauditbys@gmail.com

LGCON.21/VOL.11/109



State Govt. Secretariat P.M.B. 30 Yenagos, Bayelsa State. 25<sup>th</sup> July, 2024

Dates

#### **AUDIT CERTIFICATE**

In compliance with section 125(2) of the Constitution of the Federal Republic of Nigeria 1999 (as amended) and Section 55(3) of the Bayelsa State Audit Law 2021, the audit of the Financial Statements of Ogbia Local Government Council of Bayelsa State for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> December, 2023 was conducted in accordance with the provisions of the financial memoranda and other relevant regulations.

The audit was conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and INTOSAI Auditing Standards



Within the period under review, the information presented in the General Purpose Financial Statements are in compliance with the International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS) Accrual basis of accounting as prescribed in the statement of accounting policies.

In my opinion, the Financial Statements which agree with the books of Accounts and records show a true and fair view of the Financial Position of Ogbia Local Government Council for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> December, 2023.

Office of the Auditor – General For Local Governments P.M.B. 30, Yenagoa Fagha Henry Prenanagha Con ACTLORPS BCHP Auditor – General for Local Governments Bayelsa State.

All Correspondence to be addressed to the Auditor-General for Local Governments





# STATEMENT I CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE (INCOME AND EXPENDITURE) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 3IST DECEMBER, 2023

Actual 2022		Notes	Actual 2023	Final Budget 2023	Initial Budget 2023	Supplementary Budget 2023	Variance on Final Budget
	REVENUE						
1,708,656,999.77	GOVERNMENT SHARE OF FAAC(STATUTORY REVENUE)	1	1,936,672,965.98	2,109,168,969.96	2,109,168,969.96	-	172,496,003.9
1,101,206,507.67	GOVERNMENT SHARE OF VAT	2	1,529,686,305.69	1,096,317,264.96	1,096,317,264.96	-	433,369,040.7
-	TAX REVENUE		-	-	-	-	
5,230,507.10	NON – TAX REVENUE	3	1,526,000.00	91,566,499.58	91,566,499.58	-	90,040,499.5
-	INVESTMENT INCOME		-	-	-	-	
-	INTEREST EARNED		-	-	-	-	
-	AID & GRANTS		-	-		-	
36,627,773.77	OTHER REVENUE		-	-	-	-	
2,851,721,788.31	TOTAL REVENUE		3,467,885,271.67	3,297,052,734.50	3,297,052,734.50	-	695,905,544.2
	EXPENDITURE						
1,875,306,827.42	SALARIES & WAGES	4	1,915,791,135.01	1,953,180,719.02	1,883,600,434.48	69,580,284.54	37,389,584.0
193,312,676.54	SOCIAL BENEFITS	5	213,848,267.33	202,756,734.60	202,756,734.60	-	11,091,532.7
213,924,014.57	OVERHEAD COST	6	568,588,873.95	577,870,927.65	474,740,927.65	103,130,000.00	9,282,053.7
	GRANTS & CONTRIBUTIONS		-	-	-	-	
-	DEPRECIATION	7	47,198,310.17	-	-	-	47,198,317.1
35,598,635.08	TRANSFER TO OTHER GOVT ENTITIES	8	41,488,863.23	-	-	-	41,488,871.2
2,318,142,153.61	TOTAL EXPENDITURE		2,786,915,449.69	2,733,808,381.27	2,561,098,096.73	172,710,284.54	146,450,358.8
533,579,634.70	SURPLUS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES FOR THE PERIOD		680,969,821.98	-	-	-	
36,627,773.77	Public Debt Repayment	11		-	-	-	
	Gain/Loss on						
	Disposal of asset Gain/Loss on						
	Disposal of asset						
-	Total non- operating revenue (expenses)			-	-	-	
496,951,860.93	Surplus/ (deficit) from Ordinary Activities	13	680,969,821.98	-	-	-	
-	Miniority Interest share of surpus/deficit		-	-	-	-	
496,951,860.93	Net Surplus/(Deficit) for the period		680,969,821.98	-	-	-	

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the General Purpose Financial Statement (GPFS)







# STATEMENT 2 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (BALANCE SHEET) AS AT 3IST DECEMBER, 2023

	Economic Code	Notes	202	23	2022	
			N	N	N	N
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Current Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	3101-4	9	3,957,163.67		2,743,077.68	
Inventories	3105		-		-	
Receivables	3106-7		-		-	
Prepayments	3108		-		-	
Α				3,957,163.67		2,743,077.68
Non-Current Assets						
Loans & Debts (short-term)	3110		-		-	
Investments	3109		-		-	
Property, Plant & Equipment	3201	10	1,937,266,503.47		-	
Investment Property	3202		-		-	
Intangible Assets	3301		-		-	
В			-	1,937,266,503.47		-
Total Assets C = A+B				1,941,223,667.14		2,743,077.68
<u>LIABILITIES</u>						
Current Liabilities						
Deposits	4101		-		-	
Short Term Loans & Debts	4102		-		-	
Unremitted Deductions	4103		-		-	
Accrued Expenses	4104		-		-	
Current Portion of Borrowings	4105		-		-	
D			-	=		-
Non-Current Liabilities						
Public Funds	4601					
Borrowings	4602	11	(161,892,565.90)		174,101,798.42	-
E			(161,892,565.90)	-	174,101,798.42	
Total Liabilities: F = D + E				(161,892,565.90)		174,101,798.42
Net Assets: G = C - F				1,779,331,101.24		176,844,876.10
NET ASSETS/EQUITY						
Reserves	4701	12	1,098,361,279.26		-	
Surpluses/(Deficits)	4702	13	680,969,821.98		-	
Total Net Assets/Equity				1,779,331,101.24		176,844,876.10

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the General Purpose Financial Statement (GPFS)

July 18/2 /2024

Paul Ariwareni Engoye

Treasurer





# STATEMENT 3 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED 3IST DECEMBER, 2023

Description	Notes	2023		2022	
		N	N	N	N
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
<u>Inflows</u>					
Government Share of FAAC (Statutory Revenue)	1, 1B	1,936,672,965.98		1,708,656,999.77	
Government Share of VAT	2	1,529,686,305.69		1,101,206,507.67	
Direct Taxes		-		-	
Licences		-		-	
Fines		-		-	
Royalties		-		-	
Fees		-		-	
Earnings & Sales	3	1,526,000.00		5,230,507.10	
Rents of Government Properties		-		-	
Investment Income		-		-	
Interest & Repayment General		-		-	
Re-imbursement		-		-	
Funds from Special Accounts		-		-	
Domestic Aid & Grants		-		-	
External Aid & Grants		-		-	
Gains from exchange transactions		-		-	
Other Revenue (e.g. plea Bargain)		-		36,627,773.77	
Total inflow from Operating Activities		3,467,885,271.67	3,467,885,271.67		2,851,721,788.31
Outflows					
Salaries & Wages	4	1,915,791,135.01		1,875,306,827.42	
Social Benefits	5	213,848,267.33		193,312,676.54	
Overhead Cost	6	568,588,873.95		213,924,014.57	
Grants & Contributions		-		-	
Subsidies		-		-	
Transfer to other Government Entities	8	41,488,863.23		35,598,635.08	
Public Debts Repayment		-		-	
Total Outflow from Operating Activities (B)			(2,739,717,139.52)		(2,318,142,153.61)
Net Cash Inflow/(Outflow) From Operating Activities*					-
C=(A-B)			728,168,132.15		





# STATEMENT 3 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED 3IST DECEMBER, 2023

CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Proceeds from Sale of PPE		-		-	
Proceeds from Sales of Investment Property		-		-	
Proceeds from Sale of Intangible Assets		-		-	
Proceeds from Sale of Investment		-		-	
Dividends Received		-		-	
		-			
Purchase/Construction of PPE	14	(714,744,813.64)		(495,008,169.48)	
Purchase/Construction of Investment Property		-		-	
Purchase of Intangible Assets		-		-	
Acquisition of Investments		-		-	
Net Cash Flow from Investing Activities			(714,744,813.64)		(495,008,169.48)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Proceeds from Borrowings	11B	-		-	
Repayment of Borrowings		(12,209,232.52)		(36,627,773.77)	
Distribution of Surplus/Dividends Paid		=		-	
Net Cash Flow from Financing Activities			(12,209,232.52)		(36,627,773.77)
Net Cash Flow from all Activities			1,214,085.99		1,943,691.45
Cash & Its Equivalent as at 1/1/2023			2,743,077.68		799,386.23
Cash & Its Equivalent as at 31/12/2023			3,957,163.67		2,743,077.68
Notes: 1					
RECONCILIATION:					
Surplus/ (Deficit) per Statement of	13	680,969,821.98		-	
Performance Add back non cash movement-					
	7A	- 47.400.040.47		-	
Depreciation Charges	/A	47,198,310.17		-	
Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities  Note: 2	-	728,168,132.15		-	
Cash & its equivalent as at 31/12/2023					
Cash Balances					
Bank Balances	9A	3,957,163.67	3,957,163.67	-	2,743,077.68
Dank Datances	9A	3,957,163.67	3,957,163.67	-	2,743,077.68

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the General Purpose Financial Statement (GPFS)

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Paul Ariwareni Engoye *Treasurer* 



# STATEMENT 4 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS/ EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 2023.

	Note	Revaluation Reserve <del>N</del>	Translation Reserve N	Accumulated Surpluses	Total ₦
Balance as at 1st January 2023	12	1,098,361,279.26	-	-	1,098,361,291.26
Changes in Accounting Policy					
Restated Balance		1,098,361,279.26		-	1,098,361,291.26
Surplus on Revaluation of Properties					
Deficit on Revaluation of Investments					
Net Gains and losses not recognized in the statement of Financial Performance					-
Net Surplus for the year	13	680,969,821.98	-	-	680,969,821.98
Balance as at 31 December 2023		-		-	
Deficit on Revaluation of Property		-		-	
Surplus on Revaluation of Investments		-		-	
Net gains and Losses not Recognized in the Statement of Financial Performance					
Net deficit for the Period					
Balance as at 31 December 2023		1,779,331,101.24	-	-	1,779,331,113.24

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the General-Purpose Financial Statement (GPFS)

Paul Ariwareni Engoye

Treasurer





### **NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS**

## OGBIA LOCAL GOVERNMENT COUNCIL NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 2023

		Ref Sup.				
Note	Details	Note	Amount	Amount	BUDGET	Remarks
1	A. Share of Statutory Allocation from FAAC					
	Net share of Statutory Allocation from FAAC	1	1,293,983,701.13			
	Add: Deduction at source	1A	47,110,176.51	1,341,093,877.64	2,109,168,969.96	
	Share of Statutory Allocation (Other Agencies)	2		642,689,264.85		
	Share of Statutory Allocation (Excess Crude Oil)			•		
	Total (Gross) Statutory Allocation			1,936,672,965.98		
2	B. Value Added Tax					
	Share of Value Added Tax (VAT)			1,529,686,305.69	1,096,317,264.96	
		D-4C				
	NON TAX REVENUE	Ref Sup. Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	
3	RATES GENERAL (TENEMENT RATE)		-			
	LICENSE GENERAL		-			
	FEES GENERAL					
	FINES GENERAL		=			
	EARNINGS GENERAL		1,526,000.00			
	Sale/Rent of Government Property		=			
			1,526,000.00			
4	WAGES AND SALARIES			2023		2022
-	WAGES AND SALANIES	Ref Sup.		2020		2022
		Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	Actual
4A	PERSONNEL COST	4A		,		
	ADMINISTRATIVE SECTOR		326,224,504.29	-	-	-
	ECONOMIC SECTOR		143,306,118.88	-	-	-
	SOCIAL SECTOR		1,377,551,941.39	-	-	-
	REGIONAL SECTOR			-	-	-
	LAW AND JUSTICE			-	-	-
	SUBTOTAL		1,847,082,564.56	-	-	-
4B	CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND CHARGES	4B	68,708,570.45	-	-	-
	TOTAL WAGES AND SALARIES		1,915,791,135.01	940,600,434.48		
4C	PERSONNEL ANALYSIS			2023		2022
40	FERSONNEL ANALTSIS	Ref Sup.		2023		2022
		Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	Actual
	TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR		551			
	TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES EMPLOYED IN 2023		0			
	TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES RETIRED DURING THE YEAR		12			
	TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES AT THE END OF THE YEAR 2023		539			





5	SOCIAL BENEFITS			2023		2022
		Ref Sup.				
		Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	Actual
	ADMINISTRATIVE SECTOR	5A	213,848,267.33	202,756,734.60		
	ECONOMIC SECTOR		-			
	SOCIAL SECTOR		-			
	REGIONAL SECTOR		-			
	LAW AND JUSTICE		-			
6	OVERHEAD COST			2023		2022
	OVERTICAS COOT	Ref Sup.		2020		2022
		Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	Actual
6A	OVERHEAD COST BY FUNCTION	6A	notaut	Duagot	, a variance	notadi
5, (	TRAVEL& TRANSPORT - GENERAL	5/1	13,059,506.83	117,740,927.65		
	UTILITIES – GENERAL		3,000,000.00	***,****,027.00		
	MATERIALS AND SUPPLY – GENERAL		319,103,820.52			
	MAINTENANCE SERVICES – GENERAL		70,822,111.18			
	FUEL AND LUBRICANT - GENERAL		980,176.00			
	FINANCIAL CHARGES - GENERAL		161,623,259.42			
	TOTAL		568,588,873.95			
7	DEPRECIATION		I.	2023		2022
		Ref Sup.				
		Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	Actual
	BUILDING – GENERAL	7A	23,860,000.00	Ū		
	INFRASTRUCTURE – GENERAL		8,934,310.17			
	PLANT & MACHINERY – GENERAL		980,000.00			
	TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT - GENERAL		6,672,000.00			
	OFFICE EQUIPMENT		200,000.00			
	FURNITURE & FITTINGS – GENERAL		6,552,000.00			
	TOTAL		47,198,310.17			
	TRANSFER TO OTHER GOVERNMENT ENTITIES					
0	I INANGER TO DITTER GOVERNMENT ENTITIES		7.500.000.00	_		
8	COMMONICEDVICES					
8	COMMON SERVICES TRAINING FUNDS	8A	7,500,000.00 33,988,863.23	-		





		Ref Sup.			
9	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT	Note	2023	2022	
	CASH IN HAND	9A			
	CASH AT BANK	9A	3,957,163.67	2,743,077.68	
	TOTAL				
		Ref Sup.			
10	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	Note	31/12/2023	01/01/2023	
	BUILDING -GENERAL		1,169,140,000.00	1,193,000,000.00	
	INFRASTRUCTURE -GENERAL		705,810,503.47	-	
	PLANT & MACHINERY – GENERAL		8,820,000.00	9,800,000.00	
	TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT- GENERAL		26,688,000.00	33,360,000.00	
	OFFICE EQUIPMENT-GENERAL		600,000.00	800,000.00	
	FURNITURE AND FITTINGS		26,208,000.00	32,760,000.00	
	TOTAL		1,937,266,503.47	1,269,720,000.00	
		Ref Sup.			
11	BORROWINGS	Note	2023	2022	
	EXTERNAL LOANS				
	DOMESTIC LOANS		161,892,565.90		
	TOTAL				
		Ref Sup.			
12	RESERVES	Note	2023	2022	
	FOR THE YEAR		1,098,361,279.26		
		Ref Sup.			
13	SURPLUS	Note	2023	2022	
	FOR THE YEAR	11010	680,969,821.98	-	
	TOTTINE TEXT		000,000,021.00		
_		Ref Sup.			
14	PURCHASE/CONSTRUCTION OF PPE	Note	2023	2022	
	BUILDING -GENERAL	14016	2020	2022	
_	INFRASTRUCTURE -GENERAL		714,744,813.64		
	PLANT & MACHINERY-GENERAL		/14,/44,013.04		
	TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT-GENERAL				
	OFFICE EQUIPMENT – GENERAL FURNITURE AND FITTINGS				
			744 744 040 04		
	TOTAL		714,744,813.64		





### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

### OGBIA LOCAL GOVERNMENT COUNCIL NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 2023

### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 1 SHARE OF FAAC (STATUTORY REVENUE)

		SHARE OF TARO (STATOTORT REVERSE)						
DETAILS/ MONTH	NET RECEIPT  SEE SUPPLEMENTARY  NOTE 1A	ADD: DEDUCTIONS AT SOURCE (SEE – SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 1A	GROSS					
ECONOMIC CODE	11010101	11010101						
	₩	N	₩					
JANUARY	176,858,071.33	5,305,742.14	182,163,813.47					
FEBRUARY	102,133,739.08	3,064,012.17	105,197,751.25					
MARCH	97,204,482.72	2,916,134.48	100,120,617.20					
APRIL	132,499,428.04	3,974,982.84	136,474,410.88					
MAY	94,120,343.42	2,823,610.30	96,943,953.72					
JUNE	142,357,877.47	4,270,736.32	146,628,613.79					
JULY	79,810,542.96	2,394,316.29	82,204,859.25					
AUGUST	103,627,010.35	3,108,810.31	106,735,820.66					
SEPTEMBER	86,118,845.39	10,874,230.84	96,993,076.23					
OCTOBER	103,821,917.87	3,114,657.54	106,936,575.41					
NOVEMBER	80,280,751.61	2,408,422.55	82,689,174.16					
DECEMBER	95,150,690.89	2,854,520.73	98,005,211.62					
GRAND TOTAL	1,293,983,701.13	47,110,176.51	1,341,093,877.64					

### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 1A NET STATUTORY ALLOCATION

DETAILS/ MONTH	GROSS STATUTORY ALLOCATION (a)	TOTAL DEDUCTIONS (b)	NET ALLOCATION c = (a - b)
ECONOMIC CODE	11010101	11010101	
	₩	₩	×
JANUARY	182,163,813.47	5,305,742.14	176,858,071.33
FEBRUARY	105,197,751.25	3,064,012.17	102,133,739.08
MARCH	100,120,617.20	2,916,134.48	97,204,482.72
APRIL	136,474,410.88	3,974,982.84	132,499,428.04
MAY	96,943,953.72	2,823,610.30	94,120,343.42
JUNE	146,628,613.79	4,270,736.32	142,357,877.47
JULY	82,204,859.25	2,394,316.29	79,810,542.96
AUGUST	106,735,820.66	3,108,810.31	103,627,010.35
SEPTEMBER	96,993,076.23	10,874,230.84	86,118,845.39
OCTOBER	106,936,575.41	3,114,657.54	103,821,917.87
NOVEMBER	82,689,174.16	2,408,422.55	80,280,751.61
DECEMBER	98,005,211.62	2,854,520.73	95,150,690.89
GRAND TOTAL	1,341,093,877.64	47,110,176.51	1,293,983,701.13





## SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 1B ANALYSIS OF SHARE OF STATUTORY ALLOCATION (OTHER AGENCIES)

ECONOMIC CODE	DESCRIPTION	JANUARY	FEBRUARY	MARCH	APRIL	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUGUST	SEPTEMBER	OCTOBER	NOVEMBER	DECEMBER	GRAND TOTAL
11010101	ELECTRONIC MONEY TRANSFER LEVY	10,114,769.31	5,527,752.18	4,922,282.41	6,141,094.81	6,083,142.29	6,051,821.71	4,778,908.43	5,365,076.69	5,943,284.57	4,649,040.61	6,514,314.52	5,008,113.76	71,099,601.29
11010101	NON OIL REVENUE	-	28,658,083.95	-	-	6,877,940.15	-	-	-	-	-	17,194,850.37	-	52,730,874.47
11010101	NON OIL REVENUE 2	=	4,427,673.97	-	-	2,865,808.40	÷	-	-	-	-		-	7,293,482.37
11010101	FOREX EQUALISATION 1	-	-	29,919,039.65	-	12,466,266.52		-	-	-	-	-	-	42,385,306.17
11010101	FOREX EQUALISATION 2	-	-	-	-	4,986,506.61	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,986,506.61
11010101	SOLID MINERALS			_	_	4,158,993.59		_			_		_	4,158,993.59
11010101	EXCHANGE GAIN DIFFERENCE	6,289,557.48	-	-	-	-	166,836.33	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,456,393.81
	EXCHANGE GAIN DIFFERENCE 2	-	-	-	-	-	36,509,739.18	84,948,804.32	76,855,791.80	62,258,331.28	46,592,299.14	50,767,898.18	95,645,242.64	453,578,106.54
	TOTAL	16,404,326.79	38,613,510.10	34,841,322.06	6,141,094.81	37,438,657.56	6,218,658.04	4,778,908.43	5,365,076.69	5,943,284.57	4,649,040.61	23,709,164.89	5,008,113.76	642,689,264.85



ECONOMIC CODE	DESCRIPTION	JANUARY	FEBRUARY	MARCH	APRIL	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUGUST	SEPTEMBER	OCTOBER	NOVEMBER	DECEMBER	GRAND TOTAL
11010202	VALUE ADDED TAX													
		110,703,749.65	134,782,815.50	87,866,120.92	123,212,976.28	139,448,624.54	108,734,639.54	140,749,736.60	136,344,482.21	130,808,683.69	137,195,234.17	148,702,481.63	131,136,760.96	1,529,686,305.69

### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 3 NON - TAX REVENUE

ECONOMIC CODE	DESCRIPTION	JANUARY	FEBRUARY	MARCH	APRIL	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUGUST	SEPTEMBER	OCTOBER	NOVEMBER	DECEMBER	TOTAL
12020459	FEES - RIGHT OF OCCUPANCY FEES	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12020466	FEES - INDIGINE REGISTRATION FEES	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12020501	FINES - FINES/PENALTIES	-	-	-	-	_	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
12020711	EARNINGS - EARNINGS FROM COMMERCIAL ACTIVITIES		602,000.00						270,000.00	480,000.00		114,000.00	60,000.00	1,526,000.00
	TOTAL	-	602,000.00	-	-	-	-	-	270,000.00	480,000.00	_	114,000.00	60,000.00	1,526,000.00





# SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 4 SALARIES AND WAGES

MONTHS	COUNCIL SALARIES N	HEALTH WORKERS SALARIES N	TEACHERS SALARIES N	CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND CHARGES - SALARIES 9B N	COUNCIL SALARY ARREARS N	ALLOWANCES N	TOTAL N
	21010101	21010101	21010101	21010103	21010101		
JANUARY	28,787,513.00	37,717,397.58	76,158,471.33		10,000,000.00		152,663,381.91
FEBRUARY	28,797,631.00	37,717,397.58	76,288,471.33	-	10,000,000.00	_	152,803,499.91
MARCH	28,797,631.00	37,717,397.58	76,163,471.33	=	10,000,000.00	_	152,678,499.91
APRIL	28,797,631.00	37,717,397.58	76,163,471.33	•	10,000,000.00	_	152,678,499.91
MAY	28,797,631.00	37,717,397.58	75,956,301.59	-	10,000,000.00	_	152,471,330.17
JUNE	28,797,631.00	37,717,397.58	75,956,301.59	-	10,000,000.00	_	152,471,330.17
JULY	28,797,631.00	37,717,397.58	75,547,178.13	-	10,000,000.00	_	152,062,206.71
AUGUST	28,089,832.24	37,717,397.58	76,461,163.05	13,741,714.09	10,000,000.00	_	166,010,106.96
SEPTEMBER	28,243,743.91	37,717,397.58	76,284,948.00	13,741,714.09	10,000,000.00	_	165,987,803.58
OCTOBER	28,243,743.91	37,717,397.58	76,284,948.00	13,741,714.09	10,000,000.00		165,987,803.58
NOVEMBER	31,687,852.53	42,711,545.52	76,834,811.00	13,741,714.09	10,000,000.00		174,975,923.14
DECEMBER	31,692,151.78	42,711,545.52	76,855,337.67	13,741,714.09	10,000,000.00		175,000,749.06
GRAND TOTAL	349,530,623.37	462,597,066.84	914,954,874.35	68,708,570.45	120,000,000.00		1,915,791,135.01





# **SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 4B ANALYSIS OF SALARIES AND WAGES**

S/No	ADMIN CODE	ECON CODE	HEAD DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATE	SUPPLEMENT	TOTAL	ACTUAL	EXCESS	SAVINGS
				N	N	N	N	*	N
		Sector:	ADMINISTRATIVE						
1	11100100100	21010103	OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN		35,225,653.36	35,225,653.36	34,571,377.80	654,275.56	
2	11100100200	21010103	OFFICE OF THE VICE CHAIRMAN		5,949,313.24	5,949,313.24	5,874,427.70	74,885.54	
3	11100200200	21010103	SECRETARY TO THE LOCAL GOVT.		2,267,317.94	2,267,317.94	2,172,764.95	94,552.99	
4	11100201000	21010103	LEGISLATORS/ SUPERVISORS		26,138,000.00	26,138,000.00	26,090,000.00	48,000.00	
5	11100500100	21010101	ADMINISTRATIVE DEPARTMENT	326,358,957.88	-	326,358,957.88	326,224,504.29	134,453.59	
			SUB TOTAL	326,358,957.88	69,580,284.54	95,939,242.42	394,933,074.74		
	11101000100	Sector:	ECONOMIC					_	
6	11103500100	21010101	DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND SUPPLIES	69,853,751.76	-	69,853,751.76	64,423,337.96	5,430,413.80	
7		21010101	DEPARTMENT OF BUDGET, PLANNING, RESEARCH AND STATISTICS	7,899,252.48		7,899,252.48	8,456,812.30	(557,559.82)	
8	11104400400	21010101	DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE & NATURAL RESOURCES	7,353,418.68	-	7,353,418.68	7,620,074.67	(266,655.99)	
9	11106000100	21010101	WORKS, TRANSPORT, HOUSING, LANDS & SURVEY DEPARTMENT	72,464,867.52	-	72,464,867.52	62,805,893.95	9,658,973.57	
			SUB TOTAL	157,571,290.44	=	157,571,290.44	43,306,118.88		
		Sector:	LAW & JUSTICE						
10		21010101	LEGAL DEPARTMENT						
			SUB TOTAL						
		Sector:	SOCIAL SECTOR						
11		21010101	SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT, EDUCATION, INFORMATION, SPORTS AND CULTURE DEPARTMENT	915,068,672.76		915,068,672.76	914,954,874.55	113,798.21	
		21010101	DEPARTMENT OF PRIMARY HEALTH CARE	484,601,513.40		484,601,513.40	462,597,066.84	22,004,446.56	
			SUB TOTAL	1,399,670,186.16		1,399,670,186.16	1,377,551,941.39		
12			GRAND TOTAL	1,883,600,434.48	69,580,284.54	1,953,180,719.02	1,915,791,135.01		





### **SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 4B**

	CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND CHARGES – SALARIES									
DESCRIPTION	MONTHLY ESTIMATE	ANNUAL PAID	TOTAL							
CHAIRMAN	5,264,275.56	26,321,377.80	26,321,377.80							
CHAIRMAN'S AIDES	1,650,000.00	8,250,000.00	8,250,000.00							
VICE CHAIRMAN	1,174,885.54	5,874,427.70	5,874,427.70							
SECRETARY TO THE LG	434,552.99	2,172,764.95	2,172,764.95							
LEGISLATORS	3,438,000.00	17,190,000.00	17,190,000.00							
SUPERVISORS	1,780,000.00	8,900,000.00	8,900,000.00							
TOTAL	13,741,714.09	68,708,570.45	68,708,570.45							

## SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 4C PERSONNEL ANALYSIS

		2023		2022
	ACTUAL	BUDGET	VARIANCE	ACTUAL
TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	551	0	0	0
TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES EMPLOYED IN 2023	0	0	0	0
TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES RETIRED DURING THE YEAR	12	0	0	0
TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES AT THE END OF THE YEAR 2023	539	0	0	0

### SUPLEMENTARY NOTE 5A ANAYSIS OF EMPLOYEES SOCIAL BENEFITS

MONTHS	GRATUITY	PENSION	DEATH BENEFITS	TOTAL
JANUARY	-	17,625,833.74	-	17,625,833.74
FEBRUARY	ı	17,838,236.61		17,838,236.61
MARCH	-	17,701,053.20	-	17,701,053.20
APRIL	•	17,845,161.68	ı	17,845,161.68
MAY	-	17,994,896.81	ı	17,994,896.81
JUNE	•	17,828,542.38	ı	17,828,542.38
JULY	-	17,887,692.87	ı	17,887,692.87
AUGUST	•	17,845,825.34	ı	17,845,825.34
SEPTEMBER	-	17,783,834.37	ı	17,783,834.37
OCTOBER	=	18,028,924.64	=	18,028,924.64
NOVEMBER	=	17,457,854.09	=	17,457,854.09
DECEMBER	=	18,010,411.60	-	18,010,411.60
GRAND TOTAL	-	213,848,267.33	-	213,848,267.33





### **SUPPLEMETARY NOTE 6A**

### **ANALYSIS OF OVERHEAD PAYMENTS**

MONTHS	TRAVEL& TRANSPORT - GENERAL	UTILITIES – GENERAL	MATERIALS AND SUPPLY – GENERAL	MAINTENANCE SERVICES – GENERAL	FUEL AND LUBRICANT - GENERAL	FINANCIAL CHARGES - GENERAL	TOTAL
	220201	220202	220203	220204	220207	220209	
	N	N	2		N	*	N
JANUARY	2,600,000.00	250,000.00	36,709,475.46	23,089,037.06	175,612.00	1	62,824,124.52
FEBUARY	100,000.00	250,000.00	36,709,475.46	23,089,037.06	241,532.00	1	60,390,044.52
MARCH	344,900.00	250,000.00	-	23,089,037.06	45,128.00		23,729,065.06
APRIL	196,086.02	250,000.00	36,709,475.46	-	60,122.00	23,089,037.06	60,304,720.54
MAY	100,000.00	250,000.00	36,709,475.46	-	98,000.00	23,089,037.06	60,246,512.52
JUNE	1,300,000.00	250,000.00	36,709,475.46	-	84,500.00	23,089,037.06	61,433,012.52
JULY	-	250,000.00	25,428,016.84	-	22,982.00		25,700,998.84
AUGUST	1,493,630.53	250,000.00	-		5,412.00	23,089,037.06	24,838,079.59
SEPTEMBE	5,374,890.28	250,000.00	-		96,422.00	23,089,037.06	28,810,349.34
OCTOBER	200,000.00	250,000.00	36,709,475.46		76,522.00	23,089,037.06	60,325,034.52
NOVEMBER	1,250,000.00	250,000.00	36,709,475.46	1,555,000.00	22,792.00	23,089,037.06	62,876,304.52
DECEMBER	100,000.00	250,000.00	36,709,475.46		51,152.00	-	37,110,627.46
TOTAL	13,059,506.83	3,000,000.00	319,103,820.52	70,822,111.18	980,176.00	161,623,259.42	568,588,873.95

## SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 6B ANAYSIS OF OVERHEAD COST FOR THE YEAR 2023

S/NO	ADMIN	GRP	HEAD DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATE	SUPPLEMENTARY	TOTAL	ACTUAL	SAVINGS	EXCESS
	SECTOR		ADMINISTRATIVE						
	1	:	OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN	-	30,360,000.00	30,360,000.00	22,743,554.96	7,616,445.04	-
	2		VICE CHAIRMAN	-	7,200,000.00	7,200,000.00	7,107,360.92	92,639.08	-
	3	:	SECRETARY TO THE LG	-	8,540,000.00	8,540,000.00	8,528,833.11	11,166.89	-
		:	LEGISLATORS		57,030,000.00	57,030,000.00	56,858,887.40	171,112.60	
			ADMINISTRATIVE DEPT	189,200,000.00		189,200,000.00	189,055,800.59	144,199.41	
			Sub Total	189,200,000.00	103,130,000.00	292,330,000.00	284,294,436.98		
	SECTOR		ECONOMIC	-			-	-	-
	4	:	DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND SUPPLIES	19,950,000.00	9	19,950,000.00	19,900,610.59	49,389.41	8
	5	:	DEPARTMENT OF BUDGET, PLANNING, RESEARCH AND STATISTICS	10,000,000.00		10,000,000.00	9,950,305.29	49,694.71	÷
	6	:	DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE & NATURAL RESOURCES	17,100,000.00		17,100,000.00	17,057,666.22	42,333.78	-
			WORKS, TRANSPORT, HOUSING, LANDS & SURVEY DEPARTMENT	148,090,927.65		148,090,927.65	147,833,107.23	257,820.42	-
			Sub Total	195,140,927.65	•	195,140,927.65	194,741,689.33		
	SECTOR		LAW & JUSTICE						
	9		LEGAL DEPARTMENT	-			-	-	-
	SECTOR		SOCIAL						
	10		SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT, EDUCATION, INFORMATION, SPORTS AND CULTURE DEPARTMENT	34,200,000.00		34,200,000.00	34,115,332.44	84,667.56	=
	11		DEPARTMENT OF PRIMARY HEALTH CARE	56,200,000.00		56,200,000.00	55,437,415.21	762,584.79	-
		<u> </u>	Sub Total	90,400,000.00		90,400,000.00	89,552,747.65		
	GRAND TOTAL	·		474,740,927.65	103,130,000.00	577,870,927.65	568,588,873.96	-	





## SUPPLEMENTAR NOTE 7A DEPRECIATION FOR ASSETS

	BUILDING - GENERAL	INFRASTRUCTURE - GENERAL	PLANT & MACHINERY - GENERAL	TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT -	OFFICE EQUIPMENT		FURNITURE & FITTINGS - GENERAL	TOTAL
ECONOMIC CODE	240101	240102	240103	240104	240105		240106	
					GENERAL	BOOKS		
RATE	2%	5%	10%	20%	25%	3%	20%	
LEGACY ASSETS	23,860,000.00		980,000.00	6,672,000.00	200,000.00		6,552,000.00	38,264,000.00
ASSETS DURING		8,934,310.17						8,934,310.17
YEAR 2023		6,934,310.17		-	-	-	-	0,534,310.17
SUB- TOTAL	-	8,934,310.17		-	-	-	-	8,934,310.17
GRAND TOTAL	23,860,000.00	8,934,310.17	980,000.00	6,672,000.00	200,000.00	-	6,552,000.00	47,198,310.17

### SUPPLEMENTAR NOTE 7B DEPRECIATION FOR ASSETS ACQUIRED DURING THE YEAR 2023

MONTHS			CLASS OF PPE				TOTAL
	BUILDING	INFRASTRUCTURE	PLANTS & MACHINARY	TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT	OFFICE EQUIPMENT	FURNITURE AND FITTINGS	
ECONOMIC CODE	240101	240102	240103	240104	240105	240106	
	0.02/12	0.05/12	10%	20%	DEP, RATE 25%	DEP. RATE 20%	
JANUARY	-	-	-	-	-	-	
FEBRUARY	-	-	-	-	-	-	
MARCH	-	-	-		-	-	
APRIL	-	-	-		-	-	
MAY	-	-			-	-	
JUNE	-	-			-	-	
JULY	-	-		-	-	-	
AUGUST	-	-			-	-	
SEPTEMBER	-		-	-	-	-	
OCTOBER		2,978,103.39		-	-	-	2,978,103.39
NOVEMBER	-	2,978,103.39	-	-	-	-	2,978,103.39
DECEMBER	-	2,978,103.39	-	-	-	-	2,978,103.39
GRAND TOTAL	-	8,934,310.17	-	-			8,934,310.17

THE DEPRECIATION IS PRO RATED ACCORDING TO THE MONTH OF THE YEAR THE ASSETS VALUE IS CAPITALISED.

### SUPPLEMENTAR NOTE 8A TRANSFER TO OTHER GOVERNMENT ENTITIES

ECONOMIC CODE	DESCRIPTION	NOTES			2022	
			ACTUAL	BUDGET	VARIANCE	ACTUAL
	COMMON SERVICES	SEE SUPL. NOTE 14B	7,500,000.00	7,500,000.00	-	7,500,000.00
	TRAINING FUND		33,988,863.23	32,602,793.28	1,386,069.95	28,098,635.08
	TOTAL		41,488,863.23	40,102,793.28	1,386,069.95	35,598,635.08





## SUPPLEMETARY NOTE 8B ANALYSIS OF STATUTORY TRANSFERS

MONTHS	TRAINING FUND	COMMON SERVICES	PENSION	TOTAL	TOTAL
	N	*	N	*	N
JANUARY	3,039,661.48	625,000.00		3,664,661.48	
FEBUARY	2,700,023.13	625,000.00		3,325,023.13	
MARCH	2,199,119.26	625,000.00		2,824,119.26	
APRIL	2,618,534.99	625,000.00		3,243,534.99	
MAY	2,570,721.68	625,000.00		3,195,721.68	
JUNE	2,573,111.75	625,000.00		3,198,111.75	
JULY	3,102,879.92	625,000.00		3,727,879.92	
AUGUST	3,106,923.61	625,000.00		3,731,923.61	
SEPTEMBE	2,851,291.45	625,000.00		3,476,291.45	
OCTOBER	2,922,584.92	625,000.00		3,547,584.92	
NOVEMBER	3,034,602.96	625,000.00		3,659,602.96	
DECEMBER	3,269,408.08	625,000.00		3,894,408.08	
TOTAL	33,988,863.23	7,500,000.00		- 41,488,863.23	-

## SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 9A CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

DESCRIPTION	REF. S. NOTE	2023	2022
CASH IN HAND			
CASH AT BANK	16B	3,957,163.67	2,743,077.68
TOTAL		3,957,163.67	2,743,077.68

## SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 9B CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

			PREMIUM TRUST A/C	0080032814							
	UBA A/	C 1001119755	00800328	07	HERITAGE A/C	5900010352	UBA A/C 10	01119755	ACCESS BANK		
RECEIPTS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
OPENING BALANCE	2,743,077.68		20,063.53		84,899.38						2,848,040.59
JANUARY	432,699,532.39	410,156,016.75	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
FEBRUARY	138,547,874.82	56,703,240.33	-	-	-	-	-				
MARCH	167,504,571.64	274,405,633.91				-	-				
APR <b>I</b> L	261,811,285.17	214,124,552.18			-	-	-	-	-		
MAY	178,319,944.51	180,617,826.97	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
JUNE	224,858,738.87	234,211,209.88			-	-	-	-	-	-	
JULY	95,362,074.59	131,518,415.47	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
AUGUST	103,685,565.13	34,853,180.50	-	-	-	-	-				
SEPTEMBER	107,407,704.65	102,203,298.64	-	-	-	-	-				
OCTOBER	594,962,137.24	588,503,360.46			-	-	-	-	-		
NOVEMBER	164,902,449.28	147,314,213.31		-	-	-	-	-	-		
DECEMBER	458,579,536.54	552,868,966.08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
TOTAL	2,931,384,492.51	2,927,479,914.48	20,063.53	•	84,899.38		-	-	-	-	
CLOSING BALANCE		3,904,578.03		20,063,53		32,522.11					3,957,163,67





### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 10A PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

			. cm man and cq				
	BUILDING – GENERAL	INFRASTRUCTURE - GENERAL	PLANT & MACHINERY - GENERAL	TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT - GENERAL	OFFICE EQUIPMENT - GENERAL	FURNITURE AND FITTINGS	TOTAL
	320101	320102	320103	320104	320105	320106	
CARYING AMOUNT 01/01/2023	1,193,000,000.00	-	9,800,000.00	33,360,000.00	800,000.00	32,760,000.00	1,269,720,000.00
ADD ASSET DURING THE YEAR (SEE- SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE		714,744,813.64		-			714,744,813.64
TOTAL ASSETS	1,193,000,000.00	714,744,813.64	9,800,000.00	33,360,000.00	800,000.00	32,760,000.00	1,984,464,813.64
LESS DEPRECIATION	23,860,000.00	8,934,310.17	980,000.00	6,672,000.00	200,000.00	6,552,000.00	47,198,310.17
CARRYING AMOUN 31/12/2023	1,169,140,000.00	705,810,503.47	8,820,000.00	26,688,000.00	600,000.00	26,208,000.00	1,937,266,503.47

### **SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 10B**

### PURCHASES/CONSTRUCTION OF PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (PPE) DURING THE YEAR 2023

			CLASS OF PPE				TOTAL
MONTHS	BUILDING	INFRASTRUCTURE	PLANTS & EQUIPMENTS	TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT	OFFICE EQUIPMENT	FURNITURE AND FITTINGS	
JANUARY	-	-		-	-	-	-
FEBRUARY	-	-		-	-	-	-
MARCH	-		-	-	-	-	-
APRIL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MAY	-	-		-	-	-	-
JUNE	-	-		-	-	-	-
JULY	-	-		-	-	-	
AUGUST	-	-		-	-	-	-
SEPTEMBER	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OCTOBER	-	714,744,813.64		-	-	-	-
NOVEMBE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DECEMBER	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
GRAND TOTAL	-	714,744,813.64	•	-	-	-	•

### **SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 10C**

### ANALYSIS OF PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

ANALISIS OF PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT										
DETAILS			CLASS OF PPE				TOTAL			
	LAND & BUILDING – SEE SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 20D	INFRASTRUCTURE	PLANTS & EQUIPMENTS	TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT	OFFICE EQUIPMENT (- SEE SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 20D)	FURNITURE AND FITTINGS				
LEGACY ASSETS	1,193,000,000.00	-	9,800,000.00	33,360,000.00	800,000.00	32,760,000.00	1,269,720,000.00			
ASSETS FOR THE YEAR		714,744,813.64		=			714,744,813.64			
SUBTOTAL (A)	1,193,000,000.00	714,744,813.64	9,800,000.00	33,360,000.00	800,000.00	32,760,000.00	1,984,464,813.64			
DEP. RATE	2%	5%	10%	20%		20%				
DEP. LEGACY ASSETS	23,860,000.00	-	980,000.00	6,672,000.00	200,000.00	6,552,000.00	38,264,000.00			
DEP. ASSETS DURING YEAR	-	8,934,310.17	-	-	1	1	8,934,310.17			
TOTAL DEPRECIATION (B)	23,860,000.00	8,934,310.17	980,000.00	6,672,000.00	200,000.00	6,552,000.00	47,198,310.17			
NET BOOK VALUE (A - B)	1,169,140,000.00	705,810,503.47	8,820,000.00	26,688,000.00	600,000.00	26,208,000.00	1,937,266,503.47			
THE LEGACY ASSETS	ALUE WERE THE FAIR VA	LUE OF PPE AS AT 01/01/2023								





### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 10D ANALYSIS OF PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

DETAILS			CLASS OF PPE					
		LAND & BUILDING		OFFICE EQUIPMENT				
	LAND	BUILDING	TOTAL LAND AND BUILDING	воокѕ	OTHER EQUIPMENTS	TOTAL OFFICE EQUIPMENT		
LEGACY ASSETS	-	1,193,000,000.00	1,193,000,000.00	-	800,000.00	800,000.00		
ASSETS DURING THE YEAR	-		-	-	-	-		
SUBTOTAL (A)	•	1,193,000,000.00	1,193,000,000.00	-	800,000.00	800,000.00		
DEP. RATE	-	2%		3%	25%			
DEP.LEGACY ASSETS	-	23,860,000.00	23,860,000.00	-	200,000.00	200,000.00		
ASSETS DURING YEAR	-	-	-	-	-	-		
TOTAL DEPRECIATION (B)		23,860,000.00	23,860,000.00	-	200,000.00	200,000.00		
NET BOOK VALUE A+B	•	1,169,140,000.00	1,169,140,000.00	=	600,000.00	600,000.00		

### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 11A BORROWINGS (LONG TERM LOANS) AS AT 31ST DECEMBER, 2023.

S/NO	INSITUTIONS	BAL B/FWD (PRINCIPAL)	CURRENT YEAR PORTION	PRINCIPAL REPMT	INTEREST & OTHER FEES	TOTAL REPAYMENT	BAL OUTSTANDING
A	EXTERNAL LOANS (SEE – SUPPL. NOTE 225A)	-	-	-	-	-	-
В	DOMESTIC LOANS (SEE - SUPPL. NOTE 22B	174,101,798.42	-	8,372,388.26	3,836,844.26	12,209,232.52	161,892,565.90
	SUBTOTAL	174,101,798.42	-	8,372,388.26	3,836,844.26	12,209,232.52	161,892,565.90

### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 11B (INTERNAL LOANS )AS AT 31 ST DECEMBER, 2023

S/NO	INSITUTIONS	INSITUTIONS BAL B/FWD CURRENT Y (PRINCIPAL) PORTIO		PRINCIPAL REPMT	INTEREST & OTHER FEES	TOTAL REPAYMENT	BAL OUTSTANDING
1	LGA SALARY BALLOUT	174,101,798.42	•	8,372,388.26	3,836,844.26	12,209,232.52	161,892,565.90
	TOTAL DOMESTIC	174,101,798.42	-	8,372,388.26	3,836,844.26	12,209,232.52	161,892,565.90

### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 12A ANALYSIS OF TRANSITIONAL RESERVES

YEAR	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT 2022	LEGACY ASSETS CAPITALISED	LIABILITIES OVER ASSETS 2022	TOTAL
1/1/2023	2,743,077.68	1,269,720,000.00	(174,101,798.42)	1,098,361,279.26



### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 13A SURPLUS/ DEFICIT

YEAR		DEFICT	SURPLUS
		DR	CR
		N	N
2023			680,969,821.98
TOTAL		-	-

## SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 14A ANALYSIS OF PURCHASE/ CONTRUCTION OF PPE DURING THE YEAR 2023

s/NO	ADMIN	GRP	HEAD DESCRIPTION	BUDGET	ACTUAL	SAVINGS	EXCESS	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	EXCESS	SAVINGS
3/NO	ADIVIN	GRP	HEAD DESCRIPTION	BUDGEI	ACTUAL	SAVINGS	EXCESS	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	EXCESS	SAVINGS
		├									
	SECTOR	_	ADMINISTRATIVE								
1	11100100100	_	OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN	-		-		-	-		
2	11100100200		VICE CHAIRMAN	-	-	-		-			
3	11100200100	1	SECRETARY TO THE LG	-	-	-	-		-		-
		1	LEGISLATORS								
		1	ADMINISTRATIVE DEPT							-	-
	SECTOR		ECONOMIC	-						-	-
4	11100200400	2	DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND SUPPLIES	-	-				-	-	÷
5	11100200500	2	DEPARTMENT OF BUDGET, PLANNING, RESEARCH AND STATISTICS	·				-	-	-	-
6	11100200600	2	DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE & NATURAL RESOURCES	·			-				
		2	WORKS, TRANSPORT, HOUSING, LANDS & SURVEY DEPARTMENT	800,000,000.00	714,744,813.64	85,255,186.36	ē	85,255,186.36	-	-	85,255,186.3
	SECTOR		LAW & JUSTICE							-	-
9	11100201000	3	LEGAL DEPARTMENT	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
	SECTOR		SOCIAL								
10		4	SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT, EDUCATION, INFORMATION, SPORTS AND CULTURE DEPARTMENT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11		4	DEPARTMENT OF PRIMARY HEALTH CARE	-	-	1	•				
	GRAND TOTAL	1 _		800,000,000.00	714,744,813.64	85,255,186.36				l	





			OGBIA LOCAL O	OVERNMENT AREA				
		202	22			20:	23	
		Recurrent	Capital			Recurrent	Capital	
SECTOR	Final Budget	Expenditure	Expenditure	Total Expenditure	Final Budget	Expenditure	Expenditure	Total Expenditure
ADMINISTRATION SECTOR								
OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN								
Chairman	69,171,306.72	51,934,943.38	100,008,169.48	151,943,112.86	31,585,653.36	49,064,932.76	-	49,064,932.70
Vice- Chairman	14,098,626.48	12,670,162.32		12,670,162.32	7,049,313.24	12,981,788.62	-	12,981,788.62
Internal Audit	1,800,000.00	1,400,000.00		1,400,000.00	1,800,000.00	1,600,000.00	-	1,600,000.00
Adviser/Assistant to the Chairman/								-
Vice Chairman	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
LOCAL GOVERNMENT COUNCIL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
The Council	96,588,000.00	10,000,675.40	-	10,000,675.40	24,576,000.00	74,048,887.40	-	74,048,887.40
Assistants/Aides/Advisers	-	26,290,000.06	-	26,290,000.06	9,900,000.00	8,250,000.00	-	8,250,000.00
Council Committees	-	-	-	-	-	8,900,000.00	-	8,900,000.00
Office of the House Leader	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Office of the Deputy Leader	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Office of the Majority Leader	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
								-
Office of the Deputy Majority Leader	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Office of the Chief Whip	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Office of the Deputy Chief Whip	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Clerk to the House	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OFFICE OF THE HEAD OF LOCAL								-
GOVERNMENT SERVICE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Office of the Head of Local	6,000,000.00	10,500,000.00	-	10,500,000.00	21,000,000.00	229,418,162.19	-	229,418,162.19
Government Service								
ADMINISTRATION & GENERAL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SERVICES								
Administration and General	227,942,187.96	406,984,359.29	-	406,984,359.29	254,558,957.88	535,309,045.10	-	535,309,045.10
Services								
SECRETARY TO THE LOCAL	-	-	-	- 1	-	-	-	-
GOVERNMENT								
Secretary to the Local Government	5,214,635.88	6,976,141.64	-	6,976,141.64	2,607,317.94	10,701,598.06	-	10,701,598.0
ECONOMIC SECTOR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-





DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE &					_			
NATURAL RESOURCES								
Department of Agriculture &	7,452,210.00	9,634,430.53	-	9,634,430.53	8,553,418.68	24,677,740.89	-	24,677,740.89
Natural Resources								
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
SUPPLIES								
Department of Finance and	71,706,085.08	71,580,696.72	-	71,580,696.72	87,853,751.76	84,323,948.55	-	84,323,948.55
Supplies								
DEPARTMENT OF WORKS,	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
TRANSPORT, HOUSING, LANDS &								
SURVEY								
Department of Works, Transport,	62,009,976.96	67,274,356.20	195,000,000.00	262,274,356.20	74,264,867.52	214,929,229.32	714,744,813.64	929,674,042.96
Housing, Lands & Survey								
DEPARTMENT OF BUDGET,	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
PLANNING, RESEARCH &								
STATISTICS (BPRS)								
Department of Budget, Planning,	5,179,190.04	6,456,812.30	-	6,456,812.30	9,699,252.48	18,407,117.59	-	18,407,117.59
Research & Statistics ( BPRS)								
WATER, SANITATION & HYGIENE	-	-	-		-	-		-
(WASH)								
	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Water, Sanitation & Hygiene (WASH)								
SOCIAL SECTOR	-		-	٠	-	-		-
WOMEN DEVELOPMENT OFFICE	-	-	-	ı		-		-
Women Development Office	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL	-	-	-	-	-			-
DEVELOPMENT								
Department of social Development	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION	-	-	-	٠	-	-		-
Department of Education	49,730,722.20	909,584,671.49	200,000,000.00	1,109,584,671.49	64,268,672.76	949,070,206.99	•	949,070,206.99
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Department of Primary Health Care	459,624,502.32	497,943,592.66	-	497,943,592.66	485,801,513.40	518,034,482.05	-	518,034,482.05
TOTAL	1,076,517,443.64	2,318,142,153.61	495,008,169.48	2,813,150,323.09	1,083,518,719.02	2,739,717,139.52	714,744,813.64	3,454,461,953.16





### OGBIA LOCAL GOVERNMENT OF BAYELSA STATE

TELEGRAMS: LOCGOVSEC
TELEPHONE:

OGBALGA/AD/1016/53

Our Ref:

HEADQUARTERS:
OGBIA LOCAL GOVERNMENT
PMB 1, OGBIA TOWN

8<sup>th</sup> May, 2024

STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(IPSAS ACCRUAL)

ISSUED BY

OFFICE OF THE ACCOUNTANT – GENERAL BAYELSA STATE OF NIGERIA

2023







### Introduction

In line with the adoption of the International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS) in Nigeria, a Standardised Chart of Account (COA) alongside with a set of General-Purpose Financial Statements (GPFS) have been designed and introduced by Federation Accounts Allocation Committee (FAAC) for adoption by all tiers of Government in Nigeria.

The standardised COA and the GPFS have been adopted by Ogbia Local Government Council to comply with FAAC directive in order to harmonise public sector accounts reporting in Nigeria.

In order to ensure an effective and efficient utilisation of the COA and GPFS, the Accounting Policies have been developed as a set of guidelines to direct the Processes and Procedures relating to financial reporting in Ogbia Local GovernmentCouncil. These policies shall form part of the universally agreed framework for financial reporting in Bayelsa State.

#### IPSAS ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The GPFS are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS) and other applicable standards as defined by the Fiscal Responsibility Law (FRL) and the Financial Reporting Council of Nigeria. In addition, GPFS are in compliance with the provisions of other financial regulations of the State.

This Accounting Policy addresses the following fundamental accounting issues:

- Definition of Accounting Terminologies
- Recognition of Accounting Items
- Measurement of Accounting Items
- Treatment of Accounting items

The Accounting Policy is subject to periodic reviews and updates as shall be deemed necessary by the Accountant-General of Bayelsa State.





### 1. Accounting Terminologies / Definitions

- Accounting policies are the specific principles, bases, conventions, rules and practices adopted by the Bayelsa State Government in preparing and presenting Financial Statements.
- Accrual basis means a basis of accounting that recognizes transactions and other events immediately when revenue is earned or expenses incurred.
- Cash: Cash comprises cash in hand, demand deposits in financial institutions and cash equivalents.
- **Cash equivalents** are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.
- Cash flows are inflows and outflows of cash. Cash flows exclude movements between items that constitute cash as these components are part of the cash management of the government rather than increases or decreases in the cash position controlled by government.
- Cash receipts are cash inflows.
- Cash payments are cash outflows.
- Cash Controlled by Bayelsa State Government: Cash is deemed to be controlled by Bayelsa State Government when the government can freely use the available cash for the achievement of its objectives or enjoy benefit from the cash, and can also exclude or regulate the access of others to that benefit. Cash collected by, or appropriated or granted to the government which the government can freely use to fund its operating objectives, such as acquiring of capital assets or repaying its debt is controlled by the government.
- **Government Business Enterprise** means a ministry, department or agency that has all the following characteristics:
  - Is an entity with the power to contract in its own name;
  - Has been assigned the financial and operational authority to carry on a Business;
  - Sells goods and services, in the normal course of its business, to other MDAs and the general public at a profit or full cost recovery;
  - Is not reliant on continuing government funding or subvention to remain a going concern (other than purchases of outputs at arm's length); and
  - Is controlled by a public sector management or the government.

#### Notes to the GPFS





- This shall include narrative descriptions or more detailed schedules or analyses of amounts shown on the face of the GPFS, as well as additional information
- Notes shall be presented in a systematic manner. The items in the Statements should cross reference to any related information in the notes.

### 2. Fundamental Accounting Concepts

The following fundamental accounting concepts are taken as the basis of preparation of all accounts and reporting in Bayelsa State:

- Accrual Basis of Accounting;
- Under-stability;
- Materiality,
- Relevance;
- Going Concern Concept;
- Consistency Concept
- Prudence
- Completeness, etc.

### 3. Accounting Period

The accounting year (fiscal year) is from 1st January to 31st December in line with the National Treasury Circular Ref. OAGF/CAD/026/V.1/102 of 30th December,2013. Each accounting year is divided Into 12 calendar months (periods) and shall be set up as such in the accounting system.

### 4. Reporting Currency

• The General Purpose Financial Statements are prepared in Nigerian Naira.

### 5. General Purpose Financial Statements (GPFS)

The GPFS comprise of the followings:

- Statement of Financial Performance;
- Statement of Financial Position;
- Statement of Cashflow;
- Statement of Net Asset/Equity;
- Notes to the Accounts: Additional disclosures to explain the GPFS; and





### 6. Consolidation Policy

- The Consolidation of the GPFS is based on Accrual Basis of Accounting
- All Ministries, Department and Agencies (MDAs) of Bayelsa State Government except Government Business Enterprises (GBEs) shall be consolidated.
- Consolidation of the GPFS shall be in agreement with the provisions of IPSAS

7.

#### Notes to the GPFS

- Notes to the GPFS shall be presented in a systematic manner. The items in the Statement should cross reference to any related information in the Notes.
- It shall follow the format provided in the Accounting Manual.

#### 8. Comparative Information

• The General Purpose Financial Statements shall disclose all numerical information relating to previous period (at least one year).

### 9. **Budget Figures**

• These are figures from the approved annual budget and supplementary budget as approved in accordance with the Appropriation Law of Bayelsa State.

#### 10. Revenue:

### Fees, taxes and fines

- In this GPFS revenue is recognizes from non-exchange transactions such as fees, taxes and fines when the event occurs and the assets recognition criteria are met.
- Other non-exchange revenues are recognized when it is probable that the future economic benefits or service potential associated with the asset will flow to the government and the fair value of the asset will flow to the government and fair value of the asset can be measured reliably.

### Other operating revenues

• Other operating revenues arises from exchange transactions in the ordinary course of Government activities.





- Revenues comprise the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of good and services in the ordinary course of government activities.
- Revenue is shown net of tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

### Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognized when the significant risks and rewards of ownership has been transferred to buyer, usually when goods are delivered.

#### Other revenue

• Other revenue consists of gains on disposal of property, plant and equipment.

Any gain on disposal is recognized at the date control of the asset is passed to the buyer and is determined after deducting from the proceeds the carrying value of the asset at that time.

#### 11. Aid and Grants:

 Aid and Grants to the Bayelsa State Government is recognized as income on entitlement, while aid and grants to other governments/agencies are recpgnized as expenditure on commitment.

### 12. Subsidies, Donations and Endowments

• Subsidies, Donations and endowments to the Government are recognized as income when money is received, or entitlement to receive money is established, except where fulfillment of any restrictions attached to these monies is not probable.

### 13. Transfers from other government entities

Revenues from non-exchange transactions with other government entities are measured at fair value and
recognized on receipt of the asset (cash,goods,services and property) if it is free from conditions and it is
probable that the economic benefits or service potential related to the asset will flow to the government
and can be measured.

### 14. Expenses

• All expenses shall be reported on an accrual basis, i.e. all expenses are to be recognized in the period they are incurred or when the rlated services are enjoyed, irrespective of when the payment is made.

### 15. Employee Benefits/Pension obligations:

Under the Defined Benefits Scheme.





- Provision has been made, where applicable, using an actuarial valuation determines the extent of
  anticipated entitlement payable under employment contracts and brings to account a liability using the
  present value measurement basis, which discounts expected future cash flows.
- To the extend that it is anticipated that the liability will arise during the following year the entitlement are recorded as Current Liabilities. The remainder of the anticipated entitlements are records as Non-Current Liabilities.

### **Under the Defined Contribution Scheme**

- Public entities make pension and national insurance contributions on behalf of employees in line with Pension Act 2014. The contributions are treated as payments to a defined contribution pension plan.
- A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fund managed by Pension Fund Administrators(PFAs)
- The Government has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if the pension Entity does not hold sufficient assets in the current and prior periods.
- The contributions are recognized as employee benefit expense when they are due.
- Prepaid contributions are recognized as an assets to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

### 16. Interest on Loans:

- Interest on loans shall be treated as expenditure or as a charge in the financial performance report (Statement of Financial Performance)
- Interest expense is accrued using the effective interest rate method.
- The effective interest rate exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through there expected life of the financial liability to that liability's net carrying amount.
- The method applies this rate to the principal outstanding to determine interest expense in each period.

### 17. Foreign currency transactions:

- Foreign Currency Transactions throughout the year shall be converted into Nigerian Naira at the ruling (Central Bank of Nigeria –CBN) rate of exchange at the dates of the transactions. Foreign currency balances, as at the year end, shall be translated at the exchange rates prevailing on that date.
- At the end of the financial year, additional amounts (in cash or at bank) arising out of Foreign Exchange Gains/Losses shall be recognised in the Statement of Cash Receipts and Payments either as Receipts / Payments respectively.
- Foreign exchange gains/losses are recognized in the Statement of Financial Performance.





### 18. Minority Interest

• This represents the interest of external parties during the year under review.

### 19. Statement of Cash Flow

This statement shall be prepared using the direct method. The Cash Flow Statement shall consists of three (3) sections:

- Operating activities section include cash received from all income sources of the government and record the cash payments made for the supply of goods and services
- Investing activities section are those activities relating to the acquisition and disposal of non-current assets.
- Financial activities section comprise the change in equity and debt capital structure of the government.

### 20. Cash & Cash Equivalent

- Cash and Cash Equivalent means cash balances on hand, held in bank accounts, demasnd deposits and other highly liquid investments with an original maturity of 6 months or less in which the Entity invests as part of its day-t0-day cash management and are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.
- Cash and Cash Equivalent is reported under Current Assets in the statement of financial position.

#### 21. Accounts Receivable:

- a. Receivables from exchange transaction
- Receivables from exchange transactions are recognized initially fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment.
- A provision for impairment of receivables is established when there is objective evidence that entity will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

### b. Receivables from non-exchange transactions

- Receivables from non-exchange transactions comprises; fees, taxes and fines (and any penalties
  associated with these activities) as well as social benefit receivables that do not arise out of a contract.
- These receivables are initially assessed at nominal amount or face value; that is, the receivable reflect the amount of tax owed, levy, fine charged or social benefit debt payable.
- These receivables are subsequently adjusted for penalties as they are charged and tested for impairment.
- Interest and penalties charged on tax receivables are presented as tax revenue in the statement of financial performance.





22.	Prepayments.
	<ul> <li>Prepaid expenses are amounts paid in advance of receipt of goods or services.</li> <li>They can represent payments made early in the year for benefits to be received over the latter part of the year, or payments made in one year for benefits to be received in subsequent years.</li> <li>Prepayments for which the benefits are to be derived in the following 12 months should be classified as Current Assets. Where the benefits are expected to accrue beyond the next 12 months, it should be accounted for as a Long-Term Prepayment and classified as Non-Current Assets.</li> <li>Prepayments that are identifiable with specific future revenue or event, e.g. adverts, should be expensed in the period in which the related event takes place; those that relate to specific time periods, e.g. insurance, rent, leasehold premises, should be recognised as an expense in such periods.</li> <li>Prepayments not exceeding e.g. N10, 000 shall be expensed immediately, except there is a possibility of</li> </ul>
	obtaining a refund or credit within the same financial year.
23.	Inventories:  Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.
	<ul> <li>Cost is determined using the FIFO method.</li> <li>Inventories held for distribution for public benefit purposes are recorded at cost, adjusted where applicable for any loss of services potential.</li> <li>Inventories are reported under Current Assets in the Statement of Financial Position.</li> </ul>
24.	Loans Granted:  Loans Granted are shown at estimated realisable value after providing for bad, doubtful debts and impairments.
25.	Investments:
	Investments in associates.
	<ul> <li>An Entity's investments in its associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting.</li> <li>An associate is an Entity over which Entity has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture.</li> </ul>





- Under the equity method, investments in associates are carried in the statement of financial position at
  cost plus post acquisition changes in Entity's share of net assets of the associate. d. The statement of
  financial performance reflects the share of the results of operations of the associates.
- Where there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the associate, Entity recognises its share of any changes and discloses this, when applicable, in the statement of changes in net assets/equity.
- Surpluses and deficits resulting from transactions between the Government and the associate are eliminated to the extent of the interest in the associate.

### Investments in joint ventures.

- A Public Entity's investments in its joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method of accounting.
- A joint venture is a contractual arrangement whereby two or more parties undertake an economic activity that is subject to joint control.
- Under the equity method, investments in joint ventures are carried in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost plus post acquisition charges in Entity's share of net assets of the joint venture.
- The statement of financial performance reflects the share of the results of operations of the joint venture.
- Where there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the joint venture, an Entity should recognise its share of any changes and discloses this, when applicable, in the statement of changes in net assets/equity.
- Surpluses and deficits resulting from transactions between Public Entity and Joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the interest in the joint venture.

#### Investment in Controlled entities (subsidiaries)

- The controlled entities are all entities (including special purpose entities) over which a Public Entity or its entities has the power to govern the financial and operating policies generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights.
- The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether Public Entity controls another Entity.





- The controlled entities are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Public Entity. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.
- Inter-group transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between inter-group transactions are eliminated, unrealised losses are also eliminated.
- Accounting policies of controlled entities are consistent with the policies adopted by the Public Entity.
   Impairment of Investments.

Entity determines at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that the investment is impaired, if this is the case Entity calculates the amount of impairment as being the difference between the recoverable value of the investment and the carrying value and recognises the amount in the statement of financial performance.

#### 26. Available for sale securities

- Where and Entity uses its surplus cash to purchase short-term investments, the financial assets are classified at initial recognition as available-for-sale.
- Available-for-sale financial assets are included in non-current assets unless Entity intends to dispose of the investment within 12 months of the reporting date.
- Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized at fair value on the trade-date (the date
  on which Entity commits to purchase or sell the asset) and subsequently at fair value with any resultant
  fair value gains or losses recognised in the statement of Net Assets/Equity.
- Realized gains and losses on sale of available-for-sale securities are recognized in the consolidated statement of financial performance as 'gains and losses from available-for-sale securities.'
- Impairment losses and interest on available-for-sale securities is calculated using the effective interest
  method and is recognized in the consolidated statement of financial performance as part of other
  income.
- The fair values of quoted investments are based on current bid prices. If the market for a financial asset is not active, the entity shall establish fair value using valuation techniques. These include: i. the use of recent arm's length transactions, ii. reference to other instruments that are substantially the same iii. discounted cash flow analysis iv. and option pricing models v. making maximum use of market inputs and relying as little as possible on entity-specific inputs.





- Entities shall ascertain at the date of preparation of each statement of financial report whether there is
  objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired.
- In the case of equity securities classified as available for sale, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the security below its cost is considered as an indicator that the securities are impaired.
- If any such evidence exists for available-for-sale financial assets, the cumulative loss measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognized is recognized in the statement of financial performance.

27.

#### Property, Plant & Equipment (PPE)

- All property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any
  impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of
  the items.
- Where an asset (other than land) is acquired in a non-exchange transaction for nil or nominal consideration the asset is initially recognised at fair value, where fair value can be reliably determined and as income in the statement of financial performance (unless there are restrictions on the asset's use in which case income is deferred).
- All land held by Government owned entities is not included in the Entity's financial statements unless that land is to be used for development purposes.
- The following shall constitute expenditure on PPE: i. Amounts incurred on the purchase of such assets. Consumables are to be wholly expensed irrespective of their amounts. ii. Construction Cost-including materials, labour and overheads. iii. Improvements to existing PPE, which significantly enhance their useful life.

#### Cost

The cost of an item of PPE shall comprise: its purchase price, including import and non-recurring costs and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its location and working condition for its intended use. Any trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price. a. PPE shall be stated at cost or at their professional valuation less accumulated depreciation and impairment. b. The amount recorded for a PPE shall include all costs directly related to its acquisition including expenditures incurred to place the asset in usable condition for the Service. Accordingly, the cost of the assets shall include acquisition or construction costs, custom duties, transportation charges, professional fees and installation costs. Cash discounts shall be netted against the cost of the assets.





### Capitalisation

- The capitalisation threshold shall be N250,000.00(Two hundred and fifty thousand naira only).
- Only amounts spent in connection with the above and whose values exceed (Two hundred and fifty thousand naira) N250, 000 shall be capitalised.
- All assets equal to or above this amount shall be recorded in the Fixed Assets Register. However in certain
  cases, it may be appropriate to aggregate individually insignificant value items such as chairs and tables,
  printers and UPS, etc. and apply the capitalisation threshold to the aggregate value.
- Fixed assets whose costs are below the capitalization threshold shall be charged appropriately to the
  following accounts: office supplies furniture, office supplies IT equipment, office supplies –
  household equipments, etc.
- Where an asset's category already exists for a newly acquired asset below the capitalisation threshold, such an asset shall be capitalised irrespective of its cost and recorded in the fixed assets register under the appropriate category

### Depreciation

The cost of PPE shall be written off, from the time they are brought into use, on a straight line basis over their expected useful lives less any estimated residual value as follows:

a. Lease Properties Over the term of the lease

b. Buildings 2%

c. Plant and Machinery 10%

d. Motor Vehicles: 20%

e. Office Equipment: 25%

f. IT Equipment: 25%

g. Furniture and Fittings: 20%

h. Infrastructure 5%





i. Books

j. Specific cultural and heritage assets Unlimited

3%

- The full depreciation charge shall be applied to PPE in the months of acquisition and disposal, regardless of the day of the month the transactions was carried out.
- Fully depreciated assets that are still in use are carried in the books at a net book value of N10.00
- An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount or recoverable service amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount or recoverable service amount

#### Revaluation

- a. The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period
- b. Surplus arising from the revaluation shall be transferred to the revaluation reserve in the financial position under reserves and to the statement of changes in net assets/equity.
- c. In case of revaluation deficit, it shall be set against the respective asset value and the corresponding entry to either the revaluation reserve if surplus exists on the same class of asset, or to the statement of financial performance as an expense.

#### Disposal

Gains or losses on the disposal of fixed assets are to be included in the income statement as either an income or expense respectively.

#### Impairment

Entities shall test for impairments of its PPE where it suspects that impairment has occurred

#### 28. Investment Property

These are cash-generating property owned by the Government/ its entities. The cost, capitalisation, depreciation and impairment of Investment Property are same with PPE, but shall be reported separately in the GPFS.

29. Intangible Assets





- a. These shall consist of assets that are not physically tangible which have been acquired and held for use from which benefits are derivable beyond a financial year.
- b. The cost of an item of intangible asset shall comprise: its purchase price, including non-recurring costs and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its state of intended use. Any trade discounts and rebates shall be deducted in arriving at the purchase price.
- c. Intangible assets are tested for impairment and amortised over the estimated useful life using the straight line method on an annual basis.
- d. Classes of Intangible Assets and their estimated useful lifes are as follows:

i. Softwares acquired externally 3 years

ii. Goodwill 4 years

iii. Copyrights 4 years

iv. Trademarks 4 years

v. Other Intangible assets 4

#### 30. Deposits

- a. Deposits are amounts received in advance in respect of goods or services provided.
- b. Deposits can represent payments received early in the year for goods/services to be offered over the latter part of the year, or payments received in one year for services to be offered in subsequent years. Deposits for which the services are to be offered in the following 12 months shall be classified as Current Liabilities. Where the services are expected to span beyond the next 12 months, it shall be accounted for as a Non-Current Deposits and classified as Non-Current Liabilities.

#### 31. Loans& Debts

- a. Loans are funds received to be paid back at an agreed period of time. They are classified under liability
  in the General Purpose Financial Statement and are categorised as either short or long term.
- b. Short-term loans and debts are those repayable within one calendar year, while long-terms loans and debts shall fall due beyond one calendar year.

#### 32. Unremitted Deductions

a. Unremmitted Deductions are monies owed to third parties such as tax authorities, schemes and associations and other government agencies. These include: tax deductions and other deductions at source.





	b. These amounts shall be stated in the GPFS at their repayment value, which shall be treated as Current
	Liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position.
33.	Payables
33.	Payables are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the
	effective interest method.
	Accrued Expenses
	a. These are monies payable to third parties in respect of goods and services received.
	b. Accrued Expenses for which payment is due in the next 12 months shall be classified as Current Liabilities.
	Where the payments are due beyond the next 12 months, it shall be accounted for as Non-Current
	Liabilities.
34.	Current Portion of Borrowings
	This is the portion of the long-term loan/borrow that is due for repayment within the next 12 months. This
	$portion\ of\ the\ borrowings\ shall\ be\ classified\ under\ Current\ Liabilities\ in\ the\ Statement\ of\ Financial\ Position.$
35.	Public Funds
	a. These are balances of Government funds at the end of the financial year.
	b. They are classified under the Non-Current Liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position and include:
	Trust Funds, Revolving Funds and other Funds created by Government.
36.	Reserves
	Reserves are classified under equity in the Statement of Financial Position and include: Statement of
	Financial Performance Surpluses/ (Deficit) and the Revaluation Reserve
37.	Contingent Liability
	• a. A contingent liability is a possible obligation arising from past events whose existence will be confirmed
	only by uncertain future event(s) or present obligation arising from past events that are not recognised
	because either an outflow of economic benefit is not probable or the amount of the obligation cannot be
	reliably measured.
	• b. Contingent liabilities shall only be disclosed in the Notes to the GPFS.
38.	Leases:
	Finance leases





- a. These are leases which effectively transfer to the lessee Entity substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to ownership of the leased item.
- b. They are capitalised at the present value of the minimum lease payment.
- c. The leased assets and corresponding liabilities are disclosed while the leased assets are depreciated over the period the Entity is expected to benefit from their use.

#### Operating Leases

- a. Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases.
- b. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the statement of financial performance on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

#### 39. Financial Instruments

- a. These form part of the Government's everyday operations. These financial instruments include Bank Accounts, Short Term Deposits, Trade and Accounts Receivable, Trade and Accounts Payable and Term Borrowings, all of which are recognised in the Statement of Financial Position.
- b. Revenue and expenses in relation to all financial instruments are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance

#### 40. Borrowings

- a. Borrowings are recognized initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred.
- b. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortized cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognized in the consolidated statement of financial performance over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.
- c. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognized as transaction costs of the loan. The fee is capitalized and amortized over the period of the facility to which it relates.
- d. Borrowings falling due within 12 months are classified as current liabilities while borrowings falling due more than 12 months are classified as long term borrowings.
- e. Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalized and included in the cost of that asset.
- f. A qualifying asset is an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale.
- g. All other borrowing costs are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.





#### 41. Transfers to other government entities

Transfers to other government entities are non-exchange items and are recognized as expenses in the statement of financial performance.

#### 42. Service Concession Arrangement:

#### Service Concession Arrangement Assets

- a. .Service Concession Assets are operated by third parties under the terms of Service Concession Arrangements. On classification the original service concession asset is measured at its fair value and any difference between its fair value and its book value is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.
- b. Since the fair value of assets previously transferred under Service Concession Arrangements is not reliably available, Government has chosen to adopt the standard prospectively from 1 January 2016.
- c. If the terms of the arrangement require Government to compensate the operator for the concession asset by making payments and the payments are separable between the asset and service portions of the payment then the fair value of the original service concession asset is the fair value of the asset portion of the payments. If however the asset and service portions of the payments are not separable, the fair value is determined using estimation techniques.

#### Service Concession Arrangement Liabilities

- a. When Government recognises a Service Concession Arrangement asset it also recognises a liability of an equal amount.
- b. The liability is split between a financial liability and a performance obligation.
- c. The financial liability arises from the payments due from an entity under the terms of the Service Concession Arrangement and the performance obligation from the rights granted to the operator under the terms of the Service Concession Arrangement to earn revenues from the Service Concession Assets(s) or associated asset(s).





### List of Abbreviations/Acronyms

Abbreviation/Term	Description
CBN	Central Bank of Nigeria
COA	Chart of Account
FAAC	Federation Accounts Allocation Committee
FGN	Federal Government of Nigeria
FRC	Financial Reporting Council
GAAP	Generally Accepted Accounting Principles
GPFS	General Purpose Financial Statement
IPSAS	International Public Sector Accounting Standards
LFN	Law of the Federal Republic of Nigeria
MDA	Ministries, Departments and Agencies
NCOA	National Chart of Account
GBE	Government Business Enterprises
FRCoN	Financial Reporting Council of Nigeria
OAG	Office of the Accountant-General
PPE	Properties, Plants and Equipment
FR	Financial Regulation
FRL	Fiscal Responsibility Law
FCMA	Finance (Control &Management) Act
IGR	Internally Generated Revenue
MDAs	Ministries, Departments, and Agencies



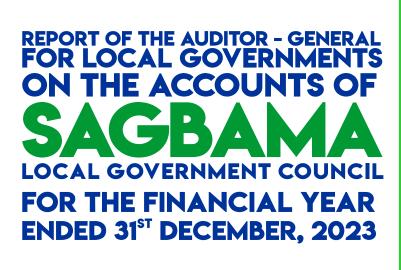


BYSG	Bayelsa State Government
CRFC	Consolidated Revenue Fund Charge
HCF	Honourable Commissioner for Finance
AuG	Auditor-General (State)
NAS	National Audit Standard
GAASG	General Accepted Audit Standard and Guidelines
нсс	Historical Cost Convention

Buffiels /2124

Paul Ariwareni Engoye

Treasurer







HON, RICHMAN SAMUEL EBIPADE
ACTING CHAIRMAN SAGBAMA LOCAL
GOVERNMENT AREA



APREALA ISREAL O.
TREASURER/DFS SAGBAMA LOCAL GOVERNMENT
COUNCIL BAYELSA STATE

### SAGBAMA LOCAL GOVERNMENT

Telegram: 1	LOCGOVCHAIR	
-------------	-------------	--

Telephone:

Your Ref.

Our Ref:

(At replies to be addressed to the Charmon)



P.O. BOX 2 Sagbama Town Bayelsa State, Nigeria.

Date 8th May, 2024

#### STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

These Financial Statements and accounts have been prepared by the Treasurer of Sagbama Local Government Council, Bayelsa State in accordance with the provisions of section 24 of the Finance (Control and Management) LFN 2004 & Section 85(5) of the Federal Republic of Nigeria and other relevant extant laws, regulations and policies. The accounting framework adopted in the preparation of the financial statements and accounts is IPSAS ACCRUAL accounting basis and the Financial Statements comply with generally accepted accounting policies and practice:

To fulfill the accounting and reporting responsibility, the Treasurer of Sagbarna Local Government Council is responsible for preparing, reporting, establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that the transactions recorded are within statutory authority and properly record the receipt and payment of Public Financial resources by the Local Government.

In compliance with International Public Sector Accounting Standard (IPSAS) 33 (First Time Adoption of Accrual Basis IPSAS) and the guidelines issued by the Federation Account Allocation Committee (FAAC) Technical Sub Committee 2004 on IPSAS implementation, reasonable efforts have been made to ensure that the Financial Statements prepared herein reflect the true and fair view of the financial position of Saphama Local Government Council as at 31st December, 2023.

On behalf of Sagbama Local Government Council, I write to accept responsibility for the integrity, credibility and objectivity of the Financial Statements. The information embedded reflects the financial position of the Local Government as at 31st December, 2023.

Apreala, Israel O. PHD, CRA, CFIPN, ACTI Director of Finance and Treasury

MMM 08/05/2024

Hon. Richman Samuel Ebipade Chairman, Caretaker Committee

#### INTRODUCTION

The financial statements of Sagbama local government council for the year ended 31st December 2023 have been examined in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practice and section 51 subsection 1 and 2 of Bayelsa State Local Government law 2000.

### **SUBMISSION OF REPORT**

In compliance with Section 5 Sub – section 2 of Bayelsa State Local Government law 2000, it is my pleasure to humbly lay before the honourable House of Assembly, Bayelsa State, the Auditor – General for Local Governments' report on the accounts of Sagbama Local Government Council for the financial year ended 31st December, 2023.

#### CONSTITUTIONALITY

In accordance with the section of the Bayelsa State Local Government Law 2000 quoted above, the draft annual report and accounts including the related financial statements for the year ended 31st December 2023, was submitted to my office by the accounting officer on the 8th May, 2024.

#### STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE AND BASIS OF PREPARATION (IPSAS)

The General Purpose Financial Statements (GPFS) were prepared in compliance with the International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS) Accrual basis of accounting. The financial statements were presented in Nigeria Naira (N) and kobo (k) which is the functional and reporting currency in Nigeria. The accounting year to which the financial statements date is from 1st January to 31st December, 2023.

#### STATEMENT OF COMPLETENESS OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT REVENUE

Revenue accruable to Sagbama Local Government Council from the Federation accounts and managed by the State Local Governments Joint Accounts Allocation Committee (SLGJAAC) were fairly stated. I have confirmed the completeness and correctness of the SLGJAAC receipts, the relevant deductions and balances of transfer of the SLGJAAC allocations accruable to the Local Government Council.

#### **RESPONSIBILITY OF THE ACCOUNTING OFFICER**

In line with the provisions of Section 48 subsection 1 of Bayelsa State Local Government Law 2000, the accounting officer is responsible for the preparation of financial statements. He is responsible for the general and overall supervision of all accounting activities of the local government. In carrying out this mandate, he has the responsibility to:

- > Ensure that the treasury department of the council keep proper books of accounts that reasonably discloses the financial position of the local government.
- Establish and maintain a functional and adequate system of internal control designed to provide reasonable assurance that the transaction recorded reflect the utilization of the public financial resources.
- > Ensure that appropriate accounting policies and estimate are consistently deployed in the preparation of financial statements.
- > Taking steps to safeguard the assets of the local government and prevent and detect fraud and irregularities.

#### RESPONSIBILTIES OF THE AUDITOR – GENERAL FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENTS

The responsibility is to form or express an independent opinion based on the financial statements as presented by the accounting officer of the local government and report to the State House of Assembly.

### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

#### **FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY**

REVENUE					
Revenue	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Description	N	N	N	N	N
Opening Balance	17,575.26	67,293.03	27,678.40	48,092.44	
Statutory Allocation	3,385,944,640.99	2,795,275,495.48	2,324,243,321.50	2,069,750,935.44	2,190,678,221.07
Independend Revenue	41,630,000.00	51,831,410.57	2,237,000	6,883,776	20,450,000
Other Revenue	1,522,564,348.55	36,627,773.77			
TOTAL	4,950,156,564.80	2,883,801,972.85	2,326,507,999.90	2,076,682,804.33	2,211,128,221.07
EXPENDITURE	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Description	N	N	N	N	N
Personnel Cost	2,118,251,522.55	1,598,538,884.65	658,702,130.99	400,912,338.46	609,301,765.72
Over head Cost	1,174,211,551.99	961,411,468.40	407,168,547.21	446,854,353.06	380,520,108.10
Statutory Deductions	254,413,745.28	265,053,042.54	1,225,045,689.82	1,165,545,547.33	1,159,191,009.81
Capital Expenditure	1,712,265,860	58,781,000.00	35,526,338.85	54,668,230	63,150,986.70
Total	5,259,142,680.13	2,883,784,395.59	2,326,442,706.87	2,067,980,468.92	2,212,163,870.33

#### PATTERNS AND MANNER IN WHICH THE ACCOUNTS WHERE KEPT AND RENDERED

Section 48 (1) of Bayelsa State Local Government Law 2000 requires the accounting officer of Sagbama Local Government Council to, within three (3) months after 31st day of December, each year, transmit to the Auditor – General for Local Governments accounts showing the financial position of the local government on the said 31st day of December specified financial summary for five years.

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENT SUBMITTED FOR AUDIT ARE:

- 1. Statement of Recurrent Revenue
- 2. Statement of Recurrent Expenditure
- 3. Statement of Financial Performance
- 4. Statement of Financial Position
- 5. Statement Cash flow
- 6. Statement of Changes in Net Assets
- 7. Statement of external/internal loan
- 8. Statement of Personnel Cost
- 9. Statement of Overhead Cost

#### **BOOK-KEEPING AND FINANCIAL CONTROL**

Audit observed that the state of book – keeping in Sagbama Local Government Council is below expectation. In most cases payments are made before payment vouchers are prepared, which has negatively affected the observance of internal control and also hindered early submission of financial statement.

### **AUDIT QUERIES**

Audit raised several queries within the period stated above, but the response of these queries was low due to the timing of the audit exercise.

Audit looks forward to a more timely audit exercise in the near future to ensure that elected officers and other key local government personnels are on ground to give information and explanation that is relevant to the expression of audit opinion.

### **GENERAL OBSERVATIONS / RECOMMENDATIONS**

### a. BOOK-KEEPING/PREPAYMENT

During the course of the Audit Exercise, it was observed that payment were made before payment vouchers is being prepared.

**REQUIRED ACTION:** The council treasurer should in subsequent years improve on making sure that vouchers is being raised before payments.

#### **INTERNAL CONTROL**

Chapter 40.1 of the model financial memoranda (FM) states that an internal audit unit headed by an internal auditor be established in the local governments council to provide a complete and continues audit of the accounts and records of revenue, expenditures, plant, allocated and unallocated stores where applicable with reference to basic internal accounting control of the local government council which are relevant to the expression of an audit opinion on the financial statements.

The basic accounting controls that are supposed to be built into the system, and which is expected to be followed all the time, and in respect of all transactions; and discipline over basic controls by way of management supervision, which are key factors upon which the auditors can place reliance on the preparation of the financial statements are not in existence.

**ACTION REQUIRED:** The accounting officer should liaise with experts to establish a functional internal audit department in the council as statutorily required.



### GOVERNMENT OF BAYELSA STATE OF NIGERIA

Office of the Auditor-General for Local Governments

e-mail address: localgovtsauditbys@gmail.com

LGCON.21/VOL.II/110

Nous Rel:



State Govt, Secretariat P.M.B. 30 Yenagoa, Bayelsa State. 25<sup>th</sup> July, 2024

Date

#### **AUDIT CERTIFICATE**

In compliance with section 125(2) of the Constitution of the Federal Republic of Nigeria 1999 (as amended) and Section 55(3) of the Bayelsa State Audit Law 2021, the audit of the Financial Statements of Sagbama Local Government Council of Bayelsa State for the year ended 31st December, 2023 was conducted in accordance with the provisions of the financial memoranda and other relevant regulations.

The audit was conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and INTOSAI Auditing Standards



Within the period under review, the information presented in the General Purpose Financial Statements are in compliance with the International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS) Accrual basis of accounting as prescribed in the statement of accounting policies.

In my opinion, the Financial Statements which agree with the books of Accounts and records show a true and fair view of the Financial Position of Sagbama Local Government Council for the year ended 31st December, 2023.

Office of the Auditor – General For Local Governments P.M.B. 30, Yenagoa Fagha Henry Prenanagha FONCACTI CHEN, IKEIP Auditor – General for Local Governments Bayelsa State,

All Correspondence to be addressed to the Auditor-General for Local Governments





# STATEMENT I CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE (INCOME & EXPENDITURE) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 2023

Actual 2022		Notes	Actual 2023	Final Budget 2023	Initial Budget 2023	Supplementary Budget 2023	Variance on Final Budget
	REVENUE						
1,681,350,819.38	GOVERNMENT SHARE OF FAAC (STATUTORY REVENUE)	1, 1B	1,906,029,996.00	1,789,957,558.11	1,789,957,558.11	-	116,072,437.89
1,113,924,676.10	GOVERNMENT SHARE OF VAT	2	1,546,780,692.96	1,185,838,127.07	1,185,838,127.07	ī	360,942,565.89
-	TAX REVENUE		-	-	-	-	-
51,831,410.57	NON – TAX REVENUE	3	41,630,000.00	10,700,000.00	10,700,000.00		30,930,000.00
-	INVESTMENT INCOME		-	-	-	-	-
-	INTEREST EARNED		-	-	-	-	-
-	AID & GRANTS		-	-	-	-	-
36,627,773.77	OTHER REVENUE		=	-	-	-	-
2,883,734,679.82	TOTAL REVENUE		3,494,440,688.96	2,986,495,685.18	2,986,495,685.18	Ē	507,945,003.78
	EXPENDITURE						
1,598,538,884.65	SALARIES & WAGES	4	1,762,084,799.75	1,852,850,304.83	1,787,407,531.95	65,442,772.88	90,765,505.08
192,972,513.82	SOCIAL BENEFITS	5	213,054,303.87	210,195,506.04	210,195,506.04	-	2,858,797.83
961,411,470.40	OVERHEAD COST	6	743,945,281.91	755,926,013.94	634,900,000.00	121,026,013.94	11,980,732.03
-	GRANTS & CONTRIBUTIONS		-	-	-	-	-
-	DEPRECIATION	7	79,253,700.00		-	,	-
35,452,754.95	TRANSFER TO OTHER GOVT ENTITIES	8	41,359,446.41	41,223,860.34	41,223,860.34	ı	(135,586.07)
	TOTAL						
2,788,375,623.82	EXPENDITURE		2,839,697,531.94	2,860,195,685.15	2,673,726,898.33	186,468,786.82	105,469,448.87
05 350 050 00	SURPLUS FROM		054 740 457 00	-	-	-	-
95,359,056.00	OPERATING		654,743,157.02				
	ACTIVITIES FOR						
	THE PERIOD PUBLIC DEBT	11	_				
-	REPAYMENT	''		_	_	-	-





### STATEMENT 1 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE (INCOME & EXPENDITURE) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 2023

	GAIN/LOSS ON						
	DISPOSAL OF ASSET						
	GAIN/LOSS ON						
	DISPOSAL OF ASSET						
-	TOTAL NON-		-	-	-	-	-
	OPERATING						
	REVENUE						
	(EXPENSES)						
95,359,056.00	SURPLUS/	12		-		-	-
	(DEFICIT) FROM		654,743,157.02				
	ORDINARY						
	ACTIVITIES						
-	MINORITY		-	-	-	-	
	INTEREST SHARE						
	OF						
	SURPLUS/DEFICIT						
95,359,056.00	NET			-	-	-	-
	SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)		654,743,157.02				
	FOR THE PERIOD						

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the General Purpose Financial Statement (GPFS)

Apreala Israel O.

. Treasurer





# STATEMENT 2 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (BALANCE SHEET) AS AT 31ST DECEMBER, 2023

	Economic Code	Notes	20	23	2022	
			N	N	N	N
ASSETS						
Current Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	3101-4	9	31,805,199.76		17,575.26	
Inventories	3105		-			
Receivables	3106-7		-		<del>_</del>	
Prepayments	3108		-		<u>-</u>	
Α				31,805,199.76	<del>-</del>	17,575.26
Non-Current Assets				, ,		,
Loans & Debts (short-term)	3110		-		<u> </u>	
Investments	3109		-		_	
Property, Plant & Equipment	3201	10	2,903,519,800.00		-	
Investment Property	3202		-		_	
Intangible Assets	3301		-		_	
В			-	2,903,519,800.00		-
Total Assets C = A+B				2,935,324,999.76	•	17,575.26
<u>LIABILITIES</u>						
Current Liabilities						
Deposits	4101		-			
Short Term Loans & Debts	4102		-		-	
Unremitted Deductions	4103		-		-	





# STATEMENT 2 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (BALANCE SHEET) AS AT 31ST DECEMBER, 2023

		_		T		
Accrued Expenses	4104		-			
					-	
Current Portion of	4105		-			
Borrowings					-	
D			-	-		
Non-Current						-
Liabilities						
Public Funds	4601					
					-	
Borrowings	4602	11B				
			(75,187,776.75)		87,397,009.27	-
E				-		
			(75,187,776.75)		87,397,009.27	
Total Liabilities: F =						
D÷E				(75,187,776.75)		87,397,009.27
Net Assets: G = C -						
F				2,860,137,223.01		87,414,584.53
NET						
ASSETS/EQUITY						
Reserves	4701	12				
			2,205,394,065.99		-	
Surpluses/(Deficits)	4702	13				
			654,743,157.02		<del>-</del>	
Total Net		1				
Assets/Equity				2,860,137,223.01		87,414,584.53

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the General Purpose Financial Statement (GPFS)

Neach Stisland

Apreala Israel O.

Treasurer





# STATEMENT 3 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED 3IST DECEMBER, 2023

Description	Notes	20	)23	2022		
		₩	₩	₩	N	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
<u>Inflows</u>						
Government Share of FAAC (Statutory Revenue)	1	1,906,029,996.00		1,681,350,819.38		
Government Share of VAT	2	1,546,780,692.96		1,113,924,676.10		
Direct Taxes		-		-		
Licences		-		-		
Fines		-		-		
Royalties		-		-		
Fees		-		-		
Earnings & Sales	3	41,630,000.00		51,831,410.57		
Rents of Government Properties		-		-		
Investment Income		-		-		
Interest & Repayment General		-		-		
Re-imbursement		-		-		
Funds from Special Accounts		-		-		
Domestic Aid & Grants		-		-		
External Aid & Grants		-		-		
Gains from exchange transactions		-		-		
Other Revenue (e.g. plea Bargain)		-		36,627,773.77		
Total inflow from Operating Activities			3,494,440,688.96		2,883,734,679.82	
Outflows						
Salaries & Wages	4	1,762,084,799.75		1,598,538,884.65		





# STATEMENT 3 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED 3IST DECEMBER, 2023

Social Benefits	5	213,054,303.87		192,972,513.82	
Overhead Cost	6	213,034,303.07		132,372,313.02	
Overnead Oost	Ü	743,945,281.91		961,411,470.40	
Grants & Contributions		-		-	
Subsidies		-		-	
Transfer to other	8				
Government Entities		41,359,446.41		35,452,754.95	
Public Debts Repayment		-		=	
Total Outflow from					
Operating Activities (B)			(2,760,443,831.94)		(2,788,375,623.82)
Net Cash					
Inflow/(Outflow) From			733,996,857.02		95,359,056.00
Operating Activities*					
C=(A-B)					
CASH FLOW FROM					
INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Proceeds from Sale of		-		-	
PPE					
Proceeds from Sales of		-		-	
Investment Property Proceeds from Sale of		_			
Intangible Assets		-		-	
Proceeds from Sale of		_			
Investment					
		_		_	
Dividends Received		_			
Purchase/Construction					
of PPE	1.1	(690,000,000.00)		(58,781,000.00)	
Purchase/Construction	14	(030,000,000.00)		(30,761,000.00)	
of Investment Property					
Purchase of Intangible		_		_	
Assets					
Acquisition of		-		-	
Investments					
Net Cash Flow from					
Investing Activities			(690,000,000.00)		(58,781,000.00)





# STATEMENT 3 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED 3IST DECEMBER, 2023

		T DECEMBER, 2		
	-		-	
11B	(12,209,232.52)		(36,627,773.77)	
	-		-	
		(12,209,232.52)		(36,627,773.77)
		31,787,624.50		(49,717.77)
		17,575.26		67,293.03
		31,805,199.76		17,575.26
13	654,743,157.02		-	
	-		-	
7B	79,253,700.00		-	
			-	
	733,996,857.02			
	-		-	
9B	31,805,199.76	31,805,199.76	-	17,575.26
	7B	13 654,743,157.02 78 79,253,700.00 733,996,857.02	(12,209,232.52) 31,787,624.50 17,575.26 31,805,199.76  13 654,743,157.02  7B 79,253,700.00  733,996,857.02	(12,209,232.52) 31,787,624.50 17,575.26 31,805,199.76  13 654,743,157.02 - 7B 79,253,700.00 - 733,996,857.02

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the General Purpose Financial Statement (GPFS)

Apreala Israel O.

Apreala Israel O. *Treasurer* 

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# STATEMENT 4 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS/ EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 3IST DECEMBER, 2023.

	Note	Revaluation Reserve <del>N</del>	Translation Reserve	Accumulated Surpluses	Total ₦
Balance as at 1st	12		-	-	
January 2023		2,205,394,065.99			2,205,394,077.99
Changes in Accounting Policy					
Restated Balance		2,205,394,065.99		-	2,205,394,077.99
Surplus on Revaluation of Properties					
Deficit on Revaluation of Investments					
Net Gains and losses					-
not recognized in the					
statement of Financial					
Performance					
Net Surplus for the year	13	654,743,157.02	-	-	654,743,157.02
Balance as at 31		-		-	
December 2023					
Deficit on Revaluation		-		-	
of Property					
Surplus on Revaluation of Investments		-		-	
Net gains and Losses					
not Recognized in the					
Statement of Financial					
Performance					
Net deficit for the					
Period					
Balance as at 31			-	-	
December 2023		2,860,137,223.01			2,860,137,235.01

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the General-Purpose Financial Statement (GPFS)

Mencleif ?. Thisland

Apreala Israel O. *Treasurer* 



### NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

# SAGBAMA LOCAL GOVERNMENT COUNCIL NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 2023

		Ref Sup.				
Note	Details	Note	Amount	Amount		Remarks
1	A. Share of Statutory Allocation from FAAC					
	Net share of Statutory Allocation from FAAC	1	1,272,051,261.99			
	Add: Deduction at source	1A	46,452,203.34	1,318,503,465.33		
	Share of Statutory Allocation (Other Agencies)	2		633,978,734.01		
	Share of Statutory Allocation (Excess Crude Oil)			-		
	Total (Gross) Statutory Allocation			1,906,029,996.00		
2	B. Value Added Tax					
	Share of Value Added Tax (VAT)			1,546,780,692.96		
		Ref Sup.				
	NON TAX REVENUE	Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	
3	RATES GENERAL (TENEMENT RATE)		-	54,000,000.00		
	LICENSE GENERAL		-	2,500,000.00		
	FEES GENERAL		-	12,000,000.00		
	FINES GENERAL		-			
	EARNINGS GENERAL		41,630,000.00	21,500,000.00		
	Sale/Rent of Government Property		-			
			41,630,000.00			
4	WAGES AND SALARIES			2023		2022
		Ref Sup.				
		Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	Actual
4A	PERSONNEL COST	9A		Ü		
	ADMINISTRATIVE SECTOR		424,231,141.49	-	_	
	ECONOMIC SECTOR		234,606,975.63	-	_	
	SOCIAL SECTOR		1,037,937,112.18	-	_	
	REGIONAL SECTOR		-	_	_	
	LAW AND JUSTICE		_	-	_	
	SUBTOTAL		1,696,775,229.30	-	-	
40	CONTOUR DATED DEVENUE FUND OUADOES	O.D.	05 000 570 45			
4B	CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND CHARGES	9B	65,309,570.45	-	-	
	TOTAL WAGES AND SALARIES		1,762,084,799.75			
4C	PERSONNEL ANALYSIS			2023		2022
		Ref Sup. Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	Actual
	TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR					
	TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES EMPLOYED IN 2023	1				
	TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES RETIRED DURING THE YEAR	+				
	TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES AT THE END OF THE YEAR 2023	+				





5	SOCIAL BENEFITS			2023		2022
		Ref Sup.				
		Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	Actual
	ADMINISTRATIVE SECTOR	5A	213,054,303.87			
	ECONOMIC SECTOR		-			
	SOCIAL SECTOR		-			
	REGIONAL SECTOR		-			
	LAW AND JUSTICE		-			
6	OVERHEAD COST			2023		2022
		Ref Sup.				
		Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	Actual
6A	OVERHEAD COST BY FUNCTION	6A				
	TRAVEL& TRANSPORT - GENERAL		10,960,000.00			
	UTILITIES – GENERAL		3,000,000.00			
	MATERIALS AND SUPPLY – GENERAL		125,581,788.18			
	MAINTENANCE SERVICES – GENERAL		27,206,300.00			
	FUEL AND LUBRICANT - GENERAL		326,700,000.00			
	FINANCIAL CHARGES - GENERAL		250,497,193.73			
	TOTAL		743,945,281.91			
			, ,			
6B	OVERHEAD COST BY SECTOR	68				
	ADMINISTRATIVE SECTOR		371,972,640.96			
	ECONOMIC SECTOR		230,623,037.40			
	SOCIAL SECTOR		141,349,603.56			
	REGIONAL SECTOR		-			
	LAW & JUSTICE		-			
	TOTAL		743,945,281.92			
			7 10,0 10,20 0			
7	DEPRECIATION			2023		2022
		Ref Sup.				
		Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	Actual
	BUILDING – GENERAL	7A	35,830,000.00			
	INFRASTRUCTURE – GENERAL		30,500,000.00			
	PLANT & MACHINERY – GENERAL		400,000.00			
	TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT - GENERAL		5,000,000.00			
	OFFICE EQUIPMENT		2,845,000.00			
	FURNITURE & FITTINGS – GENERAL		4,678,700.00			
	TOTAL		79,253,700.00			
8	TRANSFER TO OTHER GOVERNMENT ENTITIES					
	COMMON SERVICES	8A	7,500,000.00	_	1	_
	TRAINING FUNDS	5/1	33,859,446.41		1	_
	TOTAL		41,359,446.41		+	





	T	Ref Sup.			
9	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT	Note	2023	2022	
9	CASH IN HAND	9A	2023	2022	
	CASH AT BANK	9A	31,805,199.76	17,575.26	
	TOTAL	3A	31,805,199.76	17,575.26	
	IOTAL		31,005,199.76	17,575.26	
		D-4C····			
40	DRODERTY DI ANT AND FOUIDMENT	Ref Sup.	04/40/0000	04/04/0000	
10	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	Note	31/12/2023	01/01/2023	
	BUILDING-GENERAL		2,273,170,000.00	1,619,000,000.00	
	INFRASTRUCTURE - GENERAL		579,500,000.00	610,000,000.00	
	PLANT & MACHINERY –GENERAL		3,600,000.00	4,000,000.00	
	TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT- GENERAL		20,000,000.00	25,000,000.00	
	OFFICE EQUIPMENT – GENERAL		8,535,000.00	11,380,000.00	
	FURNITURE AND FITTINGS		18,714,800.00	23,393,500.00	
	TOTAL		2,903,519,800.00	2,292,773,500.00	
		Ref Sup.			
11	BORROWINGS	Note	2023	2022	
	EXTERNAL LOANS	11A			
	DOMESTIC LOANS		75,187,776.75		
	TOTAL				
		Ref Sup.			
12	RESERVES	Note	2023	2022	
	FOR THE YEAR	12A	2,205,394,065.99		
		Ref Sup.			
13	SURPLUS	Note	2023	2022	
	FOR THE YEAR		654,743,157.02	-	
,		Ref Sup.			
14	PURCHASE/CONSTRUCTION OF PPE	Note	2023	2022	
	BUILDING-GENERAL		690,000,000.00		
	INFRASTRUCTURE -GENERAL		-		
	PLANT & MACHINERY –GENERAL		-		
	TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT-GENERAL				
	OFFICE EQUIPMENT-GENERAL				
	FURNITURE AND FITTINGS		-		
	TOTAL		690,000,000.00		

### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 2023

### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 1 SHARE OF FAAC (STATUTORY REVENUE)

	NET RECEIPT	ADD: DEDUCTIONS AT SOURCE	
DETAILS/ MONTH	SEE SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 1A	(SEE – SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 1A	GROSS
ECONOMIC CODE	11010101	11010101	
	N	N	N
JANUARY	173,878,938.56	5,216,368.16	179,095,306.72
FEBRUARY	100,413,320.17	3,012,399.61	103,425,719.78
MARCH	95,567,095.99	2,867,012.88	98,434,108.87
APRIL	130,267,506.22	3,908,025.19	134,175,531.41
MAY	92,534,908.28	2,776,047.25	95,310,955.53
JUNE	139,959,892.38	4,198,796.77	144,158,689.15
JULY	78,466,153.07	2,353,984.59	80,820,137.66
AUGUST	101,881,437.64	3,056,443.13	104,937,880.77
SEPTEMBER	84,532,606.91	10,826,643.68	95,359,250.59
OCTOBER	102,073,061.80	3,062,191.86	105,135,253.66
NOVEMBER	78,928,441.16	2,367,853.23	81,296,294.39
DECEMBER	93,547,899.81	2,806,436.99	96,354,336.80
GRAND TOTAL	1,272,051,261.99	46,452,203.34	1,318,503,465.33

### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 1A NET STATUTORY ALLOCATION

DETAILS/ MONTH	GROSS STATUTORY ALLOCATION (a)	TOTAL DEDUCTIONS (b)	NET ALLOCATION c = (a - b)
ECONOMIC CODE	11010101	11010101	
	H	H	Ħ
JANUARY	179,095,306.72	5,216,368.16	173,878,938.56
FEBRUARY	103,425,719.78	3,012,399.61	100,413,320.17
MARCH	98,434,108.87	2,867,012.88	95,567,095.99
APRIL	134,175,531.41	3,908,025.19	130,267,506.22
MAY	95,310,955.53	2,776,047.25	92,534,908.28
JUNE	144,158,689.15	4,198,796.77	139,959,892.38
JULY	80,820,137.66	2,353,984.59	78,466,153.07
AUGUST	104,937,880.77	3,056,443.13	101,881,437.64
SEPTEMBER	95,359,250.59	10,826,643.68	84,532,606.91
OCTOBER	105,135,253.66	3,062,191.86	102,073,061.80
NOVEMBER	81,296,294.39	2,367,853.23	78,928,441.16
DECEMBER	96,354,336.80	2,806,436.99	93,547,899.81
GRAND TOTAL	1,318,503,465.33	46,452,203.34	1,272,051,261.99

### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 1B ANALYSIS OF SHARE OF STATUTORY ALLOCATION (OTHER AGENCIES)

ECONOMIC CODE	DESCRIPTION	JANUARY	FEBRUARY	MARCH	APRIL	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUGUST	SEPTEMBER	OCTOBER	NOVEMBER	DECEMBER	GRAND TOTAL
11010101	ELECTRONIC MONEY													
11010101	TRANSFER LEVY	10,246,458.71	5,599,498.00	4,985,351.11	6,219,561.95	6,161,764.42	6,129,652.50	4,840,849.46	5,434,615.24	6,019,666.63	4,708,562.53	6,598,541.23	5,072,842.63	72,017,364.41
11010101	NON OIL													
11010101	REVENUE	-	28,175,345.24			6,762,082.86						16,905,207.15	- 1	51,842,635.25
11010101	NON OIL													
11010101	REVENUE 2	-	4,353,090.84		-	2,817,534.52							-	7,170,625.36
11010101	FOREX													
11010101	EQUALISATION 1	-		29,415,060.43	- 1	12,256,275.18		-		-	-	-		41,671,335.61
11010101	FOREX													
11010101	EQUALISATION 2	-		-	-	4,902,510.07	-	-		-	-	-	-	4,902,510.07
11010101	SOLID MINERALS					4,088,936.32								4,088,936.32
11010101	EXCHANGE													
11010101	GAIN DIFFERENCE	6,183,611.36		-	-	-	164,026.02	-		-	-	-	-	6,347,637.38
11010101	EXCHANGE													
11010101	GAIN DIFFERENCE 2						35,894,741.17	83,517,861.62	75,561,173.99	61,209,604.28	45,807,462.78	49,912,724.83	94,034,120.94	445,937,689.61
	TOTAL	16,430,070.07	38,127,934.08	34,400,411.54	6,219,561.95	36,989,103.37	42,188,419.69	88,358,711.08	80,995,789.23	67,229,270.91	50,516,025.31	73,416,473.21	9,106,963.57	633,978,734.01

### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 2 ANALYSIS OF SHARE OF VALUE ADDED TAX (VAT)

ECONOMIC CODE	DESCRIPTION	JANUARY	FEBRUARY	MARCH	APRIL	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUGUST	SEPTEMBER	OCTOBER	NOVEMBER	DECEMBER	GRAND TOTAL
11010202	VALUE ADDED TAX	111,967,184.13	136,043,714.20	89,080,567.96	124,310,766.74	140,546,789.58	110,097,352.01	142,229,528.69	137,817,353.65	132,552,323.40	138,726,157.73	150,454,273.64	132,954,681.23	1,546,780,692.96

### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 3 NON - TAX REVENUE

ECONOMIC														
CODE	DESCRIPTION	JANUARY	FEBRUARY	MARCH	APRIL	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUGUST	SEPTEMBER	OCTOBER	NOVEMBER	DECEMBER	TOTAL
	FEES - RIGHT OF													
12020459	OCCUPANCY FEES	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	FEES - INDIGINE													
12020466	REGISTRATION FEES	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
12020501	FINES - FINES/PENALTIES	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	EARNINGS - EARNINGS													
	FROM COMMERCIAL													
12020711	ACTIVITIES	-	-	3,650,000.00		480,000.00							37,500,000.00	41,630,000.00
	TOTAL			2 650 000 00		400 000 00	_						27 500 000 00	41 620 000 00





### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 4 SALARIES AND WAGES

MONTHS	COUNCIL SALARIES	HEALTH WORKERS SALARIES ₩	TEACHERS SALARIES	CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND CHARGES- SALARIES 9B N	COUNCIL SALARY ARREARS	ALLOWANCES	TOTAL ₩
	21010101	21010101	21010101	21010103	21010101		
JANUARY	43,860,363.64	27,418,207.78	57,166,939.73		10,000,000.00		138,445,511.15
FEBRUARY	43,858,033.66	27,418,207.71	57,332,130.73		10,000,000.00	-	138,608,372.10
MARCH	43,878,182.24	27,418,207.71	57,607,130.73	٠	10,000,000.00		138,903,520.68
APRIL	44,035,741.08	27,418,207.71	57,607,130.73	-	10,000,000.00	-	139,061,079.52
MAY	43,845,092.98	27,272,491.88	57,533,951.08	-	10,000,000.00	-	138,651,535.94
JUNE	43,747,264.44	27,297,246.05	57,533,451.08	-	10,000,000.00	-	138,577,961.57
JULY	43,747,264.44	27,297,246.05	57,421,077.40	-	10,000,000.00	-	138,465,587.89
AUGUST	43,747,264.44	27,297,246.05	58,421,077.40	15,478,714.09	10,000,000.00		154,944,301.98
SEPTEMBER	43,671,396.75	27,151,530.22	58,007,639.85	12,007,714.09	10,000,000.00	-	150,838,280.91
OCTOBER	43,670,466.59	27,151,530.22	58,007,639.85	12,607,714.09	10,000,000.00		151,437,350.75
NOVEMBER	50,357,699.22	35,902,192.36	58,007,639.85	12,607,714.09	10,000,000.00	-	166,875,245.52
DECEMBER	50,419,347.64	36,105,784.70	58,143,205.31	12,607,714.09	10,000,000.00	-	167,276,051.74
GRAND TOTAL	538,838,117.12	345,148,098.44	692,789,013.74	65,309,570.45	120,000,000.00	-	1,762,084,799.75

### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 4A WAGES AND SALARIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 2023

S/No	ADMIN CODE	ECON CODE	HEAD DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATE	SUPPLEMENT	TOTAL	ACTUAL	EXCESS	SAVINGS
				N	N	N	N	N	N
		Sector:	ADMINISTRATIVE						
1	11100100100	21010103	OFFICE OF THE		33.622.772.88	33.622,772.88	33,620,617,20	2.155.68	
			CHAIRMAN		,,	,,	,,	_,	
2	11100100200	21010103	OFFICE OF THE VICE CHAIRMAN	-	5,700,000.00	5,700,000.00	5,626,313.90	73,686.10	
3	11100200200	21010103	SECRETARY TO THE LOCAL GOVT.	=	2,100,000.00	2,100,000.00	2,060,439.60	39,560.40	
4	11100201000	21010103	LEGISLATORS/	-	24,020,000.00	24,020,000.00	24,002,199.75	17,800.25	
5	11100500100	21010101	ADM <b>I</b> NISTRAT <b>I</b> VE	424,745,094.24	-	424,745,094.24	424,231,141.49	513,952.75	
			DEPARTMENT SUB TOTAL	424,745,094.24	65,442,772.88	490,187,867.12	489,540,711.94		
	11101000100	Contor:	ECONOMIC	424,745,094.24	00,442,772.88	450,167,867.12	403,340,711.94		
	11101000100	Sector.	DEPARTMENT OF					-	
6	11103500100	21010101	FINANCE AND SUPPLIES	87,568,428.36	-	87,568,428.36	71,838,301.76	15,730,126.60	
7		21010101	DEPARTMENT OF BUDGET, PLANNING, RESEARCH AND STATISTICS	10,988,495.04		10,988,495.04	8,042,948.15	2,945,546.89	
8	11104400400	21010103	DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE & NATURAL RESOURCES	27,083,525.44	-	27,083,525.44	22,650,703.75	4,432,821.69	
9	11106000100	21010101	WORKS, TRANSPORT, HOUSING, LANDS & SURVEY DEPARTMENT	183,410,997.24	-	183,410,997.24	132,075,021.97	51,335,975.27	
			SUB TOTAL	309,051,446.08	-	309,051,446.08	234,606,975.63		
		Sector:	LAW & JUSTICE						
10		21010101	LEGAL DEPARTMENT						
			SUBTOTAL						
		Sector:	SOCIAL SECTOR						
			SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT,						
			EDUCATION,						
11		21010101	INFORMATION, SPORTS	700,345,820.55		700,345,820.55	692,789,013.74	7,556,806.81	
			AND CULTURE						
			DEPARTMENT						
		21010101	DEPARTMENT OF PRIMARY HEALTH CARE	353,265,171.08		353,265,171.08	345,148,098.44	8,117,072.64	
			SUBTOTAL	1.053.610.991.63	_	1.053.610.991.63	1.037.937.112.18		
12			GRAND TOTAL	1,787,407,531.95	65,442,772.88	1,852,850,304.83	1,762,084,799.75		
12			GRAND TOTAL	1,707,407,531.95	00,442,772.00	2,002,000,304.03	1,/02,004,/99./5		





#### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 4B

(	CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUN	ND CHARGES - SALARIES	
DESCRIPTION	MONTHLY ESTIMATE	ANNUAL PAID	TOTAL
CHAIRMAN	5,198,741.31	25,993,706.55	25,993,706.55
CHAIRMAN'S AIDES	1,525,382.13	7,626,910.65	7,626,910.65
VICE CHAIRMAN	1,125,262.78	5,626,313.90	5,626,313.90
SECRETARY TO THE LG	412,087.92	2,060,439.60	2,060,439.60
LEGISLATORS	5,529,153.30	16,698,042.97	16,698,042.97
SUPERVISORS	1,688,086.65	7,304,156.79	7,304,156.79
TOTAL	15,478,714.09	65,309,570.45	65,309,570.45

### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 4C PERSONNEL ANALYSIS

	PERSONNELA	INALIGIO		
		2023		2022
	ACTUAL	BUDGET	VARIANCE	ACTUAL
TOTAL NO, OF				
EMPLOYEES AT THE		0	0	
BEGINNING OF THE		0	0	0
YEAR				
TOTAL NO, OF				
EMPLOYEES	0	0	0	0
EMPLOYED IN 2023				
TOTAL NO, OF				
EMPLOYEES RETIRED	0	0	0	0
DURING THE YEAR	·	·	,	•
TOTAL NO, OF				
EMPLOYEES AT THE	0	0	0	0
END OF THE YEAR	•			
2023				

### NOTE 5A ANAYSIS OF EMPLOYEES SOCIAL BENEFITS

		ETITEOTEES SOCIAL BE		
MONTHS	GRATUITY	PENSION	DEATH BENEFITS	TOTAL
JANUARY	-	17,454,945.23	-	17,454,945.23
FEBRUARY	i.	17,693,233.83	ı.	17,693,233.83
MARCH	,	17,554,208.91	•	17,554,208.91
APRIL	•	17,696,233.19	•	17,696,233.19
MAY	•	17,898,913.47	=	17,898,913.47
JUNE	-	17,729,376.47	=	17,729,376.47
JULY	•	17,784,170.87	=	17,784,170.87
AUGUST	•	17,730,133.66	=	17,730,133.66
SEPTEMBER	-	17,696,967.99	=	17,696,967.99
OCTOBER	•	18,455,196.34	-	18,455,196.34
NOVEMBER	-	17,420,337.76	-	17,420,337.76
DECEMBER	-	17,940,586.15	-	17,940,586.15
GRAND TOTAL	•	213,054,303.87	-	213,054,303.87





### SUPPLEMETARY NOTE 6A ANALYSIS OF OVERHEAD PAYMENTS

MONTHS	TRAVEL& TRANSPORT - GENERAL	UTILITIES – GENERAL 220202	MATERIALS AND SUPPLY - GENERAL	MAINTENANCE SERVICES – GENERAL	FUEL AND LUBRICANT - GENERAL	FINANCIAL CHARGES - GENERAL	TOTAL
	220201	220202	220203	220204	220207	220209	
	N	N	N		N	H	H
JANUARY	1,096,000.00	1,000,000.00	9050000	16,993,100.00	-	27,551,255.35	55,690,355.35
FEBUARY	1,096,000.00	-	-	-		-	1,096,000.00
MARCH	1,096,000.00	1,000,000.00	8,200,400.00	-	-	23,606,600.00	33,903,000.00
APRIL	1,096,000.00		-	-	-	-	1,096,000.00
MAY		-	5,800,000.00	-	-	33,828,100.00	39,628,100.00
JUNE	1,096,000.00	1,000,000.00	5,106,600.00	-	-	-	7,202,600.00
JULY	1,096,000.00	-	57,890,238.38	-	65,420,000.00	57,890,238.38	182,296,476.76
AUGUST	1,096,000.00	-	29,534,549.80	5,106,600.00	65,320,000.00	43,621,000.00	144,678,149.80
SEPTEMBE	1,096,000.00	-	-	-	65,320,000.00	-	66,416,000.00
OCTOBER	1,096,000.00	-	-	5,106,600.00	65,320,000.00	-	71,522,600.00
NOVEMBER	-	-	10,000,000.00	-	65,320,000.00	-	75,320,000.00
DECEMBER	1,096,000.00	-	-	-	-	64,000,000.00	65,096,000.00
TOTAL	10,960,000.00	3,000,000.00	125,581,788.18	27,206,300.00	326,700,000.00	250,497,193.73	743,945,281.91

### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 6B ANAYSIS OF OVERHEAD COST FOR THE YEAR 2023

s/NO	ADMIN	GRP	HEAD DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATE S	UPPLEMENTARY	TOTAL	ACTUAL	SAVINGS	EXCESS
	SECTOR		ADMINISTRATIVE						
1	11100100100	1	CHAIRMAN		29,800,000.00	29,800,000.00	29,757,811.28	42,188.72	
2	11100100200	1	VICE CHAIRMAN		11,226,013.94	11,226,013.94	11,159,179.23	66,834.71	
3	11100200100	1	SECRETARY TO THE LG		5,600,000.00	5,600,000.00	5,579,589.61	20,410.39	
		1	LEGISLATORS		74,400,000.00	74,400,000.00	74,394,528.19	5,471.81	
		1	ADMINISTRATIVE DEPT	30,000,000.00	222,000,000.00	252,000,000.00	251,081,532.64	918,467.36	
			Sub Total	30,000,000.00	343,026,013.94	373,026,013.94	371,972,640.95		
	SECTOR		ECONOMIC	-					-
4	11100200400	2	DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND SUPPLIES	15,000,000.00	22,200,000.00	37,200,000.00	37,197,264:10	2,735.90	=
5	11100200500	2	DEPARTMENT OF BUDGET, PLANNING, RESEARCH AND STATISTICS	5,000,000.00	21,100,000.00	26,100,000.00	26,038,084.87	61,915.13	-
6	11100200600	2	DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE & NATURAL RESOURCES	12,000,000.00	6,600,000.00	18,600,000.00	18,598,632.05	1,367.95	-
		,	WORKS, TRANSPORT, HOUSING, LANDS & SURVEY DEPARTMENT	8,000,000.00	141,000,000.00	149,000,000.00	148,789,056.38	210,943.62	-
			Sub Total	40,000,000.00	190,900,000,00	230,900,000.00	230,623,037.40		
	SECTOR		LAW & JUSTICE	40,000,000.00	170,700,000.00	230,700,000.00	230,023,037340		
q	11100201000	3	LEGAL DEPARTMENT	_			_	_	_
	11100201000	ľ	Sub Total				_		
	SECTOR		SOCIAL	_			-		_
10		4	SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT, EDUCATION, INFORMATION, SPORTS AND CULTURE DEPARTMENT		55,000,000.00	55,000,000.00	44,636,716.91	10,363,283.09	-
11		4	DEPARTMENT OF PRIMARY HEALTH CARE	÷	97,000,000.00	97,000,000.00	96,712,886.65	287,113.35	-
			Sub Total	-	152,000,000.00	152,000,000.00	141,349,603.56		
	GRAND TOTAL			70,000,000.00	685,926,013.94	755,926,013.94	743,945,281.91	-	-

### SUPPLEMENTAR NOTE 7A DEPRECIATION FOR ASSETS

	BUILDING - GENERAL	INFRASTRUCTURE - GENERAL	PLANT & MACHINERY - GENERAL	TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT -	OFFICE EQUIPMENT		FURNITURE & FITTINGS - GENERAL	TOTAL
ECONOMIC CODE	240101	240102	240103	240104	240105		240106	
					GENERAL	BOOKS		
RATE	2%	5%	10%	20%	25%	3%	20%	
LEGACY ASSETS	32,380,000.00	30,500,000.00	400,000.00	5,000,000.00	2,845,000.00	-	4,678,700.00	75,803,700.00
ASSETS DURING	3,450,000.00							3,450,000.00
YEAR 2023	3,450,000.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,450,000.00
SUB- TOTAL	3,450,000.00			-		-	-	3,450,000.00
GRAND TOTAL	35,830,000.00	30,500,000.00	400,000.00	5,000,000.00	2,845,000.00	-	4,678,700.00	79,253,700.00

### SUPPLEMENTAR NOTE 7B DEPRECIATION FOR ASSETS ACQUIRED DURING THE YEAR 2023

MONTHS			CLASS OF PPI				TOTAL
	BUILDING	INFRASTRUCTURE	PLANTS & MACHINARY	TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT	OFFICE EQUIPMENT	FURNITURE AND FITTINGS	
ECONOMIC CODE	240101	240102	240103	240104	240105	240106	
	0.02/12	0.05/12	10%	20%	25%	20%	
JANUARY	-	-	-			-	-
FEBRUARY	-	-	-		-	-	-
MARCH	-	-	-		-		-
APRIL	-	-	-			-	
MAY	-	-	-			-	-
JUNE	-	-	-			-	-
JULY	-	-	-		-		-
AUGUST	-	-	-		-	-	-
SEPTEMBER	-	-	-			-	-
OCTOBER	1,150,000.00	-	-		-		1,150,000.00
NOVEMBER	1,150,000.00	-	-			-	1,150,000.00
DECEMBER	1,150,000.00	-	-			-	1,150,000.00
GRAND TOTAL	3,450,000.00	-	-		-		3,450,000.00

THE DEPRECIATION IS PRO RATED ACCORDING TO THE MONTH OF THE YEAR THE ASSETS VALUE IS CAPITALISED.





### SUPPLEMENTAR NOTE 8A TRANSFER TO OTHER GOVERNMENT ENTITIES

ECONOMIC CODE	DESCRIPTION	NOTES		2023		2022
			ACTUAL	BUDGET	VARIANCE	ACTUAL
	COMMON SERVICES	SEE SUPL. NOTE 14B	7,500,000.00		-	_
	TRAINING FUND		33,859,441.41			
	TOTAL		41,359,441.41		-	-

		SUPPLEMETARY	/ NOTE 8B		
		ANALYSIS OF STATUTO	ORY TRANSFERS		
MONTHS	TRAINING FUND	COMMON SERVICES	PENSION	TOTAL	TOTAL
	N	H	N	N	H
JANUARY	3,022,761.93	625,000.00		3,647,761.93	
FEBUARY	2,689,854.70	625,000.00		3,314,854.70	
MARCH	2,190,480.75	625,000.00		2,815,480.75	
APRIL	2,607,978.35	625,000.00		3,232,978.35	
MAY	2,561,889.92	625,000.00		3,186,889.92	
JUNE	2,563,609.23	625,000.00		3,188,609.23	
JULY	3,090,543.93	625,000.00		3,715,543.93	
AUGUST	3,091,945.81	625,000.00		3,716,945.81	
SEPTEMBE	2,843,142.01	625,000.00		3,468,142.01	
OCTOBER	2,913,152.45	625,000.00		3,538,152.45	
NOVEMBER	3,027,991.88	625,000.00		3,652,991.88	
DECEMBER	3,256,095.45	625,000.00		3,881,095.45	
TOTAL	33,859,446.41	7,500,000.00	-	41,359,446.41	

### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 9A CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

DESCRIPTION	REF. S. NOTE	2023	2022
CASH IN HAND		-	-
CASH AT BANK	16B	31,805,199.76	17,575.26
TOTAL		31,805,199.76	17,575.26

### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 9B CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	PREMIUM I	BANK		FCMB BANK		GLOBUS BANK		ACCESS	S BANK	
RECEIPTS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
OPENING BALANCE				17,575.26						17,575.26
JANUARY		-	-	302,731,694.09	-		-	154,120.86	-	
FEBRUARY		-	-	21,206,951.58	-	-	-	136,758,491.94	-	
MARCH		-	-	45,862,236.16	-		-	165,140,422.84	-	
APRIL		-	-	5,692,534.78	-	-	-	299,266,898.76	-	
MAY		-	-	45,988,785.57	-	-	-	307,899,580.92	-	
JUNE	163,240,700.68			24,067,559.09	-		-	213,152,305.56	-	
JULY		-	-	33,408,865.21	-	-	-	181,187,932.52	-	
AUGUST		-	-	41,270,437.66	-		-	231,730,290.22	-	
SEPTEMBER		-	-	-	-	89,790,185.00	-	139,603,754.46	-	
OCTOBER		-	-		-	712,486,879.00	-	40,472,817.74	-	
NOVEMBER		-	-		-	180,412,229.17	-		-	
DECEMBER		-	-	-	-	140,772,025.19	-	-	-	
TOTAL	163,240,700.68	-	-	520,246,639.40	-	1,123,461,318.36	-	1,715,366,615.82	-	
CLOSING BALANCE	38,915.62		_		8,397,752.70		23,188,817.89		179,713,55	31,805,199.76





### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 10A

	BUILDING - GENERAL	INFRASTRUCTURE - GENERAL	PLANT & MACHINERY - GENERAL	TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT - GENERAL	OFFICE EQUIPMENT - GENERAL	FURNITURE AND FITTINGS	TOTAL
	320101	320102	320103	320104	320105	320106	
CARYING AMOUNT 01/01/2023	1,619,000,000.00	610,000,000.00	4,000,000.00	25,000,000.00	11,380,000.00	23,393,500.00	2,292,773,500.00
ADD ASSET DURING THE YEAR (SEE - SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE	690,000,000.00	-	-	-	-	-	690,000,000.00
TOTAL ASSETS	2,309,000,000.00	610,000,000.00	4,000,000.00	25,000,000.00	11,380,000.00	23,393,500.00	2,982,773,500.00
LESS DEPRECIATION	35,830,000.00	30,500,000.00	400,000.00	5,000,000.00	2,845,000.00	4,678,700.00	79,253,700.00
CARRYING AMOUN 31/12/2023	2,273,170,000.00	579,500,000.00	3,600,000.00	20,000,000.00	8,535,000.00	18,714,800.00	2,903,519,800.00

			SUPPLEMENTARY	IOTE 10B						
	PUR	CHASES/CONSTRUCTIO	N OF PROPERTY PLANT AN	D EQUIPMENT (PPE)	<b>DURING THE YEAR 202</b>	3				
	CLASS OF PPE									
MONTHS	BUILDING	INFRASTRUCTURE	PLANTS & EQUIPMENTS	TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT	OFFICE EQUIPMENT	FURNITURE AND FITTINGS				
JANUARY	-	-	-		-	-	-			
FEBRUARY	-	-	-		-	-	-			
MARCH	-	-	=	-	-	-	-			
APRIL	-	-	-		-		-			
MAY	-	-	-				-			
JUNE	-	-	-		-		-			
JULY	-	-	=	-	-	-	-			
AUGUST	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
SEPTEMBER	-	-	-		-	-	-			
OCTOBER	690,000,000.00	-	-			-	690,000,000.00			
NOVEMBE	-	-	-		-	-	-			
DECEMBER	-	-	=	-	-	=	-			
GRAND TOTAL	690,000,000.00	-			-		690,000,000.00			

			SUPPLEMENTARY N	OTE 10C				
		ANA	ALYSIS OF PROPERTY PLAN	T AND EQUIPMENT				
DETAILS	CLASS OF PPE							
	LAND & BUILDING – SEE SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 20D	INFRASTRUCTURE	PLANTS & EQUIPMENTS	TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT	OFFICE EQUIPMENT (- SEE SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 20D)	FURNITURE AND FITTINGS		
LEGACY ASSETS	1,619,000,000.00	610,000,000.00	4,000,000.00	25,000,000.00	11,380,000.00	23,393,500.00	2,292,773,500.00	
ASSETS FOR THE YEAR	690,000,000.00	-	-	-	-	-	690,000,000.00	
SUBTOTAL (A)	2,309,000,000.00	610,000,000.00	4,000,000.00	25,000,000.00	11,380,000.00	23,393,500.00	2,982,773,500.00	
DEP. RATE	2%	5%	10%	20%		20%		
DEP. LEGACY ASSETS	32,380,000.00	30,500,000.00	400,000.00	5,000,000.00	2,845,000.00	4,678,700.00	75,803,700.00	
DEP. ASSETS DURING YEAR	3,450,000.00	-	-	-	-	-	3,450,000.00	
TOTAL DEPRECIATION (B)	35,830,000.00	30,500,000.00	400,000.00	5,000,000.00	2,845,000.00	4,678,700.00	79,253,700.00	
NET BOOK VALUE (A - B)	2,273,170,000.00	579,500,000.00	3,600,000.00	20,000,000.00	8,535,000.00	18,714,800.00	2,903,519,800.00	
THE LEGACY ASSETS	VALUE WERE THE FAIR VALUE	OF PPE AS AT 01/01/20	23					





### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 10D ANALYSIS OF PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

DETAILS	CLASS OF PPE								
		LAND & BUILDING		OFFICE EQUIPMENT					
	LAND	BUILDING	TOTAL LAND AND BUILDING	воокѕ	OTHER EQUIPMENTS	TOTAL OFFICE EQUIPMENT			
LEGACY ASSETS		1,619,000,000.00	1,619,000,000.00	-	11,380,000.00	11,380,000.00			
ASSETS DURING THE YEAR	•	690,000,000.00	690,000,000.00	-	•				
SUBTOTAL (A)		2,309,000,000.00	2,309,000,000.00	-	11,380,000.00	11,380,000.00			
DEP. RATE		2%		3%	25%				
DEP.LEGACY ASSETS	1	32,380,000.00	32,380,000.00	-	2,845,000.00	2,845,000.00			
ASSETS DURING YEAR	-	3,450,000.00	3,450,000.00	-	-				
TOTAL DEPRECIATION (B)	-	35,830,000.00	35,830,000.00	-	2,845,000.00	2,845,000.00			
NET BOOK VALUE A+B	-	2,273,170,000.00	2,273,170,000.00	-	8,535,000.00	8,535,000.00			

### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 11A BORROWINGS (LONG TERM LOANS) AS AT 31ST DECEMBER, 2023.

S/NO	INSITUTIONS	BAL B/FWD (PRINCIPAL)	CURRENT YEAR PORTION	PRINCIPAL REPMT	INTEREST & OTHER FEES	TOTAL REPAYMENT	BAL OUTSTANDING
А	EXTERNAL LOANS (SEE – SUPPL. NOTE 225A)	-	-	-	-	-	-
В	DOMESTIC LOANS (SEE - SUPPL. NOTE 22B	87,397,009.27	-	8,372,388.26	3,836,844.26	12,209,232.52	75,187,776.75
	SUBTOTAL	87,397,009.27	-	8,372,388.26	3,836,844.26	12,209,232.52	75,187,776.75

### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 11B LONG TERM BORROWINGS

### (INTERNAL LOANS) AS AT 31 ST DECEMBER 2023

S/NO	INSITUTIONS	BAL B/FWD (PRINCIPAL)	CURRENT YEAR PORTION	PRINCIPAL REPMT	INTEREST & OTHER FEES	TOTAL REPAYMENT	BAL OUTSTANDING
1	LGA SALARY BALLOUT	87,397,009.27	•	8,372,388.26	3,836,844.26	12,209,232.52	75,187,776.75
	TOTAL DOMESTIC	87,397,009.27	•	8,372,388.26	3,836,844.26	12,209,232.52	75,187,776.75

### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 12A ANALYSIS OF TRANSITIONAL RESERVES

YEAR	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT 2022	LEGACY ASSETS CAPITALISED	LIABILITIES OVER ASSETS 2022	TOTAL
1/1/2023	17,575.26	2,292,773,500.00	(87,397,009.27)	2,205,394,065.99

# CEMBER, 2023

#### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 13A SURPLUS/ DEFICIT

YEAR		DEFICT	SURPLUS
		DR	CR
		N	N
2023			654,743,157.02
TOTAL		-	-

## SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 14A ANALYSIS OF PURCHASE/ CONTRUCTION OF PPE DURING THE YEAR 2023

S/NO	ADMIN	GRP	HEAD DESCRIPTION	BUDGET	ACTUAL	SAVINGS	EXCESS	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	EXCESS	SAVINGS
s	ECTOR		ADMINISTRATIVE								
1		1	OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	· · · ·
2		1	VICE CHAIRMAN	-	-	-	-	-			
3		1	SECRETARY TO THE LG	-			-	-			
		1	LEGISLATORS								
		1	ADMINISTRATIVE DEPT	700,000,000.00	690,000,000.00	10,000,000.00		10,000,000.00	\	-	10,000,000.00
S	ECTOR		ECONOMIC	-		-	-		\	-	-
4		2	DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND SUPPLIES	-	-	·		·		-	-
5		,	DEPARTMENT OF BUDGET, PLANNING, RESEARCH AND STATISTICS	-	<u>.</u>		<u>.</u>		-	-	-
6			DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE & NATURAL RESOURCES	·			-				
			WORKS, TRANSPORT, HOUSING, LANDS & SURVEY DEPARTMENT			-	-	-	-	-	-
s	ECTOR		LAW & JUSTICE					-	-	-	-
9		3	LEGAL DEPARTMENT	-			-	-	-	-	-
s	ECTOR		SOCIAL	-	-	-	_				
10			SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT, EDUCATION, INFORMATION, SPORTS AND CULTURE DEPARTMENT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11		4	DEPARTMENT OF PRIMARY HEALTH CARE	-	_	_	-				
G	RAND TOTAL			700,000,000.00	690,000,000.00	10,000,000.00	-				





			SAGRAMALOC	AL GOVERNMENT ARI	ΕΛ				
		202		AL GOVERNMENT AND	LA		2023		
		Recurrent Capital			Recurrent				
SECTOR	Final Budget	Expenditure	Expenditure	Total Expenditure	Final Budget	Expenditure	Capital Expenditure	Total Expenditure	
ADMINISTRATION SECTOR									
OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN									
Chairman	150,831,791.79	78,806,387.74		78,806,387.74	9,322,772.88	55,751,517.83	-	55,751,517.83	
Vice- Chairman	-	22,645,370.84		22,645,370.84		16,785,493.13	•	16,785,493.13	
Internal Audit	-	-		-		-	-	-	
Adviser/Assistant to the Chairman/								7,626,910.65	
Vice Chairman	-	4,200,000.00	-	-		7,626,910.65	-		
LOCAL GOVERNMENT COUNCIL	-		-	-		-	-	-	
The Council	107,291,005.90	139,576,147.04	-	139,576,147.04	41,223,860.34	91,092,571.16	-	91,092,571.16	
Assistants/Aides/Advisers	-	-	٠	-	-	-		-	
Council Committees	-	9,100,000.00	-	-	-	7,304,156.79	-	7,304,156.79	
Office of the House Leader	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Office of the Deputy Leader	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	
Office of the Majority Leader	-	-	,	-	-	-	-	-	
Office of the Deputy Majority Leader	-	-	1	_	-	_	_	-	
Office of the Chief Whip	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Office of the Deputy Chief Whip	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	
Clerk to the House	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
OFFICE OF THE HEAD OF LOCAL	-							-	
GOVERNMENT SERVICE		-	-	-	-	-	-		
Office of the Head of Local	-	412,910,636.34	-	412,910,636.34	210,195,506.04	371,890,569.77	-	371,890,569.77	
Government Service									
ADMINISTRATION & GENERAL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
SERVICES									
Administration and General	244,606,800.53	655,993,728.27	-	655,993,728.27	331,745,094.24	792,442,830.27	-	792,442,830.27	
Services				<u> </u>					





SECRETARY TO THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT	-	÷	•		•	Ē		-
Secretary to the Local Government	5,184,635.88	10,252,456.96	-	10,252,456.96	2,060,439.60	7,640,029.21	-	7,640,029.21
ECONOMIC SECTOR	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE &	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NATURAL RESOURCES								
Department of Agriculture &	18,514,710.58	24,035,286.76	-	24,035,286.76	33,083,525.44	18,598,632.05	•	18,598,632.05
Natural Resources								
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND SUPPLIES	-	-	-		-	-		-
Department of Finance and	101,442,076.73	48,070,573.52		48,070,573.52	102,568,428.36	37,197,264.10	-	37,197,264.10
Supplies								
DEPARTMENT OF WORKS,	-	-	-		-	-		-
TRANSPORT, HOUSING, LANDS &								
SURVEY								
Department of Works, Transport,	76,582,097.62	192,282,294.08	58,781,000.00	251,063,294.08	191,410,997.24	148,789,056.38	690,000,000.00	838,789,056.38
Housing, Lands & Survey								
DEPARTMENT OF BUDGET,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PLANNING, RESEARCH &								
STATISTICS (BPRS)								
Department of Budget, Planning,	8,160,959.21	33,649,401.46	-	33,649,401.46	15,988,495.04	26,038,084.87	-	26,038,084.87
Research & Statistics ( BPRS)								
WATER, SANITATION & HYGIENE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(WASH)								
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water, Sanitation & Hygiene (WASH)								
SOCIAL SECTOR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WOMEN DEVELOPMENT OFFICE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Women Development Office	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
DEVELOPMENT		-						
Department of social Development	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Department of Education	652,114,346.26	767,105,776.48	-	767,105,776.48	759,653,938.91	737,425,730.65	-	737,425,730.65
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Department of Primary Health Care	449,347,013.48	426,375,338.10	-	426,375,338.10	298,957,052.75	441,860,985.09	-	441,860,985.09
TOTAL	1,814,075,437.98	2,825,003,397.59	58,781,000.00	2,883,784,397.59	1,996,210,110.84	2,760,443,831.94	690,000,000.00	3,450,443,831.94

### SAGBAMA LOCAL GOVERNMENT

Telegram:	LOCGOVCHAIR
Telephone:	

Our Ref:
Your Ref:
(All companions to be offens to the Galernes)



P. O. BOX 2 Sagbama Town Bayelsa State, Nigeira.

Date 8th May, 2024

STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES
(IPSAS ACCRUAL)
ISSUED BY

OFFICE OF THE ACCOUNTANT - GENERAL

BAYELSA STATE OF NIGERIA

2023



#### Introduction

In line with the adoption of the International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS) in Nigeria, a Standardised Chart of Account (COA) alongside with a set of General-Purpose Financial Statements (GPFS) have been designed and introduced by Federation Accounts Allocation Committee (FAAC) for adoption by all tiers of Government in Nigeria.

The standardised COA and the GPFS have been adopted by Sagbama Local Government Council to comply with FAAC directive in order to harmonise public sector accounts reporting in Nigeria.

In order to ensure an effective and efficient utilisation of the COA and GPFS, the Accounting Policies have been developed as a set of guidelines to direct the Processes and Procedures relating to financial reporting in Sagbama Local Government Council. These policies shall form part of the universally agreed framework for financial reporting in Bayelsa State.

#### IPSAS ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The GPFS are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS) and other applicable standards as defined by the Fiscal Responsibility Law (FRL) and the Financial Reporting Council of Nigeria. In addition, GPFS are in compliance with the provisions of other financial regulations of the State.

This Accounting Policy addresses the following fundamental accounting issues:

- Definition of Accounting Terminologies
- Recognition of Accounting Items
- Measurement of Accounting Items
- Treatment of Accounting items

The Accounting Policy is subject to periodic reviews and updates as shall be deemed necessary by the Accountant-General of Bayelsa State.



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#### 1. Accounting Terminologies / Definitions

- Accounting policies are the specific principles, bases, conventions, rules and practices adopted by the Bayelsa State Government in preparing and presenting Financial Statements.
- Accrual basis means a basis of accounting that recognizes transactions and other events immediately when revenue is earned or expenses incurred.
- Cash: Cash comprises cash in hand, demand deposits in financial institutions and cash equivalents.
- Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily
  convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant
  risk of changes in value.
- Cash flows are inflows and outflows of cash. Cash flows exclude movements
  between items that constitute cash as these components are part of the cash
  management of the government rather than increases or decreases in the cash
  position controlled by government.
- Cash receipts are cash inflows.
- Cash payments are cash outflows.
- Cash Controlled by Bayelsa State Government: Cash is deemed to be controlled by Bayelsa State Government when the government can freely use the available cash for the achievement of its objectives or enjoy benefit from the cash, and can also exclude or regulate the access of others to that benefit. Cash collected by, or appropriated or granted to the government which the government can freely use to fund its operating objectives, such as acquiring of capital assets or repaying its debt is controlled by the government.
- **Government Business Enterprise** means a ministry, department or agency that has all the following characteristics:
  - Is an entity with the power to contract in its own name;
  - Has been assigned the financial and operational authority to carry on a Business;
  - Sells goods and services, in the normal course of its business, to other
     MDAs and the general public at a profit or full cost recovery;





- Is not reliant on continuing government funding or subvention to remain a going concern (other than purchases of outputs at arm's length); and
- Is controlled by a public sector management or the government.

#### Notes to the GPFS

- This shall include narrative descriptions or more detailed schedules or analyses of amounts shown on the face of the GPFS, as well as additional information
- Notes shall be presented in a systematic manner. The items in the Statements should cross reference to any related information in the notes.

#### 2. Fundamental Accounting Concepts

The following fundamental accounting concepts are taken as the basis of preparation of all accounts and reporting in Bayelsa State:

- Accrual Basis of Accounting;
- Under-stability;
- Materiality,
- Relevance;
- Going Concern Concept;
- Consistency Concept
- Prudence
- Completeness, etc.

#### 3. Accounting Period

The accounting year (fiscal year) is from 1<sup>st</sup> January to 31<sup>st</sup> December in line with the National Treasury Circular Ref. OAGF/CAD/026/V.1/102 of 30<sup>th</sup> December,2013. Each accounting year is divided Into 12 calendar months (periods) and shall be set up as such in the accounting system.

#### 4. Reporting Currency

 The General Purpose Financial Statements are prepared in Nigerian Naira.





#### 5. General Purpose Financial Statements (GPFS)

The GPFS comprise of the followings:

- Statement of Financial Performance;
- Statement of Financial Position;
- Statement of Cashflow;
- Statement of Net Asset/Equity;
- Notes to the Accounts: Additional disclosures to explain the GPFS; and

#### 6. Consolidation Policy

- The Consolidation of the GPFS is based on Accrual Basis of Accounting
- All Ministries, Department and Agencies (MDAs) of Bayelsa State Government except Government Business Enterprises (GBEs) shall be consolidated.
- Consolidation of the GPFS shall be in agreement with the provisions of IPSAS

#### 7.

#### Notes to the GPFS

- Notes to the GPFS shall be presented in a systematic manner. The items in the Statement should cross reference to any related information in the Notes.
- It shall follow the format provided in the Accounting Manual.

#### 8. Comparative Information

• The General Purpose Financial Statements shall disclose all numerical information relating to previous period (at least one year).

#### Budget Figures

• These are figures from the approved annual budget and supplementary budget as approved in accordance with the Appropriation Law of Bayelsa State.

#### 10. Revenue:

#### Fees, taxes and fines





- In this GPFS revenue is recognizes from non-exchange transactions such as fees, taxes and fines when the event occurs and the assets recognition criteria are met.
- Other non-exchange revenues are recognized when it is probable that the future
  economic benefits or service potential associated with the asset will flow to the
  government and the fair value of the asset will flow to the government and fair
  value of the asset can be measured reliably.

#### Other operating revenues

- Other operating revenues arises from exchange transactions in the ordinary course of Government activities.
- Revenues comprise the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of good and services in the ordinary course of government activities.
- Revenue is shown net of tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

#### Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognized when the significant risks and rewards of ownership has been transferred to buyer, usually when goods are delivered.

#### Other revenue

 Other revenue consists of gains on disposal of property, plant and equipment.

Any gain on disposal is recognized at the date control of the asset is passed to the buyer and is determined after deducting from the proceeds the carrying value of the asset at that time.

#### 11. Aid and Grants:

 Aid and Grants to the Bayelsa State Government is recognized as income on entitlement, while aid and grants to other governments/agencies are recpgnized as expenditure on commitment.

#### 12. Subsidies, Donations and Endowments





 Subsidies, Donations and endowments to the Government are recognized as income when money is received, or entitlement to receive money is established, except where fulfillment of any restrictions attached to these monies is not probable.

#### 13. Transfers from other government entities

Revenues from non-exchange transactions with other government entities are
measured at fair value and recognized on receipt of the asset
(cash,goods,services and property) if it is free from conditions and it is probable
that the economic benefits or service potential related to the asset will flow to
the government and can be measured.

#### 14. Expenses

 All expenses shall be reported on an accrual basis, i.e. all expenses are to be recognized in the period they are incurred or when the rlated services are enjoyed, irrespective of when the payment is made.

#### 15. Employee Benefits/Pension obligations:

Under the Defined Benefits Scheme.

- Provision has been made, where applicable, using an actuarial valuation determines the extent of anticipated entitlement payable under employment contracts and brings to account a liability using the present value measurement basis, which discounts expected future cash flows.
- To the extend that it is anticipated that the liability will arise during the following year the entitlement are recorded as Current Liabilities. The remainder of the anticipated entitlements are records as Non- Current Liabilities.

#### **Under the Defined Contribution Scheme**

- Public entities make pension and national insurance contributions on behalf of employees in line with Pension Act 2014. The contributions are treated as payments to a defined contribution pension plan.
- A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fund managed by Pension Fund Administrators(PFAs)





- The Government has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if the pension Entity does not hold sufficient assets in the current and prior periods.
- The contributions are recognized as employee benefit expense when they are due.
- Prepaid contributions are recognized as an assets to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

#### 16. Interest on Loans:

- Interest on loans shall be treated as expenditure or as a charge in the financial performance report (Statement of Financial Performance)
- Interest expense is accrued using the effective interest rate method.
- The effective interest rate exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through there expected life of the financial liability to that liability's net carrying amount.
- The method applies this rate to the principal outstanding to determine interest expense in each period.

#### 17. Foreign currency transactions:

- Foreign Currency Transactions throughout the year shall be converted into Nigerian Naira at the ruling (Central Bank of Nigeria –CBN) rate of exchange at the dates of the transactions. Foreign currency balances, as at the year end, shall be translated at the exchange rates prevailing on that date.
- At the end of the financial year, additional amounts (in cash or at bank) arising out of Foreign Exchange Gains/Losses shall be recognised in the Statement of Cash Receipts and Payments either as Receipts / Payments respectively.
- Foreign exchange gains/losses are recognized in the Statement of Financial Performance.

#### 18. Minority Interest

• This represents the interest of external parties during the year under review.

#### 19. Statement of Cash Flow

This statement shall be prepared using the direct method. The Cash Flow Statement shall consists of three (3) sections:





- Operating activities section include cash received from all income sources of the government and record the cash payments made for the supply of goods and services
- Investing activities section are those activities relating to the acquisition and disposal of non-current assets.
- Financial activities section comprise the change in equity and debt capital structure of the government.

#### 20. Cash & Cash Equivalent

- Cash and Cash Equivalent means cash balances on hand, held in bank accounts, demasnd deposits and other highly liquid investments with an original maturity of 6 months or less in which the Entity invests as part of its day-to-day cash management and are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.
- Cash and Cash Equivalent is reported under Current Assets in the statement of financial position.

#### 21. Accounts Receivable:

- a. Receivables from exchange transaction
- Receivables from exchange transactions are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment.
- A provision for impairment of receivables is established when there is objective evidence that entity will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

#### b. Receivables from non-exchange transactions

- Receivables from non-exchange transactions comprises; fees, taxes and fines
   (and any penalties associated with these activities) as well as social benefit
   receivables that do not arise out of a contract.
- These receivables are initially assessed at nominal amount or face value; that
  is, the receivable reflect the amount of tax owed, levy, fine charged or social
  benefit debt payable.





- These receivables are subsequently adjusted for penalties as they are charged and tested for impairment.
- Interest and penalties charged on tax receivables are presented as tax revenue in the statement of financial performance.

#### 22. Prepayments.

- Prepaid expenses are amounts paid in advance of receipt of goods or services.
- They can represent payments made early in the year for benefits to be received over the latter part of the year, or payments made in one year for benefits to be received in subsequent years.
- Prepayments for which the benefits are to be derived in the following 12
  months should be classified as Current Assets. Where the benefits are
  expected to accrue beyond the next 12 months, it should be accounted for as
  a Long-Term Prepayment and classified as Non-Current Assets.
- Prepayments that are identifiable with specific future revenue or event, e.g. adverts, should be expensed in the period in which the related event takes place; those that relate to specific time periods, e.g. insurance, rent, leasehold premises, should be recognised as an expense in such periods.
- Prepayments not exceeding e.g. N10, 000 shall be expensed immediately, except there is a possibility of obtaining a refund or credit within the same financial year.

#### 23. Inventories:

- Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.
- Cost is determined using the FIFO method.
- Inventories held for distribution for public benefit purposes are recorded at cost, adjusted where applicable for any loss of services potential.
- Inventories are reported under Current Assets in the Statement of Financial Position.

#### 24. Loans Granted:

Loans Granted are shown at estimated realisable value after providing for bad, doubtful debts and impairments.

#### 25. Investments:





#### Investments in associates.

- An Entity's investments in its associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting.
- An associate is an Entity over which Entity has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture.
- Under the equity method, investments in associates are carried in the statement of financial position at cost plus post acquisition changes in Entity's share of net assets of the associate. d. The statement of financial performance reflects the share of the results of operations of the associates.
- Where there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the associate, Entity recognises its share of any changes and discloses this, when applicable, in the statement of changes in net assets/equity.
- Surpluses and deficits resulting from transactions between the Government and the associate are eliminated to the extent of the interest in the associate.
   Investments in joint ventures.
  - A Public Entity's investments in its joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method of accounting.
  - A joint venture is a contractual arrangement whereby two or more parties undertake an economic activity that is subject to joint control.
  - Under the equity method, investments in joint ventures are carried in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost plus post acquisition charges in Entity's share of net assets of the joint venture.
  - The statement of financial performance reflects the share of the results of operations of the joint venture.
  - Where there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the joint venture, an Entity should recognise its share of any changes and discloses this, when applicable, in the statement of changes in net assets/equity.
  - Surpluses and deficits resulting from transactions between Public Entity and Joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the interest in the joint venture.





- The controlled entities are all entities (including special purpose entities) over which a Public Entity or its entities has the power to govern the financial and operating policies generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights.
- The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether Public Entity controls another Entity.
- The controlled entities are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Public Entity. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.
- Inter-group transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between inter-group transactions are eliminated, unrealised losses are also eliminated.
- Accounting policies of controlled entities are consistent with the policies adopted by the Public Entity.

#### Impairment of Investments.

Entity determines at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that the investment is impaired, if this is the case Entity calculates the amount of impairment as being the difference between the recoverable value of the investment and the carrying value and recognises the amount in the statement of financial performance.

#### 26. Available for sale securities

- Where and Entity uses its surplus cash to purchase short-term investments, the financial assets are classified at initial recognition as available-for-sale.
- Available-for-sale financial assets are included in non-current assets unless
   Entity intends to dispose of the investment within 12 months of the reporting date.
- Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized at fair value on the trade-date (the date on which Entity commits to purchase or sell the



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- asset) and subsequently at fair value with any resultant fair value gains or losses recognised in the statement of Net Assets/Equity.
- Realized gains and losses on sale of available-for-sale securities are recognized in the consolidated statement of financial performance as 'gains and losses from available-for-sale securities.'
- Impairment losses and interest on available-for-sale securities is calculated using the effective interest method and is recognized in the consolidated statement of financial performance as part of other income.
- The fair values of quoted investments are based on current bid prices. If the market for a financial asset is not active, the entity shall establish fair value using valuation techniques. These include: i. the use of recent arm's length transactions, ii. reference to other instruments that are substantially the same iii. discounted cash flow analysis iv. and option pricing models v. making maximum use of market inputs and relying as little as possible on entity-specific inputs.
- Entities shall ascertain at the date of preparation of each statement of financial report whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired.
- In the case of equity securities classified as available for sale, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the security below its cost is considered as an indicator that the securities are impaired.
- If any such evidence exists for available-for-sale financial assets, the cumulative loss – measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognized is recognized in the statement of financial performance.

#### 27. Property, Plant & Equipment (PPE)

 All property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.



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- Where an asset (other than land) is acquired in a non-exchange transaction for nil or nominal consideration the asset is initially recognised at fair value, where fair value can be reliably determined and as income in the statement of financial performance (unless there are restrictions on the asset's use in which case income is deferred).
- All land held by Government owned entities is not included in the Entity's financial statements unless that land is to be used for development purposes.
- The following shall constitute expenditure on PPE: i. Amounts incurred on the purchase of such assets. Consumables are to be wholly expensed irrespective of their amounts. ii. Construction Cost- including materials, labour and overheads. iii. Improvements to existing PPE, which significantly enhance their useful life.

#### Cost

The cost of an item of PPE shall comprise: its purchase price, including import and non-recurring costs and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its location and working condition for its intended use. Any trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price. a. PPE shall be stated at cost or at their professional valuation less accumulated depreciation and impairment. b. The amount recorded for a PPE shall include all costs directly related to its acquisition including expenditures incurred to place the asset in usable condition for the Service. Accordingly, the cost of the assets shall include acquisition or construction costs, custom duties, transportation charges, professional fees and installation costs. Cash discounts shall be netted against the cost of the assets.

#### Capitalisation

- The capitalisation threshold shall be N250,000.00(Two hundred and fifty thousand naira only).
- Only amounts spent in connection with the above and whose values exceed (Two hundred and fifty thousand naira) N250, 000 shall be capitalised.
- All assets equal to or above this amount shall be recorded in the Fixed Assets
   Register. However in certain cases, it may be appropriate to aggregate





- individually insignificant value items such as chairs and tables, printers and UPS, etc. and apply the capitalisation threshold to the aggregate value.
- Fixed assets whose costs are below the capitalization threshold shall be charged appropriately to the following accounts: office supplies – furniture, office supplies – IT equipment, office supplies – household equipments, etc.
- Where an asset's category already exists for a newly acquired asset below the capitalisation threshold, such an asset shall be capitalised irrespective of its cost and recorded in the fixed assets register under the appropriate category
   Depreciation

The cost of PPE shall be written off, from the time they are brought into use, on a straight line basis over their expected useful lives less any estimated residual value as follows:

a. Lease Properties Over the term of the lease

b. Buildings 2%

c. Plant and Machinery 10%

d. Motor Vehicles: 20%

e. Office Equipment: 25%

f. IT Equipment: 25%

g. Furniture and Fittings: 20%

h. Infrastructure 5%

i. Books 3%

- j. Specific cultural and heritage assets Unlimited
- The full depreciation charge shall be applied to PPE in the months of acquisition and disposal, regardless of the day of the month the transactions was carried out.
- Fully depreciated assets that are still in use are carried in the books at a net book value of N10.00





 An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount or recoverable service amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount or recoverable service amount

#### Revaluation

- a. The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period
- b. Surplus arising from the revaluation shall be transferred to the revaluation reserve in the financial position under reserves and to the statement of changes in net assets/equity.
- c. In case of revaluation deficit, it shall be set against the respective asset value and the corresponding entry to either the revaluation reserve if surplus exists on the same class of asset, or to the statement of financial performance as an expense.

#### Disposal

Gains or losses on the disposal of fixed assets are to be included in the income statement as either an income or expense respectively.

#### Impairment

Entities shall test for impairments of its PPE where it suspects that impairment has occurred.

#### 28. Investment Property

These are cash-generating property owned by the Government/ its entities. The cost, capitalisation, depreciation and impairment of Investment Property are same with PPE, but shall be reported separately in the GPFS.

#### 29. Intangible Assets

a. These shall consist of assets that are not physically tangible which have been acquired and held for use from which benefits are derivable beyond a financial year.





- b. The cost of an item of intangible asset shall comprise: its purchase price, including non-recurring costs and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its state of intended use. Any trade discounts and rebates shall be deducted in arriving at the purchase price.
- c. Intangible assets are tested for impairment and amortised over the estimated useful life using the straight line method on an annual basis.
- d. Classes of Intangible Assets and their estimated useful lifes are as follows:

i. Softwares acquired externally 3 years

ii. Goodwill 4 years

iii. Copyrights 4 years

iv. Trademarks 4 years

v. Other Intangible assets

#### 30. **Deposits**

- a. Deposits are amounts received in advance in respect of goods or services provided.
- b. Deposits can represent payments received early in the year for goods/services
  to be offered over the latter part of the year, or payments received in one year
  for services to be offered in subsequent years. Deposits for which the services
  are to be offered in the following 12 months shall be classified as Current
  Liabilities. Where the services are expected to span beyond the next 12 months,
  it shall be accounted for as a Non-Current Deposits and classified as Non-Current
  Liabilities.

#### 31. Loans& Debts

- a. Loans are funds received to be paid back at an agreed period of time. They
  are classified under liability in the General Purpose Financial Statement and
  are categorised as either short or long term.
- b. Short-term loans and debts are those repayable within one calendar year, while long-terms loans and debts shall fall due beyond one calendar year.

#### 32. Unremitted Deductions





	<ul> <li>a. Unremmitted Deductions are monies owed to third parties such as tax authorities, schemes and associations and other government agencies. These include: tax deductions and other deductions at source.</li> <li>b. These amounts shall be stated in the GPFS at their repayment value, which shall be treated as Current Liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position.</li> </ul>
33.	Payables
	Payables are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.
	Accrued Expenses
	<ul> <li>a. These are monies payable to third parties in respect of goods and services received.</li> </ul>
	b. Accrued Expenses for which payment is due in the next 12 months shall be
	classified as Current Liabilities. Where the payments are due beyond the next 12
	months, it shall be accounted for as Non-Current Liabilities.
34.	Current Portion of Borrowings
	This is the portion of the long-term loan/borrow that is due for repayment within
	the next 12 months. This portion of the borrowings shall be classified under
	Current Liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position.
35.	Public Funds
	a. These are balances of Government funds at the end of the financial year.
	b. They are classified under the Non-Current Liabilities in the Statement of
	Financial Position and include: Trust Funds, Revolving Funds and other Funds
	created by Government.
36.	Reserves
	Reserves are classified under equity in the Statement of Financial Position and
	include: Statement of Financial Performance Surpluses/ (Deficit) and the
	Revaluation Reserve
37.	Contingent Liability
	• a. A contingent liability is a possible obligation arising from past events whose
	existence will be confirmed only by uncertain future event(s) or present





obligation arising from past events that are not recognised because either an
outflow of economic benefit is not probable or the amount of the obligation
cannot be reliably measured.

• b. Contingent liabilities shall only be disclosed in the Notes to the GPFS.

#### 38. Leases:

#### Finance leases

- a. These are leases which effectively transfer to the lessee Entity substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to ownership of the leased item.
- b. They are capitalised at the present value of the minimum lease payment.
- c. The leased assets and corresponding liabilities are disclosed while the leased assets are depreciated over the period the Entity is expected to benefit from their use.

#### Operating Leases

- a. Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases.
- b. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the statement of financial performance on a straightline basis over the period of the lease.

#### 39. Financial Instruments

- a. These form part of the Government's everyday operations. These financial instruments include Bank Accounts, Short Term Deposits, Trade and Accounts Receivable, Trade and Accounts Payable and Term Borrowings, all of which are recognised in the Statement of Financial Position.
- b. Revenue and expenses in relation to all financial instruments are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance

#### 40. Borrowings

- a. Borrowings are recognized initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred.
- b. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortized cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is





recognized in the consolidated statement of financial performance over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

- c. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognized as transaction costs of the loan. The fee is capitalized and amortized over the period of the facility to which it relates.
- d. Borrowings falling due within 12 months are classified as current liabilities while borrowings falling due more than 12 months are classified as long term borrowings.
- e. Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalized and included in the cost of that asset.
- f. A qualifying asset is an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale.
- g. All other borrowing costs are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

#### 41. Transfers to other government entities.

Transfers to other government entities are non-exchange items and are recognized as expenses in the statement of financial performance.

#### 42. Service Concession Arrangement:

#### **Service Concession Arrangement Assets**

- a. Service Concession Assets are operated by third parties under the terms of Service Concession Arrangements. On classification the original service concession asset is measured at its fair value and any difference between its fair value and its book value is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.
- b. Since the fair value of assets previously transferred under Service Concession Arrangements is not reliably available, Government has chosen to adopt the standard prospectively from 1 January 2016.
- c. If the terms of the arrangement require Government to compensate the operator for the concession asset by making payments and the payments are





separable between the asset and service portions of the payment then the fair value of the original service concession asset is the fair value of the asset portion of the payments. If however the asset and service portions of the payments are not separable, the fair value is determined using estimation techniques.

#### **Service Concession Arrangement Liabilities**

- a. When Government recognises a Service Concession Arrangement asset it also recognises a liability of an equal amount.
- b. The liability is split between a financial liability and a performance obligation.
- c. The financial liability arises from the payments due from an entity under the terms of the Service Concession Arrangement and the performance obligation from the rights granted to the operator under the terms of the Service Concession Arrangement to earn revenues from the Service Concession Assets(s) or associated asset(s).



#### List of Abbreviations/Acronyms

Abbreviation/Term	Description
CBN	Central Bank of Nigeria
COA	Chart of Account
FAAC	Federation Accounts Allocation Committee
FGN	Federal Government of Nigeria
FRC	Financial Reporting Council
GAAP	Generally Accepted Accounting Principles
GPFS	General Purpose Financial Statement
IPSAS	International Public Sector Accounting Standards
LFN	Law of the Federal Republic of Nigeria
MDA	Ministries, Departments and Agencies
NCOA	National Chart of Account
GBE	Government Business Enterprises
FRCoN	Financial Reporting Council of Nigeria
OAG	Office of the Accountant-General
PPE	Properties, Plants and Equipment
FR	Financial Regulation

FRL	Fiscal Responsibility Law
FCMA	Finance (Control &Management) Act
IGR	Internally Generated Revenue
MDAs	Ministries, Departments, and Agencies
MDAS	Ministries, Departments, and Agencies
BYSG	Bayelsa State Government
D13G	bayetsa state dovernment
CRFC	Consolidated Revenue Fund Charge
Citi C	consolidated Neverlae Faila charge
HCF	Honourable Commissioner for Finance
110	The first control of the first
AuG	Auditor-General (State)
	, ,
NAS	National Audit Standard
GAASG	General Accepted Audit Standard and Guidelines
	·
HCC	Historical Cost Convention

Apreala Israel O.

Treasurer

# REPORT OF THE AUDITOR - GENERAL FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENTS ON THE ACCOUNTS OF SOUTHERN IJAW

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31<sup>ST</sup> DECEMBER, 2023



## SOUTHERN IJAW LOCAL GOVERNMENT COUNCIL FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 2023





## SOUTHERN IJAW LOCAL GOVERNN

SILGA/ADM/VOL.1/007

Our Ref. Your Ref:

Southern liaw, Local Govt. Headquarters, Oporoma, Bayelsa State.

Date: 8th May, 2024

#### STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

These Financial Statements and accounts have been prepared by the Treasurer of Southern Ijaw Local Government Council, Bayelsa State in accordance with the provisions of section 24 of the Finance (Control and Management) LFN 2004 & Section 85(5) of the Federal Republic of Nigeria and other relevant extant laws, regulations and policies. The accounting framework adopted in the preparation of the financial statements and accounts is IPSAS ACCRUAL accounting basis and the Financial Statements comply with generally accepted accounting policies and practice.

To fulfill the accounting and reporting responsibility, the Treasurer of Southern I aw Local Government Council is responsible for preparing, reporting, establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that the transactions recorded are within statutory authority and properly record the receipt and payment of Public Financial resources by the Local Government.

In compliance with International Public Sector Accounting Standard (IPSAS) 33 (First Time Adoption of Accrual Basis IPSAS) and the guidelines issued by the Federation Account Allocation Committee (FAAC) Technical Sub Committee 2004 on IPSAS implementation, reasonable efforts have been made to ensure that the Financial Statements prepared herein reflect the true and fair view of the financial position of Southern Ijaw Local Government Council as at 31st December, 2023.

On behalf of Southern Ijaw Local Government Council, I write to accept responsibility for the integrity, credibility and objectivity of the Financial Statements. The information embedded reflects the financial position of the Local Government as at 31st December, 2023.

Aputu D. Z. Donalo

Treasurer

Mr Noel Itade

Head of Local Government



NOEL ITADE
HEAD OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT
SOUTHERN IJAW L.G.A



APUTU D. Z. DONALD
TREASURER/DFS SOUTHERN IJAW LOCAL
GOVERNMENT COUNCIL BAYELSA STATE

#### INTRODUCTION

The Financial Statements of Southern Ijaw Local Governments Council for the year ended 31st December 2023 have been examined in accordance with the Generally Accepted Auditing Practice and section 125(2) of the Constitution of the Federal Republic of Nigeria, section 55(3) of the Bayelsa State Audit Law and section 51 subsection 1 and 2 of Bayelsa State Local Government Law 2000.

#### **SUBMISSION OF REPORT**

In compliance with Section 5 Sub – section 2 of Bayelsa State Local Government Law 2000, it is my pleasure to humbly lay before the honourable House of Assembly, Bayelsa State, the Auditor – General for Local Governments' report on the accounts of Southern Ijaw Local Government Council for the financial year ended 31st December, 2023.

#### **CONSTITUTIONALITY**

In accordance with the section of the Bayelsa State Local Government Law 2000 quoted above, the draft annual report and accounts including the related financial statements for the year ended 31st December 2023, was submitted to my office by the accounting officer on the 8th May, 2024.

#### STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE AND BASIS OF PREPARATION (IPSAS)

The General Purpose Financial Statements (GPFS) were prepared in compliance with the International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS) Accrual basis of accounting. The financial statements were presented in Nigeria Naira (N) and kobo (k) which is the functional and reporting currency in Nigeria. The accounting year to which the financial statements date is from 1st January to 31st December, 2023.

#### STATEMENT OF COMPLETENESS OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT REVENUE

Revenue accruable to Southern Ijaw Local Government Council from the Federation accounts and managed by the State Local Governments Joint Accounts Allocation Committee (SLGJAAC) were fairly stated. I have comfirmed the completeness and correctness of the SLGJAAC receipts, the relevant deductions and balances of transfer of the SLGJAAC allocations accruable to the Local Government Council.

#### RESPONSIBILITY OF THE ACCOUNTING OFFICER

In line with the provisions of Section 48 subsection 1 of Bayelsa State Local Government Law 2000, the accounting officer is responsible for the preparation of financial statements. He is responsible for the general and overall supervision of all accounting activities of the local government. In carrying out this mandate, he has the responsibility to:

- > Ensure that the treasury department of the council keep proper books of accounts that reasonably discloses the financial position of the local government.
- Establish and maintain a functional and adequate system of internal control designed to provide reasonable assurance that the transaction recorded reflect the utilization of the public financial resources.
- > Ensure that appropriate accounting policies and estimate are consistently deployed in the preparation of financial statements.
- > Taking steps to safeguard the assets of the local government, prevent and detect fraud and irregularities.

#### RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE AUDITOR – GENERAL FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENTS

The responsibility is to form or express an independent opinion based on the financial statements as presented by the accounting officer of the local government and report to the State House of Assembly.

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

Revenue	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Description		H	N	N	N
Opening Balance	597,325.05	474,439.13	158,610.93	104,345.76	35,648.47
Statutory Allocation	4,485,657,388.46	3,656,483,404.37	3,092,026,385.37	2,800,933,656.89	2,970,119,936.90
Independent					
Revenue	25,494,735.46	24,279,109.42	24,680,538.21	24,164,735.46	24,284,735.46
Other Revenue		36,627,773.77		-	314,283,207.07
Total	4,511,152,123.92	3,717,864,726.69	3,116,865,534.51	2,825,202,738.11	3,308,723,527.90

#### **EXPENDITURE**

Expenditure	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Description	N	H	N	<del>N</del>	Н
Personnel Cost	1,616,264,437.07	703,124,691.69	630,597,436.51	784,788,231.72	1,537,207,268.85
Overhead Cost	838,483,103.87	1,064,666,344.95	945,133,658.76	772,998,814.14	550,650,481.57
Other Operating Cost					
/Statutory Deduction	249,706,002.12	1,148,469,783.93	1,142,917,000.11	1,071,003,734.32	241,104,195.78
Capital Expenditure	1,725,146,259.00	801,006,581.07	397,743,000.00	196,253,350.00	979,657,235.94
Total	4,429,599,802.06	3,717,267,401.64	3,116,391,095.38	2,825,044,130.18	3,308,619,182.14

#### PATTERNS AND MANNER IN WHICH THE ACCOUNTS WHERE KEPT AND RENDERED

Section 48 (1) of Bayelsa State Local Government Law 2000 requires the accounting officer of Southern Ijaw Local Government Council to, within three (3) months after 31st day of December, each year, transmit to the Auditor – General for Local Governments accounts showing the financial position of the local government on the said 31st day of December specified financial summary for five years.

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENT SUBMITTED FOR AUDIT ARE:

- 1. Statement of Recurrent Revenue
- 2. Statement of Recurrent Expenditure
- 3. Statement of Financial Performance
- 4. Statement of Financial Position
- 5. Statement of Cash flow
- 6. Statement of Changes of Net Asset
- 7. Statement of external / internal loan
- 8. Statement of Personnel Cost
- 9. Statement of Overhead Cost

#### **BOOK-KEEPING AND FINANCIAL CONTROL**

Audit observed that the state of book – keeping in Southern Ijaw Local Government Council has improved. In most cases payments are made before payment vouchers are prepared, which has negatively affected the observance of internal control and also hindered early submission of financial statement.

#### **AUDIT QUERIES**

Audit raised several queries within the period stated above, but the response of these queries was low due to the timing of the audit exercise.

Audit looks forward to a more timely audit exercise in the near future to ensure that elected officers and other key local government personnels are on ground to give information and explanation that is relevant to the expression of audit opinion.

## GENERAL OBSERVATIONS / RECOMMENDATIONS AUDIT QUERIES

Audit raised some queries within the period which have been responded to by Southern Ijaw Local Government Council.

#### a. BANK RECONCILATION

During the period under review, audit observed that some measures were taken to reconcile the bank statements with the bank balance, which is a statutory requirements.

#### **INTERNAL CONTROL**

During the period under review Audit Observed that some measures were put in place to strengthen the Internal Control of the Council. However internal Audit department need training and retraining.



#### **GOVERNMENT OF BAYELSA STATE OF NIGERIA**

Office of the Auditor-General for Local Governments

e-mail address: localgovtsaudithys@gmail.com

LGCON.21/VOL.II/111



State Govt. Secretariat. P.M.B. 30 Yenagoa, 25th July, 2024

#### AUDIT CERTIFICATE

In compliance with section 125(2) of the Constitution of the Federal Republic of Nigeria 1999 (as amended) and Section 55(3) of the Bayelsa State Audit Law 2021, the audit of the Financial Statements of Southern Ijaw Local Government Council of Bayelsa State for the year ended 31st December, 2023 was conducted in accordance with the provisions of the financial memoranda and other relevant regulations.

The audit was conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and INTOSAI Auditing Standards



Within the period under review, the information presented in the General Purpose Financial Statements are in compliance with the International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS) Accrual basis of accounting as prescribed in the statement of accounting policies.

In my opinion, the Financial Statements which agree with the books of Accounts and records show a true and fair view of the Financial Position of Southern Ijaw Local Government Council for the year ended 31st December,

Office of the Auditor -General For Local Governments P.M.B. 30, Yenagoa

Fagha Henry Prenanagha resa, acti, corps, octor Auditor - General for Local Governments Bayelsa State.

All Correspondence to be addressed to the Auditor-General for Local Governments





# STATEMENT 1 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE (INCOME & EXPENDITURE) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 3IST DECEMBER, 2023

Actual 2022		Notes	Actual 2023	Final Budget 2023	Initial Budget 2023	Supplementary Budget 2023	Variance on Final Budget
	REVENUE						
2,315,063,729.76	GOVERNMENT SHARE OF FAAC (STATUTORY REVENUE)	1	2,625,715,570.91	4,273,135,426.10	4,273,135,426.10	-	1,647,419,855.19
1,341,419,674.61	GOVERNMENT SHARE OF VAT	2	1,859,941,817.55	1,354,829,130.48	1,354,829,130.48	-	505,112,687.07
-	TAX REVENUE		-	-	-	-	-
24,279,109.42	NON – TAX REVENUE	3	25,494,735.46	51,550,300.00	51,550,300.00	-	26,055,564.54
-	INVESTMENT INCOME		-	-	-	-	-
-	INTEREST EARNED		-	-	-	-	-
-	AID & GRANTS		-	-	-	-	-
36,627,773.77	OTHER REVENUE		-	-	-	-	-
3,717,390,287.56	TOTAL REVENUE		4,511,152,123.92	5,679,514,856.58	4,324,685,726.10	-	1,168,362,732.66
	EXPENDITURE						
1,532,203,477.29	SALARIES & WAGES	4	1,616,264,437.07	1,632,734,373.03	1,632,734,373.03	-	16,469,935.96
238,698,390.51	SOCIAL BENEFITS	5	265,930,230.07	237,720,996.72	237,720,996.72	-	28,209,233.35
1,064,666,344.95	OVERHEAD COST	6	838,483,103.87	840,730,978.27	840,730,978.27	Ē	2,247,874.40
-	GRANTS & CONTRIBUTIONS		-	-	-	-	-
-	DEPRECIATION	7	198,262,155.66	-	-	-	-
44,064,834.05	TRANSFER TO OTHER GOVT ENTITIES	8	51,443,846.46	42,791,012.00	42,791,012.00	-	8,652,834.46
2,879,633,046.80	TOTAL EXPENDITURE		2,970,383,773.13	-	2,753,977,360.02	-	55,579,878.17
837,757,240.76	SURPLUS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES FOR THE PERIOD		1,540,768,350.79	-	-	-	-





# STATEMENT I CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE (INCOME & EXPENDITURE) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 3IST DECEMBER, 2023

-	PUBLIC DEBT	11	-	-	-	-	-
	REPAYMENT						
	GAIN/LOSS ON						
	DISPOSAL OF ASSET						
	GAIN/LOSS ON						
	DISPOSAL OF ASSET						
-	TOTAL NON-			-	-	-	-
	OPERATING						
	REVENUE						
	(EXPENSES)						
837,757,240.76	SURPLUS/	13		-	-	-	-
	(DEFICIT) FROM		1,540,768,350.79				
	ORDINARY						
	ACTIVITIES						
-	MINORITY			-	-	-	
	INTEREST SHARE						
	OF						
	SURPLUS/DEFICIT						
837,757,240.76	NET			-	-	-	-
	SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)		1,540,768,350.79				
	FOR THE PERIOD						

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the General Purpose Financial Statement (GPFS)

Aputu D. Z. Donald

100 08/bs/24

Treasurer





# STATEMENT 2 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (BALANCE SHEET) AS AT 3IST DECEMBER, 2023

	Economic Code	Notes	20	023	202	2
			₩	₩	₩	₩
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Current Assets						
Cash and Cash	3101-4	9A				
Equivalents			2,272,339.98		597,325.05	
Inventories	3105		-		_	
Receivables	3106-7		-		-	
Prepayments	3108		-		-	
Α					-	
Non-Current				2,272,339.98		597,325.05
Assets						
Loans & Debts	3110		-			
(short-term)					-	
Investments	3109		-		_	
Property, Plant &	3201	10A				
Equipment			4,440,318,103.34		-	
Investment Property	3202		-		_	
Intangible Assets	3301		-		_	
В			-	4,440,318,103.34		_
Total Assets C =				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
A+B				4,442,590,443.32		597,325.05
<u>LIABILITIES</u>						
Current Liabilities						
Deposits	4101		-		_	
Short Term Loans & Debts	4102		-		-	
Unremitted Deductions	4103		-		-	





# STATEMENT 2 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (BALANCE SHEET) AS AT 3IST DECEMBER, 2023

			ı	1	1	1
Accrued Expenses	4104		-			
					-	
Current Portion of	4105		-			
Borrowings					-	
D			-	-		_
Non-Current						
Liabilities						
Public Funds	4601					
					-	
Borrowings	4602	11A				
			(14,426,813.90)		26,636,046.42	-
				-		
E			(14,426,813.90)		-	
Total Liabilities: F =						
D∻E				(14,426,813.90)		26,636,046.42
Net Assets: G = C						
-F				4,428,163,629.42		27,233,371.47
<u>NET</u>						
ASSETS/EQUITY						
Reserves	4701	12				
			2,887,395,278.63		-	
Surpluses/(Deficits)	4702	13				
			1,540,768,350.79		-	
Total Net						
Assets/Equity				4,428,163,629.42		27,233,371.47

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the General Purpose Financial Statement (GPFS)

Aputu D. Z. Donald

Treasurer

100 08/05/24





### STATEMENT 3 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED 3IST DECEMBER, 2023

Description	Notes	200	23	2022		
		N	₩	N	N	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Inflows						
Government Share of	1					
FAAC (Statutory Revenue)	·	2,625,715,570.91		2,315,063,729.76		
Government Share of VAT	2	1,859,941,817.55		1,341,419,674.61		
Direct Taxes		-		-		
Licences		-		-		
Fines		-		-		
Royalties		-		-		
Fees	ЗА	840,000.00		5,959,109.42		
Earnings & Sales	3A	24,654,735.46		18,320,000.00		
Rents of Government Properties		-				
Investment Income		-		-		
Interest & Repayment General		-		-		
Re-imbursement		-		-		
Funds from Special Accounts		-		-		
Domestic Aid & Grants		-		-		
External Aid & Grants		-		-		
Gains from exchange transactions		-		-		
Other Revenue (e.g. plea Bargain)		-		36,627,773.77		
Total inflow from						
Operating Activities			4,511,152,123.92		3,717,390,287.56	
Outflows						
Salaries & Wages	4A	1,616 264 437 07		1,532 203 477 29		





## STATEMENT 3 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED 3IST DECEMBER, 2023

Social Benefits	5A				
		265,930,230.07		238,698,390.51	
Overhead Cost	6A				
		838,483,103.87		1,064,666,344.95	
Grants & Contributions		-		-	
Subsidies		-		-	
Transfer to other	8A				
Government Entities		51,443,846.46		44,064,834.05	
Public Debts Repayment		-		-	
Total Outflow from					(2,879,633,046.80)
Operating Activities (B)		2,772,121,617.47	(2,772,121,617.47)		(-,,,,
Net Cash			, , , , ,		837,757,240.76
Inflow/(Outflow) From			1,739,030,506.45		
Operating Activities*					
C=(A-B)					
CASH FLOW FROM					
INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Proceeds from Sale of		-		-	
PPE					
Proceeds from Sales of		-		-	
Investment Property					
Proceeds from Sale of		-		-	
Intangible Assets					
Proceeds from Sale of		-		-	
Investment					
Dividends Received		-		-	
		-			
Purchase/Construction	14				
of PPE		(1,725,146,259.00)		(801,006,581.07)	
Purchase/Construction		-		-	
of Investment Property					
Purchase of Intangible		-		-	
Assets					
Acquisition of		-		-	
Investments					
Net Cash Flow from					(801,006,581.07)
Investing Activities			(1,725,146,259.00)	<u> </u>	





### STATEMENT 3 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED 3IST DECEMBER, 2023

CASH FLOW FROM					
FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Proceeds from	11A	-		-	
Borrowings					
Repayment of					
Borrowings		(12,209,232.52)		(36,627,773.77)	
Distribution of		-		-	
Surplus/Dividends Paid					
Net Cash Flow from					(36,627,773.77)
Financing Activities			(12,209,232.52)		
Net Cash Flow from all					122,885.92
Activities			1,675,014.93		
Cash & Its Equivalent as					474,439.13
at 1/1/2023			597,325.05		
Cash & Its Equivalent as					597,325.05
at 31/12/2023			2,272,339.98		
Notes: 1					
RECONCILIATION:					
Surplus/ (Deficit) per	13			-	
Statement of		1,540,768,350.79			
Performance					
Add back non cash		-		-	
movement-					
Depreciation	7A			-	
Charges		198,262,155.66			
Net Cash Flow from				-	
Operating Activities		1,739,030,506.45			
Note: 2					
Cash & its equivalent					
as at 31/12/2023					
Cash Balances		-		-	
Bank Balances	9A			-	597,325.05
		2,272,339.98	2,272,339.98		•

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the General Purpose Financial Statement (GPFS)

100 08/bs/24

Aputu D. Z. Donald Treasurer





# STATEMENT 4 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS/ EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 3IST DECEMBER, 2023.

	Note	Revaluation Reserve <del>N</del>	Translation Reserve	Accumulated Surpluses N	Total ₦
Balance as at 1st	12	2,887,395,278.63	-	-	2,887,395,290.63
January 2023					
Changes in Accounting Policy					
Restated Balance		2,887,395,278.63		-	2,887,395,278.63
Surplus on Revaluation					
of Properties					
Deficit on Revaluation					
of Investments					
Net Gains and losses					=
not recognized in the					
statement of Financial					
Performance					
Net Surplus for the year	13	1,540,768,350.79	-	-	1,540,768,350.79
Balance as at 31		-		-	
December 2023					
Deficit on Revaluation		-		-	
of Property					
Surplus on Revaluation		-		-	
of Investments					
Net gains and Losses					
not Recognized in the					
Statement of Financial					
Performance					
Net deficit for the					
Period					
Balance as at 31		4,428,163,629.42	-	-	4,428,163,629.42
December 2023					

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the General Purpose Financial Statement (GPFS)

Aputu D. Z. Donald

Treasurer





#### NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

#### SOUTHERN IJAW LOCAL GOVERNMENT COUNCIL

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 2023

	NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STA	Ref Sup.				
Note	Details	Note	Amount	Amount		Remarks
	A. Share of Statutory Allocation from FAAC	11010	7.111.0 41.11	7		
	Net share of Statutory Allocation from FAAC	1	1,760,497,146.55			
	Add: Deduction at source	1A	61,105,579.86	1,821,602,726.41		
				, , ,		
	Share of Statutory Allocation (Other Agencies)	2		865,218,424.36		
	Share of Statutory Allocation (Excess Crude Oil)			-		
	Total (Gross) Statutory Allocation			2,625,715,570.91		
2	B. Value Added Tax					
	Share of Value Added Tax (VAT)			1,859,941,817.55		
	Internally Generated Revenue (Independent Revenue)					
		Ref Sup.				
	NON TAX REVENUE	Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	
3	RATES GENERAL (TENEMENT RATE)		-	54,000,000.00		
	LICENSE GENERAL		-	2,500,000.00		
	FEES GENERAL		840,000.00	12,000,000.00		
	FINES GENERAL		-			
	EARNINGS GENERAL		24,654,735.46	21,500,000.00		
	Sale/Rent of Government Property		-			
	TOTAL		25,494,735.46			
4	WAGES AND SALARIES			2023		2022
		Ref Sup.				
		Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	Actual
	PERSONNEL COST	4A				
	ADMINISTRATIVE SECTOR		459,578,887.45	-	-	-
	ECONOMIC SECTOR		179,223,185.92	-	-	-
	SOCIAL SECTOR		908,333,793.25	-	-	-
	REGIONAL SECTOR		-	-	-	-
	LAW AND JUSTICE		-	-	-	-
	SUBTOTAL		1,547,135,866.62	-	-	-
L		1				
4B	CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND CHARGES	4B	69,128,570.45	-	-	-
	TOTAL WAGES AND SALARIES		1,616,264,437.07			





4C	PERSONNEL ANALYSIS			2023	1	2022
40	FERSONNEL ANALTSIS	Ref Sup.		2023	1	2022
		Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	Actual
	TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	Note	882	Buuget	70 Variance	Actual
	TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES EMPLOYED IN 2023		0			
	TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES EMPLOYED IN 2023  TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES RETIRED DURING THE YEAR		25			
	,					
	TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES AT THE END OF THE YEAR 2023		857			
	accini printrito			2000		2222
5	SOCIAL BENEFITS	D (0		2023	1	2022
		Ref Sup.				
		Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	Actual
	ADMINISTRATIVE SECTOR	5	265,930,230.07			
	ECONOMIC SECTOR		-			
	SOCIAL SECTOR		-		1	
	REGIONAL SECTOR		-			
	LAW AND JUSTICE		-			
6	OVERHEAD COST			2023		2022
		Ref Sup.				
		Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	Actual
6A	OVERHEAD COST BY FUNCTION	6A				
	TRAVEL& TRANSPORT - GENERAL		39,944,500.00			
	UTILITIES – GENERAL		30,066,554.10			
	MATERIALS AND SUPPLY – GENERAL		146,566,311.96			
	MAINTENANCE SERVICES – GENERAL		36,733,000.00			
	FUEL AND LUBRICANT - GENERAL		564,877,048.89			
	FINANCIAL CHARGES - GENERAL		20,295,688.92			
	TOTAL		838,483,103.87			
6B	OVERHEAD COST BY SECTOR	68				
	ADMINISTRATIVE SECTOR		419,241,551.94			
	ECONOMIC SECTOR		297,661,501.87			
	SOCIAL SECTOR		121,580,050.05			
	REGIONAL SECTOR		-			
	LAW & JUSTICE		-			
	TOTAL		838,483,103.86		1	
7	DEPRECIATION			2023		2022
		Ref Sup.				
		Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	Actual
	BUILDING – GENERAL	7A	32,108,502.50			
	INFRASTRUCTURE – GENERAL		42,066,853.16		1	
	PLANT & MACHINERY – GENERAL		8,000,000.00			
	TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT - GENERAL		-			
	OFFICE EQUIPMENT		50,000,000.00			
	FURNITURE & FITTINGS – GENERAL		66,086,800.00			
	TOTAL		198,262,155.66			





	I		ı		
8	TRANSFER TO OTHER GOVERNMENT ENTITIES				
	COMMON SERVICES	A8	7,500,000.00	-	-
	TRAINING FUNDS		43,943,846.46	-	-
	TOTAL		51,443,846.46	-	-
			-	-	-
		Ref Sup.			
9	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT	Note	2023	2022	
	CASH IN HAND		-		
	CASH AT BANK	9A	2,272,339.98	597,325.05	
	TOTAL		2,272,339.98	597,325.05	
		Ref Sup.			
10	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	Note	31/12/2023	01/01/2023	
	BUILDING-GENERAL		1,599,992,997.50	1,011,583,625.00	
	INFRASTRUCTURE -GENERAL		2,353,977,905.84	671,352,136.50	
	PLANT & MACHINERY –GENERAL		72,000,000.00	94,061,000.00	
	TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT- GENERAL		-	-	
	OFFICE EQUIPMENT-GENERAL		150,000,000.00	635,000.00	
	FURNITURE AND FITTINGS		264,347,200.00	28,142,000.00	
	TOTAL		4,440,318,103.34	1,805,773,761.50	
		Ref Sup.			
11	BORROWINGS	Note	2023	2022	
	EXTERNAL LOANS				
	DOMESTIC LOANS		14,426,813.90		
	TOTAL				



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PORT	OF	THE	AUD	ITOR-	GENEI	RAL F	OR	LOCAL	GOVEF	RNMEN	TS ON	THE	ACCOI	JNTS	OF \	
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		Ref Sup.			
12	RESERVES	Note	2023	2022	
	FOR THE YEAR		2,887,395,278.63		
		Ref Sup.			
13	SURPLUS	Note	2023	2022	
	FOR THE YEAR		1,540,768,350.79	=	
		Ref Sup.			
14	PURCHASE/CONSTRUCTION OF PPE	Note	2023	2022	
	BUILDING -GENERAL		29,101,500.00		
	INFRASTRUCTURE -GENERAL		1,696,044,759.00		
	PLANT & MACHINERY-GENERAL		-		
	TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT- GENERAL		-		
	OFFICE EQUIPMENT - GENERAL		-		
	FURNITURE AND FITTINGS		-		
	TOTAL		1,725,146,259.00		



### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 1 SHARE OF FAAC (STATUTORY REVENUE)

	NET RECEIPT	ADD: DEDUCTIONS AT SOURCE	
DETAILS/ MONTH	SEE SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 1A	(SEE – SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 1A	GROSS
ECONOMIC CODE	11010101	11010101	
	₩	H	₩
JANUARY	240,225,647.36	7,206,769.42	247,432,416.78
FEBRUARY	138,727,870.34	4,161,836.11	142,889,706.45
MARCH	132,032,480.13	3,960,974.40	135,993,454.53
APRIL	179,973,470.45	5,399,204.11	185,372,674.56
MAY	127,843,305.41	3,835,299.16	131,678,604.57
JUNE	193,364,164.93	5,800,924.95	199,165,089.88
JULY	108,406,357.74	3,252,190.73	111,658,548.47
AUGUST	140,756,175.03	4,222,685.25	144,978,860.28
SEPTEMBER	119,858,895.15	11,886,432.33	131,745,327.48
OCTOBER	141,020,917.18	4,230,627.52	145,251,544.70
NOVEMBER	109,045,040.35	3,271,351.21	112,316,391.56
DECEMBER	129,242,822.48	3,877,284.67	133,120,107.15
GRAND TOTAL	1,760,497,146.55	61,105,579.86	1,821,602,726.41

### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 1A NET STATUTORY ALLOCATION

NET STATUTORY ALECCATION											
DETAILS/ MONTH	GROSS STATUTORY ALLOCATION (a)	TOTAL DEDUCTIONS (b)	NET ALLOCATION c = (a - b)								
ECONOMIC CODE	11010101	11010101									
	₩	H	₩								
JANUARY	247,432,416.78	7,206,769.42	240,225,647.36								
FEBRUARY	142,889,706.45	4,161,836.11	138,727,870.34								
MARCH	135,993,454.53	3,960,974.40	132,032,480.13								
APRIL	185,372,674.56	5,399,204.11	179,973,470.45								
MAY	131,678,604.57	3,835,299.16	127,843,305.41								
JUNE	199,165,089.88	5,800,924.95	193,364,164.93								
JULY	111,658,548.47	3,252,190.73	108,406,357.74								
AUGUST	144,978,860.28	4,222,685.25	140,756,175.03								
SEPTEMBER	131,745,327.48	11,886,432.33	119,858,895.15								
OCTOBER	145,251,544.70	4,230,627.52	141,020,917.18								
NOVEMBER	112,316,391.56	3,271,351.21	109,045,040.35								
DECEMBER	133,120,107.15	3,877,284.67	129,242,822.48								
GRAND TOTAL	1,821,602,726.41	61,105,579.86	1,760,497,146.55								

### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 1B ANALYSIS OF SHARE OF STATUTORY ALLOCATION (OTHER AGENCIES)

ECONOMIC CODE	DESCRIPTION	JANUARY	FEBRUARY	MARCH	APRIL	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUGUST	SEPTEMBER	OCTOBER	NOVEMBER	DECEMBER	GRAND TOTAL
11010101	ELECTRONIC MONEY TRANSFER LEVY	12,658,946.66	6,913,847.61	6,140,739.89	7,657,043.01	7,602,084.88	7,555,475.90	5,975,579.85	6,708,528.65	7,418,950.04	5,798,976.15	8,141,535.01	6,258,645.08	88,830,352.73
11010101	NON-OIL REVENUE	0.00	38,926,166.72	0.00	0.00	9,342,280.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	23,355,700.03	0.00	71,624,146.76
11010101	NON-OIL REVENUE 2	0.00	6,014,092.76	0.00	0.00	3,892,616.67	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	9,906,709.43
11010101	FOREX EQUALISATION 1	0.00	0.00	40,638,918.05	0.00	16,932,882.52	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	57,571,800.57
11010101	FOREX EQUALISATION 2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6,773,153.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6,773,153.01
	SOLID MINERALS	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5,649,145.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5,649,145.22
11010101	EXCHANGE GAIN DIFFERENCE	8,543,082.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	226,613.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	8,769,695.23
11010101	EXCHANGE GAIN DIFFERENCE 2	-	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	49,591,040.22	115,385,638.65	104,392,930.44	84,565,255.19	63,286,143.17	68,957,843.50	129,914,570.24	616,093,421.41
	TOTAL	21,202,028.73	51,854,107.09	46,779,657.94	7,657,043.01	50,192,162.31	57,373,129.28	121,361,218.50	111,101,459.09	91,984,205.23	69,085,119.32	100,455,078.54	136,173,215.32	865,218,424.36

### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 2 ANALYSIS OF SHARE OF VALUE ADDED TAX (VAT)

ECONOMIC CODE	DESCRI PTION	JANUARY	FEBRUARY	MARCH	APRIL	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUGUST	SEPTEMBER	OCTOBER	NOVEMBER	DECEMBER	GRAND TOTAL
11010202	VALUE	135,112,708.85	159,142,784.59	111,328,665.78	144,421,771.08	160,664,656.02	135,061,602.71	169,338,622.80	164,799,664.98	164,494,981.73	166,771,956.39	182,546,278.27	166,258,124.35	1,859,941,817.55
	ADDED TAX													

## SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 3 ANALYSIS OF SHARE OF VALUE ADDED TAX (VAT)

ECONOMIC CODE	DESCRIPTION	JANUARY	FEBRUARY	MARCH	APRIL	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUGUST	SEPTEMBER	OCTOBER	NOVEMBER	DECEMBER	TOTAL
12020459	FEES - RIGHT OF OCCUPANCY FEES	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
12020466	FEES - INDIGINE REGISTRATION FEES	0.00	150,000.00	50,000.00	-	220,000.00	200,000.00	ū	220,000.00	-	-	-		840,000.00
12020501	FINES - FINES/PENALTIES	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
12020711	EARNINGS - EARNINGS FROM COMMERCIAL ACTIVITIES	900,000.00	5,854,735.46	0.00	17,900,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	24,654,735.46
	TOTAL	900,000.00	6,004,735.46	50,000.00	17,900,000.00	220,000.00	200,000.00	-	220,000.00	-	-	-	-	25,494,735.46

## SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 4 SALARIES AND WAGES

MONTHS	COUNCIL SALARIES	HEALTH WORKERS SALARIES N	TEACHERS SALARIES N	CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND CHARGES- SALARIES 9B N	COUNCIL SALARY ARREARS N	ALLOWANCES	TOTAL N
	21010101	21010101	21010101	21010103	21010101		
JANUARY	40,978,503.34	26,266,002.64	47,392,191.69		10,000,000.00		124,636,697.67
FEBRUARY	40,923,463.26	26,398,679.72	47,371,290.42		10,000,000.00		124,693,433.40
MARCH	40,923,463.26	26,398,679.72	47,346,290.42		10,000,000.00	-	124,668,433.40
APRIL	40,900,900.78	26,398,679.72	47,346,290.42		10,000,000.00	-	124,645,870.92
MAY	40,643,925.38	26,398,679.72	47,163,306.77		10,000,000.00		124,205,911.87
JUNE	40,656,909.55	26,037,081.13	47,163,306.77		10,000,000.00		123,857,297.45
JULY	40,656,909.55	26,037,081.13	47,494,190.51		10,000,000.00		124,188,181.19
AUGUST	40,322,687.79	25,740,737.63	47,494,190.51	13,825,714.09	10,000,000.00		137,383,330.02
SEPTEMBER	40,143,150.66	25,444,394.13	47,872,471.08	13,825,714.09	10,000,000.00		137,285,729.96
OCTOBER	51,211,702.76	36,740,122.39	48,109,047.14	13,825,714.09	10,000,000.00		159,886,586.38
NOVEMBER	51,847,161.16	32,324,623.95	48,074,667.71	13,825,714.09	10,000,000.00	-	156,072,166.91
DECEMBER	49,593,295.88	33,397,767.72	47,924,020.21	13,825,714.09	10,000,000.00	-	154,740,797.90
GRAND TOTAL	518,802,073.37	337,582,529.60	570,751,263.65	69,128,570.45	120,000,000.00		1,616,264,437.07

# SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 4A WAGES AND SALARIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 2023

S/No	ADMIN CODE	ECON CODE	HEAD DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATE	SUPPLEMENT	TOTAL	ACTUAL	EXCESS	SAVINGS
				N	N	N	N	N	N
		Sector:	ADMINISTRATIVE						
1		21010103	OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN	-	27,021,377.80	27,021,377.80	26,321,377.80	700,000.00	
2		21010103	OFFICE OF THE VICE CHAIRMAN	-	5,974,427.00	5,974,427.00	5,874,427.70	99,999.30	
3		21010103	SECRETARY TO THE LOCAL	-	2,172,764.95	2,172,764.95	2,172,764.95	-	
4		21010103	LEGISLATORS/ SUPERVISORS	€	35,040,000.00	35,040,000.00	34,760,000.00	280,000.00	
5		21010101	DEPARTMENT	338,123,161.68	122,000,000.00	460,123,161.68	459,578,887.45	544,274.23	
			SUBTOTAL	338,123,161.68	192,208,569.75	530,331,731.43	528,707,457.90		
		Sector:	ECONOMIC		-			-	
6		21010101	DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND SUPPLIES	64,198,445.72	-	64,198,445.72	61,250,853.41	2,947,592.31	
7		21010101	DEPARTMENT OF BUDGET, PLANNING, RESEARCH AND STATISTICS	7,144,468.44	-	7,144,468.44	6,698,581.95	445,886.49	
8		21010101	DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE & NATURAL RESOURCES	45,809,890.68	1,500,000.00	47,309,890.68	47,114,121.51	195,769.17	
9		21010101	WORKS, TRANSPORT, HOUSING, LANDS & SURVEY DEPARTMENT	59,594,910.60	4,600,000.00	64,194,910.60	64,159,629.05	35,281.55	
			SUBTOTAL	176,747,715.44	6,100,000.00	182,847,715.44	179,223,185.92		
		Sector:	LAW & JUSTICE						
10		21010101	LEGAL DEPARTMENT						
			SUBTOTAL				-		
		Sector:	SOCIAL SECTOR						
			SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT,						
11	11	21010101	EDUCATION, INFORMATION, SPORTS AND	576,023,711.40	=	576,023,711.40	570,751,263.65	5,272,447.75	
			CULTURE DEPARTMENT						
		21010101	DEPARTMENT OF PRIMARY	343,531,214.76	-	343,531,214.76	337,582,529.60	5,948,685.16	
			SUBTOTAL	919,554,926.16	_	919,554,926.16	908,333,793.25		
12	1		GRAND TOTAL	1,434,425,803.28	198.308.569.75	1,632,734,373.03	1,616,264,437.07		





(	CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUN	ID CHARGES – SALARIES	
DESCRIPTION	MONTHLY ESTIMATE	ANNUAL PAID	TOTAL
CHAIRMAN	5,264,275.56	26,321,377.80	26,321,377.80
CHAIRMAN'S AIDES	2,100,000.00	10,500,000.00	10,500,000.00
VICE CHAIRMAN	1,174,885.54	5,874,427.70	5,874,427.70
SECRETARY TO THE LG	434,552.99	2,172,764.95	2,172,764.95
LEGISLATORS	3,072,000.00	15,360,000.00	15,360,000.00
SUPERVISORS	1,780,000.00	8,900,000.00	8,900,000.00
TOTAL	13,825,714.09	69,128,570.45	69,128,570.45

#### **SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 4C**

PERSONNEL ANALYSIS

	PERSONNE	EL ANALYSIS		
		2023		2022
	ACTUAL	BUDGET	VARIANCE	ACTUAL
TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	882	0	0	0
TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES EMPLOYED IN 2023	-	0	0	0
TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES RETIRED DURING THE YEAR	25	0	0	0
TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES AT THE END OF THE YEAR 2023	857	0	0	0

### NOTE 5A

ANAYSIS OF EMPLOYEES SOCIAL BENEFITS

MONTHS	GRATUITY	PENSION	DEATH BENEFITS	TOTAL
JANUARY	-	21,726,062.64	-	21,726,062.64
FEBRUARY	-	21,450,778.44	-	21,450,778.44
MARCH	-	21,999,412.04	-	21,999,412.04
APRIL	-	21,436,434.07	•	21,436,434.07
MAY		21,325,258.55	-	21,325,258.55
JUNE	-	22,281,690.10	-	22,281,690.10
JULY	-	22,060,709.50	-	22,060,709.50
AUGUST		22,266,712.06	-	22,266,712.06
SEPTEMBER	-	22,416,102.73	-	22,416,102.73
OCTOBER	-	22,978,435.18	-	22,978,435.18
NOVEMBER	•	22,484,905.65	-	22,484,905.65
DECEMBER		23,503,729.11	-	23,503,729.11
GRAND TOTAL	-	265,930,230.07	=	265,930,230.07



MONTHS	TRAVEL& TRANSPORT - GENERAL	UTILITIES – GENERAL 220202	MATERIALS AND SUPPLY- GENERAL	MAINTENANCE SERVICES – GENERAL	FUEL AND LUBRICANT - GENERAL	FINANCIAL CHARGES - GENERAL	TOTAL
	220201	220202	220203	220204	220207	220209	
	N	N	N		N	N	N
JANUARY	9,724,000.00	5,830,000.00	4,200,000.00	3,550,000.00	47,073,087.41	1,691,307.41	72,068,394.82
FEBUARY	2,140,000.00	2,146,000.00	2,696,000.00	1,463,000.00	47,073,087.41	1,691,307.41	57,209,394.82
MARCH	1,000,000.00	3,770,000.00	8,450,000.00	500,000.00	47,073,087.41	1,691,307.41	62,484,394.82
APRIL	2,810,000.00	2,120,000.00	15,125,000.00	2,770,000.00	47,073,087.41	1,691,307.41	71,589,394.82
MAY	2,440,500.00	4,638,000.00	31,300,000.00	4,200,000.00	47,073,087.41	1,691,307.41	91,342,894.82
JUNE	1,000,000.00	1,915,000.00	10,700,000.00	500,000.00	47,073,087.41	1,691,307.41	62,879,394.82
JULY	13,350,000.00	1,100,000.00	6,000,000.00		47,073,087.41	1,691,307.41	69,214,394.82
AUGUST	3,680,000.00	-	2,113,000.00	8,200,000.00	47,073,087.41	1,691,307.41	62,757,394.82
SEPTEMBER	1,300,000.00	-			47,073,087.41	1,691,307.41	50,064,394.82
OCTOBER	650,000.00	-	51,545,118.07	7,200,000.00	47,073,087.41	1,691,307.41	108,159,512.89
NOVEMBER	1,100,000.00	-	7,222,343.15	650,000.00	47,073,087.41	1,691,307.41	57,736,737.97
DECEMBER	750,000.00	8,547,554.10	7,214,850.74	7,700,000.00	47,073,087.41	1,691,307.41	72,976,799.66
TOTAL	39,944,500.00	30,066,554.10	146,566,311.96	36,733,000.00	564,877,048.89	20,295,688.92	838,483,103.87

## SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 6B ANAYSIS OF OVERHEAD COST FOR THE YEAR 2023

S/NO	ADMIN	GRP	HEAD DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATE	SUPPLEMENTARY	TOTAL	ACTUAL	SAVINGS	EXCESS
	SECTOR		ADMINISTRATIVE						
1		1	OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN		33,550,000.00	33,550,000.00	33,539,324.15	10,675.85	_
2		_	VICE CHAIRMAN	-	26,000,000.00	26,000,000.00	25,154,493,12	845,506.88	-
3		_	SECRETARY TO THE LG	_	12,700,000,00	12,700,000.00	12,577,246,56	122,753,44	_
		1	LEGISLATORS		88,170,000.00	88,170,000.00	88,040,725.91	129,274.09	
		1	ADMINISTRATIVE DEPT	89,402,195.60	171,000,000.00	260,402,195.60	259,929,762.20	472,433.40	
			Sub Total	89,402,195.60	331,420,000.00	420,822,195.60	419,241,551.94		
	SECTOR		ECONOMIC	-			-	-	-
4		2	DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND SUPPLIES	40,760,878.24	1,200,000.00	41,960,878.24	41,924,155.19	36,723.05	-
5		2	DEPARTMENT OF BUDGET, PLANNING, RESEARCH AND STATISTICS	8,410,329.34	-	8,410,329.34	8,384,831.04	25,498.30	=
6		2	DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE & NATURAL RESOURCES	22,350,548.90	7,000,000.00	29,350,548.90	29,346,908.64	3,640.26	=
		2	WORKS, TRANSPORT, HOUSING, LANDS & SURVEY DEPARTMENT	218,505,489.00	-	218,505,489.00	218,005,607.00	499,882.00	=
			Sub Total	290,027,245.48	8,200,000.00	298,227,245.48	297,661,501.87		
	SECTOR		LAW & JUSTICE						
9		3	LEGAL DEPARTMENT	-			-	-	-
			Sub Total				-		
	SECTOR		SOCIAL	-			-	-	-
10		4	SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT, EDUCATION, INFORMATION, SPORTS AND CULTURE DEPARTMENT	13,940,219.56	19,600,000.00	33,540,219.56	33,539,324.15	895.41	-
11		4	DEPARTMENT OF PRIMARY HEALTH CARE	53,641,317.63	34,500,000.00	88,141,317.63	88,040,725.90	100,591.73	-
		-	Sub Total	67,581,537.19	54,100,000.00	121,681,537.19	121,580,050.05		
	GRAND TOTAL	- [		447,010,978.27	393,720,000.00	840,730,978.27	838,483,103.86	-	

### SUPPLEMENTAR NOTE 7A DEPRECIATION FOR ASSETS

BUILDING - GENERAL	INFRASTRUCTURE - GENERAL	PLANT & MACHINERY - GENERAL	TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT -	OFFICE EQUIPMENT		FURNITURE & FITTINGS - GENERAL	TOTAL
	240102	240103	240104	240105		240106	
				GENERAL	BOOKS		
	5%	10%	20%	25%	3%	20%	
.000.00	35,000,000.00	8,000,000.00	-	50,000,000.00		66,086,800.00	191,146,800.00
502.50	7,066,853.16		-	-	-	-	7,115,355.66
502.50	7,066,853.16	-	-	-	-	-	7,115,355.66
502.50	42,066,853.16	8,000,000.00	-	50,000,000.00	-	66,086,800.00	198,262,155.66

## SUPPLEMENTAR NOTE 7B DEPRECIATION FOR ASSETS ACQUIRED DURING THE YEAR 2023

		CLASS OF PPE				TOTAL
BUILDING	INFRASTRUCTURE	PLANTS & MACHINARY	TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT	OFFICE EQUIPMENT	FURNITURE AND FITTINGS	
	240102	240103	240104	240105	240106	
0.02/12	0.05/12	10%	20%	DEP, RATE 25%	DEP. RATE 20%	
•	151,250.00	-		-	-	151,250.00
-	545,366.67	-			-	545,366.67
333.33	588,875.00	-			-	622,208.33
	-	-			-	
502.50	743,701.55	-			-	747,204.05
	-	-	,	-	-	
-	-		-	-	-	
-	-	-	,	-	-	
-	-	-	,	-	-	
666.67	5,037,659.95		,	-	-	5,049,326.63
-	-		,	-	-	
-	-			-	-	
502.50	7,066,853.16			-	-	7,115,355.66

PRO RATED ACCORDING TO THE MONTH OF THE YEAR THE ASSETS VALUE IS CAPITALISED.

### SUPPLEMENTAR NOTE 8A TRANSFER TO OTHER GOVERNMENT ENTITIES

ECONOMIC CODE	DESCRIPTION	NOTES	2023			2022
			ACTUAL	BUDGET	VARIANCE	ACTUAL
	COMMON SERVICES	SEE SUPL. NOTE 14B	7,500,000.00	-		-
	TRAINING FUND		43,943,846.46			
	TOTAL		51,443,846.46	-	-	-

		SUPPLEMETARY	NOTE 8B						
ANALYSIS OF STATUTORY TRANSFERS									
MONTHS	TRAINING FUND	COMMON SERVICES	PENSION	TOTAL	TOTAL				
	N	N	W	N	×				
JANUARY	3,965,403.85	625,000.00		4,590,403.85					
FEBUARY	3,428,109.14	625,000.00		4,053,109.14					
MARCH	2,901,408.04	625,000.00		3,526,408.04					
APRIL	3,320,522.85	625,000.00		3,945,522.85					
MAY	3,154,322.69	625,000.00		3,779,322.69					
JUNE	3,362,078.57	625,000.00		3,987,078.57					
JULY	3,991,061.99	625,000.00		4,616,061.99					
AUGUST	4,051,572.99	625,000.00		4,676,572.99					
SEPTEMBE	3,763,380.82	625,000.00		4,388,380.82					
OCTOBER	3,768,779.93	625,000.00		4,393,779.93					
NOVEMBER	3,920,463.97	625,000.00		4,545,463.97					
DECEMBER	4,316,741.62	625,000.00		4,941,741.62					
TOTAL	43,943,846.46	7,500,000.00		- 51,443,846.46					

### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 9A CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

DESCRIPTION	REF. S. NOTE	2023	2022
CASH IN HAND		-	-
CASH AT BANK	16B	2,272,339.98	597,325.05
TOTAL		2,272,339.98	597,325.05

### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 9B CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

1		CASITAND CASITE QUIVALENTS									
			PREMIUM TRU	ST BANK							
	ACCESS BANK 0	710952231			ZENITH BANK 10104507	75	UBA ACCOUNT		UBA ACCOUNT IGR		
RECEIPTS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
OPENING BALANCE	67,739.15				942.74		106,665.49		421,977.67		597,325.05
JANUARY	410,720,411.45	361,369,824.22	-								
FEBRUARY	199,325,271.14	122,393,756.38									
MARCH	209,725,187.40	332,881,137.58									
APRIL	243,418,131.58	173,544,303.87									
MAY	20,578,874.19	88,993,216.80	66,991,113.88	66,927,966.52	84,078,735.97	76,174,593.05					
JUNE	171,300,842.34	175,653,319.94				7,902,824.25					
JULY	72,481,384.62	72,513,914.65			35,781,600.00	35,780,165.75					
AUGUST	112,372,664.29	107,437,059.97			28,458,488.29	27,000,696.45					
SEPTEMBER	107,588,032.30	52,651,135.90			17,181,714.09					-	
OCTOBER	5,590,271.10	65,023,686.83			1,261,492,148.78	934,953,525.75				-	
NOVEMBER					98,360,656.86	442,520,413.60					
DECEMBER					280,517,546.27	280,566,518.11				-	
TOTAL	1,553,168,809.56	1,552,461,356.14	66,991,113.88	66,927,966.52	1,805,871,833.00	1,804,898,736.96	106,665.49		421,977.67		
CLOSING BALANCE		707,453.42		63,147.36	·	973,096.04		106,665.49		421,977.67	2,272,339.98





#### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 10A PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	BUILDING – GENERAL	INFRASTRUCTURE - GENERAL	PLANT & MACHINERY - GENERAL	TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT - GENERAL	OFFICE EQUIPMENT - GENERAL	FURNITURE AND FITTINGS	TOTAL
	320101	320102	320103	320104	320105	320106	
CARYING AMOUNT 01/01/2023	1,603,000,000.00	700,000,000.00	80,000,000.00	-	200,000,000.00	330,434,000.00	2,913,434,000.00
ADD ASSET DURING THE YEAR (SEE - SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE	29,101,500.00	1,696,044,759.00		-			1,725,146,259.00
TOTAL ASSETS	1,632,101,500.00	2,396,044,759.00	80,000,000.00	-	200,000,000.00	330,434,000.00	4,638,580,259.00
LESS DEPRECIATION	32,108,502.50	42,066,853.16	8,000,000.00	-	50,000,000.00	66,086,800.00	198,262,155.66
CARRYING AMOUN 31/12/2023	1,599,992,997.50	2,353,977,905.84	72,000,000.00	-	150,000,000.00	264,347,200.00	4,440,318,103.34

			SUPPLEMENTARY N	IOTE 10B				
	PURC	HASES/CONSTRUCTIO	N OF PROPERTY PLANT AN	D EQUIPMENT (PPE)	<b>DURING THE YEAR 202</b> :	3		
	CLASS OF PPE							
MONTHS	BUILDING	INFRASTRUCTURE	PLANTS & EQUIPMENTS	TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT	OFFICE EQUIPMENT	FURNITURE AND FITTINGS		
JANUARY	-	36,300,000.00	-		-	-	36,300,000.00	
FEBRUARY	-	130,888,000.00	-			-	130,888,000.00	
MARCH	20,000,000.00	141,330,000.00	-			-	161,330,000.00	
APRIL	-	-	-		-	-	-	
MAY	2,101,500.00	178,488,372.00	-			-	180,589,872.00	
JUNE	-		-		-	-		
JULY	-	-	-		-	-	-	
AUGUST	-	-	-		-	-	-	
SEPTEMBER	-	-	-			-	-	
OCTOBER	7,000,000.00	1,209,038,387.00				-	1,216,038,387.00	
NOVEMBE	-	-	-			-	-	
DECEMBER	-	-	-			-		
GRAND TOTAL	29,101,500.00	1,696,044,759.00				-	1,725,146,259.00	

			SUPPLEMENTARY N	OTE 10C			
		AN	ALYSIS OF PROPERTY PLAN	T AND EQUIPMENT			
DETAILS			CLASS OF PPI				TOTAL
	LAND & BUILDING – SEE Supplementary Note 20D	INFRASTRUCTURE	PLANTS & EQUIPMENTS	TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT	OFFICE EQUIPMENT (- SEE SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 20D)	FURNITURE AND FITTINGS	
LEGACY ASSETS	1,603,000,000.00	700,000,000.00	80,000,000.00	-	200,000,000.00	330,434,000.00	2,913,434,000.00
ASSETS FOR THE YEAR	29,101,500.00	1,696,044,759.00		=			1,725,146,259.00
SUBTOTAL (A)	1,632,101,500.00	2,396,044,759.00	80,000,000.00	-	200,000,000.00	330,434,000.00	4,638,580,259.00
DEP. RATE	2%	5%	10%	20%	25%	20%	
DEP. LEGACY ASSETS	32,060,000.00	35,000,000.00	8,000,000.00	-	-	-	75,060,000.00
DEP. ASSETS DURING YEAR	48,502.50	7,066,853.16	-	-	-	-	7,115,355.66
TOTAL DEPRECIATION (B)	32,108,502.50	42,066,853.16	8,000,000.00	-	50,000,000.00	66,086,800.00	198,262,155.66
NET BOOK VALUE (A - B)	1,599,992,997.50	2,353,977,905.84	72,000,000.00	-	150,000,000.00	264,347,200.00	4,440,318,103.34
THE LEGACY ASSETS	VALUE WERE THE FAIR VALUE	OF PPE AS AT 01/01/20	23				





#### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 10D

#### ANALYSIS OF PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

DETAILS			CLASS OF PPE					
		LAND & BUILDING			OFFICE EQUIPMENT			
	LAND	BUILDING	TOTAL LAND AND BUILDING	воокѕ	OTHER EQUIPMENTS	TOTAL OFFICE EQUIPMENT		
LEGACY ASSETS		1,603,000,000.00	1,603,000,000.00	-	200,000,000.00	200,000,000.00		
ASSETS DURING THE YEAR		- 29,101,500.00	29,101,500.00	-	-			
SUBTOTAL (A)	,	1,632,101,500.00	1,632,101,500.00	-	200,000,000.00	200,000,000.00		
DEP. RATE	,	- 2%		3%	25%			
DEP.LEGACY ASSETS	;	32,060,000.00	32,060,000.00	-	50,000,000.00	50,000,000.00		
ASSETS DURING YEAR		48,502.50	48,502.50	-	-			
TOTAL DEPRECIATION (B)		- 32,108,502.50	32,108,502.50	-	50,000,000.00	50,000,000.00		
NET BOOK VALUE A÷B	-	1,599,992,997.50	1,599,992,997.50	=	150,000,000.00	150,000,000.00		

#### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 11A

#### BORROWINGS (LONG TERM LOANS) AS AT 31ST DECEMBER, 2023.

S/NO	INSITUTIONS	BAL B/FWD (PRINCIPAL)	CURRENT YEAR PORTION	PRINCIPAL REPMT	INTEREST & OTHER FEES	TOTAL REPAYMENT	BAL OUTSTANDING
	EXTERNAL LOANS		_				
^	(SEE - SUPPL. NOTE 225A)	•	•	-	-	-	_
	DOMESTIC LOANS	26,636,046,42		0.070.000.00	3,836,844,26	12,209,232,52	14,426,813.90
	(SEE - SUPPL. NOTE 22B	•	8,372,388.26	3,030,044.20	12,209,232.52	14,426,613.90	
	SUBTOTAL	26,636,046.42	-	8,372,388.26	3,836,844.26	12,209,232.52	14,426,813.90

#### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 11B LONG TERM BORROWINGS

#### (INTERNAL LOANS )AS AT 31 ST DECEMBER, 2023

S/NO	INSITUTIONS	BAL B/FWD (PRINCIPAL)	CURRENT YEAR PORTION	PRINCIPAL REPMT	INTEREST & OTHER FEES	TOTAL REPAYMENT	BAL OUTSTANDING
1	LGA SALARY BALLOUT	26,636,046.42	•	8,372,388.26	3,836,844.26	12,209,232.52	14,426,813.90
	TOTAL DOMESTIC	26,636,046.42	•	8,372,388.26	3,836,844.26	12,209,232.52	14,426,813.90

#### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 12A

#### ANALYSIS OF TRANSITIONAL RESERVES

YEAR	CASH AND CASH EOUIVALENT 2022	LEGACY ASSETS CAPITALISED	LIABILITIES OVER ASSETS 2022	TOTAL
	EQUITALENT ZUZZ	OAITALIOLD	100	
1/1/2023	597,325.05	2,913,434,000.00	(26,636,046.42)	2,887,395,278.63

#### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 13A

#### SURPLUS/ DEFICIT

SORFEOS/ DETICIT						
YEAR				DEFICT	SURPLUS	
				DR	CR	
				N	₩	
2023					1,540,768,350.79	
TOTAL				-	-	

## SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 14A ANALYSIS OF PURCHASE/ CONTRUCTION OF PPE DURING THE YEAR 2023

S/NO	ADMIN	GRP	HEAD DESCRIPTION	BUDGET	ACTUAL	SAVINGS	EXCESS	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	EXCESS	SAVINGS
	SECTOR		ADMINISTRATIVE								
1	11100100100	1	OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN	-	-	-	_	-	_	_	-
2	11100100200	1	VICE CHAIRMAN	-	_	=		_	_		_
3	11100200100	1	SECRETARY TO THE LG	-		-	_	_	_	_	-
		1	LEGISLATORS								
		1	ADMINISTRATIVE DEPT	150,000,000.00	29,101,500.00	120,898,500.00		120,898,500.00	=	-	120,898,500.00
	SECTOR		ECONOMIC	-	_	-		_			_
4	11100200400	2	DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND SUPPLIES	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	11100200500	2	DEPARTMENT OF BUDGET, PLANNING, RESEARCH AND STATISTICS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	11100200600	2	DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE & NATURAL RESOURCES	-		-	-				
		2	WORKS, TRANSPORT, HOUSING, LANDS & SURVEY DEPARTMENT	2,302,000,000.00	1,696,044,759.00	605,955,241.00	-	605,955,241.00	-	-	605,955,241.00
	SECTOR		LAW & JUSTICE					_	_	-	_
9	11100201000	3	LEGAL DEPARTMENT	-		-	_			-	_
	SECTOR		SOCIAL	-	_	-	_				
10		4	SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT, EDUCATION, INFORMATION, SPORTS AND CULTURE DEPARTMENT	1	-	-	-	-	,	-	-
11		4	DEPARTMENT OF PRIMARY HEALTH CARE	-	=	-	-				
	GRAND TOTAL			2,452,000,000.00	1,725,146,259.00	726,853,741.00					





		SO	UTHERN IJAW LO	CAL GOVERNMENT	AREA			
	2022				2023			
		Recurrent	Capital			Recurrent	Capital	
SECTOR	Final Budget	Expenditure	Expenditure	Total Expenditure	Final Budget	Expenditure	Expenditure	Total Expenditure
ADMINISTRATION SECTOR								
OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN								
Chairman	116,870,005.20	120,000,000.00	-	120,000,000.00	17,571,377.80	52,756,866.79	-	52,756,866.79
Vice- Chairman		85,000,000.00		85,000,000.00	4,874,427.00	32,309,916.69	-	32,309,916.69
Internal Audit				-			-	-
Adviser/Assistant to the Chairman/								-
Vice Chairman			-	-	8,900,000.00		-	
LOCAL GOVERNMENT COUNCIL			-	-			-	-
The Council	84,096,000.00	458,500,000.00	1	458,500,000.00			-	-
Assistants/Aides/Advisers	-		-	-	21,760,000.00	400,690,230.07	-	400,690,230.07
Council Committees	-	-	1	-	8,550,000.00		-	-
Office of the House Leader	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Office of the Deputy Leader	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Office of the Majority Leader	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Office of the Deputy Majority Leader		-		_	-		-	-
Office of the Chief Whip	-	46,995,007.01	-	-	-	-	-	-
Office of the Deputy Chief Whip	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Clerk to the House	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OFFICE OF THE HEAD OF LOCAL								-
GOVERNMENT SERVICE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Office of the Head of Local Government Service	-	-	-	-	-	84,374,019.42	-	84,374,019.42
ADMINISTRATION & GENERAL SERVICES		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Administration and General Services	-	359,800,000.00	190,190,146.11	549,990,146.11	-	432,238,418.72	29,101,500.00	461,339,918.72





SECRETARY TO THE LOCAL	Г		1			ı	Γ	
GOVERNMENT			•	•	•			•
Secretary to the Local Government	5,214,635.88	125,000,000.00		125,000,000.00	-	78,608,253.94		78,608,253.94
ECONOMIC SECTOR	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE &	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
NATURAL RESOURCES								
Department of Agriculture &	33,312,627.00	85,000,000.00	268,435,853.56	353,435,853.56	45,809,890.68	163,549,610.50	-	163,549,610.50
Natural Resources								
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND			-	-			-	-
SUPPLIES								
Department of Finance and	260,120,434.28	287,627,773.77	-	287,627,773.77	64,198,445.72	261,250,853.41	-	261,250,853.41
Supplies								
DEPARTMENT OF WORKS,			-		-	-	-	-
TRANSPORT, HOUSING, LANDS &								
SURVEY								
Department of Works, Transport,	43,845,993.12	520,000,000.00	342,380,581.40	862,380,581.40	59,594,910.60	142,804,406.16	878,902,759.00	1,021,707,165.16
Housing, Lands & Survey								
DEPARTMENT OF BUDGET,			-					-
PLANNING, RESEARCH &								
STATISTICS (BPRS)								
Department of Budget, Planning,	5,979,115.84	80,000,000.00		80,000,000.00	7,144,468.44	133,134,070.94		133,134,070.94
Research & Statistics ( BPRS)								
WATER, SANITATION & HYGIENE	-	-	-			-	-	-
(WASH)								
	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Water, Sanitation & Hygiene (WASH)								
SOCIAL SECTOR	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
WOMEN DEVELOPMENT OFFICE	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Women Development Office	-	-	-		•	-	-	
DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL	-	-	-			=	=	-
DEVELOPMENT								
Department of social Development	1,033,536.68	950,000.00		950,000.00	1,206,119.64	217,069,827.04	817,142,000.00	1,034,211,827.04
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION	-	-	-		•	-	-	-
Department of Education	729,449,082.60	747,388,039.79	-	747,388,039.79	551,723,711.40	773,335,143.82	-	773,335,143.82
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH	-	-	-		-	-	-	
Department of Primary Health Care		-	-		517,024,761.74	-	-	-
TOTAL	1,279,921,430.60	2,916,260,820.57	801,006,581.07	3,717,267,401.64	1,308,358,113.02	2,772,121,617.47	1,725,146,259.00	4,497,267,876.47

SOUTHERN IJAW LOCAL GOVERNMENT  OFFICE: Southern Ijaw, Local Gov. Headquarters, Oporoma, Bayelsa State. 8 <sup>th</sup> May, 2024  Oute:  Oute:
STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES  (IPSAS ACCRUAL)  ISSUED BY
OFFICE OF THE ACCOUNTANT – GENERAL  BAYELSA STATE OF NIGERIA  2023

#### Introduction

In line with the adoption of the International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS) in Nigeria, a Standardised Chart of Account (COA) alongside with a set of General-Purpose Financial Statements (GPFS) have been designed and introduced by Federation Accounts Allocation Committee (FAAC) for adoption by all tiers of Government in Nigeria.

The standardised COA and the GPFS have been adopted by Southern Ijaw Local Government Council to comply with FAAC directive in order to harmonise public sector accounts reporting in Nigeria.

In order to ensure an effective and efficient utilisation of the COA and GPFS, the Accounting Policies have been developed as a set of guidelines to direct the Processes and Procedures relating to financial reporting in Bayelsa State. These policies shall form part of the universally agreed framework for financial reporting in Bayelsa State.

#### **IPSAS ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING**

The GPFS are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS) and other applicable standards as defined by the Fiscal Responsibility Law (FRL) and the Financial Reporting Council of Nigeria. In addition, GPFS are in compliance with the provisions of other financial regulations of the State.

This Accounting Policy addresses the following fundamental accounting issues:

- Definition of Accounting Terminologies
- Recognition of Accounting Items
- Measurement of Accounting Items
- Treatment of Accounting items

The Accounting Policy is subject to periodic reviews and updates as shall be deemed necessary by the Accountant-General of Bayelsa State.

#### Accounting Terminologies / Definitions

- Accounting policies are the specific principles, bases, conventions, rules and practices adopted by the Bayelsa State Government in preparing and presenting Financial Statements.
- Accrual basis means a basis of accounting that recognizes transactions and other events immediately when revenue is earned or expenses incurred.
- Cash: Cash comprises cash in hand, demand deposits in financial institutions and cash equivalents.
- **Cash equivalents** are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.
- Cash flows are inflows and outflows of cash. Cash flows exclude movements between items that constitute cash as these components are part of the cash management of the government rather than increases or decreases in the cash position controlled by government.
- Cash receipts are cash inflows.
- Cash payments are cash outflows.
- Cash Controlled by Bayelsa State Government: Cash is deemed to be controlled by Bayelsa State
  Government when the government can freely use the available cash for the achievement of its
  objectives or enjoy benefit from the cash, and can also exclude or regulate the access of others to that
  benefit. Cash collected by, or appropriated or granted to the government which the government can
  freely use to fund its operating objectives, such as acquiring of capital assets or repaying its debt is
  controlled by the government.
- **Government Business Enterprise** means a ministry, department or agency that has all the following characteristics:
  - Is an entity with the power to contract in its own name;
  - Has been assigned the financial and operational authority to carry on a Business;
  - Sells goods and services, in the normal course of its business, to other MDAs and the general public at a profit or full cost recovery;
  - Is not reliant on continuing government funding or subvention to remain a going concern (other than purchases of outputs at arm's length); and
  - Is controlled by a public sector management or the government.

#### Notes to the GPFS

- This shall include narrative descriptions or more detailed schedules or analyses of amounts shown on the face of the GPFS, as well as additional information
- Notes shall be presented in a systematic manner. The items in the Statements should cross reference to any related information in the notes.

#### Fundamental Accounting Concepts

The following fundamental accounting concepts are taken as the basis of preparation of all accounts and reporting in Bayelsa State:

- Accrual Basis of Accounting;
- Under-stability;
- Materiality,
- Relevance;
- Going Concern Concept;
- Consistency Concept
- Prudence
- · Completeness, etc.

#### Accounting Period

The accounting year (fiscal year) is from 1st January to 31st December in line with the National Treasury Circular Ref. OAGF/CAD/026/V.1/102 of 30th December, 2013. Each accounting year is divided Into 12 calendar months (periods) and shall be set up as such in the accounting system.

#### Reporting Currency

The General Purpose Financial Statements are prepared in Nigerian Naira.

#### General Purpose Financial Statements (GPFS)

The GPFS comprise of the followings:

- Statement of Financial Performance;
- Statement of Financial Position;
- Statement of Cashflow;
- Statement of Net Asset/Equity;
- Notes to the Accounts: Additional disclosures to explain the GPFS; and

#### **Consolidation Policy**





- The Consolidation of the GPFS is based on Accrual Basis of Accounting
- All Ministries, Department and Agencies (MDAs) of Bayelsa State Government except Government Business Enterprises (GBEs) shall be consolidated.
- Consolidation of the GPFS shall be in agreement with the provisions of IPSAS

7.

#### Notes to the GPFS

- Notes to the GPFS shall be presented in a systematic manner. The items in the Statement should cross reference to any related information in the Notes.
- It shall follow the format provided in the Accounting Manual.

#### 8. Comparative Information

• The General Purpose Financial Statements shall disclose all numerical information relating to previous period (at least one year).

#### 9. **Budget Figures**

• These are figures from the approved annual budget and supplementary budget as approved in accordance with the Appropriation Law of Bayelsa State.

#### 10. Revenue:

#### Fees, taxes and fines

- In this GPFS revenue is recognizes from non-exchange transactions such as fees, taxes and fines when the event occurs and the assets recognition criteria are met.
- Other non-exchange revenues are recognized when it is probable that the future economic benefits or service potential associated with the asset will flow to the government and the fair value of the asset will flow to the government and fair value of the asset can be measured reliably.

#### Other operating revenues

- Other operating revenues arises from exchange transactions in the ordinary course of Government activities.
- Revenues comprise the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of good and services in the ordinary course of government activities.
- Revenue is shown net of tax, returns, rebates and discounts.





#### Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognized when the significant risks and rewards of ownership has been transferred to buyer, usually when goods are delivered.

#### Other revenue

• Other revenue consists of gains on disposal of property, plant and equipment.

Any gain on disposal is recognized at the date control of the asset is passed to the buyer and is determined after deducting from the proceeds the carrying value of the asset at that time.

#### 11. Aid and Grants:

 Aid and Grants to the Bayelsa State Government is recognized as income on entitlement, while aid and grants to other governments/agencies are recpgnized as expenditure on commitment.

#### 12. Subsidies, Donations and Endowments

• Subsidies, Donations and endowments to the Government are recognized as income when money is received, or entitlement to receive money is established, except where fulfillment of any restrictions attached to these monies is not probable.

#### 13. Transfers from other government entities

Revenues from non-exchange transactions with other government entities are measured at fair value
and recognized on receipt of the asset (cash,goods,services and property) if it is free from conditions
and it is probable that the economic benefits or service potential related to the asset will flow to the
government and can be measured.

#### 14. Expenses

• All expenses shall be reported on an accrual basis, i.e. all expenses are to be recognized in the period they are incurred or when the rlated services are enjoyed, irrespective of when the payment is made.

#### 15. Employee Benefits/Pension obligations:

Under the Defined Benefits Scheme.

Provision has been made, where applicable, using an actuarial valuation determines the extent of
anticipated entitlement payable under employment contracts and brings to account a liability using the
present value measurement basis, which discounts expected future cash flows.





To the extend that it is anticipated that the liability will arise during the following year the entitlement
are recorded as Current Liabilities. The remainder of the anticipated entitlements are records as NonCurrent Liabilities.

#### Under the Defined Contribution Scheme

- Public entities make pension and national insurance contributions on behalf of employees in line with Pension Act 2014. The contributions are treated as payments to a defined contribution pension plan.
- A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fund managed by Pension Fund Administrators(PFAs)
- The Government has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if the pension Entity does not hold sufficient assets in the current and prior periods.
- The contributions are recognized as employee benefit expense when they are due.
- Prepaid contributions are recognized as an assets to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

#### 16. Interest on Loans:

- Interest on loans shall be treated as expenditure or as a charge in the financial performance report (Statement of Financial Performance)
- Interest expense is accrued using the effective interest rate method.
- The effective interest rate exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through there expected life of the financial liability to that liability's net carrying amount.
- The method applies this rate to the principal outstanding to determine interest expense in each period.

#### 17. Foreign currency transactions:

- Foreign Currency Transactions throughout the year shall be converted into Nigerian Naira at the ruling (Central Bank of Nigeria –CBN) rate of exchange at the dates of the transactions. Foreign currency balances, as at the year end, shall be translated at the exchange rates prevailing on that date.
- At the end of the financial year, additional amounts (in cash or at bank) arising out of Foreign Exchange
  Gains/Losses shall be recognised in the Statement of Cash Receipts and Payments either as Receipts /
  Payments respectively.
- Foreign exchange gains/losses are recognized in the Statement of Financial Performance.

#### 18. Minority Interest

• This represents the interest of external parties during the year under review.





#### 19. Statement of Cash Flow

This statement shall be prepared using the direct method. The Cash Flow Statement shall consists of three (3) sections:

- Operating activities section include cash received from all income sources of the government and record the cash payments made for the supply of goods and services
- Investing activities section are those activities relating to the acquisition and disposal of non-current assets.
- Financial activities section comprise the change in equity and debt capital structure of the government.

#### 20. Cash & Cash Equivalent

- Cash and Cash Equivalent means cash balances on hand, held in bank accounts, demasnd deposits and other highly liquid investments with an original maturity of 6 months or less in which the Entity invests as part of its day-t0-day cash management and are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.
- Cash and Cash Equivalent is reported under Current Assets in the statement of financial position.

#### 21. Accounts Receivable:

- a. Receivables from exchange transaction
- Receivables from exchange transactions are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment.
- A provision for impairment of receivables is established when there is objective evidence that entity will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables

#### b. Receivables from non-exchange transactions

- Receivables from non-exchange transactions comprises; fees, taxes and fines (and any penalties
  associated with these activities) as well as social benefit receivables that do not arise out of a
  contract.
- These receivables are initially assessed at nominal amount or face value; that is, the receivable reflect the amount of tax owed, levy, fine charged or social benefit debt payable.
- These receivables are subsequently adjusted for penalties as they are charged and tested for impairment.
- Interest and penalties charged on tax receivables are presented as tax revenue in the statement of financial performance.

#### 22. Prepayments.





- Prepaid expenses are amounts paid in advance of receipt of goods or services.
- They can represent payments made early in the year for benefits to be received over the latter part of the year, or payments made in one year for benefits to be received in subsequent years.
- Prepayments for which the benefits are to be derived in the following 12 months should be classified
  as Current Assets. Where the benefits are expected to accrue beyond the next 12 months, it should
  be accounted for as a Long-Term Prepayment and classified as Non-Current Assets.
- Prepayments that are identifiable with specific future revenue or event, e.g. adverts, should be
  expensed in the period in which the related event takes place; those that relate to specific time
  periods, e.g. insurance, rent, leasehold premises, should be recognised as an expense in such periods.
- Prepayments not exceeding e.g. N10, 000 shall be expensed immediately, except there is a possibility
  of obtaining a refund or credit within the same financial year.

#### 23. Inventories:

- Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.
- Cost is determined using the FIFO method.
- Inventories held for distribution for public benefit purposes are recorded at cost, adjusted where applicable for any loss of services potential.
- Inventories are reported under Current Assets in the Statement of Financial Position.

#### 24. Loans Granted

Loans Granted are shown at estimated realisable value after providing for bad, doubtful debts and impairments.

#### 25. Investments:

Investments in associates.

- An Entity's investments in its associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting.
- An associate is an Entity over which Entity has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture.
- Under the equity method, investments in associates are carried in the statement of financial position
  at cost plus post acquisition changes in Entity's share of net assets of the associate. d. The statement
  of financial performance reflects the share of the results of operations of the associates.
- Where there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the associate, Entity recognises its share of any changes and discloses this, when applicable, in the statement of changes in net assets/equity.





 Surpluses and deficits resulting from transactions between the Government and the associate are eliminated to the extent of the interest in the associate.

#### Investments in joint ventures.

- A Public Entity's investments in its joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method of accounting.
- A joint venture is a contractual arrangement whereby two or more parties undertake an economic activity that is subject to joint control.
- Under the equity method, investments in joint ventures are carried in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost plus post acquisition charges in Entity's share of net assets of the joint venture.
- The statement of financial performance reflects the share of the results of operations of the joint venture.
- Where there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the joint venture, an Entity should recognise its share of any changes and discloses this, when applicable, in the statement of changes in net assets/equity.
- Surpluses and deficits resulting from transactions between Public Entity and Joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the interest in the joint venture.

#### Investment in Controlled entities (subsidiaries)

- The controlled entities are all entities (including special purpose entities) over which a Public Entity or its entities has the power to govern the financial and operating policies generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights.
- The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether Public Entity controls another Entity.
- The controlled entities are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Public Entity. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.
- Inter-group transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between inter-group transactions are eliminated, unrealised losses are also eliminated.
- Accounting policies of controlled entities are consistent with the policies adopted by the Public Entity.





#### Impairment of Investments.

Entity determines at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that the investment is impaired, if this is the case Entity calculates the amount of impairment as being the difference between the recoverable value of the investment and the carrying value and recognises the amount in the statement of financial performance.

#### 26. Available for sale securities

- Where and Entity uses its surplus cash to purchase short-term investments, the financial assets are classified at initial recognition as available-for-sale.
- Available-for-sale financial assets are included in non-current assets unless Entity intends to dispose
  of the investment within 12 months of the reporting date.
- Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized at fair value on the trade-date (the date
  on which Entity commits to purchase or sell the asset) and subsequently at fair value with any
  resultant fair value gains or losses recognised in the statement of Net Assets/Equity.
- Realized gains and losses on sale of available-for-sale securities are recognized in the consolidated statement of financial performance as 'gains and losses from available-for-sale securities.'
- Impairment losses and interest on available-for-sale securities is calculated using the effective interest method and is recognized in the consolidated statement of financial performance as part of other income.
- The fair values of quoted investments are based on current bid prices. If the market for a financial asset is not active, the entity shall establish fair value using valuation techniques. These include: i. the use of recent arm's length transactions, ii. reference to other instruments that are substantially the same iii. discounted cash flow analysis iv. and option pricing models v. making maximum use of market inputs and relying as little as possible on entity-specific inputs.
- Entities shall ascertain at the date of preparation of each statement of financial report whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired.
- In the case of equity securities classified as available for sale, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the security below its cost is considered as an indicator that the securities are impaired.
- If any such evidence exists for available-for-sale financial assets, the cumulative loss measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognized is recognized in the statement of financial performance.





#### 27. Property, Plant & Equipment (PPE)

- All property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any
  impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition
  of the items.
- Where an asset (other than land) is acquired in a non-exchange transaction for nil or nominal consideration the asset is initially recognised at fair value, where fair value can be reliably determined and as income in the statement of financial performance (unless there are restrictions on the asset's use in which case income is deferred).
- All land held by Government owned entities is not included in the Entity's financial statements unless that land is to be used for development purposes.
- The following shall constitute expenditure on PPE: i. Amounts incurred on the purchase of such assets. Consumables are to be wholly expensed irrespective of their amounts. ii. Construction Costincluding materials, labour and overheads. iii. Improvements to existing PPE, which significantly enhance their useful life.

#### Cost

The cost of an item of PPE shall comprise: its purchase price, including import and non-recurring costs and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its location and working condition for its intended use. Any trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price. a. PPE shall be stated at cost or at their professional valuation less accumulated depreciation and impairment. b. The amount recorded for a PPE shall include all costs directly related to its acquisition including expenditures incurred to place the asset in usable condition for the Service. Accordingly, the cost of the assets shall include acquisition or construction costs, custom duties, transportation charges, professional fees and installation costs. Cash discounts shall be netted against the cost of the assets.

#### Capitalisation

• The capitalisation threshold shall be N250,000.00(Two hundred and fifty thousand naira only).





- Only amounts spent in connection with the above and whose values exceed (Two hundred and fifty thousand naira) N250, 000 shall be capitalised.
- All assets equal to or above this amount shall be recorded in the Fixed Assets Register. However in certain cases, it may be appropriate to aggregate individually insignificant value items such as chairs and tables, printers and UPS, etc. and apply the capitalisation threshold to the aggregate value.
- Fixed assets whose costs are below the capitalization threshold shall be charged appropriately to the
  following accounts: office supplies furniture, office supplies IT equipment, office supplies –
  household equipments, etc.
- Where an asset's category already exists for a newly acquired asset below the capitalisation threshold, such an asset shall be capitalised irrespective of its cost and recorded in the fixed assets register under the appropriate category

#### Depreciation

The cost of PPE shall be written off, from the time they are brought into use, on a straight line basis over their expected useful lives less any estimated residual value as follows:

a. Lease Properties Over the term of the lease

b. Buildings 2%

c. Plant and Machinery 10%

d. Motor Vehicles: 20%

e. Office Equipment: 25%

f. IT Equipment: 25%

g. Furniture and Fittings: 20%

h. Infrastructure 5%

i. Books 3%

- j. Specific cultural and heritage assets Unlimited
- The full depreciation charge shall be applied to PPE in the months of acquisition and disposal,
   regardless of the day of the month the transactions was carried out.





- Fully depreciated assets that are still in use are carried in the books at a net book value of N10.00
- An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount or recoverable service amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount or recoverable service amount

#### Revaluation

- a. The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period
- b. Surplus arising from the revaluation shall be transferred to the revaluation reserve in the financial position under reserves and to the statement of changes in net assets/equity.
- c. In case of revaluation deficit, it shall be set against the respective asset value and the corresponding entry to either the revaluation reserve if surplus exists on the same class of asset, or to the statement of financial performance as an expense.

#### Disposal

Gains or losses on the disposal of fixed assets are to be included in the income statement as either an income or expense respectively.

#### Impairment

Entities shall test for impairments of its PPE where it suspects that impairment has occurred.

#### 28. Investment Property

These are cash-generating property owned by the Government/ its entities. The cost, capitalisation, depreciation and impairment of Investment Property are same with PPE, but shall be reported separately in the GPFS.

29. Intangible Assets





- a. These shall consist of assets that are not physically tangible which have been acquired and held for use from which benefits are derivable beyond a financial year.
- b. The cost of an item of intangible asset shall comprise: its purchase price, including non-recurring costs and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its state of intended use. Any trade discounts and rebates shall be deducted in arriving at the purchase price.
- c. Intangible assets are tested for impairment and amortised over the estimated useful life using the straight line method on an annual basis.
- d. Classes of Intangible Assets and their estimated useful lifes are as follows:

i. Softwares acquired externally 3 years

ii. Goodwill 4 years

iii. Copyrights 4 years

iv. Trademarks 4 years

v. Other Intangible assets 4

#### 30. Deposits

- a. Deposits are amounts received in advance in respect of goods or services provided.
- b. Deposits can represent payments received early in the year for goods/services to be offered over the latter part of the year, or payments received in one year for services to be offered in subsequent years. Deposits for which the services are to be offered in the following 12 months shall be classified as Current Liabilities. Where the services are expected to span beyond the next 12 months, it shall be accounted for as a Non-Current Deposits and classified as Non-Current Liabilities.

#### 31. Loans& Debts

- a. Loans are funds received to be paid back at an agreed period of time. They are classified under liability in the General Purpose Financial Statement and are categorised as either short or long term.
- b. Short-term loans and debts are those repayable within one calendar year, while long-terms loans and debts shall fall due beyond one calendar year.





32.	Unremitted Deductions
	a. Unremmitted Deductions are monies owed to third parties such as tax authorities, schemes and associations and other government agencies. These include: tax deductions and other deductions at source.
	b. These amounts shall be stated in the GPFS at their repayment value, which shall be treated as Current Liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position.
33.	Payables
	Payables are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.
	Accrued Expenses
	a. These are monies payable to third parties in respect of goods and services received.
	b. Accrued Expenses for which payment is due in the next 12 months shall be classified as Current Liabilities. Where the payments are due beyond the next 12 months, it shall be accounted for as Non-
	Current Liabilities.
34.	Current Portion of Borrowings
	This is the portion of the long-term loan/ borrow that is due for repayment within the next 12 months.
	This portion of the borrowings shall be classified under Current Liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position.
35.	Public Funds
	a. These are balances of Government funds at the end of the financial year.
	b. They are classified under the Non-Current Liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position and include:
	Trust Funds, Revolving Funds and other Funds created by Government.
36.	Reserves



37.

# REPORT OF THE AUDITOR-GENERAL FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENTS ON THE ACCOUNTS OF SOUTHERN IJAW LOCAL GOVERNMENT COUNCIL FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 2023



Reserves are classified under equity in the Statement of Financial Position and include: Statem	ent of
Financial Performance Surpluses/ (Deficit) and the Revaluation Reserve	
, ,, ,	
Contingent Liability	

- a. A contingent liability is a possible obligation arising from past events whose existence will be confirmed only by uncertain future event(s) or present obligation arising from past events that are not
  - recognised because either an outflow of economic benefit is not probable or the amount of the obligation cannot be reliably measured.
  - b. Contingent liabilities shall only be disclosed in the Notes to the GPFS.

#### 38. Leases:

#### Finance leases

- a. These are leases which effectively transfer to the lessee Entity substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to ownership of the leased item.
- b. They are capitalised at the present value of the minimum lease payment.
- c. The leased assets and corresponding liabilities are disclosed while the leased assets are depreciated over the period the Entity is expected to benefit from their use.

#### Operating Leases

- a. Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases.
- b. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the statement of financial performance on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

#### 39. Financial Instruments

a. These form part of the Government's everyday operations. These financial instruments include Bank Accounts, Short Term Deposits, Trade and Accounts Receivable, Trade and Accounts Payable and Term Borrowings, all of which are recognised in the Statement of Financial Position.





	b. Revenue and expenses in relation to all financial instruments are recognised in the Statement of
	Financial Performance
40.	Borrowings
	a. Borrowings are recognized initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred.
	b. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortized cost; any difference between the proceeds (net o
	transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognized in the consolidated statement of financia
	performance over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.
	c. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognized as transaction costs of the loan. The
	fee is capitalized and amortized over the period of the facility to which it relates.
	d. Borrowings falling due within 12 months are classified as current liabilities while borrowings falling
	due more than 12 months are classified as long term borrowings.
	e. Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a
	qualifying asset are capitalized and included in the cost of that asset.
	f. A qualifying asset is an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its
	intended use or sale.
	g. All other borrowing costs are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.
41.	Transfers to other government entities.
	Transfers to other government entities are non-exchange items and are recognized as expenses in
	the statement of financial performance.
42.	Service Concession Arrangement:
	Service Concession Arrangement Assets
	a.Service Concession Assets are operated by third parties under the terms of Service Concession
	Arrangements. On classification the original service concession asset is measured at its fair value and



any difference between its fair value and its book value is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

- b. Since the fair value of assets previously transferred under Service Concession Arrangements is not reliably available, Government has chosen to adopt the standard prospectively from 1 January 2016.
- c. If the terms of the arrangement require Government to compensate the operator for the concession asset by making payments and the payments are separable between the asset and service portions of the payment then the fair value of the original service concession asset is the fair value of the asset portion of the payments. If however the asset and service portions of the payments are not separable, the fair value is determined using estimation techniques.

### **Service Concession Arrangement Liabilities**

- a. When Government recognises a Service Concession Arrangement asset it also recognises a liability of an equal amount.
- b. The liability is split between a financial liability and a performance obligation.
- c. The financial liability arises from the payments due from an entity under the terms of the Service Concession Arrangement and the performance obligation from the rights granted to the operator under the terms of the Service Concession Arrangement to earn revenues from the Service Concession Assets(s) or associated asset(s).

# List of Abbreviations/Acronyms

Abbreviation/Term	Description
CBN	Central Bank of Nigeria
COA	Chart of Account
FAAC	Federation Accounts Allocation Committee
FGN	Federal Government of Nigeria
FRC	Financial Reporting Council

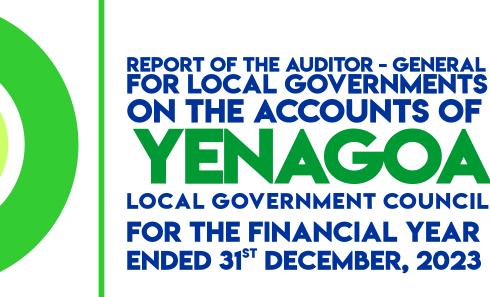


GAAP	Generally Accepted Accounting Principles
GPFS	General Purpose Financial Statement
IPSAS	International Public Sector Accounting Standards
LFN	Law of the Federal Republic of Nigeria
MDA	Ministries, Departments and Agencies
NCOA	National Chart of Account
GBE	Government Business Enterprises
FRCoN	Financial Reporting Council of Nigeria
OAG	Office of the Accountant-General
PPE	Properties, Plants and Equipment
FR	Financial Regulation
FRL	Fiscal Responsibility Law
FCMA	Finance (Control &Management) Act
IGR	Internally Generated Revenue
MDAs	Ministries, Departments, and Agencies
BYSG	Bayelsa State Government
CRFC	Consolidated Revenue Fund Charge
HCF	Honourable Commissioner for Finance
AuG	Auditor-General (State)
NAS	National Audit Standard
GAASG	General Accepted Audit Standard and Guidelines
нсс	Historical Cost Convention
1	













HON. ANDY TOBY AFI ACTING CHAIRMAN YENAGOA LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA



COMR. AKPOS EKIEGHA
TREASURER/DFS YENAGOA LOCAL GOVERNMENT
COUNCIL BAYELSA STATE









# YENAGOA LOCAL GOVERNMENT COUNCIL

Telegram: YELGA

Our Ref:....

 P.M.B. 500,

Yenagoa, Bayelsa State

8<sup>th</sup> May, 2024 Date:.....

### STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

These Financial Statements and accounts have been prepared by the Treasurer of Yenagoa Local Government Council, Bayelsa State in accordance with the provisions of section 24 of the Finance (Control and Management) LFN 2004 & Section 85(5) of the Federal Republic of Nigeria and other relevant extant laws, regulations and policies. The accounting framework adopted in the preparation of the financial statements and accounts is IPSAS ACCRUAL accounting basis and the Financial Statements comply with generally accepted accounting policies and practice.



To fulfill the accounting and reporting responsibility, the Treasurer of Yenagoa Local Government Council is responsible for preparing, reporting, establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that the transactions recorded are within statutory authority and pruperly record the receipt and payment of Public Financial resources by the Local Government.

In compliance with International Public Sector Accounting Standard (IPSAS) 33 (First Time Aduption of Accrual Basis IPSAS) and the guidelines issued by the Federation Account Allocation Committee (FAAC) Technical Sub Committee 2004 on IPSAS implementation, reasonable efforts have been made to ensure that the Financial Statements prepared herein reflect the true and fair view of the financial position of Yenagoa Local Government Council as at 31<sup>st</sup> December, 2023.

On behalf of Yenagoa Local Government Council, I write to accept responsibility for the integrity, credibility and objectivity of the Financial Statements. The information embedded reflects the financial position of the Local Government as at 31st December, 2023.

AKPOS EKIEGHA FROM FORM, FORM

Treasurer

HON. ANDY TOBI AFI



#### INTRODUCTION

The financial statements of Yenagoa local government council for the year ended 31st December 2023 have been examined in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practice and section 51 subsection 1 and 2 of Bayelsa State Local Government law 2000.

#### **SUBMISSION OF REPORT**

In compliance with Section 5 Sub—section 2 of Bayelsa State Local Government law 2000, it is my pleasure to humbly lay before the honourable House of Assembly, Bayelsa State, the Auditor—General for Local Governments' report on the accounts of Yenagoa Local Government Council for the financial year ended 31st December, 2023.

#### CONSTITUTIONALITY

In accordance with the section of the Bayelsa State Local Government Law 2000 quoted above, the draft annual report and accounts including the related financial statements for the year ended 31st December 2023, was submitted to my office by the accounting officer on the 8th May, 2024.

## STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE AND BASIS OF PREPARATION (IPSAS)

The General Purpose Financial Statements (GPFS) were prepared in compliance with the International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS) Accrual basis of accounting. The financial statements were presented in Nigeria Naira (N) and kobo (k) which is the functional and reporting currency in Nigeria. The accounting year to which the financial statements date is from 1st January to 31st December, 2023.

#### STATEMENT OF COMPLETENESS OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT REVENUE

Revenue accruable to Yenagoa Local Government Council from the Federation accounts and managed by the State Local Governments Joint Accounts Allocation Committee (SLGJAAC) were fairly stated. I have comfirmed the completeness and correctness of the SLGJAAC receipts, the relevant deductions and balances of transfer of the SLGJAAC allocations accruable to the Local Government Council.





### RESPONSIBILITY OF THE ACCOUNTING OFFICER

In line with the provisions of Section 48 subsection 1 of Bayelsa State Local Government Law 2000, the accounting officer is responsible for the preparation of financial statements. He is responsible for the general and overall supervision of all accounting activities of the local government. In carrying out this mandate, he has the responsibility to:

- > Ensure that the treasury department of the council keep proper books of accounts that reasonably discloses the financial position of the local government.
- Establish and maintain a functional and adequate system of internal control designed to provide reasonable assurance that the transaction recorded reflect the utilization of the public financial resources.
- > Ensure that appropriate accounting policies and estimate are consistently deployed in the preparation of financial statements.
- > Taking steps to safeguard the assets of the local government and prevent and detect fraud and irregularities.

#### RESPONSIBILTIES OF THE AUDITOR – GENERAL FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENTS

The responsibility is to form or express an independent opinion based on the financial statements as presented by the accounting officer of the local government and report to the State House of Assembly.

# FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

REVENUE					
Revenue	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Description	N	N	N	N	N
Opening Balance	576,716.64	32,006,757.61	118,917.28		
Statutory Allocation	4,374,442,192.11	3,544,432,678.58	2,979,009,308.73	2,669,999,351.37	2,804,613,601.00
Independent Revenue	7,650,300.00	47,359,570.26	98,274,755.58	54,909,367.12	129,890,261.29
		36,627,773.77			
TOTAL	4,382,669,208.75	3,660,426,780.22	3,077,402,981.59	2,724,908,718.49	2,934,503,862.29
EXPENDITURE	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
	N	N	N	N	N
Personnel Cost	2,004,257,296.48	2,004,955,834.05	1,093,211,397.82	906,720,496.39	589,800,295.94
Overhead Cost	1,350,291,377.63	1,116,831,092.05	423,848,988.49	445,910,425.26	716,231,926.52
Other Operating Cost/					
Statutory Deduction	249,789,325.43	301,722,423.60	1,363,094,537.67	1,307,963,255.18	1,319,350,386.14
Capital Expenditure	770,000,000.00	236,340,713.84	165,241,300.00	53,555,000.00	325,957,958.07
TOTAL	4,374,337,999.54	3,659,850,063.54	3,045,396,223.98	2,714,149,176.83	2,951,340,566.67



#### PATTERNS AND MANNER IN WHICH THE ACCOUNTS WHERE KEPT AND RENDERED

Section 48 (1) of Bayelsa State Local Government Law 2000 requires the accounting officer of Yenagoa Local Government Council to, within three (3) months after 31st day of December, each year, transmit to the Auditor – General for Local Governments accounts showing the financial position of the local government on the said 31st day of December specified financial summary for five years.

## FINANCIAL STATEMENT SUBMITTED FOR AUDIT ARE:

- 1. Statement of Recurrent Revenue
- 2. Statement of Recurrent Expenditure
- 3. Statement of Financial Performance
- 4. Statement of Financial Position
- 5. Statement of Cash flow
- 6. Statement of Changes in Net Assets
- 7. Statement of external / internal loan
- 8. Statement of Personnel Cost
- 9. Statement of Overhead Cost

#### **BOOK-KEEPING AND FINANCIAL CONTROL**

Audit observed that the state of book – keeping in Yenagoa Local Government Council is relatively below expectation. In most cases payments are made before payment vouchers are prepared, which has adversely limited Audit and has negatively affected the observance of internal control and also hindered early submission of financial statement.

## **AUDIT QUERIES**

Audit raised several queries within the period covered, but the response to these queries was low due to the unwillingness of the principal officers and timing of the audit exercise. Audit looks forward to the willingness and proactiveness of principal officers and timely audit exercise in the near future to ensure that elected officers and other key local government personnels are on ground to give information and explanation that is relevant to the expression of audit opinion.

## **GENERAL OBSERVATIONS / RECOMMENDATIONS**

#### a. BANK RECONCILIATION

During the period under review, audit observed that the council (accounts department) did not prepare bank reconciliation statement with respect to its transactions with





approved banks monthly. This statutory requirement is part of the overall control system whereby cash book balance (bank column) is reconcilled with the bank balance to avoid loss of financial assets. This querry was raised in the previous year audit and has not been responded to.

**REQUIRED ACTION:** The council treasurer should in subsequent years prepare monthly bank reconciliation statement as statutorily required.

### **b. MONTHLY SALARY VARIATION STATEMENTS**

Within the period of the audit exercise, it was observed that the council (account department) did not prepare monthly personnel cost variation statement. Increase / decrease of monthly personnel cost was not supported by any written evidence.

**ACTION REQUIRED:** The treasurer should give summary of increase/decrease of the council's monthly personnel cost in subsequent periods.

#### INTERNAL CONTROL

Chapter 40.1 of the model financial memoranda (FM) states that an internal audit unit headed by an internal auditor be established in the local governments council to provide a complete and continues audit of the accounts and records of revenue, expenditures, plant, allocated and unallocated stores where applicable with reference to basic internal accounting control of the local government council which are relevant to the expression of an audit opinion on the financial statements.

Despite the relevance of chapter 40.1 of the model Financial Memoranda (FM) the council has relatively neglected the position of the internal auditor in the financial operations thereby, making it difficult for the expression of audit opininon in the financial statements of the council.

**ACTION REQUIRED:** The accounting officer is admonished to quickly consult experts to ensure the functionality of the internal audit department in the council as statutorily required.





# **GOVERNMENT OF BAYELSA STATE OF NIGERIA**

Office of the Auditor-General for Local Governments

e-mail address: localgovtsauditbys@gmail.com

LGCON.21/VOL.II/112



State Govt. Secretariat P.M.B. 30 Yernagoa, Bayelsa State. 25<sup>th</sup> July, 2024

Date:

### AUDIT CERTIFICATE

In compliance with section 125(2) of the Constitution of the Federal Republic of Nigeria 1999 (as amended) and Section 55(3) of the Bayelsa State Audit Law 2021, the audit of the Financial Statements of Yenagoa Local Government Council of Bayelsa State for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> December, 2023 was conducted in accordance with the provisions of the financial memoranda and other relevant regulations.

The audit was conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and INTOSAI Auditing Standards



Within the period under review, the information presented in the General Purpose Financial Statements are in compliance with the International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS) Accrual basis of accounting as prescribed in the statement of accounting policies.

In my opinion, the Financial Statements which agree with the books of Accounts and records show a true and fair view of the Financial Position of Yenagoa Local Government Council for the year ended 31st December, 2023.

Office of the Auditor – General For Local Governments P.M.B. 30, Yenagoa Fagha Henry Prenanagha Post Actions IICHE Auditor – General for Local Governments
Bayelsa State.

All Correspondence to be addressed to the Auditor-General for Local Governments





# STATEMENT 1 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE (INCOME & EXPENDITURE) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 3IST DECEMBER,2023

Actual 2022		Notes	Actual 2023	Final Budget 2023	Initial Budget 2023	Supplementary Budget 2023	Variance on Final Budget
	REVENUE						
2,144,652,772.04	Government share of FAAC (Statutory Revenue)	1	2,434,163,857.39	3,478,366,401.50	2,494,215,376.36	984,151,025.14	1,044,202,544.11
1,399,779,906.50	Government share of VAT	2	1,940,278,334.72	1,580,142,592.19	1,580,142,592.19	-	360,135,742.53
-	Tax Revenue		-	-	-	-	-
47,359,570.26	Non - Tax Revenue	3	78,004,000.00	128,075,638.87	128,075,638.87	-	50,071,638.87
-	Investment Income		-	106,863,575.21	=	106,863,575.21	-
-	Interest Earned		-	-	-	-	-
-	AID & Grants		-	1,074,325,400.20	-	1,074,325,400.20	-
36,627,773.77	Other Revenue		-	-	-	-	-
3,628,420,022.57	Total Revenue		4,452,446,192.11	6,367,773,607.97	4,202,433,607.42	2,165,340,000.55	1,454,409,925.51
	EXPENDITURE						
2,004,955,834.05	Salaries & Wages	4	2,004,257,296.48	2,007,124,460.25	1,857,693,000.00	149,431,460.25	2,867,163.77
222,150,323.04	Social Benefits	5	224,993,135.76	-	-	-	224,993,135.76
1,116,831,092.05	Overhead Cost	6	1,350,291,377.64	1,354,330,000.00	730,000,000.00	624,330,000.00	4,038,622.36
-	Grants & Contributions		-	924,547,582.98	924,547,582.98	-	-
-	Depreciation	7	105,559,229.17	-	-	-	105,559,229.17
42,944,326.79	Transfer to other Govt Entities	8	50,401,002.95	-	-	-	50,401,002.95
3,386,881,575.93	Total Expenditure		3,735,502,042.00	4,286,002,043.23	3,512,240,582.98	773,761,460.25	550,500,001.23
241,538,446.64	Surplus from Operating Activities for the period		716,944,150.11	-	-	-	-
-	Public Debt Repayment	11		-	-	-	-





# STATEMENT 1 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE (INCOME & EXPENDITURE) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 3IST DECEMBER,2023

	Gain/Loss on						
	Disposal of asset						
	Gain/Loss on						
	Disposal of asset						
-	Total non-		-	-	-	-	
	operating						
	revenue						
	(expenses)						
241,538,446.64	Surplus/ (deficit)	13		-	-		
	from Ordinary		716,944,150.11				
	Activities						
-	Minority Interest			-	-		
	share of						
	surplus/deficit						
241,538,446.64	Net			-	-	•	
	Surplus/(Deficit)		716,944,150.11				
	for the period						

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the General-Purpose Financial Statement (GPFS)

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Comr. Akpos Ekiegha *Treasurer* 





# STATEMENT 2 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (BALANCE SHEET) AS AT 3IST DECEMBER,2023

	Economic Code	Notes	20	23	2022	2
			₩	N	N	₩
ASSETS						
Current Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	3101-4	9A	40,870,863.40		576,716.64	
Inventories	3105		-		_	
Receivables	3106-7		-		_	
Prepayments	3108		-			
А				40,870,863.40		576,716.64
Non-Current Assets						·
Loans & Debts (short-term)	3110		-		-	
Investments	3109		-		-	
Property, Plant & Equipment	3201	10A	3,086,625,520.83		-	
Investment Property	3202		-		-	
Intangible Assets	3301		-		-	
В				3,086,625,520.83		_
Total Assets C = A+B				3,127,496,384.23		-
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities						
Deposits	4101		-		-	
Short Term Loans & Debts	4102		-		-	
Unremitted Deductions	4103		-		-	





# STATEMENT 2 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (BALANCE SHEET) AS AT 31ST DECEMBER,2023

Accrued Expenses	4104		-			
Current Portion of Borrowings	4105		-		-	
D				-		_
Non-Current Liabilities						
Public Funds	4601				_	
Borrowings	4602	11A	(126,366,648.68)		138,575,881.20	_
E			(126,366,648.68)		_	
Total Liabilities: F = D ÷ E				(126,366,648.68)		138,575,881.20
				3,001,129,735.55		139,152,597.84
NET ASSETS/EQUITY						
Reserves	4701	12	2,284,185,585.44		_	
Surpluses/(Deficits)	4702	13	716,944,150.11		_	
Total Net Assets/Equity				3,001,129,735.55		139,152,597.84

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the General Purpose Financial Statement (GPFS)

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Comr. Akpos Ekiegha Treasurer





# STATEMENT 3 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER,2023

Description	Notes	20	23	2022		
		N	₩	N	N	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
<u>Inflows</u>						
Government Share of FAAC (Statutory Revenue)	1	2,434,163,857.39		2,144,652,772.04		
Government Share of VAT	2	1,940,278,334.72		1,399,779,906.50		
Direct Taxes		-		-		
Licences	ЗА	60,464,000.00		-		
Fines		-		-		
Royalties		-		-		
Fees		-		-		
Earnings & Sales	ЗА	17,540,000.00		47,359,570.26		
Rents of Government Properties		-		-		
Investment Income		-		-		
Interest & Repayment General		-		-		
Re- imbursement		-		-		
Funds from Special Accounts		-		-		
Domestic Aid & Grants		-		-		
External Aid & Grants		-		=		
Gains from exchange transactions		-		-		
Other Revenue (e.g. plea Bargain)		-		36,627,773.77		
Total inflow from						
Operating Activities			4,452,446,192.11		3,628,420,022.57	
Outflows						
Salaries & Wages	4A	2,004,257,296.48		-		
Social Benefits	5A	224,993,135.76		222,150,323.04		
Overhead Cost	6A	1,350,291,377.64		1,116,831,092.05		





# STATEMENT 3 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER,2023

Grants & Contributions		-		-	
Subsidies		-		-	
Transfer to other	8A			42,944,326.79	
Government Entities		50,401,002.95			
Public Debts Repayment		-		-	
Total Outflow from					
Operating Activities (B)		3,629,942,812.83	(3,629,942,812.83)		(1,381,925,741.88)
Net Cash					
Inflow/(Outflow) From			822,503,379.28		2,246,494,280.69
Operating Activities*					
C=(A-B)					
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Proceeds from Sale of PPE		-		-	
Proceeds from Sales of		-		-	
Investment Property					
Proceeds from Sale of		-		-	
Intangible Assets					
Proceeds from Sale of		-		-	
Investment					
Dividends Received		-		-	
		-			
Purchase/Construction of PPE	14	(770,000,000.00)		(236,340,713.84)	
Purchase/Construction		-		-	
of Investment Property					
Purchase of Intangible Assets		-		-	
Acquisition of		-		-	
Investments					
Net Cash Flow from					
Investing Activities			(770,000,000.00)		(236,340,713.84)
CASH FLOW FROM					
FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Proceeds from	11A	-		-	
Borrowings					





# STATEMENT 3 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER,2023

Repayment of					
Borrowings		(12,209,232.52)		(36,627,773.77)	
Distribution of		-		-	
Surplus/Dividends Paid					
Net Cash Flow from					
Financing Activities			(12,209,232.52)		(36,627,773.77)
Net Cash Flow from all					
Activities			40,294,146.76		1,973,525,793.08
Cash & Its Equivalent as					
at 1/1/2023			576,716.64		32,006,757.61
Cash & Its Equivalent as					
at 31/12/2023			40,870,863.40		2,005,532,550.69
Notes: 1					
RECONCILIATION:					
Surplus/ (Deficit) per	13	716,944,150.11		-	
Statement of					
Performance					
Add back non cash		-		-	
movement-					
Depreciation	7A	105,559,229.17		-	
Charges					
Net Cash Flow from		822,503,379.28		-	
Operating Activities					
Note: 2					
Cash & its equivalent					
as at 31/12/2023					
Cash Balances		-		-	
Bank Balances	9A			-	
		40,870,863.40	40,870,863.40		2,005,532,550.69

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the General Purpose Financial Statement (GPFS)

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Comr. Akpos Ekiegha *Treasurer* 





# STATEMENT 4 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS/ EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 3IST DECEMBER, 2023.

	Notes	Revaluation Reserve	Translation Reserve	Accumulated Surpluses	Total <del>N</del>
Balance as at 1st January	12			-	
2023		2,284,185,585.44			2,284,185,585.44
Changes in Accounting Policy					
Restated Balance				_	
nestateu batance		2,284,185,585.44		_	2,284,185,585.44
Surplus on Revaluation of Properties					
Deficit on Revaluation of Investments					
Net Gains and losses not recognized in the statement of Financial Performance					-
Net Surplus for the year	13	716,944,150.11		-	716,944,150.11
Balance as at 31 December 2023		-		-	
Deficit on Revaluation of Property		-		-	
Surplus on Revaluation of Investments		-		-	
Net gains and Losses not Recognized in the Statement of Financial Performance					
Net deficit for the Period					<u> </u>
Balance as at 31 December 2023		3,001,129,735.55		-	3,001,129,735.55

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the General-Purpose Financial Statement (GPFS)

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Comr. Akpos Ekiegha *Treasurer* 





### NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

### YENAGOA LOCAL GOVERNMENT COUNCIL

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 2023

	NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATE	Ref Sup.	THE TEXAL ENDED ON			
Note	Details	Note	Amount	Amount		Remarks
	A. Share of Statutory Allocation from FAAC	11010	Autount	7 anount		Homano
	Net share of Statutory Allocation from FAAC	1	1,624,385,187.44			
	Add: Deduction at source	1A	57,022,221.10	1.681.407.408.54		
	Add. Deddelon at oodroc	271	07,022,221.10	2,002,407,400.04		
	Share of Statutory Allocation (Other Agencies)	2		809,778,669.95		
	Share of Statutory Allocation (Excess Crude Oil)			-		
	Total (Gross) Statutory Allocation			2,434,163,857.39		
2	B. Value Added Tax					
	Share of Value Added Tax (VAT)			1,940,278,334.72		
		D (0				
	NON TAX REVENUE	Ref Sup. Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	
3	RATES GENERAL (TENEMENT RATE)	11010	-	54,000,000.00	, v varianoc	
	LICENSE GENERAL		320,000.00	2,500,000.00		
	FEES GENERAL		-	12,000,000.00		
	FINES GENERAL		_	22,000,000.00		
	EARNINGS GENERAL		7,330,300.00	21,500,000.00		
	Sale/Rent of Government Property		-	,,		
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		7,650,300.00			
4	WAGES AND SALARIES			2023		2022
	WAGEG AITS GALAITIES	Ref Sup.		2020		2022
		Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	Actual
4A	PERSONNEL COST	4A	7101001		70 1 41 1 41 1	7101001
	ADMINISTRATIVE SECTOR		565,755,863.38	-	=	-
	ECONOMIC SECTOR		243,735,031.26	-	-	-
	SOCIAL SECTOR		1,115,367,831.39	-	-	-
	REGIONAL SECTOR		-	-	-	-
	LAW AND JUSTICE		-	-	-	-
	SUB TOTAL		1,924,858,726.03	-	-	-
4B	CONSOLIDATED REVENILE ELIND CHARGES	4B	70 200 570 45	_	-	
4D	CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND CHARGES  TOTAL WAGES AND SALARIES	4D	79,398,570.45 <b>2,004,257,296.48</b>	-	-	-
	TOTAL WAGES AND SALANTES		2,004,257,296.46			
4C	PERSONNEL ANALYSIS			2023		2022
		Ref Sup.				l
	TOTAL NO. OF EMPLOYEES ATTUE PEOINNING OF THE VEAR	Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	Actual
	TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR		1,276			
	TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES EMPLOYED IN 2023		0			
	TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES RETIRED DURING THE YEAR	+	20			
	TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES AT THE END OF THE YEAR 2023	1	1,256			





5	SOCIAL BENEFITS			2023		2022
		Ref Sup.				
		Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	Actual
	ADMINISTRATIVE SECTOR	5	224,993,135.76	_		
	ECONOMIC SECTOR		-			
	SOCIAL SECTOR		-			
	REGIONAL SECTOR		-			
	LAW AND JUSTICE		-			
6	OVERHEAD COST			2023	_	2022
		Ref Sup.				
		Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	Actual
6A	OVERHEAD COST BY FUNCTION	6A				
	TRAVEL& TRANSPORT - GENERAL		375,153,075.96			
	UTILITIES – GENERAL		211,125,817.29			
	MATERIALS AND SUPPLY – GENERAL		95,082,717.07			
	MAINTENANCE SERVICES – GENERAL		255,464,000.00			
	FUEL AND LUBRICANT - GENERAL		396,137,880.60			
	FINANCIAL CHARGES - GENERAL		17,327,886.72			
	TOTAL		1,350,291,377.64			
6B	OVERHEAD COST BY SECTOR	68				
OD	ADMINISTRATIVE SECTOR	- 00	677,520,132.17			
	ECONOMIC SECTOR		483,050,721.64			
	SOCIAL SECTOR		189,720,523.82			
	REGIONAL SECTOR		100,720,020.02			
	LAW & JUSTICE		_			
	TOTAL		1,350,291,377.63			
			.,,===,===,,=====			
7	DEPRECIATION		-	2023		2022
		Ref Sup.				
	DIM DING OFFICE	Note	Actual	Budget	% Variance	Actual
	BUILDING – GENERAL	7A	39,761,000.00			
	INFRASTRUCTURE – GENERAL		28,629,283.33			
	PLANT & MACHINERY – GENERAL		1,300,000.00			
	TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT - GENERAL		17,400,000.00			
	OFFICE EQUIPMENT		9,962,312.50			
	FURNITURE & FITTINGS – GENERAL		8,506,633.33		1	
	TOTAL		105,559,229.17			
8	TRANSFER TO OTHER GOVERNMENT ENTITIES					
	COMMON SERVICES	8A	7,500,000.00	-		-
	TRAINING FUND		42,901,002.95	-		_
			50,401,002.95	_		-





_	T		1		 
		Ref Sup.			
9	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT	Note	2023	2022	
	CASH IN HAND				
	CASH AT BANK	9A	40,870,863.40	576,716.64	
	TOTAL				
_		Ref Sup.			
10	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	Note	31/12/2023	01/01/2023	
10	BUILDING-GENERAL	Note	2,200,639,000.00	1,807,800,000.00	
	INFRASTRUCTURE-GENERAL				
			739,839,716.67	432,669,000.00	
	PLANT & MACHINERY—GENERAL		11,700,000.00	13,000,000.00	
	TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT- GENERAL		69,600,000.00	87,000,000.00	
	OFFICE EQUIPMENT-GENERAL		30,061,937.50	39,724,250.00	
	FURNITURE AND FITTINGS		34,784,866.67	41,991,500.00	
	TOTAL		3,086,625,520.83	2,422,184,750.00	
		Ref Sup.			
	ACCRUED EXPENSES	Note	2023	2022	
	PENSION AND GRATUITY				
	BANK GUARANTEE AND OTHER LIABILITIES				
	TOTAL				
		Ref Sup.			
11	BORROWINGS	Note	2023	2022	
11	EXTERNAL LOANS	Note	2023	2022	
			100 000 040 00		
	DOMESTIC LOANS		126,366,648.68		
	TOTAL				
		Ref Sup.			
12	RESERVES	Note	2023	2022	
	FOR THE YEAR		2,284,185,585.44		
		Ref Sup.			
13	SURPLUS	Note	2023	2022	
	FOR THE YEAR		716,944,150.12		
			.,,		
$\vdash$		Ref Sup.			
14	DIDCHASE/CONSTRUCTION OF DDE	Note	2022	2022	
14	PURCHASE/CONSTRUCTION OF PPE	Note	2023	2022	
	BUILDING		432,600,000.00		
	INFRASTRUCTURE		335,800,000.00		
	PLANTS AND EQUIPMENTS		-		
	TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT		-		
	OFFICE EQUIPMENT		300,000.00		
	FURNITURE AND FITTINGS		1,300,000.00		
$\Box$	TOTAL		770,000,000.00		
	•				



## SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 2023

# SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 1

SHARE OF FAAC (STATUTORY REVENUE)

	NET RECEIPT	ADD: DEDUCTIONS AT SOURCE	
DETAILS/ MONTH	SEE SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 1A	(SEE – SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 1A	GROSS
	H	H	N
JANUARY	221,737,252.22	6,652,117.57	228,389,369.79
FEBRUARY	128,051,010.01	3,841,530.30	131,892,540.31
MARCH	121,870,914.57	3,656,127.44	125,527,042.01
APRIL	166,122,240.69	4,983,667.22	171,105,907.91
MAY	118,004,149.71	3,540,124.49	121,544,274.20
JUNE	178,482,352.22	5,354,470.57	183,836,822.79
JULY	100,063,120.46	3,001,893.61	103,065,014.07
AUGUST	129,923,211.06	3,897,696.33	133,820,907.39
SEPTEMBER	110,014,753.86	11,591,108.09	121,605,861.95
OCTOBER	130,167,577.97	3,905,027.34	134,072,605.31
NOVEMBER	100,652,648.39	3,019,579.45	103,672,227.84
DECEMBER	119,295,956.28	3,578,878.69	122,874,834.97
GRAND TOTAL	1,624,385,187.44	57,022,221.10	1,681,407,408.54

# SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 1A NET STATUTORY ALLOCATION

DETAILS/ MONTH	GROSS STATUTORY ALLOCATION (a)	TOTAL DEDUCTIONS (b)	NET ALLOCATION c = (a - b)
	N	Ħ	N
JANUARY	228,389,369.79	6,652,117.57	221,737,252.22
FEBRUARY	131,892,540.31	3,841,530.30	128,051,010.01
MARCH	125,527,042.01	3,656,127.44	121,870,914.57
APRIL	171,105,907.91	4,983,667.22	166,122,240.69
MAY	121,544,274.20	3,540,124.49	118,004,149.71
JUNE	183,836,822.79	5,354,470.57	178,482,352.22
JULY	103,065,014.07	3,001,893.61	100,063,120.46
AUGUST	133,820,907.39	3,897,696.33	129,923,211.06
SEPTEMBER	121,605,861.95	11,591,108.09	110,014,753.86
OCTOBER	134,072,605.31	3,905,027.34	130,167,577.97
NOVEMBER	103,672,227.84	3,019,579.45	100,652,648.39
DECEMBER	122,874,834.97	3,578,878.69	119,295,956.28
GRAND TOTAL	1,681,407,408.54	57,022,221.10	1,624,385,187.44





#### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 1B

#### ANALYSIS OF SHARE OF STATUTORY ALLOCATION (OTHER AGENCIES)

	_								-OOAIIOII (					
CODE	DESCRIPTION	JANUARY	FEBRUARY	MARCH	APRIL	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUGUST	SEPTEMBER	OCTOBER	NOVEMBER	DECEMBER	GRAND TOTAL
11010101	ELECTRONIC MONEY TRANSFER LEVY	13,277,832.16	7,251,023.15	6,437,136.65	8,025,805.97	7,971,576.24	7,921,248.27	6,266,676.93	7,035,330.92	7,777,913.99	6,078,704.47	8,537,365.58	6,562,843.88	93,143,458.21
11010101	NON OIL REVENUE		35,930,306.95		-	8,623,273.67		-		-		21,558,184.17	-	66,111,764.79
11010101	NON OIL REVENUE 2	-	5,551,232.42	-	-	3,593,030.70	-	-						9,144,263.12
11010101	FOREX EQUALISATION 1			37,511,240.46	-	15,629,683.52		-	-	-	-		-	53,140,923.98
11010101	FOREX EQUALISATION 2					6,251,873.41		-	-	-			-	6,251,873.41
11010101	SOLID MINERALS					5,214,372.20								5,214,372.20
11010101	EXCHANGE GAIN DIFFERENCE	7,885,584.09	-		-	-	209,172.42	-	-	-	-			8,094,756.51
11010101	EXCHANGE GAIN DIFFERENCE 2	-	-		-	-	45,774,383.85	106,505,257.63	96,358,577.03	78,056,891.62	58,415,475.80	63,650,667.22	119,916,004.58	568,677,257.73
		21,163,416.25	48,732,562.52	43,948,377.11	8,025,805.97	47,283,809.74	53,904,804.54	112,771,934.56	103,393,907.95	85,834,805.61	64,494,180.27	93,746,216.97	126,478,848.46	809,778,669.95

#### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 2

#### ANALYSIS OF SHARE OF VALUE ADDED TAX (VAT)

Ī	ECONOMIC	DESCRIPTION	JANUARY	FEBRUARY	MARCH	APRIL	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUGUST	SEPTEMBER	OCTOBER	NOVEMBER	DECEMBER	GRAND TOTAL
	CODE														
	11010202	VALUE ADDED TAX	141,050,325.94	165,068,484.56	117,036,062.24	149,580,930.11	165,825,575.41	141,465,785.09	176,293,030.72	171,721,548.78	172,689,363.85	173,966,661.00	190,778,972.81	174,801,594.21	1,940,278,334.72

### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 3

### NON TAX REVENUE

	NON TAX REVENUE													
ECONOMIC CODE	DESCRIPTION	JANUARY	FEBRUARY	MARCH	APRIL	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUGUST	SEPTEMBER	OCTOBER	NOVEMBER	DECEMBER	TOTAL
12020459	FEES - RIGHT OF OCCUPANCY FEES	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12020466	FEES - INDIGINE REGISTRATION FEES	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12020501	FINES - FINES/PENALTIES	-				-				-				
12020122	LICENCES	2,000,000.00	2,000,000.00	4,000,000.00	5,000,000.00	3,000,000.00	2,925,000.00	3,031,000.00	8,000,000.00	10,000,000.00	2,508,000.00	4,000,000.00	14,000,000.00	60,464,000.00
12020711	EARNINGS - EARNINGS FROM COMMERCIAL ACTIVITIES	-	-	8,540,000.00	9,000,000.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,540,000.00
	TOTAL	2 000 000 00	2 000 000 00	12 540 000 00	14 000 000 00	3 000 000 00	2 925 000 00	3 031 000 00	8 000 000 00	10 000 000 00	2 508 000 00	4 000 000 00	14 000 000 00	78 004 000 00





#### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 4 SALARIES AND WAGES

OUNCIL SALARIES ₩	HEALTH WORKERS SALARIES N	TEACHERS SALARIES N	CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND CHARGES - SALARIES 9B	COUNCIL SALARY ARREARS N	ALLOWANCE	TOTAL N
21010101	21010101	21010101	21010103	21010101		
55,225,149.49	40,599,122.88	51,149,715.04		10,000,000.00	-	156,973,987.41
55,225,149.49	40,599,122.88	51,381,815.04		10,000,000.00	-	157,206,087.41
55,225,149.49	40,599,122.88	51,191,848.15		10,000,000.00	-	157,016,120.52
55,225,149.49	40,599,122.88	51,191,848.15		10,000,000.00	-	157,016,120.52
55,225,149.49	40,599,122.88	51,036,028.17		10,000,000.00	-	156,860,300.54
55,225,149.49	40,613,999.02	51,081,028.17		10,000,000.00	-	156,920,176.68
56,925,149.49	40,613,999.02	50,775,083.22		10,000,000.00	-	158,314,231.73
56,925,149.49	40,953,381.49	51,775,083.22	15,879,714.09	10,000,000.00	-	175,533,328.29
56,925,149.49	40,953,381.49	51,921,563.75	15,879,714.09	10,000,000.00	-	175,679,808.82
59,425,149.49	40,953,381.49	51,921,563.75	15,879,714.09	10,000,000.00	-	178,179,808.82
63,470,932.09	45,238,925.93	51,921,563.75	15,879,714.09	10,000,000.00	-	186,511,135.86
64,468,467.65	45,776,444.39	51,921,563.75	15,879,714.09	10,000,000.00	-	188,046,189.88
689,490,894.64	498,099,127.23	617,268,704.16	79,398,570.45	120,000,000.00	-	2,004,257,296.48

#### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 4A

WAGES AND SALARIES FOR	THE YEAR ENDED 31ST	DECEMBER, 2023

S/No	ADMIN CODE	ECON CODE	HEAD DESCRIPTION	ESTIMATE	SUPPLEMENT	TOTAL	ACTUAL	EXCESS	SAVINGS
				N	*	N	N	N	N
		Sector:	ADMINISTRATIVE						
1		21010103	OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN	-	32,900,000.00	32,900,000.00	32,821,377.80	78,622.20	
2		21010103	OFFICE OF THE VICE CHAIRMAN	-	5,900,000.00	5,900,000.00	5,874,427.70	25,572.30	
3		21010103	SECRETARY TO THE LOCAL GOVT.	-	2,173,000.00	2,173,000.00	2,172,764.95	235.05	
4		21010103	LEGISLATORS	-	38,530,000.00	38,530,000.00	38,530,000.00	-	
5		21010101	ADMINISTRATIVE DEPARTMENT	565,756,000.00	-	565,756,000.00	565,755,863.38	136.62	
			SUB TOTAL	565,756,000.00	79,503,000.00	645,259,000.00	645,154,433.83		
		Sector:	ECONOMIC		-			-	
6		21010101	DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND SUPPLIES	114,456,000.00	-	114,456,000.00	114,455,488.51	511.49	
7		21010101	DEPARTMENT OF BUDGET, PLANNING, RESEARCH AND STATISTICS	24,960,000.00	÷	24,960,000.00	24,959,570.39	429.61	
8			DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE & NATURAL RESOURCES	43,576,000.00	÷	43,576,000.00	43,575,824.54	175.46	
9		21010101	WORKS, TRANSPORT, HOUSING, LANDS & SURVEY DEPARTMENT	60,745,000.00	-	60,745,000.00	60,744,147.82	852.18	
			SUBTOTAL	243,737,000.00		243,737,000.00	243,735,031.26		
		Sector:	LAW & JUSTICE						
10		21010101	LEGAL DEPARTMENT						
			SUB TOTAL				-		
		Sector:	SOCIAL SECTOR						
11		21010101	SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT, EDUCATION, INFORMATION, SPORTS AND CULTURE DEPARTMENT	69,928,460.25	550,000,000.00	619,928,460.25	617,268,704.16	2,659,756.09	
			DEPARTMENT OF PRIMARY HEALTH CARE	8	498,200,000.00	498,200,000.00	498,099,127.23	100,872.77	
	· ·		SUBTOTAL	69,928,460.25	1,048,200,000.00	1,118,128,460.25	1,115,367,831.39		
12		21010101	GRAND TOTAL	879,421,460.25	1,127,703,000.00	2,007,124,460.25	2,004,257,296.48		





#### **SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 4C**

#### PERSONNEL ANALYSIS

	PERSONNEL	ANALYSIS		
		2023		2022
	ACTUAL	BUDGET	VARIANCE	ACTUAL
TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	1,276		0	1,112
TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES EMPLOYED IN 2023	0		0	169
TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES RETIRED DURING THE YEAR	20		0	5
TOTAL NO, OF EMPLOYEES AT THE END OF THE YEAR 2023	1,256		6	1,276

### SUPLEMENTARY NOTE 5A

### ANAYSIS OF EMPLOYEES SOCIAL BENEFITS

	AITATOIOOI	LI II LO I LLO GOGIAL DE	THE THO	
MONTHS	GRATUITY	PENSION	DEATH BENEFITS	TOTAL
JANUARY	•	17,430,971.09	=	17,430,971.09
FEBRUARY	-	17,313,997.98	=	17,313,997.98
MARCH	•	17,827,204.79	=	17,827,204.79
APRIL	-	17,279,179.03	=	17,279,179.03
MAY	-	17,784,822.68	=	17,784,822.68
JUNE	-	18,517,838.70	=	18,517,838.70
JULY	-	18,286,728.33	-	18,286,728.33
AUGUST	-	18,417,614.00	-	18,417,614.00
SEPTEMBER	-	18,715,294.18	=	18,715,294.18
OCTOBER	-	18,402,708.56	-	18,402,708.56
NOVEMBER	-	22,095,130.62	=	22,095,130.62
DECEMBER	-	22,921,645.80	-	22,921,645.80
GRAND TOTAL	-	224,993,135.76		224,993,135.76





# SUPPLEMETARY NOTE 6A ANALYSIS OF OVERHEAD PAYMENTS

	TRAVEL& TRANSPORT - GENERAL	UTILITIES – GENERAL 220202	MATERIALS AND SUPPLY - GENERAL	MAINTENANCE SERVICES – GENERAL	FUEL AND LUBRICANT - GENERAL	FINANCIAL CHARGES - GENERAL	TOTAL
	220201	220202	220203	220204	220207	220209	
	N	N	N	N	N	H	N
	4,604,069.77	-	29,313,116.00	4,300,000.00	14,982,000.00	2,298,000.00	55,497,185.77
FEBUARY	20,295,000.00	169,089,782.40	3,771,000.00	9,894,000.00	16,340,860.45	-	219,390,642.85
	24,558,406.19	500,000.00	5,890,000.00	4,340,000.00	700,000.00	60,000.00	36,048,406.19
	160,277,500.00	19,652,034.89	13,932,500.00	5,355,000.00	1,870,000.00	-	201,087,034.89
	11,421,000.00	2,259,000.00	687,850.00	4,920,000.00	10,565,000.00	660,000.00	30,512,850.00
	10,513,100.00	140,000.00	2,680,000.00	5,700,000.00	606,000.00	283,000.00	19,922,100.00
	12,790,000.00	420,000.00	1,045,000.00	40,800,000.00	169,089,782.40	1,350,000.00	225,494,782.40
	15,710,000.00	9,220,000.00	1,770,146.39	12,470,000.00	26,510,237.75	4,748,886.72	70,429,270.86
	18,430,000.00	-	14,750,000.00	31,400,000.00	37,450,000.00	5,082,000.00	107,112,000.00
	-	130,000.00	20,684,850.00	130,685,000.00	40,964,000.00	407,000.00	192,870,850.00
	78,134,000.00	4,680,000.00	4,850.00	5,300,000.00	39,060,000.00	750,000.00	127,928,850.00
	18,420,000.00	5,035,000.00	553,404.68	300,000.00	38,000,000.00	1,689,000.00	63,997,404.68
	375,153,075.96	211,125,817.29	95,082,717.07	255,464,000.00	396,137,880.60	17,327,886.72	1,350,291,377.64

# SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 6B ANAYSIS OF OVERHEAD COST FOR THE YEAR 2023

s/NO	ADMIN	GRP	HEAD DESCRIPTION	BUDGET	SUPPLEMENTARY	TOTAL	ACTUAL	SAVINGS	EXCESS
3/140	ADIVIII	Oiti	TIEAD DESCRIPTION	N	N	N	N N	N N	N
	SECTOR		ADMINISTRATIVE						
1	11100100100	1	OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN	_	32,700,000.00	32,700,000.00	32,638,562.27	61,437.73	
2	11100100200	1	VICE CHAIRMAN	-	9,800,000.00	9,800,000.00	9,791,568.68	8,431,32	
3	11100200100	1	SECRETARY TO THE LG	-	6,530,000.00	6,530,000.00	6,527,712.45	2,287.55	/ -
		1	LEGISLATORS	-	65,300,000.00	65,300,000.00	65,277,124.55	22,875.45	
		1	ADMINISTRATIVE DEPT	55,600,000.00	510,000,000.00	565,600,000.00	563,285,164.22	2,314,835.78	
			Sub total	55,600,000.00	624,330,000.00	679,930,000.00	677,520,132,17		
	SECTOR		ECONOMIC	-				·	-
4	11100200400	2	DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND SUPPLIES	21,800,000.00	31,000,000.00	52,800,000.00	52,221,699.64	578,300.36	-
5	11100200500	2	DEPARTMENT OF BUDGET, PLANNING, RESEARCH AND STATISTICS	1,000,000.00	32,000,000.00	33,000,000.00	32,638,562.27	361,437.73	-
6	11100200600	2	DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE & NATURAL RESOURCES	1,000,000.00	38,200,000.00	39,200,000.00	39,166,274.73	33,725.27	-
		2	WORKS, TRANSPORT, HOUSING, LANDS & SURVEY DEPARTMENT	1,600,000.00	358,000,000.00	359,600,000.00	359,024,185.00	575,815.00	-
			Sub total	25,400,000.00	459,200,000.00	484,600,000.00	483,050,721.64		
	SECTOR		LAW & JUSTICE						
9	11100201000	3	LEGAL DEPARTMENT	-			-	-	-
	SECTOR		SOCIAL	-				-	-
10		4	SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT, EDUCATION, INFORMATION, SPORTS AND CULTURE DEPARTMENT	800,000.00	78,000,000.00	78,800,000.00	78,749,412.09	50,587.91	-
11		4	DEPARTMENT OF PRIMARY HEALTH CARE	12,000,000.00	99,000,000.00	111,000,000.00	110,971,111.73	28,888.27	-
			Sub total	12,800,000.00	177,000,000.00	189,800,000.00	189,720,523.82		
	GRAND TOTAL			93,800,000.00	1,260,530,000.00	1,354,330,000.00	1,350,291,377.63	-	-





#### SUPPLEMENTAR NOTE 7A

DEPRECIATION

	DEPRECIATION											
	BUILDING - GENERAL	INFRASTRUCTURE -	PLANT & MACHINERY -	TRANSPORTATION	OFFICE FO	DUIPMENT	FURNITURE &	TOTAL				
	BOILDING - GENERAL	GENERAL	GENERAL	EQUIPMENT -	OTTIOLES	(OII TIENT	FITTINGS - GENERAL	TOTAL				
	240101	240102	240103	240104			240106					
					GENERAL	BOOKS						
RATE	2%	5%	10%	20%	25%	3%	20%					
LEGACY ASSETS	36,156,000.00	21,633,450.00	1,300,000.00	17,400,000.00	9,931,062.50		8,398,300.00	94,818,812.50				
ASSETS DURING	3,605,000.00	6,995,833,33			31,250.00		108,333,33	10,740,416.67				
YEAR 2023	3,005,000.00	6,995,833.33	-	1	31,250.00	-	108,333.33	10,740,416.67				
SUB- TOTAL	3,605,000.00	6,995,833.33		-	31,250.00	-	108,333.33	10,740,416.67				
GRAND TOTAL	39,761,000.00	28,629,283.33	1,300,000.00	17,400,000.00	9,962,312.50	-	8,506,633.33	105,559,229.17				

#### SUPPLEMENTAR NOTE 7B

DEPRECIATION FOR ASSETS ACQUIRED DURING THE YEAR 2023

MONTHS			CLASS OF PPI	<b>Ξ</b>			TOTAL
	BUILDING	INFRASTRUCTURE	PLANTS & MACHINARY	TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT	OFFICE EQUIPMENT	FURNITURE AND FITTINGS	TOTAL
	2%	5%	10%	20%	25%	20%	
JANUARY	-	-	-	-	-	-	
FEBRUARY	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MARCH	-	-	-			-	
APRIL	-	-	-	-		-	
MAY	-	-	-	-	-	-	
JUNE	-	-	-	-	-	-	
JULY	-	-	-	-		-	
AUGUST	721,000.00	1,399,166.67	-	-	6,250.00	21,666.67	2,148,083.33
SEPTEMBER	721,000.00	1,399,166.67	-		6,250.00	21,666.67	2,148,083.33
OCTOBER	721,000.00	1,399,166.67	-	-	6,250.00	21,666.67	2,148,083.33
NOVEMBER	721,000.00	1,399,166.67	-	-	6,250.00	21,666.67	2,148,083.33
DECEMBER	721,000.00	1,399,166.67	-	-	6,250.00	21,666.67	2,148,083.33
GRAND TOTAL	3,605,000.00	6,995,833.33	-	-	31,250.00	108,333.33	10,740,416.67

THE DEPRECIATION IS PRO RATED ACCORDING TO THE MONTH OF THE YEAR THE ASSETS VALUE IS CAPITALISED.





#### SUPPLEMENTAR NOTE 8A

#### TRANSFER TO OTHER GOVERNMENT ENTITIES

	TRANSFER TO OTHER GOVERNMENT ENTITIES											
DESCRIPTION		2	023	2022								
		ACTUAL	BUDGET	VARIANCE	ACTUAL							
COMMON SERVICES	SEE SUPL. NOTE 14B	7,500,000.00	-	-	-							
TRAINING FUNDS		17,296,189.67										
TOTAL		24,796,189.67		-	-							

	SU	IPPLEMETARY NOTE 8B		
	ANALYSI	S OF STATUTORY TRANS	FERS	
MONTHS	TRAINING FUND	COMMON SERVICES	PENSION	TOTAL
	N	₩	N	₩
JANUARY	3,839,509.94	625,000.00		4,464,509.94
FEBUARY	3,346,010.34	625,000.00		3,971,010.34
MARCH	2,828,553.54	625,000.00		3,453,553.54
APRIL	3,237,289.77	625,000.00		3,862,289.77
MAY	3,112,970.55	625,000.00		3,737,970.55
JUNE	3,280,785.58	625,000.00		3,905,785.58
JULY	3,891,280.86	625,000.00		4,516,280.86
AUGUST	3,935,386.68	625,000.00		4,560,386.68
SEPTEMBE	3,685,389.23	625,000.00		4,310,389.23
OCTOBER	3,686,284.19	625,000.00		4,311,284.19
NOVEMBER	3,851,778.28	625,000.00		4,476,778.28
DECEMBER	4,205,763.99	625,000.00		4,830,763.99
TOTAL	42,901,002.95	7,500,000.00		50,401,002.95

# **SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 9A**

# CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

DESCRIPTION	REF. S. NOTE	2023	2022
CASH IN HAND		-	-
CASH AT BANK	16B	40,870,863.40	576,716.64
TOTAL		40,870,863.40	576,716.64





#### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 9B

				CA	SH AND CASH EQUIVA	LENTS					
	ZENITH BANK A: :	1015470602	FCBM BA	NK	ECO	BANK	ACCESS	BANK	ZEN <b>I</b> TH	BANK	
RECEIPTS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
OPENING BALANCE	109,416.77		7,178.88		431,430.05		28,690.94				576,716.64
JANUARY	-		-		99,285,198.26	5,202,456.63	574,590,944.68	548,641,291.18	53,915.45		
FEBRUARY					41,167,721.00	135,132,448.76	200,935,898.27	94,881,382.74	150,000.00		
MARCH					190,024,553.50	95,578,711.53	278,226,388.02	410,194,167.78	39,000.00	4.00	
APRIL					5,821,443.11	100,764,770.42	311,112,074.91	211,632,863.03	340,000.00	20.00	
MAY					190,183,140.76	190,189,630.73	136,449,578.08	227,810,946.20	927,900.00	1,032,970.50	
JUNE					95,185,176.75	18,588,681.74	55,509,368.36	63,687,699.22	1,087,600.00	1,520,209.25	
JULY					112,649,513.81	188,382,122.72	45,329,368.36	45,353,051.89	70,000.00	16.00	
AUGUST					100,827,217.42	9,326,233.71	190,320,443.34	155,621,669.19	627,000.00	325,852.96	
SEPTEMBER					47,448,771.01	139,851,014.59	182,045,684.32	106,980,181.81	1,034,000.00	4.00	
OCTOBER					137,904,713.63	137,769,411.45	1,146,783,049.27	1,097,380,583.33	1,757,600.00	1,785,626.65	
NOVEMBER					152,215,858.05	152,317,842.17	239,097,259.24	257,227,994.71	205,200.00	900,127.50	
DECEMBER					254,414,177.76	254,454,984.48	201,655,443.75	302,134,832.48	1,119,000.00	1,630,251.00	
TOTAL	109,416.77	-	7,178.88	-	1,427,558,915.11	1,427,558,308.93	3,562,084,191.54	3,521,546,663.56	7,411,215.45	7,195,081.86	
CLOSING BALANCE		109,416.77		7,178.88		606.18		40,537,527.98		216,133.59	40,870,863.40

# SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 10A PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	BUILDING - GENERAL	INFRASTRUCTURE - GENERAL	PLANT & MACHINERY - GENERAL	TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT - GENERAL	OFFICE EQUIPMENT - GENERAL	FURNITURE AND FITTINGS	TOTAL
	320101	320102	320103	320103	320105		
CARYING AMOUNT 01/01/2023	1,807,800,000.00	432,669,000.00	13,000,000.00	87,000,000.00	39,724,250.00	41,991,500.00	2,422,184,750.00
ADD ASSET DURING THE YEAR (SEE - SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE	432,600,000.00	335,800,000.00	-	-	300,000.00	1,300,000.00	770,000,000.00
TOTAL ASSETS	2,240,400,000.00	768,469,000.00	13,000,000.00	87,000,000.00	40,024,250.00	43,291,500.00	3,192,184,750.00
						<u> </u>	
LESS DEPRECIATION	39,761,000.00	28,629,283.33	1,300,000.00	17,400,000.00	9,962,312.50	8,506,633.33	105,559,229.17
CARRYING AMOUN 31/12/2023	2,200,639,000.00	739,839,716.67	11,700,000.00	69,600,000.00	30,061,937.50	34,784,866.67	3,086,625,520.83

1			SUPPLEMENTARY	NOTE 10B						
	PURC	CHASES/CONSTRUCTIO	N OF PROPERTY PLANT AN		DURING THE YEAR 202	3				
	CLASS OF PPE									
MONTHS	BUILDING	INFRASTRUCTURE	PLANTS & EQUIPMENTS	TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT	OFFICE EQUIPMENT	FURNITURE AND FITTINGS				
JANUARY	-		-			-	-			
FEBRUARY	-	-	-		-	-	-			
MARCH	-		-		-	-	-			
APRIL	-	-	-		-	-				
MAY		-	-			-	-			
JUNE		-	-			-				
JULY			-				-			
AUGUST	432,600,000.00	335,800,000.00	-		300,000.00	1,300,000.00	770,000,000.00			
SEPTEMBER	-	-	-			-	-			
OCTOBER	-	-	-		-	-	-			
NOVEMBER	-	-	-		-	-	-			
DECEMBER		-	-		-	-	-			
GRAND TOTAL	432,600,000.00	335,800,000.00	-		300,000.00	1,300,000.00	770,000,000.00			





	SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 10C											
	ANALYSIS OF PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT  CLASS OF PPE  TOTAL											
DETAILS	CLASS OF PPE											
	LAND & BUILDING – SEE SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 20D	INFRASTRUCTURE	PLANTS & EQUIPMENTS	TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT	OFFICE EQUIPMENT (- SEE SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 20D)	FURNITURE AND FITTINGS						
LEGACY ASSETS	1,807,800,000.00	432,669,000.00	13,000,000.00	87,000,000.00	39,724,250.00	41,991,500.00	2,422,184,750.00					
ASSETS FOR THE YEAR	432,600,000.00	335,800,000.00	-	-	300,000.00	1,300,000.00	770,000,000.00					
SUBTOTAL (A)	2,240,400,000.00	768,469,000.00	13,000,000.00	87,000,000.00	40,024,250.00	43,291,500.00	3,192,184,750.00					
DEP. RATE	2%	5%	10%	20%	25%	20%						
DEP. LEGACY ASSETS	36,156,000.00	21,633,450.00	1,300,000.00	17,400,000.00	9,931,062.50	8,398,300.00	94,818,812.50					
DEP. ASSETS DURING YEAR	3,605,000.00	6,995,833.33	-	-	31,250.00	108,333.33	10,740,416.67					
TOTAL DEPRECIATION (B)	39,761,000.00	28,629,283.33	1,300,000.00	17,400,000.00	9,962,312.50	8,506,633.33	105,559,229.17					
NET BOOK VALUE (A-B)	2,200,639,000.00	739,839,716.67	11,700,000.00	69,600,000.00	30,061,937.50	34,784,866.67	3,086,625,520.83					

### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 10D

#### ANALYSIS OF PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

DETAILS	CLASS OF PPE										
		LAND & BUILDING		OFFICE EQUIPMENT							
	LAND	BUILDING	TOTAL LAND AND BUILDING	воокѕ	OTHER EQUIPMENTS	TOTAL OFFICE EQUIPMENT					
LEGACY ASSETS	-	1,807,800,000.00	1,807,800,000.00	-	39,724,250.00	39,724,250.00					
ASSETS DURING THE YEAR	-	432,600,000.00	432,600,000.00	•	300,000.00	300,000.00					
SUB TOTAL (A)	-	2,240,400,000.00	2,240,400,000.00	-	40,024,250.00	40,024,250.00					
DEP. RATE	-	2%		3%	25%						
DEP.LEGACY ASSETS	-	36,156,000.00	36,156,000.00	-	9,931,062.50	9,931,062.50					
ASSETS DURING YEAR	-	3,605,000.00	3,605,000.00	-	31,250.00	31,250.00					
TOTAL DEPRECIATION (B)	-	39,761,000.00	39,761,000.00	-	9,962,312.50	9,962,312.50					
NET BOOK VALUE A-B	-	2,200,639,000.00	2,200,639,000.00	-	30,061,937.50	30,061,937.50					

#### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 11A

## BORROWINGS (LONG TERM LOANS) AS AT 31ST DECEMBER, 2023.

S/NO	INSITUTIONS	BAL B/FWD (PRINCIPAL)	CURRENT YEAR PORTION	PRINCIPAL REPMT	INTEREST & OTHER FEES	TOTAL REPAYMENT	BAL OUTSTANDING
A	EXTERNAL LOANS (SEE – SUPPL. NOTE 225A)		-	-	-	-	•
B	DOMESTIC LOANS (SEE - SUPPL. NOTE 22	138,575,881.20	-	8,372,388.26	3,836,844.26	12,209,232.52	126,366,648.68
	SUBTOTAL	138,575,881.20	-	8,372,388.26	3,836,844.26	12,209,232.52	126,366,648.68

#### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 11B LONG TERM BORROWINGS

#### (INTERNAL LOANS )AS AT 31 ST DECEMBER, 2023

(INTERNAL EGANS JASAT 53 DECEMBER, 2023									
S/NO INSITUTIONS		BAL B/FWD (PRINCIPAL)	CURRENT YEAR PORTION	PRINCIPAL REPMT	INTEREST & OTHER FEES	TOTAL REPAYMENT	BAL OUTSTANDING		
1	LGA SALARY BALLOUT	138,575,881.20	-	8,372,388.26	3,836,844.26	12,209,232.52	126,366,648.68		
	TOTAL DOMESTIC	138,575,881.20		8,372,388.26	3,836,844.26	12,209,232.52	126,366,648.68		





# SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 13A

## SURPLUS/ DEFICIT

YEAR		DEFICT	SURPLUS
		DR	CR
		N	N
2023			716,944,150.11
TOTAL		-	-

### SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE 14A

#### ANALYSIS OF PURCHASE/ CONTRUCTION OF PPE DURING THE YEAR 202

				OF PURCHASE/							
S/NO	ADMIN	GRP	HEAD DESCRIPTION	BUDGET	ACTUAL	SAVINGS	EXCESS	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	EXCESS	SAVINGS
	SECTOR		ADMINISTRATIVE								
1		1	OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN	-	-	-	_	-			
2		1	VICE CHAIRMAN	-	-	-	-	-	1.		-
3		1	SECRETARY TO THE LG	-	-	-	-	-	1.		-
		1	LEGISLATORS								
		1	ADMINISTRATIVE DEPT	794,000,000.00	434,200,000.00	359,800,000.00		-			-
	SECTOR		ECONOMIC								
4		2	DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND SUPPLIES	-	-	-	-	-			-
5		2	DEPARTMENT OF BUDGET, PLANNING, RESEARCH AND STATISTICS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6		2	DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE & NATURAL RESOURCES	-	-	-	-				
		2	WORKS, TRANSPORT, HOUSING, LANDS & SURVEY DEPARTMENT	600,108,112.02	335,800,000.00	264,308,112.02	_	264,308,112.02			264,308,112.02
	SECTOR		LAW & JUSTICE								
9		3	LEGAL DEPARTMENT	-	-	-	-	-			-
	SECTOR		SOCIAL	-	-	-	-				
10		4	SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT, EDUCATION, INFORMATION, SPORTS AND CULTURE DEPARTMENT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11		4	DEPARTMENT OF PRIMARY HEALTH CARE	400,000,000.00	-	-	-				
			GRAND TOTAL	1,794,108,112.02	770,000,000.00	-	-				





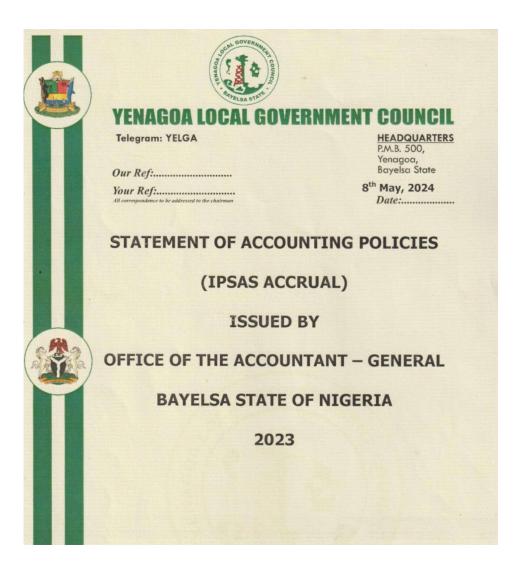
			VENIAGOALOGAL	COVERNIATINE AREA				
		20:		GOVERNMENT AREA	<u> </u>	202	02	
	Recurrent Capital					Recurrent		
SECTOR	Final Budget	Expenditure	Expenditure	Total Expenditure	Final Budget	Expenditure	Capital Expenditure	Total Expenditur
ADMINISTRATION SECTOR						-		
OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN								
Chairman	99,171,306.72	85,023,172.60	-	85,023,172.60	73,320,969.06	61,459,940.07	-	61,459,940.0
Vice- Chairman	24,424,763.80	24,976,665.16		24,976,665.16	52,953,576.41	15,665,996.38	-	15,665,996.3
Internal Audit	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Adviser/Assistant to the Chairman/								4,000,000.00
Vice Chairman	-	7,200,000.00	-	-	-	4,000,000.00	-	
LOCAL GOVERNMENT COUNCIL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
The Council	62,538,000.00	155,125,109.21	-	155,125,109.21	52,301,494.26	96,307,124.55	-	96,307,124.55
Assistants/Aides/Advisers	10,142,178.00		-	-	-	-	-	-
Council Committees	-	15,000,000.00	-	-		7,500,000.00	-	7,500,000.00
Office of the House Leader	6,636,000.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Office of the Deputy Leader	5,280,000.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Office of the Majority Leader	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
								-
Office of the Deputy Majority Leader	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Office of the Chief Whip	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Office of the Deputy Chief Whip	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Clerk to the House	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OFFICE OF THE HEAD OF LOCAL								-
GOVERNMENT SERVICE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Office of the Head of Local	-	406,535,464.10	-	406,535,464.10	-	438,654,770.60	-	438,654,770.6
Government Service								
ADMINISTRATION & GENERAL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SERVICES								
Administration and General	841,144,158.00	862,359,103.22	-	862,359,103.22	362,044,434.25	965,780,395.72	-	965,780,395.72
Services								





SECRETARY TO THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT	-	ı	-	-		1	1	-
Secretary to the Local Government	21,800,000.00	11,524,104.12	-	11,524,104.12	27,042,102.02	8,700,477.40	-	8,700,477.40
ECONOMIC SECTOR	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE & NATURAL RESOURCES	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Department of Agriculture & Natural Resources	5,934,635.68	27,920,777.30	-	27,920,777.30	49,387,702.11	82,742,099.27	-	82,742,099.27
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND SUPPLIES	-	-	-	-	-	,	-	-
Department of Finance and Supplies	92,733,658.68	55,841,554.60	-	55,841,554.60	69,009,640.00	166,677,188.15	-	166,677,188.15
DEPARTMENT OF WORKS, TRANSPORT, HOUSING, LANDS & SURVEY	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Department of Works, Transport, Housing, Lands & Survey	384,361,573.74	346,217,638.54	236,340,713.84	582,558,352.38	3,496,562,045.44	419,768,332.82	770,000,000.00	1,189,768,332.82
DEPARTMENT OF BUDGET, PLANNING, RESEARCH & STATISTICS (BPRS)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Department of Budget, Planning, Research & Statistics (BPRS)	104,931,351.80	39,089,088.22	-	39,089,088.22	93,320,116.91	57,598,132.66	-	57,598,132.66
WATER, SANITATION & HYGIENE (WASH)	-	-	-	-	-	-	i	-
Water, Sanitation & Hygiene (WASH)	•	i	-	-	•	1	ı	-
SOCIAL SECTOR	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
WOMEN DEVELOPMENT OFFICE	-	•	-	-		ı	i	-
Women Development Office	54,904,802.36		-		•		ı	-
DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT		-	-	-	•		1	-
Department of social Development	-	-	-		60,059,244.02	-	-	-
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	-
Department of Education	84,344,963.40	715,534,344.69	-	715,534,344.69	70,728,460.25	696,018,116.25	-	696,018,116.25
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Department of Primary Health Care	12,000,000.00	671,162,327.94	-	671,162,327.94	12,000,000.00	609,070,238.96	-	609,070,238.96
TOTAL	1,810,347,392.18	3,423,509,349.70	236,340,713.84	3,659,850,063.54	4,418,729,784.73	3,629,942,812.83	770,000,000.00	4,399,942,812.83







#### Introduction

In line with the adoption of the International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS) in Nigeria, a Standardised Chart of Account (COA) alongside with a set of General-Purpose Financial Statements (GPFS) have been designed and introduced by Federation Accounts Allocation Committee (FAAC) for adoption by all tiers of Government in Nigeria.

The standardised COA and the GPFS have been adopted by Yenagoa Local Government Council to comply with FAAC directive in order to harmonise public sector accounts reporting in Nigeria.

In order to ensure an effective and efficient utilisation of the COA and GPFS, the Accounting Policies have been developed as a set of guidelines to direct the Processes and Procedures relating to financial reporting in Bayelsa State. These policies shall form part of the universally agreed framework for financial reporting in Bayelsa State.

#### IPSAS ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The GPFS are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS) and other applicable standards as defined by the Fiscal Responsibility Law (FRL) and the Financial Reporting Council of Nigeria. In addition, GPFS are in compliance with the provisions of other financial regulations of the State.

This Accounting Policy addresses the following fundamental accounting issues:

- Definition of Accounting Terminologies
- Recognition of Accounting Items
- Measurement of Accounting Items
- Treatment of Accounting items

The Accounting Policy is subject to periodic reviews and updates as shall be deemed necessary by the Accountant-General of Bayelsa State.





### Accounting Terminologies / Definitions

- Accounting policies are the specific principles, bases, conventions, rules and practices adopted by the Bayelsa State Government in preparing and presenting Financial Statements.
- Accrual basis means a basis of accounting that recognizes transactions and other events immediately when revenue is earned or expenses incurred.
- Cash: Cash comprises cash in hand, demand deposits in financial institutions and cash equivalents.
- **Cash equivalents** are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.
- Cash flows are inflows and outflows of cash. Cash flows exclude movements
  between items that constitute cash as these components are part of the cash
  management of the government rather than increases or decreases in the cash
  position controlled by government.
- Cash receipts are cash inflows.
- Cash payments are cash outflows.
- Cash Controlled by Bayelsa State Government: Cash is deemed to be
  controlled by Bayelsa State Government when the government can freely use
  the available cash for the achievement of its objectives or enjoy benefit from the
  cash, and can also exclude or regulate the access of others to that benefit. Cash
  collected by, or appropriated or granted to the government which the
  government can freely use to fund its operating objectives, such as acquiring of
  capital assets or repaying its debt is controlled by the government.
- **Government Business Enterprise** means a ministry, department or agency that has all the following characteristics:
  - Is an entity with the power to contract in its own name;
  - Has been assigned the financial and operational authority to carry on a Business;





- Sells goods and services, in the normal course of its business, to other
   MDAs and the general public at a profit or full cost recovery;
- Is not reliant on continuing government funding or subvention to remain a going concern (other than purchases of outputs at arm's length); and
- Is controlled by a public sector management or the government.

### **Notes to the GPFS**

- This shall include narrative descriptions or more detailed schedules or analyses of amounts shown on the face of the GPFS, as well as additional information
- Notes shall be presented in a systematic manner. The items in the Statements should cross reference to any related information in the notes.

### 2. Fundamental Accounting Concepts

The following fundamental accounting concepts are taken as the basis of preparation of all accounts and reporting in Bayelsa State:

- Accrual Basis of Accounting;
- Under-stability;
- Materiality,
- Relevance;
- Going Concern Concept;
- Consistency Concept
- Prudence
- Completeness, etc.

## 3. Accounting Period

The accounting year (fiscal year) is from 1<sup>st</sup> January to 31<sup>st</sup> December in line with the National Treasury Circular Ref. OAGF/CAD/026/V.1/102 of 30<sup>th</sup> December,2013. Each accounting year is divided Into 12 calendar months (periods) and shall be set up as such in the accounting system.

## 4. Reporting Currency





•	The General Purpose Financial Statements are prepared in Nigerian
	Naira.

### 5. General Purpose Financial Statements (GPFS)

The GPFS comprise of the followings:

- Statement of Financial Performance;
- Statement of Financial Position;
- Statement of Cashflow;
- Statement of Net Asset/Equity;
- Notes to the Accounts: Additional disclosures to explain the GPFS; and

### 6. Consolidation Policy

- The Consolidation of the GPFS is based on Accrual Basis of Accounting
- All Ministries, Department and Agencies (MDAs) of Bayelsa State Government except Government Business Enterprises (GBEs) shall be consolidated.
- Consolidation of the GPFS shall be in agreement with the provisions of IPSAS

### 7. Notes to the GPFS

- Notes to the GPFS shall be presented in a systematic manner. The items in the Statement should cross reference to any related information in the Notes.
- It shall follow the format provided in the Accounting Manual.

#### 8. Comparative Information

• The General Purpose Financial Statements shall disclose all numerical information relating to previous period (at least one year).

#### 9. **Budget Figures**

• These are figures from the approved annual budget and supplementary budget as approved in accordance with the Appropriation Law of Bayelsa State.

#### 10. Revenue:

### Fees, taxes and fines





- In this GPFS revenue is recognizes from non-exchange transactions such as fees, taxes and fines when the event occurs and the assets recognition criteria are met.
- Other non-exchange revenues are recognized when it is probable that the future
  economic benefits or service potential associated with the asset will flow to the
  government and the fair value of the asset will flow to the government and fair
  value of the asset can be measured reliably.

#### Other operating revenues

- Other operating revenues arises from exchange transactions in the ordinary course of Government activities.
- Revenues comprise the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of good and services in the ordinary course of government activities.
- Revenue is shown net of tax, returns, rebates and discounts.
   Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognized when the significant risks and rewards of ownership has been transferred to buyer, usually when goods are delivered.

#### Other revenue

 Other revenue consists of gains on disposal of property, plant and equipment.

Any gain on disposal is recognized at the date control of the asset is passed to the buyer and is determined after deducting from the proceeds the carrying value of the asset at that time.

#### 11. Aid and Grants:

- Aid and Grants to the Bayelsa State Government is recognized as income on entitlement, while aid and grants to other governments/agencies are recpgnized as expenditure on commitment.
- 12. Subsidies, Donations and Endowments





 Subsidies, Donations and endowments to the Government are recognized as income when money is received, or entitlement to receive money is established, except where fulfillment of any restrictions attached to these monies is not probable.

### 13. Transfers from other government entities

Revenues from non-exchange transactions with other government entities are
measured at fair value and recognized on receipt of the asset
(cash,goods,services and property) if it is free from conditions and it is probable
that the economic benefits or service potential related to the asset will flow to
the government and can be measured.

#### 14. Expenses

 All expenses shall be reported on an accrual basis, i.e. all expenses are to be recognized in the period they are incurred or when the rlated services are enjoyed, irrespective of when the payment is made.

### 15. Employee Benefits/Pension obligations:

Under the Defined Benefits Scheme.

- Provision has been made, where applicable, using an actuarial valuation determines the extent of anticipated entitlement payable under employment contracts and brings to account a liability using the present value measurement basis, which discounts expected future cash flows.
- To the extend that it is anticipated that the liability will arise during the following
  year the entitlement are recorded as Current Liabilities. The remainder of the
  anticipated entitlements are records as Non-Current Liabilities.

#### Under the Defined Contribution Scheme

- Public entities make pension and national insurance contributions on behalf of employees in line with Pension Act 2014. The contributions are treated as payments to a defined contribution pension plan.
- A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fund managed by Pension Fund Administrators(PFAs)





- The Government has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if the pension Entity does not hold sufficient assets in the current and prior periods.
- The contributions are recognized as employee benefit expense when they are due.
- Prepaid contributions are recognized as an assets to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

#### 16. Interest on Loans:

- Interest on loans shall be treated as expenditure or as a charge in the financial performance report (Statement of Financial Performance)
- Interest expense is accrued using the effective interest rate method.
- The effective interest rate exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through there expected life of the financial liability to that liability's net carrying amount.
- The method applies this rate to the principal outstanding to determine interest expense in each period.

## 17. Foreign currency transactions:

- Foreign Currency Transactions throughout the year shall be converted into Nigerian Naira at the ruling (Central Bank of Nigeria –CBN) rate of exchange at the dates of the transactions. Foreign currency balances, as at the year end, shall be translated at the exchange rates prevailing on that date.
- At the end of the financial year, additional amounts (in cash or at bank) arising out of Foreign Exchange Gains/Losses shall be recognised in the Statement of Cash Receipts and Payments either as Receipts / Payments respectively.
- Foreign exchange gains/losses are recognized in the Statement of Financial Performance.

## 18. Minority Interest

• This represents the interest of external parties during the year under review.

## 19. Statement of Cash Flow





This statement shall be prepared using the direct method. The Cash Flow Statement shall consists of three (3) sections:

- Operating activities section include cash received from all income sources of the government and record the cash payments made for the supply of goods and services
- Investing activities section are those activities relating to the acquisition and disposal of non-current assets.
- Financial activities section comprise the change in equity and debt capital structure of the government.

## 20. Cash & Cash Equivalent

- Cash and Cash Equivalent means cash balances on hand, held in bank accounts, demasnd deposits and other highly liquid investments with an original maturity of 6 months or less in which the Entity invests as part of its day-t0-day cash management and are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.
- Cash and Cash Equivalent is reported under Current Assets in the statement of financial position.

#### 21. Accounts Receivable:

- a. Receivables from exchange transaction
- Receivables from exchange transactions are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment.
- A provision for impairment of receivables is established when there is objective evidence that entity will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables

### b. Receivables from non-exchange transactions

- Receivables from non-exchange transactions comprises; fees, taxes and fines (and any penalties associated with these activities) as well as social benefit receivables that do not arise out of a contract.
- These receivables are initially assessed at nominal amount or face value; that
  is, the receivable reflect the amount of tax owed, levy, fine charged or social
  benefit debt payable.





- These receivables are subsequently adjusted for penalties as they are charged and tested for impairment.
- Interest and penalties charged on tax receivables are presented as tax revenue in the statement of financial performance.

### 22. Prepayments.

- Prepaid expenses are amounts paid in advance of receipt of goods or services.
- They can represent payments made early in the year for benefits to be received over the latter part of the year, or payments made in one year for benefits to be received in subsequent years.
- Prepayments for which the benefits are to be derived in the following 12 months should be classified as Current Assets. Where the benefits are expected to accrue beyond the next 12 months, it should be accounted for as a Long-Term Prepayment and classified as Non-Current Assets.
- Prepayments that are identifiable with specific future revenue or event, e.g. adverts, should be expensed in the period in which the related event takes place; those that relate to specific time periods, e.g. insurance, rent, leasehold premises, should be recognised as an expense in such periods.
- Prepayments not exceeding e.g. N10, 000 shall be expensed immediately, except there is a possibility of obtaining a refund or credit within the same financial year.

#### 23. Inventories:

- Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.
- Cost is determined using the FIFO method.
- Inventories held for distribution for public benefit purposes are recorded at cost, adjusted where applicable for any loss of services potential.
- Inventories are reported under Current Assets in the Statement of Financial Position.

#### 24. Loans Granted:

Loans Granted are shown at estimated realisable value after providing for bad, doubtful debts and impairments.





#### 25. Investments:

#### Investments in associates.

- An Entity's investments in its associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting.
- An associate is an Entity over which Entity has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture.
- Under the equity method, investments in associates are carried in the statement of financial position at cost plus post acquisition changes in Entity's share of net assets of the associate. d. The statement of financial performance reflects the share of the results of operations of the associates.
- Where there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the associate, Entity recognises its share of any changes and discloses this, when applicable, in the statement of changes in net assets/equity.
- Surpluses and deficits resulting from transactions between the Government and the associate are eliminated to the extent of the interest in the associate.

### Investments in joint ventures.

- A Public Entity's investments in its joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method of accounting.
- A joint venture is a contractual arrangement whereby two or more parties undertake an economic activity that is subject to joint control.
- Under the equity method, investments in joint ventures are carried in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost plus post acquisition charges in Entity's share of net assets of the joint venture.
- The statement of financial performance reflects the share of the results of operations of the joint venture.
- Where there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the joint venture, an Entity should recognise its share of any changes and discloses this, when applicable, in the statement of changes in net assets/equity.





 Surpluses and deficits resulting from transactions between Public Entity and Joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the interest in the joint venture.

#### Investment in Controlled entities (subsidiaries)

- The controlled entities are all entities (including special purpose entities)
  over which a Public Entity or its entities has the power to govern the financial
  and operating policies generally accompanying a shareholding of more than
  one half of the voting rights.
- The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether Public Entity controls another Entity.
- The controlled entities are fully consolidated from the date on which control
  is transferred to the Public Entity. They are de-consolidated from the date
  that control ceases.
- Inter-group transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between inter-group transactions are eliminated, unrealised losses are also eliminated.
- Accounting policies of controlled entities are consistent with the policies adopted by the Public Entity.

#### Impairment of Investments.

Entity determines at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that the investment is impaired, if this is the case Entity calculates the amount of impairment as being the difference between the recoverable value of the investment and the carrying value and recognises the amount in the statement of financial performance.

#### 26. Available for sale securities

- Where and Entity uses its surplus cash to purchase short-term investments,
   the financial assets are classified at initial recognition as available-for-sale.
- Available-for-sale financial assets are included in non-current assets unless
   Entity intends to dispose of the investment within 12 months of the reporting date.





- Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized at fair value on the trade-date (the date on which Entity commits to purchase or sell the asset) and subsequently at fair value with any resultant fair value gains or losses recognised in the statement of Net Assets/Equity.
- Realized gains and losses on sale of available-for-sale securities are recognized in the consolidated statement of financial performance as 'gains and losses from available-for-sale securities.'
- Impairment losses and interest on available-for-sale securities is calculated using the effective interest method and is recognized in the consolidated statement of financial performance as part of other income.
- The fair values of quoted investments are based on current bid prices. If the market for a financial asset is not active, the entity shall establish fair value using valuation techniques. These include: i. the use of recent arm's length transactions, ii. reference to other instruments that are substantially the same iii. discounted cash flow analysis iv. and option pricing models v. making maximum use of market inputs and relying as little as possible on entity-specific inputs.
- Entities shall ascertain at the date of preparation of each statement of financial report whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired.
- In the case of equity securities classified as available for sale, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the security below its cost is considered as an indicator that the securities are impaired.
- If any such evidence exists for available-for-sale financial assets, the cumulative loss – measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognized is recognized in the statement of financial performance.

#### 27. Property, Plant & Equipment (PPE)

 All property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.





- Where an asset (other than land) is acquired in a non-exchange transaction for nil or nominal consideration the asset is initially recognised at fair value, where fair value can be reliably determined and as income in the statement of financial performance (unless there are restrictions on the asset's use in which case income is deferred).
- All land held by Government owned entities is not included in the Entity's financial statements unless that land is to be used for development purposes.
- The following shall constitute expenditure on PPE: i. Amounts incurred on the purchase of such assets. Consumables are to be wholly expensed irrespective of their amounts. ii. Construction Cost- including materials, labour and overheads. iii. Improvements to existing PPE, which significantly enhance their useful life.

#### Cost

■ The cost of an item of PPE shall comprise: its purchase price, including import and non-recurring costs and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its location and working condition for its intended use. Any trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price. a. PPE shall be stated at cost or at their professional valuation less accumulated depreciation and impairment. b. The amount recorded for a PPE shall include all costs directly related to its acquisition including expenditures incurred to place the asset in usable condition for the Service. Accordingly, the cost of the assets shall include acquisition or construction costs, custom duties, transportation charges, professional fees and installation costs. Cash discounts shall be netted against the cost of the assets.

#### Capitalisation

- The capitalisation threshold shall be N250,000.00(Two hundred and fifty thousand naira only).
- Only amounts spent in connection with the above and whose values exceed (Two hundred and fifty thousand naira) N250, 000 shall be capitalised.





- All assets equal to or above this amount shall be recorded in the Fixed Assets
  Register. However in certain cases, it may be appropriate to aggregate
  individually insignificant value items such as chairs and tables, printers and
  UPS, etc. and apply the capitalisation threshold to the aggregate value.
- Fixed assets whose costs are below the capitalization threshold shall be charged appropriately to the following accounts: office supplies furniture, office supplies IT equipment, office supplies household equipments, etc.
- Where an asset's category already exists for a newly acquired asset below the capitalisation threshold, such an asset shall be capitalised irrespective of its cost and recorded in the fixed assets register under the appropriate category
   Depreciation

The cost of PPE shall be written off, from the time they are brought into use, on a straight line basis over their expected useful lives less any estimated residual value as follows:

a. Lease Properties Over the term of the lease

b. Buildings 2%

c. Plant and Machinery 10%

d. Motor Vehicles: 20%

e. Office Equipment: 25%

f. IT Equipment: 25%

g. Furniture and Fittings: 20%

h. Infrastructure 5%

i. Books 3%

j. Specific cultural and heritage assets Unlimited





- The full depreciation charge shall be applied to PPE in the months of acquisition and disposal, regardless of the day of the month the transactions was carried out.
- Fully depreciated assets that are still in use are carried in the books at a net book value of N10.00
- An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount or recoverable service amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount or recoverable service amount

#### Revaluation

- a. The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period
- b. Surplus arising from the revaluation shall be transferred to the revaluation reserve in the financial position under reserves and to the statement of changes in net assets/equity.
- c. In case of revaluation deficit, it shall be set against the respective asset value and the corresponding entry to either the revaluation reserve – if surplus exists on the same class of asset, or to the statement of financial performance as an expense.

### Disposal

Gains or losses on the disposal of fixed assets are to be included in the income statement as either an income or expense respectively.

### Impairment

Entities shall test for impairments of its PPE where it suspects that impairment has occurred

28. **Investment Property** 





These are cash-generating property owned by the Government/its entities. The cost, capitalisation, depreciation and impairment of Investment Property are same with PPE, but shall be reported separately in the GPFS.

## 29. Intangible Assets

- a. These shall consist of assets that are not physically tangible which have been acquired and held for use from which benefits are derivable beyond a financial year.
- b. The cost of an item of intangible asset shall comprise: its purchase price, including non-recurring costs and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its state of intended use. Any trade discounts and rebates shall be deducted in arriving at the purchase price.
- c. Intangible assets are tested for impairment and amortised over the estimated useful life using the straight line method on an annual basis.
- d. Classes of Intangible Assets and their estimated useful lifes are as follows:

i. Softwares acquired externally 3 years

ii. Goodwill 4 years

iii. Copyrights 4 years

iv. Trademarks 4 years

v. Other Intangible assets 4

#### 30. **Deposits**

- a. Deposits are amounts received in advance in respect of goods or services provided.
- b. Deposits can represent payments received early in the year for goods/services
  to be offered over the latter part of the year, or payments received in one year
  for services to be offered in subsequent years. Deposits for which the services
  are to be offered in the following 12 months shall be classified as Current
  Liabilities. Where the services are expected to span beyond the next 12 months,





	it shall be accounted for as a Non-Current Deposits and classified as Non-Current Liabilities.
31.	<ul> <li>Loans&amp; Debts</li> <li>a. Loans are funds received to be paid back at an agreed period of time. They are classified under liability in the General Purpose Financial Statement and are categorised as either short or long term.</li> <li>b. Short-term loans and debts are those repayable within one calendar year, while long-terms loans and debts shall fall due beyond one calendar year.</li> </ul>
32.	Unremitted Deductions  a. Unremmitted Deductions are monies owed to third parties such as tax authorities, schemes and associations and other government agencies. These include: tax deductions and other deductions at source.  b. These amounts shall be stated in the GPFS at their repayment value, which shall be treated as Current Liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position.
33.	Payables Payables are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.  Accrued Expenses  a. These are monies payable to third parties in respect of goods and services received.  b. Accrued Expenses for which payment is due in the next 12 months shall be classified as Current Liabilities. Where the payments are due beyond the next 12 months, it shall be accounted for as Non-Current Liabilities.
34.	Current Portion of Borrowings  This is the portion of the long-term loan/borrow that is due for repayment within
	the next 12 months. This portion of the borrowings shall be classified under Current Liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position.





- a. These are balances of Government funds at the end of the financial year.
- b. They are classified under the Non-Current Liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position and include: Trust Funds, Revolving Funds and other Funds created by Government.

#### 36. Reserves

Reserves are classified under equity in the Statement of Financial Position and include: Statement of Financial Performance Surpluses/ (Deficit) and the Revaluation Reserve

### 37. Contingent Liability

- a. A contingent liability is a possible obligation arising from past events whose
  existence will be confirmed only by uncertain future event(s) or present
  obligation arising from past events that are not recognised because either an
  outflow of economic benefit is not probable or the amount of the obligation
  cannot be reliably measured.
- b. Contingent liabilities shall only be disclosed in the Notes to the GPFS.

#### 38. Leases:

#### Finance leases

- a. These are leases which effectively transfer to the lessee Entity substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to ownership of the leased item.
- b. They are capitalised at the present value of the minimum lease payment.
- c. The leased assets and corresponding liabilities are disclosed while the leased assets are depreciated over the period the Entity is expected to benefit from their use.

#### Operating Leases

- a. Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases.
- b. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the statement of financial performance on a straightline basis over the period of the lease.

#### 39. Financial Instruments





	a. These form part of the Government's everyday operations. These financial
	instruments include Bank Accounts, Short Term Deposits, Trade and Accounts
	Receivable, Trade and Accounts Payable and Term Borrowings, all of which are
	recognised in the Statement of Financial Position.
	b. Revenue and expenses in relation to all financial instruments are recognised
	in the Statement of Financial Performance
40.	Borrowings
	a. Borrowings are recognized initially at fair value, net of transaction costs
	incurred.
	b. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortized cost; any difference
	between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is
	recognized in the consolidated statement of financial performance over the
	period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.
	c. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognized as transaction
	costs of the loan. The fee is capitalized and amortized over the period of the
	facility to which it relates.
	d. Borrowings falling due within 12 months are classified as current liabilities
	while borrowings falling due more than 12 months are classified as long term
	borrowings.
	e. Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction
	or production of a qualifying asset are capitalized and included in the cost of that
	asset.
	f. A qualifying asset is an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time
	to get ready for its intended use or sale.
	g. All other borrowing costs are recognized as an expense in the period in which
	they are incurred.
41.	Transfers to other government entities.
	Transfers to other government entities are non-exchange items and are
	recognized as expenses in the statement of financial performance.
42.	Service Concession Arrangement:



### **Service Concession Arrangement Assets**

- a. Service Concession Assets are operated by third parties under the terms of Service Concession Arrangements. On classification the original service concession asset is measured at its fair value and any difference between its fair value and its book value is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.
- b. Since the fair value of assets previously transferred under Service Concession Arrangements is not reliably available, Government has chosen to adopt the standard prospectively from 1 January 2016.
- c. If the terms of the arrangement require Government to compensate the operator for the concession asset by making payments and the payments are separable between the asset and service portions of the payment then the fair value of the original service concession asset is the fair value of the asset portion of the payments. If however the asset and service portions of the payments are not separable, the fair value is determined using estimation techniques.

#### **Service Concession Arrangement Liabilities**

- a. When Government recognises a Service Concession Arrangement asset it also recognises a liability of an equal amount.
- b. The liability is split between a financial liability and a performance obligation.
- c. The financial liability arises from the payments due from an entity under the terms of the Service Concession Arrangement and the performance obligation from the rights granted to the operator under the terms of the Service Concession Arrangement to earn revenues from the Service Concession Assets(s) or associated asset(s).



## List of Abbreviations/Acronyms

Abbreviation/Term	Description
CBN	Central Bank of Nigeria
COA	Chart of Account
FAAC	Federation Accounts Allocation Committee
FGN	Federal Government of Nigeria
FRC	Financial Reporting Council
GAAP	Generally Accepted Accounting Principles
GPFS	General Purpose Financial Statement
IPSAS	International Public Sector Accounting Standards
LFN	Law of the Federal Republic of Nigeria
MDA	Ministries, Departments and Agencies
NCOA	National Chart of Account
GBE	Government Business Enterprises
FRCoN	Financial Reporting Council of Nigeria
OAG	Office of the Accountant-General
PPE	Properties, Plants and Equipment
FR	Financial Regulation
FRL	Fiscal Responsibility Law
FCMA	Finance (Control &Management) Act





IGR	Internally Generated Revenue
MDAs	Ministries, Departments, and Agencies
BYSG	Bayelsa State Government
CRFC	Consolidated Revenue Fund Charge
HCF	Honourable Commissioner for Finance
AuG	Auditor-General (State)
NAS	National Audit Standard
GAASG	General Accepted Audit Standard and Guidelines
нсс	Historical Cost Convention



Comr. Akpos Ekiegha

Treasurer

